

108TH CONGRESS }
1st Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

{ REPORT
108-10

MAKING FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2003, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

CONFERENCE REPORT

TO ACCOMPANY

H.J. Res. 2



FEBRUARY 13 (legislative day, FEBRUARY 12), 2003.—Ordered to be printed

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

84-817

WASHINGTON : 2003

DIVISION F

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES
APPROPRIATIONS

The conference agreement on the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2003, incorporates some of the provisions of H.R. 5093 as passed by the House of Representatives on July 18, 2002, and the Senate version of H.J. Res. 2 (Division F and Division N) as passed by the Senate on January 23, 2003. Report language and allocations set forth in either House Report 107-564 or the Senate report language published in the Congressional Record of January 15, 2003, that are not changed by the conference are approved by the committee of conference. The statement of the managers, while repeating some report language for emphasis, does not negate the language referenced above unless expressly provided herein.

No funds in this Act are derived from the Conservation Spending Category established in the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001. However, the programs previously funded under this category are, for the most part, continued in fiscal year 2003.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

The conference agreement provides \$825,712,000 for management of lands and resources instead of \$826,932,000 as proposed by the House and \$816,062,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Increases above the House for land resources include \$1,000,000 for noxious weeds for the Montana State University weed program, \$500,000 for Idaho weed control, and a decrease of \$500,000 for range monitoring.

There is a decrease below the House for wildlife and fisheries of \$500,000 for fisheries management.

There is a decrease below the House for threatened and endangered species of \$87,000 for travel.

Increases above the House for recreation management include \$1,000,000 for Missouri River undaunted stewardship, \$400,000 for Colorado Canyons, and decreases of \$250,000 for recreation access, and \$302,000 for conversion of certain lands to fee sites.

The managers do not concur with the House proposal concerning funding for the energy and minerals program. Funding for this program shall be at the level proposed for activities in the request but with the following modifications. An increase of \$750,000 for permitting of geothermal energy applications and wind energy rights-of-way in Nevada, \$1,000,000 for applications for permits to drill, principally in the Powder River Basin, and \$272,000 for the Alaska minerals program.

Increases above the House for realty and ownership management include \$2,000,000 for Alaska conveyance, \$1,100,000 for the cadastral survey program, of which \$750,000 is for continuation of the public lands database in AK, \$350,000 is for the State of Utah

~~Within the funds provided for royalty and offshore minerals management \$150,000 is earmarked for the Alaska Whaling Commission.~~

~~OIL SPILL RESEARCH~~

~~The conference agreement provides \$6,105,000 for oil spill research as proposed by both the House and the Senate.~~

~~OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT~~

~~REGULATION AND TECHNOLOGY~~

~~The conference agreement provides \$105,367,000 for regulation and technology as proposed by the House and the Senate. Funding for the activities and budget instructions should follow the House recommendation. The managers understand that the administration's proposal to give a special allotment of grants to West Virginia is no longer needed. Instead, the allocation of grants to States should follow the normal methodology.~~

~~ABANDONED MINE RECLAMATION FUND~~

~~The conference agreement provides \$191,745,000 for the abandoned mine reclamation fund as proposed by the Senate instead of \$184,745,000 as proposed by the House. Funding for the activities and budget instructions should follow the Senate recommendations. The managers have also included the Senate proposed bill language included in previous years concerning certain aspects of the State of Maryland program.~~

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

The conference agreement provides \$1,857,319,000 for the operation of Indian programs instead of \$1,859,064,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,855,635,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Decreases below the House for tribal priority allocations include \$1,120,000 for new tribes and \$2,000,000 for welfare assistance.

Increases above the House for other recurring programs include \$2,000,000 for tribally controlled community colleges, \$50,000 for Western Washington Bolt, \$15,000 for Great Lakes resource management, \$100,000 for the Alaska Sea Otter Commission, \$800,000 for the Bering Sea Fisherman's Association, \$146,000 for the bison program, \$350,000 for the Chugach Regional Resources Commission, and \$320,000 for the upper Columbia River tribes, and decreases of \$2,000,000 for ISEP formula funds, \$1,000,000 for student transportation, \$1,900,000 for facilities operation and maintenance, \$4,000,000 for administrative cost grants, and \$441,000 for the timber, fish and wildlife program.

The funding increase included for the Chippewa/Ottawa Resource Authority is to be allocated equally between the Little Traverse Bay Band of Odawa Indians and the Little River Band of Ottawa Indians.

Increases above the House for non-recurring programs include \$1,500,000 for the distance learning program in Montana, \$750,000 for the Rural Alaska fire program, \$50,000 for the North Dakota Department of Agriculture's fire assistance program in Sioux County, and \$350,000 for attorney fees, and decreases of \$200,000 for the Navajo/Hopi settlement program and \$314,000 for the endangered species program.

Increases above the House for special programs and pooled overhead include \$200,000 for the Law Institute for American Indians, \$100,000 for the United Sioux Tribes Development Corporation, \$500,000 for the Alaska native aviation training program, \$1,000,000 for the Yuut Elitnavuviat learning center, \$1,000,000 for the Western Heritage Center Distance-Learning and Training Program, and \$2,000,000 for detention center staffing.

The managers do not understand the disparate treatment of Crownpoint Institute of Technology and the United Sioux Tribes Technical College related to contract support. Unless there is an objection by the Navajo Nation to Crownpoint being treated as a tribal organization, the managers expect the Bureau to provide this funding under a P.L. 93-638 contract and include contract support.

The managers direct the Bureau to develop a study dealing with child abuse and child welfare. This study should detail the adverse effects of child abuse on American Indians and Alaska natives. As part of the study the Bureau should provide recommendations for reducing incidents of child abuse including the potential for developing cost-shared pilot projects with tribal organizations, States, and non-profit organizations. The Bureau should provide this study to the Committees by April 30, 2003.

The managers do not concur with the Senate report language directing the Bureau to establish a service area for the Samish Indian Nation. Currently this issue is being litigated, and the Department of the Interior is in settlement discussions with the tribe. The managers believe that this process is the appropriate avenue for resolving these issues.

Bill language has been included under operation of Indian programs to allow the use of ISEP contingency funds to cover the expenses of negotiated rulemaking required by the No Child Left Behind Act.

CONSTRUCTION

The conference agreement provides \$348,252,000 for construction as proposed by the Senate instead of \$345,252,000 as proposed by the House.

The managers have provided a \$3,000,000 increase above the House for the tribal school construction demonstration program.

Language has been included under Title I general provisions authorizing a tribal school construction demonstration program through fiscal year 2007.

INDIAN LAND AND WATER CLAIM SETTLEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS TO INDIANS

The conference agreement provides \$60,949,000 for Indian land and water claim settlements and miscellaneous payments to Indi-

ans as proposed by the House instead of \$57,949,000 as proposed by the Senate.

INDIAN GUARANTEED LOAN PROGRAM ACCOUNT

The conference agreement provides \$5,493,000 for the Indian guaranteed loan program as proposed by the House and Senate.

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES

INSULAR AFFAIRS

ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES

The conference agreement provides \$76,217,000 for assistance to territories instead of \$73,217,000 as proposed by the House and \$75,217,000 as proposed by the Senate. The managers have agreed to Compact impact assistance funding out of the technical assistance activity of \$3,000,000 for Hawaii and \$1,000,000 for Guam. The managers have also included the \$1,000,000 recommended by the House for U.S. Virgin Islands court mandated infrastructure needs and \$1,000,000 for the Prior Service Trust Fund. The managers agree with the House direction to the Interior Department concerning a new, long-term solution to the Prior Service Trust Fund financing problem and with Senate direction for a Federal-local financing plan for the U.S. Virgin Islands. This latter report should be submitted by April 30, 2003. The managers also direct that the CNMI local matching requirement for fiscal year 2003 capital improvement grants be waived due to the extensive damage caused by supertyphoon Pongsona.

COMPACT OF FREE ASSOCIATION

The conference agreement provides \$20,985,000 for the Compact of Free Association instead of \$21,045,000 as proposed by the House and \$20,925,000 as proposed by the Senate. This includes a total of \$1,631,000 for Enewetak support. The increase above the request is for repairs to the shipping vessel which provides food to Enewetak.

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$72,427,000 for departmental management as proposed by the Senate instead of \$57,533,000 as proposed by the House. Changes to the House include increases of \$15,000,000 to restore funds cut on the House floor, \$400,000 for Departmental Direction and a decrease of \$506,000 for Central Services.

The managers encourage the Federal partners responsible for the Great Lakes Visitor Center, WI, to increase funding for the center in fiscal year 2003, especially for important initiatives such as its environmental education program.

The conference agreement includes bill language under "Department of the Interior, General Provisions", permitting the use of Departmental Management funds to pay for shortfalls at the Midway Atoll National Wildlife Refuge.

The managers direct the Secretary to release a plan for assisting States, Federal agencies, and tribes managing chronic wasting disease in wild and captive cervids within 90 days of enactment of this Act.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$47,773,000 for the office of the solicitor as proposed by the Senate instead of \$47,473,000 as proposed by the House.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$36,239,000 for office of inspector general, the same as the House and the Senate.

NATIONAL INDIAN GAMING COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides no funds for salaries and expenses of the National Indian Gaming Commission as proposed by the Senate instead of \$2,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Language has been included under Title I general provisions increasing the fees available to the National Indian Gaming Commission from \$8,000,000 to \$12,000,000 beginning in fiscal year 2004.

The Commission is directed to consult with tribal governments on both the development, pursuant to section 18 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2717), of a new fee schedule resulting from increasing the fee cap from \$8,000,000 to \$12,000,000, and on the regulations published at 67 Federal Register 41166 (June 17, 2002). The managers concur that not more than \$120,000 of the funds available to the Commission be used for this consultation process.

OFFICE OF SPECIAL TRUSTEE FOR AMERICAN INDIANS

FEDERAL TRUST PROGRAMS

The conference agreement provides \$141,277,000 for Federal trust programs as proposed by the House instead of \$151,027,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The managers once again express their reservations about funding for the historical accounting project. The managers have provided an increased level of funds over the fiscal year 2002 enacted level for historical accounting. However, the managers remain very concerned about appropriating hundreds of millions of dollars for this project at the expense of other high priority programs in this bill, including other Indian programs. The managers believe that it is more important to fix prospectively the trust systems thereby allowing the Secretary to continue to meet her trust and fiduciary responsibilities to Indian country.

The managers have modified the bill language for the Office of Special Trustee for American Indians noting that of the funds provided \$15,000,000 is for the historical accounting.

INDIAN LAND CONSOLIDATION

The conference agreement provides \$7,980,000 for Indian land consolidation programs as proposed by the House instead of \$10,980,000 as proposed by the Senate.

NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT AND RESTORATION

NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT FUND

The conference agreement provides \$5,538,000 for the natural resource damage assessment fund as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The conference agreement retains language proposed by the Senate regarding the transfer of an aircraft to Kane County, UT.

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

The conference agreement includes sections 101 through 111, which were identical in both the House and the Senate bills.

The conference agreement includes the text of the following sections in the House bill, which contained identical text in the Senate bill, but had different section numbers in the Senate bill. The House section numbers were 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 122, 123, and 124.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 112 of the House bill, which prohibits the National Park Service from reducing recreation fees for non-local travel through a park unit.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 113 of the House bill permitting the transfer of funds between the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Office of Special Trustee for American Indians. The Senate had a similar provision.

The conference agreement modifies House section 114 regarding retention of proceeds from operations at Fort Baker.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 125 of the House bill authorizing funds for Shenandoah Valley Battlefield National Historical District and Ice Age National Scenic Trail to be transferred to a State, local, or other governmental land management entity for acquisition of lands.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 126 of the House bill prohibiting the closure of the lunchroom at Carlsbad Caverns National Park. The Senate addressed this issue in Title III.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 127 of the House bill preventing demolition of a bridge between Ellis Island and New Jersey.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 128 of the House bill prohibiting clothing optional usage at Canaveral National Seashore.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 129 of the House bill permitting the expenditure of funds for incidental expenses related to the National Wildlife Refuge System Centennial. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement retains language in section 130 of the House bill authorizing the Park Service to enter into a cooperative agreement with Capital Concerts.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 131 of the House bill requiring the Department of the Interior to provide a summary of the Ernst and Young report on the historical accounting of the named plaintiffs in *Cobell v. Norton*. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 132 of the House bill limiting compensation for the Special Master and Special Master-Monitor appointed by the court in *Cobell v. Norton* to not more than 200 percent of the highest Senior Executive Service rate of pay. The modification changes the name of Court Monitor to the Special Master-Monitor. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 133 of the House bill requiring the Special Trustee for American Indians to appoint new Advisory Board members. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 134 of the House bill allowing the Secretary of the Interior to pay private attorney fees for employees and former employees named in connection with *Cobell v. Norton*. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 135 of the House bill allowing the Interior firefighting Bureaus to engage in firefighting activities on non-Federal lands. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement retains language in section 136 of the House bill extending the deadline for submission of the report and termination of the Commission to create a National Museum of African American History and Culture.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 137 of the House bill, which allows funds for the National Museum of African American History and Culture to remain available until expended.

The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 138 of the House bill requiring the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to implement a system of mass marking of salmonid stocks released from Federally operated or Federally financed hatcheries. The modification requires that the fish have a visible mark that can be readily identified by commercial and recreational fishers. The Senate had no similar provision.

The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 139 of the House bill naming the visitor center at the Bitter Lake National Wildlife Refuge in New Mexico as the "Joseph R. Skeen Visitor Center". The Senate had no similar provision.

Section 122—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 120 of the Senate bill continuing the tribal school construction demonstration program through fiscal year 2007. The House had no similar provision.

The conference agreement does not include the text of section 123 as proposed by the Senate, which prohibited the use of funds to approve the transfer of lands in South Fox Island, Michigan.

Section 140—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 124 of the Senate bill making permanent the contract authority for transportation at Zion NP, UT and Rocky Mountain NP, CO. The House had a one-year extension for Zion NP, UT, in section 120.

Section 141—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 125 of the Senate bill removing grant restrictions in a heritage education park in Fairbanks, Alaska.

The conference agreement does not retain language proposed in section 126 of the Senate bill relating to a right-of-way for a pipeline for the Cadiz groundwater project.

Section 142—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 127 of the Senate bill authorizing the use of previously appropriated funds to plan the John Adams Presidential Memorial.

Section 143—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 128 of the Senate bill providing that funds appropriated and remaining available in the Construction (Trust Fund) Account of the National Park Service at the completion of all authorized projects shall be available for the rehabilitation and improvement of Going-to-the-Sun Road in Glacier National Park.

The conference agreement does not include language proposed in section 129 of the Senate bill directing the Park Service to make interim payments as part of the Glacier Bay compensation program.

Section 144—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 130 of the Senate bill dealing with grants under the Defense Conversion, Reinvestment, and Transition Act of 1992. The House had no similar provision.

Section 145—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 131 of the Senate bill dealing with a modification to a previous Act with respect to taking certain lands into trust in Kansas.

Section 146—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 132 of the Senate bill modifying a provision from a previous Act conveying land from the Bureau of Land Management to the city of Mesquite, Nevada.

Section 147—The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 133 of the Senate bill permitting the transfer of previously appropriated construction funds for operations and maintenance at Midway Atoll National Wildlife Refuge. The modification permits the transfer of funds from Departmental Management, if necessary, to cover operational and maintenance shortfalls at the refuge. The House had no similar provision.

Section 148—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 134 of the Senate bill changing the authority for a museum in Oklahoma from the Secretary of the Interior to the

Director of the Institute of Museum and Library Services. The House had no similar provision.

Section 149—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 135 of the Senate bill allowing advance payments to the Department's franchise fund. The House had no similar provision.

Section 150—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 136 of the Senate bill authorizing \$10,000,000 per year for six years, for restoration of historically black colleges and universities, and reducing cost share requirements.

Section 151—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 137 of the Senate bill deeming the Record of Decision for the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way sufficient to meet NEPA requirements.

Section 152—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 138 of the Senate bill expressing the Sense of the Congress with respect to flow rates in the Missouri River.

Section 153—The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 139 of the Senate bill regarding treatment of monies in the abandoned mine reclamation fund. This provision allows the transfer of up to an additional \$34,000,000 if the United Mine Workers Combined Benefit Fund has a deficit, but this section shall cease to have any force and effect after September 30, 2004.

Section 154—The conference agreement retains language in section 140 as proposed by the Senate, which raises the development ceiling for New Bedford Whaling National Historical Park.

The language proposed in section 141 of the Senate bill, extending the Quincy Library Group project, CA, authorization is addressed in Title III, section 338.

Section 155—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 142 of the Senate bill modifying a Coastal Barrier Resources Act map for land in Virginia. The House had no similar provision.

Section 156—The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 143 of the Senate bill regarding certain OCS leases in California. The modification changes the provision from a Sense of the Senate to a Sense of the Congress. The House had a similar provision in Title III general provisions.

The conference agreement does not retain language proposed in section 144 of the Senate bill requiring a study on communications towers and avian mortality.

The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 145 of the Senate bill extending the authorization for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve; requiring the filling of SPR to capacity as soon as practicable; and amending legislation dealing with the Northeast Home Heating Oil Reserve. The language in the conference agreement is limited to a five-year extension of the SPR authorization. The House had no similar provision. The modified language is included in Title III, section 339 of this conference agreement.

Section 157—The conference agreement modifies language in section 146 of the Senate bill to provide authority to the Army Corps of Engineers to assist homeowners, that are being relocated because of the Modified Water Deliveries project, to relocate to

comparable land within the 8.5 Square Mile Area. The language also clarifies that this provision is not intended in any way to stop the alternative 6D project from moving forward. This issue is addressed in greater detail under National Park Service land acquisition.

Section 158—The conference agreement includes language prohibiting the study or implementation of a plan to drain Lake Powell.

Section 159—The conference agreement includes language raising the ceiling for fees by the National Indian Gaming Commission from \$8,000,000 to \$12,000,000 in fiscal year 2004.

Section 160—The conference agreement includes language establishing, as a unit of Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Memorial Park, the Moccasin Bend National Archaeological District.

Section 161—The conference agreement includes language authorizing a transfer of 1.7 acres of excess lands to the Lower Elwha Klallam Tribe.

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
FOREST AND RANGELAND RESEARCH

The conference agreement provides \$251,685,000 for forest and rangeland research instead of \$252,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$247,804,000 as proposed by the Senate. Changes to project funding from the House bill include: an increase of \$2,000,000 for Forest Inventory and Analysis (FIA), a decrease of \$850,000 for the advanced housing research consortium, a reduction of \$500,000 for adelgid and insect research in the east, an increase of \$1,500,000 for sudden oak death research, an increase of \$500,000 for the global climate change program, a decrease of \$4,165,000 for fixed costs, an increase of \$500,000 for invasive species research, \$500,000 for the Joe Skeen Institute for Rangeland Restoration, and an increase of \$200,000 for Baltimore, MD, urban watershed research.

The managers agree to the following more specific direction for the above items:

1. The managers provide \$500,000 for the development of carbon sequestration rules and protocols as part of the Climate Change Initiative.

2. The managers direct \$500,000 for expanded research in the control and management of pests and pathogens, including hemlock woolly adelgid, to the forest science laboratory at Morgantown, West Virginia. The managers expect these funds to address high priority work throughout the northeast.

3. The managers provide \$200,000 to the Northeastern Research Station for high priority research associated with the Urban Watershed Forestry Research and Demonstration Cooperative in Baltimore, Maryland, as part of the program direction for Revitalizing Baltimore and the Baltimore Ecosystem Study.

ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

The conference agreement provides \$80,611,000 for the energy information administration as proposed by the House instead of \$80,111,000 as proposed by the Senate.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

The conference agreement provides \$2,492,115,000 for Indian health services instead of \$2,508,756,000 as proposed by the House and \$2,455,881,000 as proposed by the Senate. The numerical changes described below are to the House recommended level.

For hospital and health clinic programs, there are increases of \$230,000 for the Ketchikan Native Corporation and \$4,435,000 to restore administrative reductions proposed in the budget request and decreases of \$6,788,000 for the Indian health care improvement fund, \$1,500,000 for the Lawton, OK hospital, \$500,000 for epidemiological centers, and \$500,000 for the Alaska telemedicine program.

For contract health services, there is a decrease of \$5,000,000. For Indian health professions there is an increase of \$95,000 for the recruitment and retention of American Indians into nursing (RAIN) program at the University of North Dakota and a decrease of \$4,150,000 for recruitment programs. For direct operations, there is an increase of \$4,436,000 to restore administrative reductions proposed in the budget request. For the self-governance program, there is an increase of \$4,500,000. Finally, there is a decrease of \$11,899,000 for annuitant health care payments for Public Health Service personnel.

The managers agree to the following:

1. The direction in the House report should be followed with respect to the distribution of the Indian Health Care Improvement Fund. The Service should report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on the distribution on funds.

2. The increased funding proposed by the House for staffing and operations at the Lawton Hospital in Oklahoma will be phased in over two years. The \$1,500,000 increase provided in fiscal year 2003 should remain in the base budget for fiscal year 2004 and an additional \$1,500,000 should be added in 2004.

3. Unless specifically identified to the contrary, any increases above the fiscal year 2002 level for the direct operations activity shall be used by the Indian Health Service for inherently Federal functions.

4. Payments required as the Service's portion of Departmental initiatives should be included in the budget as uncontrollable funding increases and not applied as across-the-board health program reductions.

5. The Service should carefully review its use of funds under the self-governance activity.

6. Any Departmental efforts to consolidate functions or restructure or realign programs that affect the Indian Health Service must be approved through the reprogramming process by the

House and Senate Committees on Appropriations prior to implementation.

7. Within the fiscal year 2003 budget there is \$250,000 for the InPsych program at the University of Montana and \$250,000 for the InPsych program at the University of North Dakota, \$750,000 for the INMED program at the University of North Dakota, \$1,000,000 for the dental program run by First Nations Community Health Sources in cooperation with the Southwest Indian Polytechnic Institute in the Albuquerque, New Mexico area, and \$3,500,000 for the Telehealth Initiative in Alaska.

8. The direction in the Senate report with respect to the Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians is no longer necessary.

The conference agreement provides a statutory earmark of \$18,000,000 for the catastrophic health emergency fund as proposed by the Senate instead of \$15,000,000 as proposed by the House. The statutory earmark for other contract health services is \$460,130,000 instead of \$468,130,000 as proposed by the House and \$450,130,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conference agreement also permits funds, provided to new tribes through the contract health services activity, to be used for direct medical services in addition to contract care. The Service began funding new tribes from the contract health services account several years ago and it was never the intent of the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations to limit new tribes funding to contract health care only.

The ceiling for the loan repayment program is \$25,000,000 instead of \$22,000,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The managers expect that this increase will permit the service to increase the amount made available to recruit dentists, pharmacists, podiatrists, and other critical health professionals.

The conference agreement includes bill language that extends the availability of funds under the Special Diabetes Program for Indians so that these funds remain available until expended. The managers note that funding for this program was recently increased substantially and encourage the Service to use the additional funds to strengthen its national clinical data system so that data from programs may be tracked comprehensively and outcomes reported with confidence. While IHS has made strides over the past five years, there remains significant room for improvement. The Service should also use the additional diabetes funds for a competitive grant program that addresses the most compelling diabetes complications in American Indians and Alaska Natives and addresses primary prevention of diabetes in American Indians and Alaska Natives using the latest scientific findings on this subject. These competitively awarded projects should demonstrate new approaches to dealing with diabetes and related health complications. The managers also encourage the Service to expand participation in diabetes education and prevention for Native American youth through the Boys and Girls Clubs of America.

Finally, bill language is included that directs \$5,000,000, of the \$15,000,000 provided to the Alaska Federation of Natives for alcohol control, prevention, treatment, sobriety and wellness, be made available to the Alaska Native Tribal Health Consortium for sub-

stance abuse and behavioral health counselors through the Counselors in Every Village Program.

INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

The conference agreement provides \$376,190,000 for Indian health facilities instead of \$391,865,000 as proposed by the House and \$365,390,000 as proposed by the Senate. The changes to the House level include an increase of \$156,000 for facilities and environmental health support and decreases of \$2,500,000 for maintenance and improvement, \$156,000 for sanitation facilities, and \$1,000,000 for equipment. For hospital and clinic construction, there are increases of \$2,100,000 to complete the Pinon, AZ clinic and \$308,000 for the Metlakatla, AK clinic and decreases of \$4,000,000 for the Fort Defiance, AZ hospital, \$5,583,000 for the St. Paul, AK clinic, and \$5,000,000 for small ambulatory care facilities.

The managers agree to the following distribution of facilities construction funds (excluding sanitation facilities):

<i>Project</i>	<i>Conference agreement</i>
Fort Defiance, AZ (complete hospital)	\$16,400,000
Pinon, AZ (complete clinic)	16,000,000
Winnebago, NE (complete hospital)	8,241,000
Red Mesa, AZ (clinic construction)	7,653,000
Pawnee, OK (complete clinic)	12,633,000
Sisseton, SD (clinic construction)	3,000,000
St. Paul, AK (clinic construction)	5,584,000
Metlakatla, AK (clinic construction)	308,000
Clinton, OK (clinic design)	1,300,000
Bethel, AK quarters (complete)	5,000,000
Small ambulatory care facilities	5,000,000
Dental units	1,000,000
Total	\$82,119,000

The managers agree to the following:

1. The decrease to the House level for the Fort Defiance Hospital still provides sufficient funds to complete this project, which will be constructed for less than the previous estimate.

2. Any Departmental efforts to consolidate functions or restructure or realign programs that affect the Indian Health Service must be approved through the reprogramming process by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations prior to implementation.

3. Fiscal year 2003 funding for the small ambulatory facilities program may be used to select projects from the rank order list generated from the fiscal year 2001 application process. A new request for proposals should be issued if funds are made available for this program in fiscal year 2004.

4. Savings from completed health care facilities construction projects may be used to continue high priority projects currently on the Service's health care facilities construction priority lists. In fiscal year 2003, \$5,000,000 should be made available for the Metlakatla, AK Clinic and \$3,000,000 should be made available for renovations at the Lawton, OK Hospital.

The conference agreement includes bill language proposed by the Senate prohibiting the use of funds for sanitation facilities construction associated with new homes funded through Department

of Housing and Urban Development grants. The House addressed this issue in report language. Bill language also is included permitting the Service to use up to \$1,000,000 to purchase ambulances as proposed by the Senate instead of up to \$500,000 as proposed by the House. The language has been modified to permit the use of either services funding or facilities funding for this purpose.

OTHER RELATED AGENCIES

OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The conference agreement provides \$14,491,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT

PAYMENT TO THE INSTITUTE

The conference agreement provides \$5,490,000 for payment to the institute instead of \$5,130,000 as proposed by both the House and the Senate.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING RESCISSION)

The conference agreement provides \$449,105,000 for salaries and expenses at the Smithsonian Institution, instead of \$436,660,000 as proposed by the House and the Senate. This total includes a rescission of \$14,100,000 as proposed in the budget.

Changes to the House proposed funding level include increases of \$750,000 for the National Museum of American History's 9/11 initiative, \$11,000,000 for additional security improvements at the National Zoo and the Office of Protection Services, and \$945,000 to restore in full the general offsetting reduction of \$12,795,000 proposed in the budget request. The House had provided the bulk of these funds, \$11,850,000, in its initial recommendations. The Senate, in agreement with the Administration, had accepted the reduction in full. There is a decrease of \$250,000 for research activities at the Tropical Research Institute, which still provides an increase of \$500,000 above the budget request for those programs.

The managers are aware that there has been confusion in recent years regarding the Smithsonian Institution's eligibility to compete for grants at the National Science Foundation. This problem was recently identified as a significant issue in the National Academy of Public Administration's review of Smithsonian science programs released in October 2002. The Appropriations Committees are concerned that this confusion has persisted despite recent internal NSF policy directives clarifying that the Smithsonian is fully eligible to compete for National Science Foundation grants. The managers urge the Secretary of the Smithsonian to work with

PRESIDIO TRUST

PRESIDIO TRUST FUND

The conference agreement provides \$21,327,000 for the Presidio Trust Fund as proposed by both the House and the Senate. The Senate receded to the House language directing the Presidio Trust to contract with the National Academy of Public Administration. The scope of work should focus on finance and business practices.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

The conference agreement includes sections 301 through 306, which were identical in both the House and the Senate bills.

The conference agreement includes the text of the following sections in the House bill, which contained identical text in the Senate bill, but had different section numbers in the Senate bill. The House section numbers were 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 317, 318, 320, and 328.

Section 314—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 316 of the Senate bill prohibiting the use of funds for GSA telecommunications centers. This provision was carried last year.

Section 315—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 310 of the Senate bill, allowing competition for watershed restoration projects through the “Jobs in the Woods” program.

Section 317—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 315 of the House bill limiting the use of answering machines during core business hours. This provision was carried in previous years. The Senate had no similar provision.

Section 318—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 319 of the Senate bill concerning the export of western redcedar from national forest system lands in Alaska rather than the similar House section 316.

Section 321—The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 319 of the House bill, which clarifies how the Forest Service should conduct cooperative agreements.

Section 323—The conference agreement includes language modifying language proposed in House section 321 and language in Senate section 323 concerning stewardship contracting for the Forest Service. The bill language in the conference agreement is altered from the House version as follows: the Bureau of Land Management is now included in the program; the authority is extended a total of ten years; the program is no longer a demonstration effort with a cap on the number of projects; language clarifies that the program may include contracts where trees have commercial value; monitoring requirements are clarified at the programmatic level; and language clarifies that the Secretaries may designate one contracting officer to administer a contract or agreement.

Section 324—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 322 of the House bill, which makes a technical correction to the Cabin User Fee Fairness Act of 2000.

Section 325—The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 323 of the House bill, which extends the Forest Service conveyances pilot program and now also allows the Forest Service to include 3 conveyances where the receipts can be used to replace or modify facilities, upon Committee approval.

Section 326—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 324 of the Senate bill providing for the use of GSA contract airfares by employees of foundations established by Acts of Congress to solicit funds on behalf of Federal land management agencies. The House had a similar provision in section 325 of the House bill.

Section 328—The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 324 of the House bill regarding expiring grazing permits by the Bureau of Land Management and the Forest Service. The modification deals with permits expiring during 2003. The Senate had a similar provision.

Section 329—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 326 of the House bill authorizing a demonstration program to recruit health professionals at the Eagle Butte service unit in South Dakota. The Senate had no similar provision.

Section 330—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 327 of the House bill prohibiting the transfer of funds to other agencies other than provided in this Act. The Senate had no similar provision.

Section 331—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 329 of the House bill, which continues a legislative provision prohibiting funds for oil or gas leasing or permitting within the Finger Lakes National Forest, NY.

The conference agreement does not retain language proposed in section 330 of the House bill regarding certain OCS leases in California. This issue is addressed in Title I, section 156.

Section 332—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 331 of the House bill prohibiting funding to improve Pennsylvania Avenue in front of the White House without prior approval by the House and Senate Appropriations Committees.

Section 333—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 327 of the Senate bill, which allows the Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture to consider local contractors when awarding contracts for certain activities on public lands.

Section 334—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 328 of the Senate bill increasing the cap on administrative expenses of the North Pacific Research Board. The House had no similar provision.

Section 335—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 329 of the Senate bill limiting review of certain elements in the land management plan for the Tongass National Forest, AK.

Section 336—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 330 of the Senate bill extending the authorization for assistance to the Four Corners Interpretive Center.

Section 337—The conference agreement retains language proposed in section 331 of the Senate bill amending the Alaska Native

Claims Settlement Act to allow native corporations to establish settlement trusts.

Section 338—The conference agreement includes language proposed in section 141 of the Senate bill, which extends the Quincy Library Group forestry project in California for five more years.

Section 339—The conference agreement modifies language proposed in section 145 (Title I) of the Senate bill extending the authorization for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve; requiring the filling of SPR to capacity as soon as practicable; and amending legislation dealing with the Northeast Home Heating Oil Reserve. The language in the conference agreement is limited to a five-year extension of the SPR authorization. The House had no similar provision.

Section 340—The conference agreement includes language requiring formal approval by the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations of all Declarations of Taking and Complaints in Condemnations with the exception of the South Florida Restoration Project.

Section 341—The conference agreement includes a new provision, which names the 6,294 acre Panthertown Valley Tract of the Nantahala National Forest, North Carolina, in honor of James and Elspeth McClure Clarke.

TITLE IV—T'UF SHUR BIEN PRESERVATION TRUST AREA

The conference agreement includes the T'uf Shur Bien Preservation Trust Area Act as proposed by the Senate.

The conference agreement does not include Title V—the Ottawa National Wildlife Refuge Complex Expansion and Detroit River International Wildlife Refuge Expansion Act as proposed by the Senate.

TITLE V—NATIONAL FOREST ORGANIZATIONAL CAMP FEE IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2003

The conference agreement includes a new Title V—The National Forest Organizational Camp Fee Improvement Act of 2003.

The National Forest Organizational Camp Fee Improvement Act reforms and improves the fee schedules being paid to the Forest Service by non-profit recreational camps, which are operated by organizations such as the Girl Scouts and church groups. A new fee structure is needed so that these important uses of the public lands are encouraged and not excluded due to new appraisal methods. This new fee system allows camps to remain on national forest system lands while providing a fair and equitable return to the American taxpayer.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES
(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	Conference
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS			
Operation of Indian Programs			
Tribal Budget System			
Tribal Priority Allocations			
Tribal government.....	378,956	388,949	388,949
Human services.....	151,199	148,951	150,951
Education.....	50,037	50,165	50,165
Public safety and justice.....	1,417	1,382	1,382
Community development.....	39,784	40,726	40,726
Resources management.....	56,743	61,517	61,517
Trust services.....	49,205	58,383	58,383
General administration.....	24,815	25,461	25,461
Subtotal, Tribal Priority Allocations.....	752,156	775,534	777,534
Other Recurring Programs			
Education			
School operations			
Forward-funded.....	436,427	452,984	447,985
Other school operations.....	67,588	69,832	67,931
Subtotal, School operations.....	504,015	522,816	515,916
Continuing education.....	41,118	39,118	43,118
Subtotal, Education.....	545,133	561,934	559,034
Resources management.....	41,835	34,258	42,601
Subtotal, Other Recurring Programs.....	586,968	596,192	601,635
Non-Recurring Programs			
Community development.....	3,175	-	2,250
Resources management.....	32,611	30,215	33,065
Trust services.....	37,012	37,295	37,645
Subtotal, Non-Recurring Programs.....	72,798	67,510	72,960
Total, Tribal Budget System.....	1,411,922	1,439,236	1,452,129
BIA Operations			
Central Office Operations			
Tribal government.....	2,649	2,654	3,154
Human services.....	909	907	907
Community development.....	886	875	875
Resources management.....	3,476	3,488	3,488
Trust services.....	3,129	8,823	8,823
General administration			
Education program management.....	2,435	2,409	2,409
Other general administration.....	44,622	53,334	50,379
Subtotal, General administration.....	47,057	55,743	52,788
Subtotal, Central Office Operations.....	58,106	72,490	70,035
Regional Office Operations			
Tribal government.....	1,324	1,336	1,336
Human services.....	3,067	3,162	3,162
Community development.....	847	853	853
Resources management.....	4,365	5,449	5,449
Trust services.....	23,669	24,383	24,383
General administration.....	29,407	29,040	29,040
Subtotal, Regional Office Operations.....	62,679	64,223	64,223
Special Programs and Pooled Overhead			
Education.....	16,039	16,273	16,273
Public safety and justice.....	160,652	161,368	163,568
Community development.....	8,623	1,061	8,632
Resources management.....	1,311	1,307	1,307

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES
(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	Conference
General administration.....	80,477	81,152	81,152
Subtotal, Special Programs and Pooled Overhead..	267,102	261,161	270,932
Total, BIA Operations.....	387,887	397,874	405,190
Rescission (P.L. 107-206).....	-10,000	---	---
Total, Operation of Indian Programs.....	1,789,809	1,837,110	1,857,319
BIA SPLITS			
Natural resources.....	(140,341)	(136,234)	(147,427)
Forward-funding.....	(436,427)	(452,984)	(447,985)
Education.....	(177,217)	(177,797)	(179,896)
Community development.....	(1,035,824)	(1,070,095)	(1,082,011)
Total, BIA splits.....	(1,789,809)	(1,837,110)	(1,857,319)
Construction			
Education.....	292,503	292,717	295,717
Public safety and justice.....	5,541	5,046	5,046
Resources management.....	50,645	39,173	39,173
General administration.....	2,179	2,182	2,182
Construction management.....	6,264	6,134	6,134
Total, Construction.....	357,132	345,252	348,252
Indian Land and Water Claim Settlements and Miscellaneous Payments to Indians			
White Earth Land Settlement Act (Admin).....	625	625	625
Hoopa-Yurok settlement fund.....	250	250	250
Pyramid Lake water rights settlement.....	142	142	142
Ute Indian water rights settlement.....	24,728	24,728	24,728
Rocky Boy's.....	7,950	5,068	5,068
Great Lakes fishing settlement.....	6,254	---	---
Shivwits Band Settlement.....	5,000	16,000	19,000
Santo Domingo Pueblo Settlement.....	2,000	3,136	3,136
Colorado Ute Settlement.....	8,000	8,000	8,000
Torres-Martinez Settlement.....	6,000	---	---
Total, Miscellaneous Payments to Indians.....	60,949	57,949	60,949
Indian Guaranteed Loan Program Account			
Indian guaranteed loan program account.....	4,986	5,493	5,493
TOTAL, BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.....	2,212,876	2,245,804	2,272,013
DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES			
Insular Affairs			
Assistance to Territories			
Territorial Assistance			
Office of Insular Affairs.....	4,528	5,295	5,295
Technical assistance.....	16,961	7,461	13,461
Maintenance assistance fund.....	2,300	2,300	2,300
Brown tree snake.....	2,350	2,350	2,350
Insular management controls.....	1,491	1,491	1,491
Coral reef initiative.....	500	500	500
Subtotal, Territorial Assistance.....	28,130	19,397	25,397
American Samoa			
Operations grants.....	23,100	23,100	23,100
Northern Marianas			
Covenant grants.....	27,720	27,720	27,720
Total, Assistance to Territories.....	78,950	70,217	76,217

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES
(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	Conference

Compact of Free Association			
Compact of Free Association - Federal services.....	7,354	7,354	7,354
Mandatory payments - program grant assistance.....	14,500	12,000	12,000
Enewetak support.....	1,391	1,391	1,631
Total, Compact of Free Association.....	23,245	20,745	20,985
	=====	=====	=====
Total, Insular Affairs.....	102,195	90,962	97,202
	=====	=====	=====
Departmental Management			
Departmental direction.....	12,964	13,405	13,405
Management and coordination.....	24,905	26,455	26,455
Hearings and appeals.....	8,559	8,198	8,198
Central services.....	20,425	26,429	23,528
Bureau of Mines workers compensation/unemployment....	888	4,109	841
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	2,205	---	---
Total, Departmental Management.....	69,946	78,596	72,427
	=====	=====	=====
Office of the Solicitor			
Legal services.....	37,276	38,432	38,432
General administration.....	7,724	9,341	9,341
Total, Office of the Solicitor.....	45,000	47,773	47,773
	=====	=====	=====
Office of Inspector General			
Audit.....	18,680	19,782	19,580
Investigations.....	6,763	7,266	7,213
Program integrity.....	1,457	1,496	1,488
Policy and management.....	7,402	8,115	7,958
Total, Office of Inspector General.....	34,302	36,659	36,239
	=====	=====	=====
National Indian Gaming Commission			
Salaries and expenses.....	---	2,000	---
Office of Special Trustee for American Indians			
Federal Trust Programs			
Program operations, support, and improvements.....	96,728	148,246	138,747
Executive direction.....	2,496	2,781	2,530
Total, Federal Trust programs.....	99,224	151,027	141,277
Indian Land Consolidation Program			
Indian land consolidation.....	10,980	7,980	7,980
Total, Office of Special Trustee for American Indians.....	110,204	159,007	149,257
	=====	=====	=====
Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund			
Damage assessments.....	4,165	3,927	3,927
Program management.....	1,332	1,361	1,361
Restoration support.....	---	250	250
Total, Natural Resource Damage Assessment Fund..	5,497	5,538	5,538

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES
(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	Conference
Federal Priority Land Acquisitions and Exchanges			
Federal priority land acquisitions and exchanges.....	---	3,000	---
=====			
TOTAL, DEPARTMENTAL OFFICES.....	367,144	423,535	408,436
=====			
TOTAL, TITLE I, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.....	9,486,419	9,450,753	9,455,108
Appropriations.....	(8,431,939)	(8,501,952)	(9,535,108)
Conservation.....	(1,006,258)	(978,801)	---
Emergency appropriations.....	(59,222)	---	---
Contingent emergency appropriations.....	(54,000)	---	---
Rescission.....	(-65,000)	(-30,000)	(-80,000)
=====			
TITLE II - RELATED AGENCIES			
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
FOREST SERVICE			
Forest and Rangeland Research			
Forest and rangeland research.....	241,304	242,798	251,685
State and Private Forestry			
Forest Health Management			
Federal lands forest health management.....	43,304	44,374	50,374
Cooperative lands forest health management.....	25,000	25,038	31,038
Emerging pest and pathogens fund.....	---	11,969	---

Subtotal, Forest Health Management.....	68,304	81,380	81,412
Cooperative Fire Assistance			
State fire assistance.....	25,310	25,353	25,653
Volunteer fire assistance.....	5,053	5,040	5,040

Subtotal, Cooperative Fire Assistance.....	30,363	30,393	30,693
Cooperative Forestry			
Forest stewardship.....	33,171	---	32,221
Conservation.....	---	49,526	---
Stewardship incentives.....	3,000	---	---
Forest legacy.....	---	---	68,827
Forest legacy program (conservation).....	65,000	69,797	---
Urban and Community Forestry.....	---	---	36,235
Urban and community forestry (conservation).....	36,000	36,235	---
Economic action programs.....	35,680	---	26,440
Pacific Northwest assistance programs.....	9,425	---	---
Forest resource information and analysis.....	5,015	4,996	4,996

Subtotal, Cooperative Forestry.....	187,291	160,554	168,719
International forestry.....	5,263	5,036	5,750

Total, State and Private Forestry.....	291,221	277,363	286,574
Appropriations.....	(190,221)	(121,805)	(286,574)
Conservation.....	(101,000)	(155,558)	---
=====			
National Forest System			
Land management planning.....	70,358	72,195	72,195
Inventory and monitoring.....	173,316	176,306	175,356
Recreation, heritage and wilderness.....	245,500	252,444	254,194
Wildlife and fish habitat management.....	131,847	133,506	133,806
Grazing management.....	34,775	35,850	40,850
Forest products.....	266,340	264,753	265,353
Vegetation and watershed management.....	190,113	190,644	190,944
Minerals and geology management.....	48,956	53,635	52,635
Landownership management.....	88,434	91,016	93,016
Law enforcement operations.....	79,000	80,142	80,800
Valles Caldera National Preserve.....	2,800	984	3,150
Expedited consultations.....	---	15,000	---

Total, National Forest System.....	1,331,439	1,366,475	1,362,299
=====			

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES
(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	Conference
National Academy of Sciences program review.....	---	---	500
Cooperative programs with States.....	---	---	3,000
Energy efficiency science initiative.....	---	---	5,000
Total, Energy Conservation.....	912,805	901,651	897,603
Economic Regulation			
Office of Hearings and Appeals.....	1,996	1,487	1,487
Strategic Petroleum Reserve			
Storage facilities development and operations.....	154,009	154,856	158,856
Home heating oil reserve.....	8,000	---	---
Management.....	17,000	14,000	14,000
Total, Strategic Petroleum Reserve.....	179,009	168,856	172,856
SPR Petroleum Account			
Oil acquisition.....	---	11,000	7,000
Rescission of previously appropriated funds.....	---	---	-5,000
Total, SPR petroleum account.....	---	11,000	2,000
Northeast Home Heating Oil Reserve			
Northeast home heating oil reserve.....	---	8,000	6,000
Energy Information Administration			
National Energy Information System.....	78,499	80,611	81,111
Use of prior year balances.....	---	-500	-500
Total, Energy Information Administration.....	78,499	80,111	80,611
TOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.....	1,766,470	1,717,241	1,752,288
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE			
Indian Health Services			
Clinical Services			
IHS and tribal health delivery			
Hospital and health clinic programs.....	1,153,711	1,188,540	1,219,917
Dental health program.....	95,305	100,085	100,285
Mental health program.....	47,142	50,626	50,626
Alcohol and substance abuse program.....	135,005	137,744	137,744
Contract care.....	460,776	468,130	478,130
Subtotal, Clinical Services.....	1,891,939	1,945,125	1,986,702
Preventive Health			
Public health nursing.....	37,781	39,875	39,875
Health education.....	10,628	12,063	11,063
Community health representatives program.....	49,789	50,774	50,774
Immunization (Alaska).....	1,526	1,556	1,556
Subtotal, Preventive Health.....	99,724	103,268	103,268
Urban health projects.....	30,947	31,528	31,528
Indian health professions.....	31,165	35,373	31,318
Tribal management.....	2,406	2,406	2,406
Direct operations.....	55,323	54,474	60,570
Self-governance.....	9,876	10,089	5,589
Contract support costs.....	268,234	270,734	270,734
Medicare/Medicaid Reimbursements			
Hospital and clinic accreditation (Est. collecting).....	(499,985)	(449,985)	(449,985)
Total, Indian Health Services.....	2,389,614	2,452,997	2,492,115

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES
 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	FY 2002 Enacted	FY 2003 Request	Conference
Indian Health Facilities			
Maintenance and improvement.....	46,331	47,331	49,831
Sanitation facilities.....	93,827	93,983	93,827
Construction facilities.....	86,260	72,000	82,119
Facilities and environmental health support.....	126,775	132,963	133,119
Equipment.....	16,294	16,294	17,294
Total, Indian Health Facilities.....	369,487	362,571	376,190
TOTAL, INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE.....	2,759,101	2,815,568	2,868,305
OTHER RELATED AGENCIES			
OFFICE OF NAVAJO AND HOPI INDIAN RELOCATION			
Salaries and expenses.....	15,148	14,491	14,491
INSTITUTE OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE CULTURE AND ARTS DEVELOPMENT			
Payment to the Institute.....	4,490	5,130	5,490
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION			
Salaries and Expenses			
Museum and Research Institutes			
Anacostia Museum and Center for African American History and Culture.....	1,932	1,981	1,981
Archives of American Art.....	1,738	1,802	1,802
Arthur M. Sackler Gallery/Freer Gallery of Art.....	6,098	6,168	6,168
Center for Folklife and Cultural Heritage.....	1,850	1,911	1,911
Cooper-Hewitt, National Design Museum.....	2,942	3,050	3,050
Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden.....	4,771	4,724	4,724
National Air and Space Museum.....	16,599	20,402	20,402
National Museum of African Art.....	4,334	4,464	4,464
National Museum of American Art.....	8,265	8,327	8,327
National Museum of American History.....	20,800	21,604	22,354
National Museum of the American Indian.....	27,899	33,616	33,616
National Museum of Natural History.....	43,404	44,982	44,982
National Portrait Gallery.....	5,626	5,550	5,550
National Zoological Park.....	22,027	24,275	24,675
Astrophysical Observatory.....	20,546	21,121	21,121
Center for Materials Research and Education.....	3,357	3,460	3,460
Environmental Research Center.....	3,391	3,510	3,510
Tropical Research Institute.....	10,581	11,029	11,529
Subtotal, Museums and Research Institutes.....	206,160	221,976	223,626
Program Support and Outreach			
Outreach.....	8,193	8,383	8,383
Communications.....	1,617	1,356	1,356
Institution-wide programs.....	5,506	6,006	6,006
Office of Exhibits Central.....	2,494	2,588	2,588
Major scientific instrumentation.....	6,229	5,000	5,000
Museum Support Center.....	3,074	2,469	2,469
Smithsonian Institution Archives.....	1,611	1,674	1,674
Smithsonian Institution Libraries.....	7,437	8,488	8,488
Subtotal, Program Support and Outreach.....	36,161	35,964	35,964
Administration.....	43,376	53,976	53,976
Facilities Services			
Office of Protection Services.....	37,383	58,674	58,674
Office of Physical Plant.....	76,173	90,965	90,965
Subtotal, Facilities Services.....	113,556	149,639	149,639
Emergency appropriations (P.L. 107-117).....	21,707	---	---
Offsetting reduction.....	---	-12,795	---
Rescission of prior year unobligated funds.....	---	-14,100	-14,100
Total, Salaries and Expenses.....	420,960	434,660	449,105