



### Indian Health Service| California Area Office





#### Mission:

Our agency's mission is to raise the physical, mental, social, and spiritual health of American Indians and Alaska Natives to the highest possible level.

#### Goal:

Our goal is to assure that comprehensive culturally acceptable personal and public health services are available and accessible to American Indian and Alaska Native people.

#### Foundation:

Our foundation is to uphold the Federal Government's obligation to promote healthy American Indian and Alaska Native people, communities, and cultures and to honor and protect the inherent sovereign rights of tribal governments.

#### **Our Core Values:**

- Excellence
- Innovation
- Respect
- Ethics
- Leadership

# List of Acronyms

| AAAHC     | Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care             | ICD-10 | International C             |
|-----------|--|--------|-----------------------------|
| ACA       | Affordable Care Act  | IHCIA  | Indian Health               |
| AI/AN     | American Indian/Alaska Natives                                   | IHS    | Indian Health               |
| CAC       | Clinical Applications Coordinator                                | IPC    | Improving Pati              |
| CAO       | California Area Office   | ISDEAA | P.L. 93-638 as              |
| CATAC     | California Area Tribal Advisory Committee                        |        | Education Assi              |
| CHEF      | Catastrophic Health Emergency Fund                               | IST    | Improvement<br>Care         |
| CHS (PRC) | Formerly Contract Health Services (Purchased and Referred Care)  | п      | Information Te              |
| CHSDA     | Contract Health Services Delivery Area                           | M&I    | Maintenance a<br>Facilities |
| CMS       | DHHS/Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services                    | MSPI   | Methampheta                 |
| CRIHB     | California Rural Indian Health Board                             | MU     | Meaningful Us               |
| CRS       | Clinical Reporting System  | NGST   | IHS National G              |
| EDR       | Electronic Dental Record   | 0&M    | Operation & N               |
| EHR       | Electronic Health Record   | OEH&E  | IHS/CAO Office              |
| EHS       | IHS/CAO Environmental Health Services                            | ОМВ    | President's Of              |
| EPA       | U.S. Environmental Protection Agency                             | OMS    | IHS/CAO Office              |
| FAS       | Fetal Alcohol Syndrome   | ОРН    | IHS/CAO Office              |
| FDA       | DHHS/Food and Drug Administration                                | РСМН   | Patient-Center              |
| FEHBP     | Federal Employee Health Benefits Program                         | PRC    | Purchased and               |
| GPRA      | Government Performance and Results Act                           | -      |                             |
| GPRAMA    | GPRA Modernization Act   |        | Quality and Ini             |
| GSA       | General Services Administration                                  | RPMS   | Resource Patie              |
| HP/DP     | Health Promotion and Disease Prevention                          | SDPI   | Special Diabet              |
| HFE       | IHS/CAO Health Facilities Engineering                            | SFC    | IHS/CAO Sanit               |
| HHS       | U.S. Department of Health and Human Services                     | UFMS   | IHS Unified Fin             |
| HIPAA     | Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act                | VA     | Veteran's Adm               |
| HITECH    | Health Information Technology for Economical and Clinical Health | YRTC   | Youth Regiona               |
|           |  |        |                             |

| ICD-10 | International Classification of Disease, 10th Revision                        |
|--------|---|
| IHCIA  | Indian Health Care Improvement Act  |
| IHS    | Indian Health Service   |
| IPC    | Improving Patient Care  |
| ISDEAA | P.L. 93-638 as amended Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act |
| IST    | Improvement Support Team for Improving Patient<br>Care                        |
| т      | Information Technology  |
| M&I    | Maintenance and Improvement of Tribal Healthcare<br>Facilities                |
| MSPI   | Methamphetamine & Suicide Prevention Initiative                               |
| MU     | Meaningful Use of Electronic Health Records                                   |
| NGST   | IHS National GPRA Support Team  |
| 0&M    | Operation & Maintenance   |
| OEH&E  | IHS/CAO Office of Environmental Health & Engineering                          |
| ОМВ    | President's Office of Management and Budget                                   |
| OMS    | IHS/CAO Office of Management Support  |
| ОРН    | IHS/CAO Office of Public Health   |
| РСМН   | Patient-Centered Medical Home   |
| PRC    | Purchased and Referred Care (formally CHS)                                    |
| QILN   | Quality and Innovation Learning Network                                       |
| RPMS   | Resource Patient Management System  |
| SDPI   | Special Diabetes Program for Indians  |
| SFC    | IHS/CAO Sanitation Facilities Construction                                    |
| UFMS   | IHS Unified Financial Management System                                       |
| VA     | Veteran's Administration  |
| YRTC   | Youth Regional Treatment Center   |
|        |   |



#### The Indian Health Care System:

• Tribally-operated health care services

Tribal facilities are operated under the authority of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (Public Law 93-638, as amended), Titles I and V. There are 12 Title V compacts, funded through 12 Funding Agreements, totaling \$107 million. These compacts represent 49 Tribes, which is 47% of all the federally recognized Tribes in California. There are also 21 programs contracted under Title I serving 51 Tribes.

- Urban health care services and resource centers
   There are 8 Urban programs, ranging from community health to comprehensive primary health care services.
- Alcohol Treatment Services
   There are 4 alcohol treatment programs. Their services range from referral and counseling to residential services.

#### **Population Served:**

- Members of 104 federally recognized Tribes
- 90,932 American Indians and Alaska Natives residing on or near reservations
- 8,539 American Indians in Urban clinics (users)
- 167,066 potential AI/AN users in CHSDA and 195,735 potential users not in a CHSDA (2010 census)

#### **Annual Patient Services** (Tribal facilities):

- Inpatient Admissions: N/A
- Outpatient visits: 654,256
- Dental visits: 242,651

#### **Appropriations:**

- FY 2013 Area Office budget appropriation: \$201,409,376
- FY 2014 Area Office budget appropriation: \$235,564,236

#### Third-party collections: N/A for P.L. 93-638

#### Per capita personal health care expenditures comparisons:

CAO user population: \$2,018 (*excludes OEHE* \$) IHS user population: \$2,690 Total U.S. population: \$7,026 (*CMS Report*)

#### **Human Resources**

• Total IHS employees: 93 (41% are Indian; Excluding medical professionals listed below)

|                                    | All employees | Indian | Non-Indian | Physicians | Nurses | Dentists | Pharmacists | Engineers | Sanitarians |
|------------------------------------|---------------|--------|------------|------------|--------|----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Comm. Corps                        | 21            | 4      | 17         | 2          | 2      | 0        | 0           | 10        | 5           |
| Civil service                      | 80            | 43     | 37         | 1          | 2      | 1        | 0           | 8         | 2           |
| Total                              | 101           | 47     | 54         | 3          | 4      | 1        | 0           | 18        | 7           |
| Health Professionals vacancy rates |               |        | 0%         | 0%         | 0%     | 0%       | 0%          | 0%        |             |

#### Facilities

|        | Hospitals | Health Centers | Alaska Village Clinics | Health Stations | Residential Treatment Centers |
|--------|-----------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| IHS    |           |                |                        |                 |                               |
| Tribal |           | 52             |                        | 10              | 5                             |

#### **Office of Environmental Health and Engineering**

• The services provided by the IHS/CAO OEHE are categorized into three divisions:

- Division of Environmental Health Services (DEHS)
- Division of Health Facilities Engineering (DHFE)
- Division of Sanitation Facilities Construction (DSFC)



## Indian Health Service California Area Office Funding

#### **Funding Summary**

\$ millions, unless otherwise stated

|  | 2015         | 2014         | 2013         |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Clinical Services                                    |              |              |              |
| Hospital & Clinics                                   | \$73,090,665 | \$71,508,920 | \$71,447,365 |
| Dental   | 2,062,599    | 1,938,346    | 1,940,436    |
| Mental Health  | 2,218,468    | 2,040,930    | 2,039,695    |
| Alcohol  | 11,949,968   | 10,842,497   | 10,832,337   |
| Third Party Reimbursements                           |              | 12,804       |              |
| Total Clinical Services:                             | 89,321,700   | 86,343,497   | 86,259,833   |
| Preventive Health                                    |              |              |              |
| Public Health Nursing                                | 1,044,623    | 928,798      | 929,600      |
| Health Education                                     | 381,327      | 302,155      | 302,185      |
| Community Health Representatives                     | 2,005,937    | 2,005,123    | 2,007,334    |
| Total Preventive Health:                             | 3,431,887    | 3,236,076    | 3,239,119    |
| Urban Health Projects                                | 7,299,753    | 6,778,168    | 6,674,127    |
| Direct Operations                                    | 2,195,926    | 2,433,806    | 2,475,474    |
| Contract Support Costs                               | 58,908,280   | 57,453,659   | 43,737,231   |
| Tribal Self-Governance                               | 8,164        |              | 65,150       |
| Indian Health Professions                            |              |              | 12,660       |
| Purchased/Referral Care (Contract Health Care)       | 49,978,380   | 47,834,104   | 42,837,066   |
| Catastrophic Health Emergency Fund                   | 32,004       | 40,101       | 89,718       |
| Section 105 Extern Program                           | 84,500       |              |              |
| Domestic Violence Prevention Initiative              |              | 223,000      | 223,000      |
| Alcohol & Substance Abuse/Methamphetamine Prevention |              | 889,000      | 889,000      |

## Indian Health Service - California Area Office Funding Continued

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#### **Funding Summary**

\$ millions, unless otherwise stated

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|  | 2015          | 2014          | 2013          |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Special Diabetes Program for Indians—Direct        | 310,000       | 160,000       | 160,000       |
| Special Diabetes Program for Indians—Reimbursement |               | 200,000       | 200,000       |
| Facilities & Environmental Health Support          |               |               |               |
| Environmental Health Support                       | 3,870,350     | 3,561,070     | 3,582,075     |
| Health Facilities Support                          | 1,726,813     | 1,388,313     | 1,179,793     |
| OEHE Support                                       | 20,750        | 17,156        | 19,211        |
| Reimbursements                                     |               |               |               |
| Total Facilities & Environmental Health Support:   | 5,617,913     | 4,966,539     | 4,781,079     |
| Indian Health Facilities                           |               |               |               |
| Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center                  |               | 15,500,000    |               |
| Equipment  | 859,840       | 866,546       | 781,879       |
| Maintenance and Improvement                        | 3,022,878     | 3,028,040     | 2,850,048     |
| Total Indian Health Facilities:                    | 3,882,718     | 19,394,586    | 3,631,927     |
| Sanitation Facilities                              |               |               |               |
| Housing  | 1,740,000     | 1,550,000     | 1,454,000     |
| Regular  | 3,626,000     | 2,033,000     | 1,904,000     |
| Total Sanitation Facilities                        | 5,366,000     | 3,583,000     | 3,358,000     |
| Inter-Agency Funds                                 |               |               |               |
| EPA CWA IAG Contributions                          |               |               | 2,775,992     |
| Other Contributions                                | 5,178,140     | 2,028,700     |               |
| Total Contributions Facilities                     |               | 2,028,700     | 2,775,992     |
| Area Grand Total                                   | \$231,615,365 | \$235,564,236 | \$201,409,376 |





**Robert McSwain, M.P.A** Principal Deputy Director Indian Health Service



**Beverly Miller, M.H.A, MBA** Director Indian Health Service/California Area Office

### FOUR PRIORITIES OF THE INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE

- 1. Renew and strengthen our partnership with Tribes and Urban Indian Health Programs
- 2. Improve the IHS
- 3. Improve the quality of and access to care
- 4. Ensure that our work is transparent, accountable, fair and inclusive

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IHS/CAO 2015 Annual Report

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## **Letter from the Area Director**

Dear Tribal Officials and Indian Healthcare Partners:

This is the first annual report letter that I write as the Director, California Area Indian Health Service. As the new Area Director, I feel it's important to share with you the principal that I follow which pertains to our relationship. My attitude is about partnerships. I believe that by capitalizing on each other's strengths, common goals can be better achieved by working together rather than separately. I also believe that the greater unity we show in any subject area means higher productivity, creativity, and results will occur. My long-term goal is to raise the health of American Indians and Alaska Natives (AI/AN) to the highest possible level.

As you review this report, you will see the enormous effort put forth to make progress toward improving the health of the AI/AN. I am incredibly fortunate to be a part of this team of outstanding and talented individuals who value the AI/AN communities as much as I do, and they demonstrate that everyday with their hard work.

Warm Regards,

*/Beverly Miller/* Beverly Miller, MHA, MBA, Area Director Indian Health Service, California

## Service Highlights

#### Public Health

- During the week of May 4, 2015 the Indian Health Service, California Area Office (IHS/CAO) and the California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. co-hosted the Medical Providers' Best Practices & GPRA Measures Conference in Sacramento. This continuing medical education and formalized collaboration on improving quality and access to care was designed for Indian health program physicians, mid-level providers, and clinic support staff
- During the week of May 11, 2015, the IHS/CAO and the California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. co-sponsored the Annual Dental Conference in Sacramento. The continuing dental education courses met all of the required annual continuing dental education courses necessary for state licensure renewal for dentists, dental hygienists, and registered dental assistants
- The IHS/CAO staff, in an effort to improve quality and access to health care, conducted site visits to nine urban Indian healthcare programs and four tribal healthcare programs. The site visits focused on effective communication, teamwork, customer service, GPRA, and improving patient care
- To improve performance on the Dental Access measure, the IHS/CAO offered modest financial incentives through the Dental Support Center to tribal and urban health programs that improved access by two percent or more
- The IHS/CAO published and distributed four quarterly "IHS/CAO Patient Newsletters" to all California tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs for further dissemination to patients in healthcare facility waiting areas

## Service Highlights cont'd

#### **Division of Environmental Health Services**

Throughout 2015, many facility assessments have been completed, including plan reviews for 2 facilities, 21 pre-opening inspections, 360 routine and 1 rapid assessment, and 25 follow-up surveys.

In alignment with the DHHS "Healthy People 2020" initiative, which identifies reducing transmission of "Vibrio" through food as one of its key objectives for food safety, the DEHS staff conducted the following: Vibrio and other shellfish toxins can lead to severe illness and death. In California, from 2001 to 2013 there have been 1,420 reported cases of Vibrio, an average of approximately 110 cases per year. DEHS staff conducted risk factor surveys at all tribal food service programs, to identify and calculate the level of risk at each facility. Working with tribal food service operators, DEHS staff provided training on use of the "Interstate Shellfish Shippers List" to ensure shellfish were received from an approved supplier and identified how use of "shell stock tags" reduces the incidence of Vibrio outbreaks.

| FACILITY ASSESSMENTS (FY2015)   |             |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| FACILITY TYPE   | # COMPLETED |  |  |  |  |
| FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS   | 332         |  |  |  |  |
| COMPLEX INSTITUTIONS<br>(HEALTH STATIONS, SCHOOLS, DAYCARE, SENIOR<br>CTR, LODGING) | 46          |  |  |  |  |
| RECREATIONAL FACILITIES<br>(SALON, POOL, SPA, RV PARK, PLAYGROUND)                  | 26          |  |  |  |  |
| WATER, WASTEWATER, SOLID WASTE  | 3           |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL   | 407         |  |  |  |  |

The DEHS staff hosted 4 meetings in Sacramento with tribal, state and federal partners, related to child care. These meetings created a forum for information sharing and development of partnerships between the CA Department of Education, CA Department of Social Services, the Federal Office of Head Start, and 33 Tribal Child Care Development Fund program administrators who represent 77 tribal communities in California. The group identified barriers to funding for education centers, staff training, resources, and health/safety needs and each of the participants contributed to the development of a model tribal health and safety ordinance for child care centers.

The Escondido District Environmental Health Officer and two DEHS interns, through the U.S. Army Veterinarians Program, provide rabies vaccinations to 175 animals which represented a cost savings of approximately \$3,500 to the community. 60 animals were neutered/spayed which helped prevent unwanted animals, at a cost savings of approximately \$4,500.

One employee from California Rural Indian Health Board (CRIHB) and one from Tule River Tribal Health graduated from the 2015 IHS Injury Prevention Fellowship. This year-long fellowship consisted of monthly online classes, 2 weeks of in -person training, 1 week of field work, and a community-based injury prevention project. DEHS staff served as mentors for both projects, which included development of an updated "Child Passenger Safety Seat Video" and development/ presentation of a tribal occupant restraint ordinance.

## Service Highlights cont'd

DEHS staff provided technical assistance and support to the injury prevention programs funded by the IHS Tribal Injury Prevention Cooperative Agreement. Two programs, Indian Health Council and CRIHB, submitted successful "Part II" grant applications and will receive \$300,000 over 5 years, through 2020.

#### **HEALTH FACILITIES ENGINEERING (HFE)**

The projects listed below, which represent only a small portion of the total workload performed by the HFE program, were selected to illustrate typical cooperative efforts undertaken by IHS, the tribes, and tribal healthcare programs.

**Lake County Tribal Health Consortium -** The Lake County Tribal Health Consortium completed the renovation of a 4,600 square foot facility in Lakeport, CA and will offer expanded pediatric and obstetric services to patients local tribal communities.

**Northern Valley Tribal Health -** The Northern Valley Indian Health, Inc. (NVIH) completed planning and design of a new 44,000 square foot facility in Chico, CA and will offer expanded dental, behavioral health, and pediatric care for tribal patients. NVIH has also completed planning and design and is in phase three construction of a six-phase major remodel of their health clinic in Willows, CA.

**Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health, Inc. -** The Riverside-San Bernardino County Indian Health, Inc. completed remodel of a newly purchased 33,000 square foot facility located in Grand Terrance, CA, which will include remodeling of the of the dental area. The new property replaced the existing San Manuel Indian Health Clinic and serves as the new administrative home for the program. The exterior of the facility is being remodeled also.

**Quartz Valley Indian Reservation -** The Quartz Valley Indian Reservation started construction of a 3,000 square foot addition to the existing Anav Tribal Health Clinic. The expanded space is scheduled for completion in the spring 2016 and will include dental services.

**Youth Regional Treatment Centers -** The IHS/California Area Office (IHS/CAO) continues to make significant progress toward opening two IHS-operated Youth Regional Treatment Centers (YRTCs) in California. The Sacred Oaks Healing Center will be located in northern California near the community of Davis.

## Service Highlights cont'd

- Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center Construction started in the fall of 2014 and scheduled for completion in early 2016. Previously referred to as the Southern YRTC, the name change to the Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center was officially made in March of 2015 in consultation with the CA Area Tribal Advisory Committee. The 35,000 square foot facility will treat youth between the ages of 12 to 17 years of age and will contain 32 beds, an indoor gymnasium, education space, computer laboratory, art room, cafeteria, fitness facilities and cultural rooms.
- Sacred Oaks Healing Center Funding in the FY 2015 President's Budget approved for both design and construction of Sacred Oaks Healing Center in the amount of \$17.161M. Current activities include completing an Environmental Assessment (EA) to support finalizing the required Site Selection and Evaluation Report Phase II (SSER PH II) and Program of Requirements (POR) and prior to solicitation for design and construction. The EA is estimated for completion in the fall of 2015 to be shortly followed by completed SSER PHII and POR.

#### **Division of Sanitation Facilities Construction**

The SFC Program employs a cooperative approach for providing sanitation facilities to Indian communities. During FY 2015, the SFC Program administered \$13,292,360 in construction funds. Many tribes participated by contributing labor, materials and administrative support to the construction projects. In FY 2015, the SFC Program provided sanitation facilities to a total of 2,814 homes (refer to following table).

In 2015, California entered the fourth year of a severe drought and the past four years have been the driest since record keeping began in the late 1800s. California was under a drought emergency declaration and 9 tribes declared a drought emergency in 2015. In response to the drought emergency declaration, the California Area Office (CAO) is monitoring 148 tribal water systems and has assisted 22 tribal water systems with a drought emergency project and assisted 165 scattered homes without water due to the drought. Currently 12 tribal water systems are identified at high risk level of being out of water if the drought continues into 2016 and 16 tribal water systems are at moderate risk level.

## **CMO** Perspectives

I am very pleased to have had an opportunity to share another wonderful year with you. The pace at which change is taking place in the healthcare environment seems to be increasing with each passing year, and this past year has clearly maintained this pattern. Based upon what I have observed, all of our clinics are doing everything they possibly can to keep up and ensure that our patients continue to get the easiest possible access to high quality care.

Though these numerous changes create some difficulties for us, as we moved into 2015 there was also reason for optimism in some arenas. For example, we were able to note on the horizon a promising development that would enable us to cure an infection with Hepatitis C in more than 99% of infected individuals with few if any side effects, even if disease is already manifest. Some consider this a revolutionary opportunity in healthcare, the likes of which rarely cross our path. Many of you have really stepped up to the plate this past year to ensure that we can take full advantage of this opportunity. Given these tremendous efforts, we will be ready to implement this program in earnest early next year. This will involve rendering support in the following areas: 1) Establishing the basic capabilities of a Hep C Program; 2) EMR and data management activities; 3) Specialty consultation. Thanks to all who have spearheaded this effort and shared lessons learned with others.

We have also made good progress this year in establishing MOU's with the Veterans Administration (VA). In addition, I have also noted that a few of you have started receiving substantial reimbursements from the VA as well. After attending a session for veterans at the recent National Congress of American Indians meeting, and participating in a panel with VA personnel, I learned firsthand from veterans serving from the Korean War to current conflicts that they highly value having an opportunity to get care at their own clinic. In most instances it is more comfortable to receive care in a familiar setting. Many thanks for all of the great work you have done this past year in making this possible. I look forward to working with you in 2016 to make even further progress in this arena.

I was also very pleased this past year with the fantastic Medical Directors Meeting lead providers at each you had this past May. The robust agenda and the productive discussions that ensued following the superb presentations you arranged were quite impressive. It was also exciting to see that we had at least one representative at the meeting from about 90% of our clinics in the CA Area. This was a great start for the Medical Directors meeting. I have enjoyed and look forward to continued discussions about the important issues you have raised. Of course, I also am very excited to see what you have planned for the meeting in May, 2016. It is a great pleasure to have an opportunity to work with such a wonderful, talented group.

Finally, I would like to relay a few thoughts about preparedness. That is, what we should be doing in our clinics to be ready for events like fires. Recently two of our clinic organizations faced major fire events. Others experienced similar circumstances earlier in the year. In my estimation, all personnel involved in the response from affected clinics performed admirably. However, it may have been easier to respond if more attention had been placed on establishing appropriate procedures and additional time allowed for training. In addition, it is critical that time is allotted for developing key relationships with various parts of the community, such as county health departments. This can be helpful even when the tribes involved have the independent ability to render all or most of the response capabilities. It is also essential to understand what resources are available from state emergency response organizations. I hope we have an opportunity to address these issues in the near future.

Many thanks to everyone for all of the great work you are doing. I look forward to continuing our work.

As I look back over the past year, I am able to reflect on many positive experiences and developments. In particular, I thoroughly enjoyed the opportunities I had to visit tribal/urban clinics and was quite impressed with the superb services clinic staff is providing in our communities. Clearly, extraordinary work is performed to address a myriad of issues. Sometimes the solutions are not readily apparent or feasible, and resources may be scant, but I have never witnessed a circumstance where the spirit and resolve to serve are diminished.

Given this underlying, pervasive spirit of service, it was not surprising to see a wide variety of extraordinary accomplishments as I visited various locations in California. Of course, there are many clinics I have not yet seen. Thus, I still have much to learn about what has been done and the plans people have for the future. Here are a few examples of what I have noted to this point:

- 1. A clinic that attained accreditation and Patient Centered Medical Home (PCMH) certification, a clear indication of a superb foundation for quality of care initiatives.
- 2. Several clinics that were able to meet the VA MOU requirements, another testament to achieving quality of

# CMO Perspectives Continued.

care goals and expanding the breadth of services available to our communities.

An administrative team, working together for more than 12 years, which designed and used a cost-benefit analytic process to assess new initiatives. The results – a very efficient operation which yielded increased revenues. Some of the rewards – a magnificent new clinic facility and numerous collaborative relationships that render high quality care and a timely, robust referral system.

Initiation of a unique community program that routinely reaches out to elders and at-risk children at their homes, community centers and planned field trips. Some positive preliminary results:

- 1. Improved health of elders
- 2. New activities for children to enhance their learning experiences
- 3. A service that ensures the presence of a known health care provider, if desired, when a tribal member requires care at a distant location
- Development of trust that facilitates acceptance of health care provider recommendations in the midst of an emergency. The fruits of this labor was quite evident during a recent fire event that required quick action.
- Evidence of a growing desire for and acceptance of alterna tive/complementary/traditional medicine as many are laying the groundwork for a new array of services and interventions that have the potential to improve health outcomes.
- Partnerships with the academic community to enhance our knowledge of and access to evidence-based interventions that address the unique needs of American Indians. One prominent example – a recent publication of NIH-funded research that demonstrated the therapeutic effectiveness of Native music.
- 7. Successful attainment and implementation of several federal grants to develop primary prevention strategies. In a relatively short time, an outstanding team has blazed new trails of innovation and creativity to forge new collaborative relationships, establish wellness centers and create unique gardens that render inexpensive and healthy vegetables in arid settings.

I greatly appreciate the time you generously donated in relaying these experiences. It has left a lasting, positive impression. In addition, you have given me a clear perspective regarding your priorities. First and foremost for most of the clinic leaders I have spoken to is examining how we can improve recruitment/retention. Primary care providers are becoming increasingly difficult to find, and we have also learned about some key research that outlines what is needed to retain providers once they are attained.

This relates to another priority – quality of care initiatives. Data reveals that physicians and other providers are more likely to remain at a clinic when certain processes are established. Many of these are closely related to a variety of activities associated with quality of care. In addition, it has also been noted that this is important for retaining patients as well. We need to carefully examine how we need to move forward in this important arena.

In addition, we have a great opportunity to address a chronic disease – Hepatitis C - in a meaningful way. This is possible due to continued advances in medications that can successfully treat this deadly malady with few if any side effects. Two other areas have been discussed prominently:

- 1. Primary Prevention Strategies
- 2. Reestablishing a Role for Traditional Medicine

I am confident we can make great progress in these and other arenas as we work collaboratively over the coming months and years. This should be a wonderful adventure for all.



Meeting with the Diabetic Team at Southern Indian Health Council (SIHC)

## 2015 Annual Tribal Consultation





This year's theme was "Creating Communities for Healthy Youth". The event was hosted by the California Area Indian Health Service and United Auburn Indian Community.

> Right: Beverly Miller, IHS/CAO Acting Director, provided opening remarks



Mr. Mikela Jones provided the keynote address



Tribal Leaders Diabetes Committee Representatives Ms. Rosemary Nelson and Ms. Dominica Valencia with Ms. Dawn Phillips





DHHS Secretary's Tribal Advisory Committee Representative Ms. Elaine Finke



L to R: Silver Galleto (Cloverdale), Glenda Nelson (Enterprise), Debra Ramirez (Redwood Valley), Michael Garcia (Ewiiaapaayp)



IHS/CAO 2015 Annual Report

#### Listening Session with Mr. McSwain, IHS Acting Director



Above: Mr. McSwain with California Tribal Leaders Below: Mr. McSwain with Urban Indian Healthcare Program Directors



## **22 Office Reports**

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## Office of Public Health (OPH)

The California Area OPH consists of health professional consultants in the following specialties:

- Medical
- Dental
- Nursing
- · Diabetes
- · Behavioral Health
- Health Promotion/Disease Prevention
- HIPAA
- VistA Imaging
- Meaningful Use
- · Electronic Health Records
- Telemedicine
- Resource & Patient Management System
- Business Office
- Information Resource Management
- Mock Accreditation Surveys

These professionals work with tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs to meet nationally accepted standards of care for healthcare organizations.

#### Dental

The mission of the IHS Dental Program is to protect and promote oral health and prevent oral disease among all Indian beneficiaries. The following principles underlie this stated mission:

- Oral health is an essential component of total health
- All people should have the opportunity to achieve sound oral health
- All people should have the right and responsibility to participate, individually and collectively, in the planning and implementation of their oral health care

#### **Technical Assistance and Recruitment**

To improve customer service, the IHS/CAO Dental Consultant provided technical assistance to tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs on oral health. Technical assistance is available for a number of dental clinical topics including, but not limited to chart reviews, the peer review process, credentialing and privileging, and clinical efficiency. The Dental Consultant is also available for dental program reviews.

The IHS/CAO is dedicated to distributing the most current

information on oral health issues. The IHS/CAO publishes a patient newsletter quarterly which features articles on oral health issues including gum disease, oral cancer, early childhood caries, and oral hygiene. The IHS/CAO website contains a dental page which has valuable information for patients and healthcare program staff. The website also lists all the California Area healthcare programs offering dental services.

Recruitment and retention of dental personnel is critical to the provision of dental services. In 2015, the IHS/CAO Dental Consultant assisted in the hiring of dentists at California Area tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs. The IHS has a loan repayment program which is available to dental providers employed at tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs. Loan repayment is a valuable tool in the retention of recent dental school graduates.

#### **Annual Dental Continuing Education**

The IHS/CAO sponsors an annual dental continuing education which includes lectures, panel discussions, and hands-on courses that focus on the public health model of dental care. The conference offers all of the required annual continuing dental education courses necessary for state licensure renewal for dentists, hygienists, and registered dental assistants. The multi-day conference allows dental staff from the California Area to meet, learn, and share knowledge and experiences. The May 2015 conference was attended by 300 dental staff representing 33 tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs with a dental clinic. Over 5,000 hours of continuing dental education credits were earned.

#### **Dental Billing and Coding Compliance Training**

To improve clinic income streams, the IHS/CAO held a Dental Billing and Coding Training for tribal and urban Indian healthcare program staff. Proper dental billing requires billing staff and providers to communicate to ensure proper and timely billing. For this reason, both program billing staff and dental providers were invited to attend the May 2015 training. The training covered third party billing and an update on Denti-Cal. Accurate and timely dental billing is essential to tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs which rely on third party income or revenue to supplement IHS funding.

#### Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) Measures

To improve the quality of and access to care, the Dental Consultant in partnership with the Dental Support Center, encourages tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs to meet and/or exceed the national GPRA measure targets for dental access, application of topical fluorides, and placement of dental sealants. In 2015, the IHS and Dental Support Center established three dental GPRA challenges to improve GPRA measure results. The ultimate intention was to improve the oral health status of the California Area AI/AN population with a focus on the oral health of young children:

- Five programs met the goal of improving (2% or more) the number of pregnant women getting a dental visit
- Six programs met the goal of improving (2% or more) the dental access measure for 0-5 year olds
- Seven programs met the goal of improving (2% or more) the number of patients (all age groups) having a dental visit

#### Electronic Dental Record (EDR)

An EDR incorporates digital radiography and imaging, offering a comprehensive, integrated patient record leading to increased productivity, improved efficiency, and decreased dental errors. Dentrix is a commercial, off-the-shelf dental, clinical, and practice management software application that is integrated with the Resource and Patient Management System (RPMS). It interfaces with patient registration, billing, appointment scheduling, and clinical notes to be submitted to the electronic health record (EHR). Dentrix can also be used as a stand-alone application by tribal healthcare programs that do not utilize RPMS. Dentrix Enterprise is now being utilized at 13 healthcare programs use some form of EDR.

#### **Dental Advisory Committee**

The Dental Advisory Committee is composed of dental professionals representing tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs in the California Area. The committee participates in monthly calls and bi-annual meetings to advise the Area Dental Consultant on oral health issues impacting our communities. The committee members' clinical experience and expertise is an invaluable resource in ensuring that dental funds are spent wisely and meet the oral health needs of the AI/AN patient population. The committee also acts as the steering committee for the Dental Support Center located at the California Rural Indian Health Board (CRIHB).

#### **Dental Support Center**

The California Dental Support Center (DSC) combines resources and infrastructure with IHS Headquarters and the IHS/CAO to offer technical assistance and expertise to all California Area healthcare programs. The DSC is a collaboration between the IHS/CAO and the California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. (CRIHB) and is housed at CRIHB. The Dental Advisory Committee acts as the steering committee for the DSC.

Assistance is provided for local and Area clinic-based and community-based oral health promotion/disease prevention initiatives, including the following:

- Early Childhood Caries Initiative
- Mini-Grants
- Head Start trainings
- Registered Dental Assistant certifications
- Distribution of dental education materials
- Training for dental staff
- IHS Basic Screening Survey
- Tobacco cessation training
- Co-sponsorship of hands-on clinical courses
- Co-sponsorship of the annual dental continuing education

#### **Behavioral Health**

The mission of the California Area is to collaborate and share best practices which promote a holistic approach for mental and/or behavioral health problems. This incorporates the overall mission of the IHS, to raise the physical, mental, social, and spiritual health of American Indians/Alaska Natives to the highest level.

#### Methamphetamine and Suicide Prevention Initiative Funds/Domestic Violence Prevention Initiative (DVPI)

The IHS/CAO collaborates with more than 46 tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs to address behavioral and mental health, domestic violence, methamphetamine use, and suicide. Each of these programs offers some type of behavioral and/or mental health services and/or program depending on the individual needs of the community. In 2009, the IHS distributed limited special funding to address some of the behavioral health problems such as suicide, methamphetamine use, and domestic violence.

Eight tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs rely on methamphetamine and suicide prevention initiative funds. Additionally, seven programs receive domestic violence funding. Because of this funding, there has been an increased awareness and development of community prevention programs. One highly successful program is the Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. (TMWIHC) Sexual Assault Forensic Exam Program. TMWIHC partnered with Tribal Social Services, County District Attorney, sheriff and police departments, the local community hospital, and victim's advocates groups to provide sexual assault forensic exams within this rural community. Ms. Anna Wells, MS, APRN, PHN, was the catalyst and champion for the sexual assault forensic exam team for American Indian women and other women of all races within Tuolumne County. In addition, the DVPI funding made it possible for training and secure equipment and supplies needed for these specialized exams. Without DVPI funding, the sexual assault forensic exam kit would not have been purchased.

#### Behavioral Health Work Shops

The IHS/CAO sponsored the 7<sup>th</sup> Annual Government Performance Results Act (GPRA) Best Practices Conference in May. More than 322 professional and para-professional health care providers attended this years' event. On the preconference day, the IHS/CAO offered a 4-hour training to approximately 70 practitioners on Screening, Brief Intervention, & Referral to Treatment (SBIRT) for alcohol use. In addition to SBIRT, the IHS/CAO offered trainings on the following behavioral health topics:

- Adverse Childhood Experiences
- Traumatic Stress and Self-Care
- Improving Behavioral Health Screening in the Primary Care
- Setting
- Sexual Assault Response Training
- Suicide Prevention in the Primary Care Setting
- Emotional Freedom Technique

The evaluations from this year's conference requested more behavioral health sessions. As a result, the IHS/CAO will consider offering two days of trainings for behavioral health professionals in the future.

#### Alcohol and Substance Abuse Treatment Program

The IHS/CAO partners with tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs to support alcohol and substance abuse prevention programs. There are more than 84 alcohol and substance abuse counselors employed by tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs and 72 are certified counselors. For the past few years, the California Area has expanded training opportunities and education to certify and re-certify alcohol and substance abuse counselors through a contract. The majority of the Indian healthcare program alcohol and substance abuse counselors are certified by the California Association of Alcoholism & Drug Abuse Counselors (CAADAC). Each counselor must obtain 30 units of continuing education every two years to maintain their certification. In addition, the Indian healthcare program counselors are surveyed each year

regarding their training needs. In 2015, counselors requested trainings on Ethics & Law, Native-Based Treatment Modalities, and Overview of Dual Diagnoses. Since September 2014, four substance use disorder addiction courses have been offered. During each training, counselors completed an on-site course evaluation and results show positive overall satisfaction.

#### **Youth Regional Treatment Centers**

Since August 2014, more than 27 youths had been admitted for residential treatment through the YRTC Risk Pool administered by the California Area Office. In addition, 10 youths are still receiving residential treatment. Of the 23 admissions, 12 were male with an average age of 16 years old. More than 65% of youths have dual-diagnoses and 3 youth had suicidal ideation or attempted suicide. The number one drug of choice is alcohol. The MSPI funds have improved access to residential treatment and youths, on average, stay 150 days compared to 120 day programs. The tribal and urban Indian healthcare program alcohol counselors, YRTC Risk Pool staff, and behavioral health directors participate in conference calls about every six weeks.

The following three IHS YRTCs are now Medi-Cal providers:

- Desert Visions
- Nevada Skies
- Healing Lodge of the Seven Nations in Spokane, Washington

As Medi-Cal providers, these facilities can bill California directly for youths enrolled in Medi-Cal.

#### **Universal Behavioral Health Screening Incentives**

The IHS/CAO advocates for "universal screening" for the behavioral health GPRA clinical measures. The three behavioral health screenings include depression for all adults 18 and over; alcohol use for women of child-bearing years; and, domestic/ intimate partner violence screening for women ages 15-40 years old. The Veterans Administration has demonstrated that "universal screening" in behavioral health increases screening rates and removes the stigma associated with the screenings. Since February 2015, the largest tribal healthcare program in California has been using a kiosk that allows patients to respond to behavioral health screening questions in the patient waiting room. As a result, behavioral health screening rates at this program have increased to at or above 95%. More importantly, one 16 year old adolescent screened positive for suicide ideation, and the mental health expert was able to see this youth at that same medical visit. A smaller, isolated clinic in Covelo will be the second tribal healthcare clinic to

implement the Front Desk Kiosk Demonstration project.

#### Nursing

The IHS/CAO strives to elevate the quality of healthcare provided for American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) people through efforts that promote excellence in the delivery of evidenced-based, culturally considerate healthcare services. Nurses across the California Area play major roles in the delivery of these services as they consult, administer, and/or provide direct patient care through clinic-based, public health, and referral organizations. Area nurses work in a variety of settings and in various practice roles. The Area Nurse Consultant works to ensure that these nurses have available the knowledge, skills, and educational resources needed to practice at the top of their licensure as contributing members of interprofessional health care teams. Area focus is on ensuring that nurses working within the California Area are equipped with the clinical practice and leadership skills necessary for offering team-based, patient-centered care that is accessible and of the highest possible quality in the face of challenges brought about in this era of health care reform.

### Nursing Leadership, Continuing Education, and Collaboration

The IHS/CAO Nurse Consultant coordinated the following sessions for participants of a Pre-Conference Nursing Continuing Education Day held on May 4 in conjunction with the 2015 California Providers' Best Practices & GPRA Measures Continuing Medical Education:

- Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment Training - Carol Dawson Rose, PhD, RN, FAAN (UCSF)
- Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACES) Tom Jordan (First 5 Lake)
- Engaging Your Tribal Communities: Using Partnerships to Strengthen Immunization Efforts – Amy Groom, MPH (CDC Assignee to IHS)/Catherine Flores-Martin (California Immunization Coalition)/Tammy Pilisuk, MPH & Jane Pezua (CDPH)

In recognition of the value of both internal and external agency expertise, presenters were selected from IHS, tribal, and statebased healthcare organizations for their subject matter expertise and interest in partnering to improve health outcomes for AI/AN people. The IHS/CAO partnered with the IHS Clinical Support Center, an accredited provider of continuing nursing education by the American Nurses Credentialing Center's Commission on Accreditation, to offer CE opportunities for the 48 nurses attending these events. The Area Nurse Consultant represented California Area IHS, tribal and urban nurses through her contributions as a member of the IHS National Nurse Leadership Council. As a member of the NNLC, the Area Nurse Consultant actively participated as follows: Member of the NNLC's Annual Nurses Leaders in Native Care Conference Planning Committee, monthly NNLC conference calls, and as a member of NNLC's Shared Governance and Bylaws revision workgroup actively participated in early planning and development of NNLC's newly adopted model of shared governance.

The 2015 Nurse Leaders in Native Care Conference (NLINC), sponsored by HIS/HQ Division of Nursing, was held as a virtual event. The IHS/CAO Nurse Consultant represented the California Area on the planning committee.

#### Area Immunization Program Coordination

The IHS/CAO offers training and technical assistance to tribal and urban Indian healthcare immunization staff to ensure comprehensive immunization coverage, data collection, and reporting. The following are among the activities of the Area Nurse Consultant/Immunization Coordinator in 2015:

- Monitored Area immunization reporting to ensure comprehensive, timely, and accurate data reporting for IHS quarterly reports
- Represented Area immunization interests at quarterly Immunization Coordination Meetings facilitated by California Department of Public Health Immunization Branch and the CA Immunization Action Coalition
- Provided technical assistance and improvement resources related to adult and childhood immunization GPRA measure improvement and ensured agenda sessions appropriate to Immunization Practice during the CAO-hosted Annual Provider and GPRA Best Practices Conference
- Collaborated to facilitate bi-directional data exchange with State Immunization Registries, a CMS MU Stage 3 requirement for provider reimbursement. IHS/CAO has partnered with IHS/HQ Division of Epidemiology, California tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs, California Department of Public Health Immunization Branch (CDPH), California Rural Indian Health Board, California Immunization Registry (CAIR) and San Diego County Immunization Registry (SDIR) to offer vendor technical support, assistance with registering for electronic data exchange and to facilitate stakeholder engagement with immunization data transport process. SDIR's long-term data exchange capability with one San Diego County-based Tribal Program remains active; one additional San Diego County based health program is registered and prepared to

begin testing for electronic data exchange once given the go-ahead by SDIR staff

- Co-facilitated collaborative GPRA webinar on Childhood Immunizations held on Thursday, November 13, 2014
- Initiated/facilitated the development of a Draft Area Influenza Plan (Made available in draft form October 2015)
- Purchased and distributed scientific, evidence-based "Vaccine Handbooks" to each CA Area-based Tribal and urban Indian healthcare program for use as immunization practice guidance.

#### **IHS National and Statewide Collaboration**

On April 26 and 27 of 2015, the IHS/CAO Nurse Consultant attended the 2015 California Immunization Coalition Summit entitled "Ready, Set, Vaccinate" and the pre-conference workshop on "Vaccine Communication Strategies". The "Summit" was held in Sacramento, California and was attended by more than 100 individuals from across the state. The following sessions were among those attended by the Nurse Consultant: "Addressing Parents' Concerns Regarding Personal Belief Exemption", "Addressing vaccine efficacy, the role of the pharmacist", "Immunization Policies In California: Challenges and Possibilities", and "Registries, Where Are We and Where are We Going". This annual event, sponsored by the California Immunization Coalition, promotes best practices in immunization. The California Immunization Coalition is a nonprofit, public-private partnership dedicated to achieving and maintaining full immunization protection for all Californians to promote health and prevent serious illness. The Coalition provides networking and partnership opportunities for organizations and offers access to greater expertise by calling on a wide range of organizations and individuals. The Coalition has the ability to leverage resources and can advocate for change at the state, regional, and local levels. All CA Area healthcare staff have the opportunity to take advantage of the many resources made widely available through the California Immunization Coalition.

Web-Based Trainings IHS/CAO facilitated immunization-eLearning sessions offered through IHS/HQ. In addition prerecorded RPMS package immunization sessions are available on the IHS Division of Epidemiology Website. Based on the post -training survey responses,



this course met the intended purpose of improving competencies related to use of the RPMS Immunization Package for Immunization practice, data management, and reporting.



### Community Health Representative (CHR) Program Coordination

Area Nurse Consultant as CHR Program Coordinator:

- Attended monthly IHS/ HQ hosted CHR conference calls
  Provided technical assistance and training support for Area
- Provided technical assistance and training support for Area CHR Program staff
- IHS/CAO Nurse Consultant, in partnership with IHS/HQ Division of Nursing, Public Health Nurses from Northern Valley Indian Health, and JHU FS Trainers facilitated an IHS/HQ CHR Program-funded, Johns Hopkins University evidence-based "Family Spirit" training opportunity for 8 Community Health Representatives (CHRs) and their respective supervisors from 4 Tribal Health Programs. This Training was held in Willows, CA during the week of April 13-17, 2015.
- Participated in development and introduction of IHS, HQ funded on-line CHR training modules that are offered to expand opportunity for CHR Training and offered as a replacement for IHS-funded annual face-to-face training.
- Presented an update on the status of IHS CHR program training opportunities at the October 22, 2014 IHS/CAOhosted Program Directors Meeting.
- Ensured CHR specific content during the Nursing CE Preconference session held in conjunction with the CAOhosted 2015 CA Healthcare Provider and GPRA Best Practices Conference held in May

#### Diabetes

The California Area has 37 tribal and urban Indian diabetes programs. These programs are funded in part by the Special Diabetes Program for Indians (SDPI). SDPI includes the Community-Directed, Healthy Heart, and Diabetes Prevention grants. Currently, there are 35 Community-Directed, 7 Diabetes Prevention, and 5 Healthy Heart diabetes grants in California. The source of this money is based on funding that Congress appropriates annually. SDPI has been funded for two years through FY2017. Since the inception of the SDPI in 1998, diabetes has been affected in a positive manner. The devoted



work of the staff in every California program has not only improved the quality of life for American Indian/Alaska Natives battling this disease, but has also prevented diabetes from occurring in people at high risk. The significant and most notable return is the 43% reduction in End-Stage Renal Disease in AI/AN, a greater decline than any other racial or ethnic group across the nation. The Area Diabetes Coordinator, Helen Maldonado, and two contractors are involved in multiple aspects of diabetes care and prevention in the California Area. Their overall mission is to support all California tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs in their efforts to provide excellent diabetes treatment and education, as well as the best interventions to prevent diabetes in Indian communities.

Diabetes care and prevention in Indian country is based on the strength of the relationships developed with tribal communities. Understanding each community's priorities is essential to improving the health status of Indian people. The challenge for medical providers is to listen, understand, and advice based on what the community wants. In an effort to address this challenge, the theme of the diabetes webinar series in FY 2015 was 'Quality Diabetes Care'. In addition, the Area diabetes contractors visited 37 tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs to provide on-site evaluation and guidance. Plus, the IHS/CAO hosted Diabetes Day on May 7 in conjunction with the Providers' Best Practices & GPRA Measures Continuing Medical Education.

California tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs receiving SDPI Community-Directed grant funding create a diabetes care improvement plan each year based on what is needed in their clinic and community. These plans are called 'Best Practices' as they are based on procedures and interventions known to be effective in diabetes care and in Indian country. The role of the Area Diabetes Coordinator and her staff is to provide guidance on the development and implementation of these Best Practices, ensuring that results that benefit communities are achievable and sustainable. Outcomes include both non-clinical measures, such as the number of health promotion policies adopted by a tribal organization, and clinical data reported in the annual IHS

| TARGETED MEASURES                   | 2010 AUDIT<br>REPORT RE-<br>SULT | 2015 AUDIT REPORT<br>RESULT<br>(FOR CY 2014) | IMPROVEMENT or<br>CHANGE |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Number of diabetes clients audited  | 5538                             | 6392   | Serving 854 more clients |
| Blood sugar control at goal (A1c<8) | 42%                              | 56%  | + 14 percentage points   |
| Blood Pressure at goal (<140/<90)   | 37%                              | 66%  | + 29 percentage points   |
| Exams to screen for Eye Disease     | 56%                              | 55%  | - 1 percentage point     |
| Physical Activity Education         | 64%                              | 67%  | + 3 percentage points    |
| Depression screening                | 69%                              | 86%  | + 17 percentage points   |
| Kidney Disease Screening            | n/a                              | 66%  | New item in 2012         |

#### Diabetes Audit. IHS Diabetes Audit

The IHS Diabetes Audit report is an assessment of clinical care and education and must be submitted annually by programs receiving SDPI Community-Directed funds. The report is based on the IHS Diabetes Standards of Care. Statistics and data are used as a guide to steer the direction of decisions made by health care teams. The following health care outcomes have been specifically targeted for improvement by CAO. These data measures reflect the health status of all active patients with diabetes in the California Area (most recent data is from calendar year 2014)

#### Trainings

The IHS/CAO provided webinar trainings on the following topics based on the theme of 'Quality Improvement':

- "Diabetes Audit" presented by Monica Giotta, MS, RD, CDE
- "Diabetes Case Management" presented by Monica Giotta, MS, RD, CDE
- SDPI Success Stories in California" presented by Candie Stewart, RN(Round Valley); Rick Frey, PhD (Toiyabe Indian Health); Gemali DeLeon, PhD (Lake County Tribal Health
- "California Area SDPI Tribal Consultation" presented by Helen Maldonado, PA-C, CDE
- "Getting Ready for SDPI Competitive Application Process Linking to Quality Improvement" presented by Jamie Sweet, MSN, RN

This past year, the Area Diabetes Coordinator and contractors began development of content for the IHS/CAO Diabetes Portal. This is a secure website where diabetes programs will be able to view recorded trainings, download diabetes information, view data, and network with other California programs.

#### **Improving Patient Care**

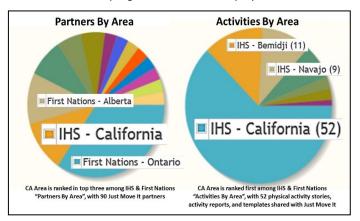
The Aim of the IPC program is to transform the Indian health care system by developing high-performing, innovative health care teams to improve the quality of and access to care. New standards for health care delivery will result in improved health and wellness of the American Indian and Alaska Native people by utilizing a patient-centered medical home model. This will strengthen the positive relationships among the health care system, care team, individual, family, community, and Tribe.

#### California Area Improvement Support Team

The core IHS/CAO Improvement Support Team (IST) consists of a registered nurse, certified physician assistant, and two public health analysts. The IST has had recent trainings to include the theories of improvement science, healthcare improvement methodologies, and coaching for quality improvement. The core team is also mastering their skills of participatory group facilitation methods by working in the greater Sacramento community. CAO IST members have provided vital input into the IPCMS (Improving Patient Care Made-Simple) curriculum. The IPCMS curriculum is designed for IHS/tribal/urban health programs who have not participated in the IPC program and is an abbreviated 9-month collaboration which is designed to guide and coach health programs on the basics of quality health care improvement. Members of the CAO IST currently serve as faculty on the National IPC Team and volunteered to host the IPCMS IST training for all IHS Areas in the California Area Office. In addition, the California Area IST regularly participates in all national IPC trainings and virtual webinars.

#### **California Area IPC Initiative Successes**

There are several programs who have displayed interest in the



IPC program and many more who are interested in becoming PCMH recognized by using the techniques and methodologies of the IPC program. Other programs in California are participating in the Million Hearts Initiative (a branch of the IPC program).

Two urban programs are NCQA (National Committee for Quality Assurance) PCMH Level III recognized.

In FY 2016, the CAO IST plans to work directly with health programs that show interest in transforming their system of care. The California Area houses experts in the local health programs and in the CAO Office. These stellar health programs and the CAO IST will serve as mentors for sites new to the IPC collaborative.

#### **IPC Initiative Results**

As a result of participating in the IPC collaborative, many IHS, tribal, and urban Indian healthcare programs across the nation have experienced the following outcomes:

- Optimized clinic functionality everyone does their job
- Reduced waste and duplication processes are efficient
- Cost savings makes other improvements possible
- Higher quality visits
- Increased patient/family engagement
- Improved screening rates
- Decreased patient no-shows
- Improved patient and staff satisfaction
- Increased opportunities for accreditation and certifications

#### **Health Promotion/Disease Prevention**

#### **Objective 1: Promote Tobacco Prevention:**

Enhancing availability of tobacco prevention and cessation resources was achieved with the revised CAO HPDP webpage. In support of national tobacco prevention efforts California program partners attended and presented at the national Indian Health Service Tobacco Institute (July). In collaborated with the California Rural Indian Health assisted in expanding tribal capacity in the tobacco cessation capacity. The sharing of information, trainings and resources on tobacco misuse/ prevention continued in HPDP Updates (e-letters) collaboration with American Cancer Society CA Division, Northern CA Indian Development Council, CA Department of Public Health Tobacco Prevention Program and California Rural Indian Health Board Tobacco Prevention Project.



#### **Objective 2: Promote Physical Activity**

IHS CAO partnered with the Just Move It (JMI) campaign for the  $10^{\mbox{th}}$  year to promote physical activity and support California tribal and urban efforts. The Tribal Leaders Consultation meeting physical activity sessions helped to kick-off promoting the benefits of physical activity in disease prevention and management (March). California partners e-newsletters included links to recorded Share What Works interviews, which highlighted program successes. Technical support continued, including the creation of a Just Move It toolkit to assist California partners in posting their physical activity stories on the Just Move It website. In collaboration with Just Move It, a physical activity challenge provided tribal and urban programs as a resource Physical Activity Kits (PAK). The CAO Physical Activity Virtual Training webpage continued to serve as resource to assist in becoming familiar with the Physical Activity Kit, Just Move It, the Physical Activity Guidelines and track reported physical activity as part of patient centered care efforts.

**Objective 3: Promote employee wellness to encourage workforce engagement in health lifestyles.** Employee wellness was promoted with health and wellness resources on Healthy Eating, Physical Activity, Tobacco Misuse/Cessation, Food Safety, and Stress Reduction on the CAO Employee Resource Portal.

# Objective 4: Promote and encourage the IHS operated facilities to routinely assess, document and encourage all patients 6 years or older to make physical activity a part of their daily life.

All healthcare services are delivered by contracts and compacts, with no IHS operated facilities in California. All tribal and urban programs using the IHS EHR were encouraged to enter and track reported physical activity as part of patient centered care efforts.

### 2015 Overarching Health Promotion Disease Prevention Goals:

### Build and Support Community Wellness Capacity and Health Communications:

Increased partnership efforts with the Division of Chronic Disease California Department of Public Health (CDPH) included attending two the CA4Health Learning Community planning meeting (March and June), An orientation to the California Wellness Plan was provided by CDPH at the annual CA Provider's Best Practices & GPRA Measures Conference (May). A presentation to IHS available nutrition and health promotion resources was given to Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations during the USDA Food and Nutrition Service Western Region 2015 Nutrition Education Symposium (March). Community-based events included the Community Wellness Forum (April) and national Healthy Native Communities Partnership Gathering (October). Both events supported tribal and urban staff and their community members in developing skills and capacity promote locally identified wellness activities. Several digital storytelling workshops further supported community-wellness efforts, as a tool to assist tribal and urban communities in realizing their own vision of wellness. Tribal and urban registered dietitians were supported with trainings and networking opportunities. This included the Nutrition Learning Basket during the Best Practice Providers conference (May), an online 5 session learning opportunity to introduce nutritionally relevant person centered counseling methods (October – November) and CAO's Nutrition/ Dietitian portal.

#### Contract Health Service Name Changed to Purchased/ Referred Care

The Consolidated Appropriation Act of 2014 that was signed by the President in January included approval of a new name for IHS' Contract Health Service (CHS) Program, which funds referrals for care in the private sector when those services cannot be provided in the IHS facility. Congress requested that IHS propose a new name for the program since it was often confused for other budget items, and the FY 2014 President's Budget proposed that the name be changed to Purchased/ Referred Care (PRC). The name change was official with passage of the FY 2014 appropriation, and IHS will transition the name from CHS to PRC during the next year. The transition will take time, since in addition to getting used to the new name, multiple policy and administrative documents must be updated.

The new name better describes the purpose of the program funding, which is for both purchased care and referral care outside of IHS. The name change will not otherwise change the program, and all current policies, practices, and improvements will continue. This year's appropriation also included a \$77 million increase for CHS/PRC, which means there is more funding available to pay for the referrals our patients need. Thank you for your cooperation and understanding as we transition to the new name.

The PRC program is for medical/dental care provided away from a tribal healthcare facility. PRC is not an entitlement program and an IHS referral does not imply the care will be paid. If IHS is requested to pay, then a patient must meet the residency requirements, notification requirements, medical priorities, and use of alternate resources. IHS/CAO encourages all tribal healthcare programs to fully document PRC unmet need. Denied/deferred services reports document medical services that are either denied or deferred and therefore not payable by IHS. The information from the denied/deferred services reports provides Congress and OMB a way to determine unfunded PRC services to be used to justify increases in the CHS budget provided by Congress. The data is extracted from the Resources and Patient Management System (RPMS) CHS application or manual logs.

To improve quality of and access to care, the IHS/CAO PRC Officer provides general consultation for CHS regulations (42 CFR 136) and technical guidance on PRC operating guidelines as well as policies and procedures to tribal staff and outside agencies. The PRC Officer also reviews and processes all Area Catastrophic Health Emergency Fund (CHEF) cases. PRC education and training opportunities include, but are not limited to PRC 101, Medicare-Like Rate overview and calculations, health board presentations, and CHS claims processing.

Web-based PRC training curriculum is now available on the IHS website. The training curriculum was developed by a group of experts who work in IHS/tribal PRC programs and provides a strong foundation of what PRC technicians need to know and do to run a successful PRC program.

### Government Performance and Results Act/Government Performance and Results Act Modernization Act

The Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) of 1993 required each federal agency to have performance measures that show Congress how effectively it spends its funding. On January 4, 2011, President Barack Obama signed into law the GPRA Modernization Act of 2010 (GPRAMA), Public Law 111-352. GPRAMA strengthens GPRA by requiring federal agencies to use performance data to drive decision making. In FY 2013, the IHS began reporting six GPRAMA measures. Four of the GPRAMA measures are clinical measures reported through the Clinical Reporting System (CRS), including Good Glycemic Control, Childhood Immunizations, Depression Screening, and CVD Comprehensive Assessment.

The remaining GPRA and IHS performance measures were reclassified as "budget measures" and will continue to be reported nationally in the IHS annual budget request. The IHS will monitor the agency's performance by quarter and report final budget measure results in the annual IHS budget request and the Congressional Justification. Even though their designation has changed from GPRA measures to budget measures, they are still considered national performance measures. IHS had a total of 95 budget measures in FY 2015. Twenty-two of these measures track health care provided at the individual clinic level and are reported through CRS; four of the twenty-two measures are clinical GPRAMA measures. Results from each clinic are aggregated and a national rate is reported to Congress.

In FY 2015, California Area tribal healthcare programs, on average, improved on 18 of 22 measures compared to FY 2014. California met the national targets for 6 of 22 GPRA performance measures. These five measures had the largest improvements:

- Nephropathy Assessed
- Breastfeeding Rates
- CVD Comprehensive Assessment (GPRAMA Measure
- Depression Screening (GPRAMA Measure
- Mammography Screening

California Area tribal healthcare programs met the target for 1 of 4 clinical GPRAMA measures in FY 2015:

Good Glycemic Control

In FY 2015, California Area urban Indian healthcare programs improved on 6 of 16 measures reported by urban programs compared to FY 2014. These four measures had the largest improvements:

- Breastfeeding Rates
- Prenatal HIV Screening
- Nephropathy Assessed
- Controlled Blood Pressure

#### National GPRA Support Team (NGST)

The National GPRA Support Team, located within the Office of Public Health, supports GPRA activities at both the national and Area levels. At the national level, the team supports the national IHS GPRA program by collecting, analyzing, and reporting on GPRA data from every participating IHS, tribal, and urban clinic throughout Indian country. At the California Area Office level, the team assists all California tribal and urban clinics by providing regular feedback about performance and assisting with improvement efforts. The team creates and distributes dashboards that graphically display national, area, and clinic level performance data on a regular basis, so that each tribal and urban Indian healthcare program can monitor performance and identify health measures that need improvement.

#### **GPRA Performance in FY 2015**

Under Titles I and V of P.L. 93-638, California tribal Indian healthcare programs are not mandated to track and/or submit GPRA data to the IHS and OMB, however most do so on a voluntary basis. Urban Indian healthcare programs are required, by contract, to track and submit GPRA data to the IHS. Many tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs in California are small, and because they often experience frequent staff turnover, they need regular training on GPRA measure logic and targets.

To assist California tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs in achieving FY 2015 GPRA targets, the IHS/CAO:

- Hosted six national GPRA improvement webinar training sessions on specific GPRA measures and general GPRA and CRS training. All California Area tribal and urban program staff were invited and encouraged to attend to improve their individual GPRA performance and the quality of clinical care
- Hosted eight improvement webinar sessions specifically for California tribal and urban Indian healthcare program staff. These sessions included quarterly updates on California's tribal and urban GPRA performance, tips for improving performance on specific GPRA measures, and best practices and GPRA initiatives from high-performing California sites

Provided technical assistance via email or phone for

- California Area urban and tribal healthcare programs with issues or questions related to GPRA or CRS
- Provided individual site trainings to three California healthcare programs
- Updated and distributed the GPRA Resource Guide, which contains instructions, informational materials, and resources to assist tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs with improving clinical care and performance measure results
- Published and distributed a California 2014 GPRA Report, which includes a summary of California Area performance on 22 GPRA performance measures, trend graphs, and a comparison of performance by individual tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs
- Distributed quarterly dashboards with individual clinic results to each California tribal and urban health program, identified performance measures that needed significant improvement to meet end-of-year targets, and shared this information in quarterly conference calls with California health programs

- Hosted the California Annual Medical Providers' Best Practices & GPRA Measures Continuing Education May 4-7, 2015, in Sacramento
- Created and distributed a survey for California GPRA coordinators to provide feedback on GPRA activities
- Maintained and updated the California Area GPRA Portal which allows healthcare programs to access the numerous GPRA and CRS resources and training programs and to ask questions regarding GPRA or CRS and share improvement strategies via a message board
- Created an Adobe Connect link so that the California Area health programs can listen to and download previously recorded National GPRA/GPRAMA webinar trainings

#### Annual California Area GPRA Report

While California tribal programs only met 6 of 22 measures on average in FY 2015, at the individual clinic level, performance varied widely. Some clinics did very well, with the best performing clinic meeting 19 of 22 measure targets. Some did more poorly, with the lowest performing clinic meeting only 4 measure targets. Urban program performance also varied widely; the highest performing clinic met 13 of 16 measure targets, while the lowest did not meet any measure targets. Information about individual clinic performance on these measures is available in the annual California Area Report. This report shows individual clinic performance for each measure for two years and shows California average performance for the last eight years. This report is prepared each March. The most current version is for FY 2014 and is available on the California Area website or upon request. California urban program results are also included in the report.

#### FY 2016 Action Plan

There is still a need to improve GPRA performance and to properly document the provision of preventive healthcare. The National GPRA Support Team has developed a FY 2016 action plan to support and promote GPRA quality improvement efforts at each tribal and urban Indian healthcare program. The plan includes providing feedback on performance, offering trainings, hosting webinar meetings to share information about successful practices, and providing technical assistance to individual clinics with specific needs. The team will work throughout the coming year to support improvement in a variety of ways.

### 2015 Final National Dashboard (IHS/Tribal)

| Diabetes  | 2014 Target | 2014 Final | 2015 Target | 2015 Final | 2015 Final Results |
|---|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| Good Glycemic Control                               | 48.3%       | 48.6%      | 47.7%       | 47.4%      | Not Met            |
| Controlled BP <140/90                               | 64.6%       | 63.8%      | 63.8%       | 62.5%      | Not Met            |
| LDL (Cholesterol) Assessed                          | 73.9%       | 73.4%      | 71.8%       | 73.3%      | Met                |
| Nephropathy Assessed <sup>a</sup>                   | Baseline    | 60.0%      | 60.0%       | 62.0%      | Met                |
| Retinopathy Exam                                    | 58.6%       | 59.9%      | 60.1%       | 61.3%      | Met                |
| Dental  |             |            |             |            |                    |
| Dental: General Access                              | 29.2%       | 28.8%      | 27.9%       | 29.2%      | Met                |
| Sealants  | 13.9%       | 14.6%      | 14.1%       | 16.3%      | Met                |
| Topical Fluoride                                    | 26.7%       | 27.9%      | 26.4%       | 29.4%      | Met                |
| Immunizations                                       |             |            |             |            |                    |
| Influenza 65+                                       | 69.1%       | 68.1%      | 67.2%       | 65.4%      | Not Met            |
| Pneumococcal Vaccination 65+ <sup>a</sup>           | Baseline    | 85.7%      | 85.7%       | 84.9%      | Not Met            |
| Childhood IZ  | 74.8%       | 75.4%      | 73.9%       | 73.3%      | Not Met            |
| Prevention  |             |            |             |            |                    |
| (Cervical) Pap Screening <sup>a</sup>               | Baseline    | 54.6%      | 54.6%       | 54.9%      | Met                |
| Mammography Screening                               | 54.7%       | 54.2%      | 54.8%       | 54.5%      | Not Met            |
| Colorectal Cancer Screening                         | 35.0%       | 37.5%      | 35.2%       | 38.6%      | Met                |
| Tobacco Cessation                                   | 45.7%       | 48.2%      | 46.3%       | 52.1%      | Met                |
| Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)                  | 65.9%       | 66.0%      | 66.7%       | 66.6%      | Not Met            |
| DV/IPV Screening                                    | 64.1%       | 63.5%      | 61.6%       | 63.6%      | Met                |
| Depression Screening                                | 66.9%       | 66.0%      | 64.3%       | 67.4%      | Met                |
| CVD- Comprehensive Assessment                       | 51.0%       | 52.3%      | 47.3%       | 55.0%      | Met                |
| Prenatal HIV Screening                              | 89.1%       | 88.0%      | 86.6%       | 86.6%      | Met                |
| Childhood Weight Control <sup>b</sup>               | N/A         | 22.8%      | N/A         | 21.8%      | N/A                |
| Breastfeeding Rates                                 | 29.0%       | 35.1%      | 29.0%       | 35.7%      | Met                |
| Controlling High Blood Pressure (MH) <sup>c</sup>   | Baseline    | 59.5%      | 59.5%       | 58.5%      | Not Met            |
| Public Health Nursing Encounters                    | 425,679     | 386,307    | 425,679     | Pending    | N/A                |
| Suicide Surveillance <sup>d</sup> (forms completed) | 1,668       | 1,766      | 1,419       | Pending    | N/A                |

<sup>a</sup>Measure logic changes in FY 2014

<sup>b</sup>Long-term measure, will be reported in FY 2016

 $^{\rm c} {\rm New}$  measure reported by federal and tribal programs as of FY 2014

<sup>d</sup>Measure data is submitted from 11 Areas

Measures in red are GPRAMA measures

Measures Met: 14 Measures Not Met: 8

| 2015 Final California Dashboard                   |                          |                          |                        |                         |                    |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Diabetes  | California 2015<br>Final | California 2014<br>Final | National 2015<br>Final | National 2015<br>Target | 2015 Final Results |
| Diabetes Dx Ever                                  | 11.1%                    | 10.9%                    | 14.4%                  | N/A                     | N/A                |
| Documented A1c                                    | 86.0%                    | 84.3%                    | 84.7%                  | N/A                     | N/A                |
| Good Glycemic Control                             | 50.3%                    | 48.8%                    | 47.4%                  | 47.7%                   | Met                |
| Controlled BP <140/90                             | 63.0%                    | 62.9%                    | 62.5%                  | 63.8%                   | Not Met            |
| LDL Assessed                                      | 72.6%                    | 70.6%                    | 73.3%                  | 71.8%                   | Met                |
| Nephropathy Assessed <sup>a</sup>                 | 58.4%                    | 49.8%                    | 62.0%                  | 60.0%                   | Not Met            |
| Retinopathy Exam                                  | 48.0%                    | 51.2%                    | 61.3%                  | 60.1%                   | Not Met            |
| Dental  | 1010 /0                  | 511276                   | 011070                 | 001170                  | Not Het            |
| Dental Access                                     | 41.5%                    | 40.5%                    | 29.2%                  | 27.9%                   | Met                |
| Sealants  | 18.3%                    | 16.9%                    | 16.3%                  | 14.1%                   | Met                |
| Topical Fluoride                                  | 31.1%                    | 30.8%                    | 29.4%                  | 26.4%                   | Met                |
| Immunizations                                     |                          |                          |                        |                         |                    |
| Influenza 65+                                     | 52.5%                    | 55.7%                    | 65.4%                  | 67.2%                   | Not Met            |
| Pneumococcal Vaccination 65+ <sup>a</sup>         | 76.8%                    | 77.4%                    | 84.9%                  | 85.7%                   | Not Met            |
| Childhood IZ                                      | 59.2%                    | 58.3%                    | 73.3%                  | 73.9%                   | Not Met            |
| Prevention  |                          |                          |                        |                         |                    |
| Pap Screening <sup>a</sup>                        | 46.4%                    | 45.4%                    | 54.9%                  | 54.6%                   | Not Met            |
| Mammography Screening                             | 46.0%                    | 42.9%                    | 54.5%                  | 54.8%                   | Not Met            |
| Colorectal Cancer Screening                       | 31.2%                    | 30.7%                    | 38.6%                  | 35.2%                   | Not Met            |
| Tobacco Cessation                                 | 41.5%                    | 38.9%                    | 52.1%                  | 46.3%                   | Not Met            |
| Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)                | 57.2%                    | 54.8%                    | 66.6%                  | 66.7%                   | Not Met            |
| DV/IPV Screening                                  | 58.6%                    | 55.7%                    | 63.6%                  | 61.6%                   | Not Met            |
| Depression Screening                              | 61.3%                    | 57.5%                    | 67.4%                  | 64.3%                   | Not Met            |
| CVD-Comprehensive Assessment                      | 47.0%                    | 41.9%                    | 55.0%                  | 47.3%                   | Not Met            |
| Prenatal HIV Screening                            | 72.3%                    | 71.4%                    | 86.6%                  | 86.6%                   | Not Met            |
| Childhood Weight Control <sup>b</sup>             | 21.7%                    | 22.6%                    | 21.8%                  | N/A                     | N/A                |
| Breastfeeding Rates                               | 60.8%                    | 55.6%                    | 35.7%                  | 29.0%                   | Met                |
| Controlling High Blood Pressure (MH) <sup>c</sup> | 55.6%                    | 57.2%                    | 58.5%                  | 59.5%                   | Not Met            |

<sup>a</sup>Measure logic changes in FY 2014

<sup>b</sup>Long-term measure, will be reported in FY 2016

 $^{\rm c} {\rm New}$  measure reported by federal and tribal programs as of FY 2014

Measures in red are GPRAMA measures

Measures Met: 6 Measures Not Met: 16

# Information Resource Management (IRM)

CAO's Information Technology (IT) staff provide technical support to the tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs in California. The majority of offered support provided is for and about the Resource and Patient Management System (RPMS) databases maintained by each of our tribal & urban health programs.

IT staff also provides technical assistance for the following systems:

- Electronic Health Record
- Information Security
- Office Automation
- Telecommunications
- Website

#### **Electronic Health Record**

The electronic health record (EHR) is intended to help providers manage all aspects of patient care electronically. By moving most data retrieval and documentation activities to an electronic environment, patient care activities and access to the record can occur simultaneously at multiple locations without dependence on availability of a paper chart. Point-ofservice data entry ensures that the record is always up-todate for all providers.

#### **Types of Services**

The IHS/CAO works with tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs throughout the entire process of adopting, implementing, and using the RPMS EHR. IHS/CAO staff assists sites in assessing current workflows, performing EHR set-up, and training clinic staff in EHR use.

The RPMS EHR software is certified by the Authorized Testing and Certification Body appointed by CMS. Certification indicates that any clinics using the Certified RPMS EHR will qualify for meaningful use incentives; provided they have eligible providers and they meet the patient volume test. The IHS/CAO provides RPMS EHR support so that clinic programs can qualify for meaningful use incentives. The process for installing the latest patch (Patch 13) begins with pre-work duties and ends with post install duties. Duties were explicitly spelled out and made available on the CAO "Site Managers Portal" for program CACs to review and download. All 23 installs were completed by July 2015. Additional releases have been installed as well to comply with ICD-10 requirements.

The conversion to the "Integrated Problem List" for entering

clinical problems into the electronic health record has been a huge change in the way providers do business. CAO is providing extensive training before and after the install of Patch 13. In addition, ICD-10 coding was completed by September 1<sup>st</sup> 2015. The RPMS Certified EHR has been configured to change over to ICD-10 from ICD-9 coding. Patching for this was completed and training for the conversion has been ongoing throughout 2014-2015.

Preparation for a "Patient Portal" and "Direct Messaging" has begun. The "Patient Portal" allows patients to access their health information on line, and "Direct Messaging" allow patient to interact with their clinic and / or provider by secure email. California area preparation has included designating a California Area Administrator (Marilyn Freeman) and Registrar (Toni Johnson) for both the "Patient Portal" and "Direct Messaging". Ultimately each clinic program will have administrators and registrars for the patient portal and Direct Messaging. This work started in 2014. Direct messaging is in place at each RPMS/EHR clinic and the portal is being populated during the month of October 2015.

#### EHR "e-prescribing" Installs

During 2014 IHS/CAO worked with IHS/OIT to complete phase 1 of the e-prescribing initiative by supporting programs without pharmacies to implement e-prescribing using "Sure Scripts" software. This allows providers at 17 California healthcare programs to order medications directly from thousands of pharmacies nationwide using the RPMS EHR application. In 2015-2016, IHS/CAO will work with IHS/OIT to complete phase 2 of the e-prescribing installation and provide support for installation of e-prescribing capability to 5 programs with pharmacies on-site.

#### **Bi-directional Lab Interfaces**

The IHS/CAO currently has 16 bi-directional lab interfaces installed leaving 7 more to be installed. Completion of these installs dependent on clinic preferences and resources. Each interface cost approximately \$10,000.00 to complete. Southern Indian Health Council will be the first clinic to have two bi-directional lab interfaces. One being the Quest interface and the other will be a lab interface with "Sharp Health Care Foundation". This is expected to be completed November of 2015.

The California Area Lab Consultant is Kat Goodwin-Snyder. She is available to all California healthcare programs for lab file updates, quick order updates, and to help with installation of the bi-directional interfaces.

#### Telemedicine

Telemedicine improves both quality and access to care by eliminating transportation challenges, geographic barriers, financial constraints, and time restrictions which frequently interfere with timely delivery of healthcare services. Telemedicine provides the vehicle for:

- Clinics to partner with major universities anywhere in the world to get clinical assistance for local community health interventions
- Improved availability of specialty care for patients with diabetes such as endocrinology, screening for retinopathy, and nutrition education
- Increased access to behavioral health services such as psychiatric care, mental health counseling, and pain and addiction management

The IHS/CAO has established relationships with U.C. Davis medical specialists to offer various telemedicine services including retinal screening, methamphetamine use prevention, and suicide prevention. Area programs also receive specialty care from UC Berkeley School of Optometry as well as Native American Mental Health and Services.

There are two modalities for telemedicine visits: "store and forward" and "real time." Store and forward is a method of capturing an image to be "stored" and then "forwarded" to a specialist. Real time visits are interactive and take place over video conferencing equipment that allows a patient-doctor visit in real time. Retinal screening and dermatology are examples of store and forward telemedicine.

Fourteen clinic programs currently provide "real time" telemedicine services in the areas of endocrinology, psychiatry, nutrition, and dermatology.

Thirty-two clinics currently provide retinal screening onsite IHS/ CAO Area Clinical Application Coordinator provides troubleshooting support and on-site trainings that include capturing images and developing strategies for increasing screening rates.

The IHS/CAO continues to maintain a calendar where participating programs can look at the schedule for U.C. Davis Medical Center specialty care service. The calendar is updated monthly by the Area Telemedicine Coordinator. Clinic telemedicine program coordinators can then schedule patients into visit slots in real time.

#### Videoconferencing

The IHS/CAO deployed tele-video conferencing endpoints to tribal and urban healthcare program medical providers, allowing the IHS/CAO to:

- Virtually meet with administrators, clinical staff, and tribal governments
- Virtually provide training and mentorship to medical providers on various projects
- Virtually increase attendance at IHS-sponsored meetings through the use of video conferencing

Video conferencing capability creates a virtual office environment for the Area office and clinic sites. In this environment, meetings and trainings take place without the burden and expense of travel. Tele-video conferencing meetings are becoming more common and the IHS/CAO has been experimenting with new calls as needs arise. The IHS/ CAO have outfitted six of the engineering field offices with televideo conferencing equipment and they are now able to attend monthly staff meetings virtually as well as meeting with each other.

During 2014-2015 I HS/CAO has seen video conferencing used for various purposes. This year we noticed that 9 Indian health clinics provided mental health services from "Native American Mental Health Services". This agency provides mental health services via video conferencing. This is an example of programs having flexibility in choosing the specialty care that best serves their patients once they have video conferencing capability in place.

#### VistA Imaging

#### History

The IHS/CAO VistA Imaging program began during FY 2010 in collaboration with five partner clinics:

- Feather River Tribal Health
- Lake County Tribal Health
- Riverside/San Bernardino County Indian Health
- Santa Ynez Tribal Health Program
- Southern Indian Health Council

Hardware was purchased, delivered, and installed; a VistA Imaging coordinator was employed; software set-up was completed; training was delivered; and, most of the five partner programs began using the software during the first half of 2010. Since that time all eligible (using RPMS EHR) California area programs have implemented VistA Imaging. This required software installation and training for each of the twenty-two clinics.

With the addition of Chapa-de Indian Health Program to the VistA Imaging program during FY 2015, there are now 22 California clinics that use Vista Imaging.

#### **Current Status**

VistA Imaging is now in use at the following twenty-two California health clinics:

- 1. American Indian Health and Services Corporation (Santa Barbara)
- 2. Anav Tribal Health\* (Fort Bidwell)
- 3. Chapa-de Indian Health Program\* (Auburn)
- 4. Consolidated Tribal Health Project, Inc. (Redwood Valley)
- 5. Feather River Tribal Health, Inc. (Oroville)
- 6. Karuk Tribal Health\* (Happy Camp)
- 7. K'ima:w Medical Center (Hoopa)
- 8. Lake County Tribal Health Consortium, Inc. (Lakeport
- 9. Lassen Indian Health Center (Susanville)
- 10. Northern Valley Indian Health, Inc. (Willows)
- 11. Pit River Health Service (Burney)\*
- 12. Riverside/San Bernardino County Indian Health (Grand Terrace)
- 13. Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc. (Covelo
- 14. Sacramento Native American Health Center
- 15. San Diego American Indian Health Center
- 16. Santa Ynez Tribal Health Program
- 17. Shingle Springs Tribal Health Program (Placerville)
- 18. Sonoma County Indian Health Project (Santa Rosa)
- 19. Southern Indian Health Council, Inc. (Alpine,)
- 20. Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc. (Bishop)
- 21. Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center
- 22. United American Indian Involvement, Inc. (Los Angeles)

#### **Meaningful Use**

VistA Imaging is integral for meeting Meaningful Use requirements including storage of Transition of Care (TOC) Documents. The addition of Imaging Viewer functionality with the 2014 Certified RPMS EHR allows providers to view scanned documents from EHR without a separate log-in to VistA Imaging.

#### **Program Support**

The IHS/CAO provides ongoing support to all VistA Imaging sites through remote and on-site meetings. The area Vista Imaging Coordinator visits sites that are actively using VistA Imaging to evaluate software use, suggest needed adjustments, and provide additional training as requested.

Additional on-going support is provided through monthly calls with Area clinic staff offering demonstration of software functionality as well as reporting of needs and successes. Software issues are addressed by the Area VistA Imaging Coordinator and through the CAO Help Desk. Additional servers were purchased and put into use during FY2015 to replace the original VistA Imaging servers. The two Plasmon Archive Appliances continue to be used.

#### **Premium Costs**

The cost for California clinics to use VistA Imaging has decreased during all but one year of operation. This is remarkable in light of unbudgeted costs during FY 2011, FY 2012, and FY 2015 as a result of unexpected hardware and maintenance costs. The initial cost of \$4,054 per medical FTE during FY 2010 has decreased dramatically to \$1,400 per medical FTE in FY 2015. This cost reduction is a result of two main factors:

- Increase in number of participating medical FTEs
- Reallocation of VI Coordinator costs as a result of additional duties

#### Summary

The CAO and its five partners demonstrated vision when beginning the California VistA Imaging program. Now that all RPMS EHR clinics are live on VistA Imaging, future steps should include beginning to move VistA Imaging servers off-site for clinics that currently host their own RPMS EHR server as well as consideration of alternative long-term storage options for all California clinics.

#### Meaningful Use

The term "Meaningful Use" (MU) is often used in reference to the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Financial Incentive programs. These programs began in 2011 following passage of the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act, which was part of ARRA (American Recovery and Reinvestment Act).

The Medicare and Medicaid programs vary slightly however each is broken into three stages. Participation requirements increase with each stage. Stage 1 requirements addressed data capture and sharing. Stage 2 requirements attempt to improve patient care through better clinical decision support, care coordination, and patient engagement. The Stage 3 MU focuses on objectives which support advanced use of EHR technology and quality improvement. Many California area clinics have eligible providers at varying stages of Meaningful Use. Differing requirements and multiple revisions for meaningful use stages combined with staff attrition and turnover serve to complicate the MU attestation process in the clinics. As a result of CMS modifications to the MU attestation requirements, our eligible providers were unable to attest to MU on the California Site Level Registry (SLR) until mid-year 2015.

Meaningful Use resources available to California Area clinics have continued to shrink with the shift to MU Stage 2 MU. The CRIHB Regional Extension Center is no longer in operation and IHS has made drastic reductions of staff on the National MU team. The IHS/CAO Meaningful Use team carries primary responsibility for supporting California clinic MU efforts.

While the MU program has provided financial resources to California clinics in the first few years of the program, it is becoming much more difficult for eligible providers to demonstrate MU as time goes on.

The RPMS PHR and DIRECT Messaging are a requirement for successful attestation to Meaningful Use during 2015. Unfortunately, a number of factors have delayed clinic onboarding. As a result, most eligible providers at California clinics will not qualify for Meaningful Use during FY 2015. We continue to hope that PHR and DIRECT Messaging will become available soon enabling eligible providers to successfully attest for meaningful use and receive reimbursement during remaining years of the Meaningful Use program.

#### Health Information Technology

IHS/CAO support staff use a multi-pronged approach to improve quality of and access to care through timely, accurate, and accessible patient health information. All California health care clinics have adopted an electronic health record (EHR). Twenty-two California clinics use the Resource and Patient Management System (RPMS) EHR and the remainder use commercial off-the-shelf software including NextGen and eClinical Works. The IHS/CAO provides technical support to all California clinics regardless of which EHR is used.

Weekly RPMS office hours have been quite successful. The meeting agenda varies from week to week and sometimes feature special presentations on topics that are of interest to clinic staff. These meetings are open to all interested individuals and include training announcements, discussions of EHR challenges and resolutions, and demonstrations of software functionality and/or workflow redesign. Site managers are also made aware of current information and changes through regular site manager's messages that are sent by email. These messages include announcements of training, new information, and best practices identified by clinic and/or Area office staff.

Clinic staff are notified of health information management (HIM) training opportunities provided nationally and/or locally through the IHS as well as those offered through other organizations. Topics have included *Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act* (HIPAA) privacy requirements and documentation improvement.

The IHS/CAO has built a multi-disciplinary EHR team that includes nursing, HIM, IT, coding, and MU expertise. This team routinely meets with California clinics. Some meetings occur remotely while others are held on-site. The team conducts a visit workflow and also interviews EHR users to identify challenges and problems with use of the EHR. Problematic process workflows are identified. The team assists clinic staff with diagramming and improving clinic workflows.

# Office of Environmental Health & Engineering

The services provided by the Office of Environmental Health & Engineering (OEH&E) are categorized into four organizational components:

- Environmental Health Services (EHS)
- Injury Prevention Program (IPP)
- Sanitation Facilities Construction (SFC)
- Health Facilities Engineering (HFE)

Traditionally, each component offers specific health services but in California, the OEH&E is structured so that each organizational component and staff work together to ensure comprehensive, high-quality service to Indian people.

#### **DIVISION of ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES**

#### Overview

The Division of Environmental Health Services (DEHS) provides assistance to 104 tribes and 48 tribal health programs throughout California, with environmental health officers located in Redding, Ukiah, Sacramento, and Escondido.

Below is an outline of the DEHS mission, services, program areas, the IHS/CAO DEHS team, and their 2015 highlights in areas of general and institutional environmental health and injury prevention.

#### Mission

To reduce environmentally related disease and injury among American Indians and Alaska Natives through preventive measures.

#### Services

Investigations
 Facility Audits/Surveys
 Technical Training
 Plan Review
 Program Development

#### **Program Areas**

Water Quality
 Air Quality
 Injury Prevention
 Infection Control

Technical Assistance Rabies Vaccination Clinics Disease Surveillance Policy Development

Waste Management Food Safety Epidemiology Vector-borne/Zoonotic Diseases

#### The California Area Team

Since this time last year, new staff have joined the DEHS team of environmental health officers. The IHS/CAO welcomes **Carolyn Garcia** to Sacramento as the new Director, Division of Environmental Health Services. **LCDR Molly Madson** transferred from Santa Fe, New Mexico to Redding to serve as the District Environmental Health Officer. **LCDR Aaron McNeil** reported from Oklahoma to serve as a Field Environmental Health Officer in Sacramento along with **LCDR Sarah Snyder**, the Sacramento District Environmental Health Officer. **LT Timothy Shelhamer** serves as the field environmental health officer in the Ukiah Field Office and **CAPT Brian Lewelling** serves as the District Environmental Health Officer for southern California in Escondido. **Ms. Kianoosh Behdinian** served as a student intern in the Sacramento District Office for 5 months.

#### **General Environmental Health**

Throughout the year, many facility assessments have been completed including plan reviews for 2 facilities, 21 pre-opening inspections, 360 routine and 1 rapid assessment, and 25 followup surveys.

#### **Food Protection Highlights**

For the first time, the DEHS program enrolled in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) "Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards" initiative and completed a selfaudit of the DEHS retail food assessment program. The Sacramento staff, with oversight from the FDA, became Certified Inspectors/Training Officers, to improve competencies and standardization in retail food auditing and reporting, based on the updated 2013 FDA Food Code. Beginning January 1, 2016, the DEHS will use the 2013 FDA Food Code as the primary reference for all tribal food related facilities.

Contributing to public health on a National Level, the DEHS aligned with the Department of Health and Human Services "Healthy People 2020" initiative, which identifies reducing transmission of Vibrio through food as one of its key objectives for food safety. Vibrio and other shellfish toxins can lead to severe illness and death. In California, from 2001 to 2013 there have been 1,420 reported cases of Vibrio, an average of approximately 110 cases per year.

DEHS staff conducted risk factor surveys at all tribal food service programs, to identify and calculate the level of risk at each facility. The survey helped determine whether a facility might sell a contaminated seafood product and what protective factors were/should be in place. Over 20 "at risk" facilities













| FACILITY ASSESSMENTS (FY2015)                            |             |
|--|-------------|
| FACILITY TYPE  | # COMPLETED |
| FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS                                      | 332         |
| COMPLEX INSTITUTIONS                                     | 46          |
| (HEALTH STATIONS, SCHOOLS, DAYCARE, SENIOR CTR, LODGING) |             |
| RECREATIONAL FACILITIES                                  | 26          |
| (SALON, POOL, SPA, RV PARK, PLAYGROUND)                  |             |
| WATER, WASTEWATER, SOLID WASTE                           | 3           |
| TOTAL  | 407         |

were identified through these surveys, with some having a risk score as high as 27 of 54 (a score of 1 being the safest).

Working with food service operators, DEHS provided training on use of the "Interstate Shellfish Shippers List" to ensure shellfish were received from an approved supplier and identified how use of "shell stock tags" reduces the incidence of Vibrio outbreaks. Due to the level of risk identified at



several facilities, this project will continue into 2016.

#### **Children's Environment Highlights**

The DEHS staff hosted 4 meetings in Sacramento with tribal, state and federal partners, related to child care. These meetings created a forum for information sharing and development of partnerships between the CA Department of Education, CA Department of Social Services, the Federal Office of Head Start, and 33 Tribal Child Care Development Fund program administrators who represent 77 tribal communities in California. The group identified barriers to funding for education centers, staff training, resources, and health/safety needs. Through this workgroup, the DEHS staff assisted in development of a model tribal health and safety ordinance for child care centers.

DEHS staff conducted plan reviews for the Pinoleville and Big Sandy childcare programs, which are planning to expand and/or renovate their facilities. Staff participated in the Redding Indian Rancheria Head Start Advisory Committee Meetings. Technical assistance was provided to multiple child care centers in areas of emergency preparedness, active shooter, and exclusion policies for children diagnosed with "Hand-foot-andmouth disease" or "Scabies".

#### Vector Control & Rabies Control

Escondido District Environmental Health Officer, Brian Lewelling and DEHS interns John Fluette and Kianoosh Behdinian, through the U.S. Army Veterinarians Program, provide rabies vaccinations to 175 animals which represented a cost savings of approximately \$3500 to the community. 60 animals were neutered/spayed which helped prevent unwanted animals, at a cost savings of approximately \$4,500.

#### **Emergency Response**

In 2015, the prolonged drought in California created additional challenges for many tribal communities. In August, wildfires burned in the Karuk and Hoopa areas and in September, impacted the Middletown Indian Rancheria area. Public health concerns arose within these communities regarding adverse health effects to tribal community members exposed to smoke and ash.

DEHS staff helped assess respiratory protection needs in the Karuk and Hoopa areas, to prevent adverse health effects associated with smoke and ash inhalation. They developed and distributed strategies to tribal health programs, to help reduce exposure to smoke and defined conditions where respiratory protection is advised or required. The Ukiah environmental health officer worked with local tribal health programs to develop and implement air quality assessment tools so that public advisories and protective measures could be implemented. DEHS staff and tribal health staff in Ukiah developed outreach material for at-risk populations and jointly monitored press releases from the region's air quality management district as the situation developed.

Additional services provided by DEHS during the wildfires in Northern California included the distribution of 1200 N95 respirators to tribal health programs and conducted food sanitation and shelter surveys of tribal facilities designated as emergency shelters. DEHS staff collaborated with state, federal, and tribal behavioral health staff to ensure support services were provided to impacted residents.

#### **Injury Prevention**

To maintain and advance partnerships, DEHS provided two injury prevention short courses for members of California's tribal communities. An "Intermediate Injury Prevention" course and a child passenger safety technician course were held in fiscal year 2015. Approximately 30 tribal injury prevention advocates attended these courses, which will help increase tribal capacity within local communities.

The Injury Prevention Program provided \$40,000 in mini-grant funding for child safety seats, smoke detectors, and bicycle helmets to 18 tribal healthcare programs. These evidencebased projects are designed to reduce the health risks associated with unintentional injuries, which are a leading cause of death in tribal communities, nationally and within the state of California.

One employee from California Rural Indian Health Board (CRIHB) and one from Tule River Tribal Health graduated from the 2015 IHS Injury Prevention Fellowship. This year-long fellowship consisted of monthly online classes, 2 weeks of inperson training, 1 week of field work, and a community-based injury prevention project. DEHS staff served as mentors for both projects, which included development of an updated "Child Passenger Safety Seat Video" and development/presentation of a tribal occupant restraint ordinance.

DEHS staff provided technical assistance and support to the injury prevention programs funded by the IHS Tribal Injury Prevention Cooperative Agreement. Fiscal year 2015 represented the last year of funding for three injury prevention community demonstration projects in California, all of which were successful. These community demonstration projects were established to hire an injury prevention coordinator to conduct "best practices" that address unintentional motor vehicle injuries and elder falls. Two of the programs, Indian Health Council and CRIHB, submitted successful "Part II" grant applications and will receive \$300,000 over 5 years, through 2020.

#### HEALTH FACILITIES ENGINEERING (HFE)

The Health Facilities Engineering (HFE) Department consists of four permanent professional positions with engineering and architectural expertise. HFE services include planning and engineering for site selection, design, plan review, and construction inspection for maintenance and improvement (M&I) projects of existing facilities. HFE services also include planning, engineering and construction management of newly constructed tribal healthcare facilities. HFE manages contracted services such as engineering for site selection, design, plan review and construction for new construction of tribal healthcare facilities in California.

#### **Highlighted HFE Projects**

Four HFE projects, which represent only a small portion of the total workload performed by the HFE program, were selected to illustrate typical cooperative efforts undertaken by IHS, the tribes, and tribal healthcare programs, to ensure a safe and pleasant environment for California Indian individuals and communities. Following are three representative projects in which the HFE staff has been engaged.

#### Lake County Tribal Health Consortium

The Lake County Tribal Health Consortium completed the renovation of a 4,600 square foot facility in Lakeport, CA. The new Lakeport Clinic is an extension of tribal health services currently offered within the City of Lakeport, providing pediatric and obstetric services to local tribal communities.



Lake County Tribal Health Consortium Lakeport OB & Peds Clinic remodel

#### Northern Valley Tribal Health

The Northern Valley Indian Health, Inc. completed planning and design of a new 44,000 square foot facility in Chico, CA. The new South Chico Primary Clinic will be an extension of tribal health services currently offered within the City of Chico, providing dental, behavioral health, and pediatric care services for tribal affiliated patients. NVIH has also completed planning and design and in phase three constructions on a six-phase major remodel of their health clinic in Willows, CA.

#### Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health, Inc.

The Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health completed remodeling of a newly purchased 33,000 square foot facility located in Grand Terrance, CA. The new property replaced the existing San Manuel Indian Health Clinic and is the new administrative home for the program.



Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health San Manual Indian Health Clinic remodeling work in Dental Area

#### **Quartz Valley Indian Reservation**

The Quartz Valley Indian Reservation started construction of a 3,000 square foot addition to the existing Anav Tribal Health Clinic. The expanded space is scheduled for completion in the spring 2016 and will include dental services.



Quartz Valley Indian Reservation Anav Tribal Health Clinic Expansion

#### Youth Regional Treatment Centers

The IHS/California Area Office (IHS/CAO) continues to make significant progress toward opening two IHS-operated Youth Regional Treatment Centers (YRTCs) in California. The Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center is located the southern California near the community of Hemet. The Sacred Oaks Healing Center will be located in northern California near the community of Davis.

#### **Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center**

Construction started in the fall of 2014 and scheduled for completion in early 2016. Previously referred to as the Southern YRTC, the name change to the Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center was officially made in March of 2015 in consultation with the CA Area Tribal Advisory Committee. The 35,000 square foot facility will treat youth between the ages of 12 to 17 years of age and will contain 32 beds, an indoor gymnasium, education space, computer laboratory, art room, cafeteria, fitness facilities and cultural rooms.

#### Sacred Oaks Healing Center

Funding in the FY 2015 President's Budget approved for both design and construction of Sacred Oaks Healing Center in the amount of \$17.161M. Current activities include completing an Environmental Assessment (EA) to support finalizing the required Site Selection and Evaluation Report Phase II (SSER PH II) and Program of Requirements (POR) and prior to solicitation for design and construction. The EA is estimated for completion in the fall of 2015 to be shortly followed by completed SSER PHII and POR.

#### **Drought Support Activities**

Water well base line assessments were completed and ongoing monitoring continues for three tribal health facilities whose sole source of potable water are individual water wells. These water well assessments are used to monitoring the impact of the California drought conditions as well as assisting in the development of contingency plans in the event of diminished or depleted potable water supplies. To support water conservation measures in severe statewide drought conditions, the Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health program started construction of two separate xeriscaping projects at the San Manuel Indian Health Clinic and Soboba Health Clinic. These two projects are estimated to save an estimated 276,000 gallons of water and \$12,000 per month.



Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center Structural steel construction

Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center - Courtyard view east of Cultural Rotunda - Admin





Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center Courtyard view west of Dining - Education

Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center Entry viewed from southeast



Desert Sage Youth Wellness Center Construction

#### **DIVISION OF SANITATION FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION**

The Sanitation Facilities Construction (SFC) Program continues to provide assistance to California Indian people in eliminating sanitation facilities deficiencies in Indian homes and communities. The SFC Program supports the IHS's mission by providing engineering, technical and financial assistance to Indian tribes for cooperative development and continued operation of safe water and wastewater disposal systems.

The SFC Program employs a cooperative approach for providing sanitation facilities to Indian communities. During FY 2015, the SFC Program administered \$13,292,360 in construction funds. Many tribes participated by contributing labor, materials and administrative support to the construction projects.

In FY 2015, the SFC Program provided sanitation facilities to a total of 2,814 homes. These statistics are summarized in Table 1 below.

In 2015, California entered the fourth year of a severe drought and the past four years have been the driest since record keeping began in the late 1800s. California was under a drought emergency declaration and 9 tribes declared a drought emergency in 2015. In response to the drought emergency declaration, the California Area Office (CAO) is monitoring 148 tribal water systems and has assisted 22 tribal water systems with a drought emergency project and assisted 165 scattered homes without water due to the drought. Currently 12 tribal water systems are identified at high risk level of being out of water if the drought continues into 2016 and 16 tribal water systems are at moderate risk level. The following activities were conducted in FY 2015:

Developing a drought summary map and listing used by multiple federal/state agencies:

 CAO generates, updates and distributes an "at risk drought map" of tribal water system based on drought conditions and vulnerability assessments. The "at risk drought map" identifies the drought response stage level and the outlook of adequate water being provided for health and safety needs.

Setting priorities and allocation of resources by the CAO:

- In 2015, CAO has fund eight drought projects for \$3,048,905 based on tribal water assessments and monitoring tribal water systems.
- As of January 2015, IHS has disbursed \$485,650 for emergency drinking water projects.

Communicating needs and priorities to other primary stakeholders such as the tribes, Governor's Office of Tribal Affairs, State Office of Emergency Services, and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:

- CAO participates in monthly drought tasks force meetings with the Governor's Office.
- CAO participates in bi-weekly drought meetings with Governor's Office of Emergency Services.
- CAO participates in bi-monthly federal drought calls.
- CAO attends Regional Tribal Drought Task meetings.

Identifying tribes needing a drought contingency plan; and

- 70% of tribal water systems have drought contingency plans.
- CAO developed a "Drought Contingency Plan" template for tribal use and a website to disseminate drought information to the tribes.

Providing supporting information for funding to address the gaps:

- USDA has funded 6 emergency drinking water projects in September 2015 for \$1.4 million based on Engineering Reports prepared by CAO.
- IHS has also identified 62 drought-related projects with a total cost need of \$34 million if extreme drought conditions continue in 2016.

Created and published a Drought Emergency Planning Handbook for California Indian Tribes:

- The intent of the Handbook was to create a framework for coordination and response assistance among state and federal agency stakeholders involved in providing resources for emergency drinking water supply to Tribes.
- The scope of this Handbook is for emergency drinking water supply, and primarily applies to public water systems; however, it may also be applicable to small and individual water systems depending on the mandate of the specific agency and its program.
- This Handbook identifies state and federal agency programs and resources available to assist with providing emergency drinking water supply to Tribes.

| TABLE 1           Sanitation Facilities Construction Program Statistics for FY 2015 |                       |   |               |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------------|--|--|
| SFC Program Budget:   |                       | Homes Provided Sanitation Facilities since 1963:  |               |  |  |
| IHS/CAO SFC Appropriation   | \$4,849,000           | Number of New and Like-New Homes  |               |  |  |
| EPA Contribution  | \$5,330,840           | BIA-sponsored homes   | 765           |  |  |
| USDA AND HUD Drought Contribution   | \$2,458,420           | CDBG-sponsored homes  | 942           |  |  |
| IHS and CA State Drought Emergency Contribution                                     | n \$654,100           | Tribal and other homes  | 2,920         |  |  |
| Total Funding in FY 2015  | \$13,292,360          | Subtotal  | 4,627         |  |  |
| Total IHS/CAO SFC Appropriation since 1963  | \$234,778,859         |   |               |  |  |
|   |                       | Number of First Service Existing Homes  | 13,569        |  |  |
| SFC Projects:   |                       | Total Number of Homes Served  | 56,030        |  |  |
| Number of Projects Undertaken in 2015   | 43                    |   |               |  |  |
| Total Number of Projects Undertaken since 1963                                      | 1,206                 | Sanitation Deficiency System (SDS) Infor  | mation:       |  |  |
| Homes Provided Sanitation Facilities in FY 20                                       | 15:                   | Total number cost of sanitation deficiencies  | \$195,951,456 |  |  |
| Number of New and Like-New Homes Served   |                       | Total estimated cost of feasible projects   | \$129,038,534 |  |  |
| BIA sponsored homes   | 26                    | Total number of projects/phases identified  | 361           |  |  |
| Tribal and other homes  | 72                    | Number of feasible projects identified  | 263           |  |  |
| Subtotal  | 98                    | Estimated total number of existing homes without potable water  | 517           |  |  |
| Number of Existing Homes Served Total Number of homes served in 2015                | 2,716<br><b>2,814</b> | Estimated total number of homes that lack<br>either a safe supply or sewage disposal<br>system or both (Deficiency Level 4 and 5) | 743           |  |  |

### -----

# Office of Management Support (OMS)

The California Area OMS provides advice to the Area Director and functional area managers on administrative and management policy and procedures requirements. A key area of work is setting up administrative systems to support the future Youth Regional Treatment Centers in California. This office provides support in the areas of:

- · Acquisition Management
- · Financial Management
- · General Administrative Services

#### **Acquisition Management**

The Contracting Office is responsible for award and administration of all contracts issued by the IHS/CAO. This includes P.L. 93-638 contracts and Title V urban contracts, commercial contracts, and construction contracts in support of the Sanitation Facilities Construction program. This office issues purchase orders and delivery orders using simplified and formal acquisition procedures to support IHS/CAO operations as well as support the tribal and urban Indian healthcare programs. These include services such as diabetes

review, alcohol counselor certification and activities in support of the information technology function. The Chief Contracting Officer (CCO) serves as technical acquisitions advisor to the Area Director and Executive Staff. The CCO maintains active liaison with Area Management, HIS Headquarters Acquisition staff, other government agencies, vendors, and others with whom the Area has a contractual relationship.



(L to R): Contracting -Rick Verdenburg, Marilyn Duran, Cordell Bailey, Not Pictured: Travis Coleman, Rachel Rosas, Ronda English

#### **Financial Management**

The Finance Office is responsible for administering and directing the California Area IHS Financial Management Program including the coordination of budgeting, accounting, and financial management and program development, budget control and management-financial reporting, property management, and for developing, coordinating, advising on, and executing Area associated policies, procedures, and plans.

The Financial Management Officer (FMO) serves as technical financial advisor to the Area Director and Executive Staff. The FMO maintains active liaison with Area Management, IHS Headquarters Administrative and Financial Management staff, other government agencies, private companies, vendors, and others with whom the Area has a financial relationship.



Above (L to R): Finance - Jeffrey Turner, Natalya Blatova, Marie Lowden, Kurt Nelson, Dan Redeagle, Caroline Martinez, Julie Morrow, Not Pictured: Angie Singh, Ana Alvarez-Chavez

#### **General Administrative Services**

The General Administrative services group is responsible for key functions in the California Area such as executive administration, records management and, correspondence control, reception, mail and files, and administrative support.

#### Western Region Human Resources Office (WRHRO)

The WRHRO is a part of the IHS Office of Human Resources with staff duty located in Alaska, California and Oregon. In California, the Human Resources (HR) office is responsible for all HR disciplines such as recruitment, employee relations, pay setting, position management, personnel security/suitability, performance management, scholarship program, and ethics. The Senior HR Specialist serves on the Executive Team and has been acting Human Resources Division Director since April 2014 and is a technical advisor to the Area Director on all

HR matters. The WRHRO is working intensely on designing and executing the staffing plan of the future Youth Regional Treatment Centers. The HR office continues to send direct care job seekers to the Tribal Health programs for possible employment. Many of these job seekers secure a Tribal position or provide services as a Commissioned Corps Officer under a memorandum of agreement.



**(L to R): HR/Admin -**Jeanne Smith, Angela Peshlakai, Trisha Sutherland

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# Indian Health Service/California Area Office Final Financial Report—Summary

\$ dollars, unless otherwise stated

|  | ALLOWANCE    | OBLIGATION   | BALANCE |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------|
| Clinical Services                                  |              |              |         |
| Hospital & Clinics                                 | \$73,090,665 | \$73,090,665 | \$0     |
| Dental   | 2,062,599    | 2,062,599    | 0       |
| Mental Health                                      | 2,218,468    | 2,218,468    | 0       |
| Alcohol  | 11,949,968   | 11,949,968   | 0       |
| Total Clinical Services:                           | 89,321,700   | 89,321,700   | 0       |
| Preventive Health                                  |              |              |         |
| Public Health Nursing                              | 1,044,623    | 1,044,623    | 0       |
| Health Education                                   | 381,327      | 381,327      | 0       |
| Community Health Representative                    | 2,005,937    | 2,005,937    | 0       |
| Total Preventive Health:                           | 3,431,887    | 3,431,887    | 0       |
| Urban Health Projects                              | 7,299,753    | 7,299,753    | 0       |
| Direct Operations                                  | 2,195,926    | 2,195,926    | 0       |
| Contract Support Costs                             | 58,908,280   | 58,908,280   | 0       |
| Purchased/Referred Care (PRC)                      | 49,978,380   | 49,978,380   | 0       |
| Catastrophic Fund                                  | 32,004       | 32,004       | 0       |
| Self-Governance                                    | 8,164        | 8,164        | 0       |
| Section 105 Extern Program                         | 84,500       | 46,013       | 38,487  |
| Special Diabetes Program for Indians—Direct        | 310,000      | 0            | 310,000 |
| Special Diabetes Program for Indians—Reimbursement | 0            | 0            | 0       |
| Facilities & Environmental Health Support          |              |              |         |
| Environmental Health Support                       | 3,870,350    | 3,468,951    | 401,399 |
| Facilities Health Support                          | 1,726,813    | 1,387,266    | 339,547 |
| OEHE Support                                       | 20,750       | 16,914       | 3,836   |
| Total Facilities & Environmental Health Support:   | 5,617,913    | 4,873,132    | 744,781 |

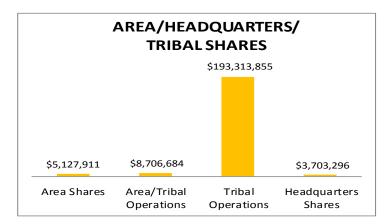
# Indian Health Service/California Area Office Final Financial Report—Summary

Page 2

\$ millions, unless otherwise stated

|                                 | ALLOWANCE     | OBLIGATION    | BALANCE     |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Indian Health Facilities        |               |               |             |
| Equipment                       | 859,840       | 856,930       | 2,910       |
| Maintenance and Improvement     | 3,022,878     | 2,116,421     | 906,457     |
| Total Indian Health Facilities: | 3,882,718     | 2,973,351     | 909,367     |
| Sanitation Facilities           |               |               |             |
| Housing                         | 1,740,000     | 1,740,000     | 0           |
| Regular                         | 3,626,000     | 3,626,000     | 0           |
| Total Sanitation Facilities     | 5,366,000     | 5,366,000     | 0           |
| Inter-Agency Funds              |               |               |             |
| Contributions                   | 5,178,140     | 5,178,140     | 0           |
| Total Contributions Facilities  | 5,178,140     | 5,178,140     | 0           |
| Area Grand Total                | \$231,615,365 | \$229,612,727 | \$2,002,638 |

#### Area/Headquarters/Tribal Shares \$ Dollars



The graph above represents total Tribal, Area and Headquarter Shares

### **Clinical Services**

Hospital & Clinics

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR                  | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians            | \$65,787         | Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc.            | \$1,578,075      |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | 7,932,248        | Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc.       | 395,540          |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 4,372,553        | Wilton Rancheria                                 | 601,500          |
| Cold Springs Tribal Council                | 164,220          | American Indian Health & Services Corporation    | 7,550            |
| Colusa Indian Health Community Council     | 205,213          | Bakersfield American Indian Health Project       | 1,000            |
| Coyote Valley Tribal Council               | 193,940          | Fresno American Indian Health Project            | 1,000            |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 1,091,715        | Indian Health Center of Santa Clara Valley, Inc. | 4,932            |
| Guidiville Indian Rancheria                | 125,717          | Native American Health Center, Inc.              | 7,251            |
| Hopland Band of Pomo Indians               | 153,416          | Native Directions, Inc.                          | 2,431            |
| Koi Nation                                 | 64,600           | Sacramento Native American Health Center, Inc.   | 5,281            |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 3,881,321        | San Diego American Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 16,348           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, Inc.                | 1,132,418        | United American Indian Involvement, Inc.         | 71,000           |
| Pinoleville Pomo Nation                    | 40,455           | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.             | 3,282,116        |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.            | 253,108          | Consolidated Tribal Health Project               | 1,644,969        |
| Quartz Valley Indian Reservation           | 168,364          | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                | 2,315,809        |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 23,223           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                               | 2,082,840        |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 838,259          | Indian Health Council                            | 3,912,281        |
| Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians         | 176,181          | Karuk Tribe of California                        | 1,140,601        |
| Sherwood Valley Band of Pomo Indians       | 152,872          | Northern Valley Indian Health                    | 1,952,292        |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 878,093          | Redding Rancheria                                | 3,170,330        |
| Strong Family Health Center                | 259,896          | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health           | 9,743,125        |
| Sycuan Band of Mission Indians             | 186,142          | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians               | 779,815          |
| Table Mountain Rancheria                   | 93,029           | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.             | 2,829,053        |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                         | 337,300          | Susanville Indian Rancheria                      | 782,725          |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | 2,186,102        | Total Tribal Operations                          | \$61,304,036     |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians             | \$973            | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.        | \$150,000        |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.  | 808,600          | Consolidated Tribal Health Project          | 124,700          |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.          | 285,600          | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.           | 145,400          |
| Greenville Rancheria                        | 21,000           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                          | 173,800          |
| Koi Nation                                  | 6,000            | Indian Health Council                       | 252,600          |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, Inc.                 | 74,700           | Karuk Tribe of California                   | 97,700           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                        | 624              | Northern Valley Indian Health               | 79,000           |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                   | 38,300           | Redding Rancheria                           | 248,200          |
| Strong Family Health Center                 | 12,800           | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health      | 542,100          |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                          | 29,100           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians          | 36,078           |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.         | 155,000          | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 174,100          |
| Wilton Rancheria                            | 51,300           | Susanville Indian Rancheria                 | 44,500           |
| Witten Kanchena                             | 51,500           | Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares        | \$3,552,175      |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$1,357          | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | \$36,182         |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 697,156          | Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | 32,290           |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 107,769          | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 70,881           |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 42,825           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 37,993           |
| Koi Nation  | 3,000            | Indian Health Council                               | 214,982          |
| M.A.C.T Health Board, Inc.                          | 40,761           | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 25,121           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 415              | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 21,853           |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 8,062            | Redding Rancheria                                   | 139,616          |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 8,829            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 359,946          |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 17,000           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 13,660           |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 43,498           | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 72,763           |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 30,000           | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 14,324           |
|   |                  | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$2,040,283      |

| MOA OPERATION EXPENDITURES       | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Personnel Services               | \$685,947        |
| Contractual Services             | 125              |
| Total MOA Operation Expenditures | \$686,072        |

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED      |
|---|-------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$2,468,311 |
| Travel  | 113,786     |
| Transportation  | 5,168       |
| Rent, Comm., Util.  | 1,361,244   |
| Printing  | 6,032       |
| Contractual Services  | 771,075     |
| Training  | 126,898     |
| Equipment   | 285,224     |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$5,137,737 |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—HOSPITAL & CLINICS | \$72,720,303 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
|                                      |              |

## **Clinical Services** Dental Services

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR                | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | \$39,750         | Indian Health Center of Santa Clara Valley     | \$1,000          |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 4,000            | Native American Health Center, Inc.            | 8,620            |
| Colusa Indian Health Community Council     | 1,000            | Sacramento Native American Health Center, Inc. | 1,000            |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 30,193           | San Diego American Indian Health Center, Inc.  | 15,168           |
| Koi Nation                                 | 5,000            | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.           | 58,937           |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 250,749          | Consolidated Tribal Health Project             | 1,000            |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                 | 1,000            | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.              | 122,287          |
| Quartz Valley Indian Reservation           | 6,000            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                             | 8,000            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 3,595            | Indian Health Council                          | 1,000            |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 1,000            | Karuk Tribe of California                      | 1,000            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 1,000            | Northern Valley Indian Health                  | 65,205           |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                         | 29,000           | Redding Rancheria                              | 1,000            |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | 1,000            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health         | 763,354          |
| Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc.      | 11,000           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians             | 1,000            |
| Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. | 1,000            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.           | 125,322          |
| Wilton Rancheria                           | 52,000           | Susanville Indian Rancheria                    | 1,000            |
| American Indian Health Center, Inc.        | 19,000           | Total Tribal Operations                        | \$1,631,180      |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians             | \$32             | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.        | \$6,000          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.  | 31,700           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project          | 5,300            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.          | 10,400           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.           | 5,900            |
| Greenville Rancheria                        | 300              | Hoopa Valley Tribe                          | 7,100            |
| Koi Nation                                  | 1,000            | Indian Health Council                       | 9,300            |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                  | 2,900            | Karuk Tribe of California                   | 4,000            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                        | 23               | Northern Valley Indian Health               | 3,400            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                   | 1,600            | Redding Rancheria                           | 9,100            |
| Strong Family Health Center                 | 600              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health      | 21,500           |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                          | 3,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians          | 1,072            |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.         | 6,600            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 7,200            |
| Wilton Rancheria                            | 5,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                 | 1,900            |

Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$33             | Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | \$1,793          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 10,939           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 4,209            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 2,140            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 2,897            |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 968              | Indian Health Council                               | 6,397            |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                          | 517              | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 1,767            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 15               | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 742              |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 245              | Redding Rancheria                                   | 3,560            |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 268              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 4,420            |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 1,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 900              |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 1,516            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 4,341            |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 3,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 854              |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | 1,261            | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$53,782         |

\$144,927

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$177,138        |
| Travel  | 4,679            |
| Contractual Services  | 19,500           |
| Supplies  | 275              |
| Equipment   | 31,118           |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures:                   | \$232,710        |

|  | TOTAL | OBLIGA | TIONS- | DENTAL |
|--|-------|--------|--------|--------|
|--|-------|--------|--------|--------|

#### **Clinical Services**

Mental Health

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | \$179,982        | Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. | \$13,570         |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 81,893           | Wilton Rancheria                           | 93,000           |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 10,131           | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.       | 50,185           |
| Koi Nation                                 | 10,000           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project         | 60,484           |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 504,639          | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.          | 40,441           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                 | 39,372           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                         | 56,086           |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.            | 12,191           | Indian Health Council                      | 85,293           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 208              | Karuk Tribe of California                  | 55,193           |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 50,147           | Northern Valley Indian Health              | 27,603           |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 19,481           | Redding Rancheria                          | 71,935           |
| Strong Family Health Center                | 7,573            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health     | 184,254          |
| Table Mountain Rancheria                   | 1,465            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians         | 11,382           |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                         | 52,000           | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.       | 68,021           |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | 59,073           | Susanville Indian Rancheria                | 49,453           |
| Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc.      | 53,786           | Total Tribal Operations:                   | \$1,948,841      |

\$2,062,599

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians             | \$2              | Consolidated Tribal Health Project          | \$600            |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.  | 4,000            | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.           | 800              |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.          | 1,300            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                          | 900              |
| Greenville Rancheria                        | 100              | Indian Health Council                       | 1,200            |
| Koi Nation                                  | 1,000            | Karuk Tribe of California                   | 500              |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                  | 400              | Northern Valley Indian Health               | 400              |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                        | 2                | Redding Rancheria                           | 1,100            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                   | 200              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health      | 2,700            |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                          | 5,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians          | 264              |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.         | 800              | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 900              |
| Wilton Rancheria                            | 9,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                 | 200              |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.        | 800              | Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares        | \$32,168         |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$58             | Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | \$3,998          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 40,563           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 7,317            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 7,937            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 5,038            |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 2,159            | Indian Health Council                               | 11,121           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, Inc.                         | 1,917            | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 3,074            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 54               | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 2,749            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 908              | Redding Rancheria                                   | 6,189            |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 995              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 17,657           |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 3,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 1,565            |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 5,624            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 7,546            |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 5,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 1,485            |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | 4,678            | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$140,632        |

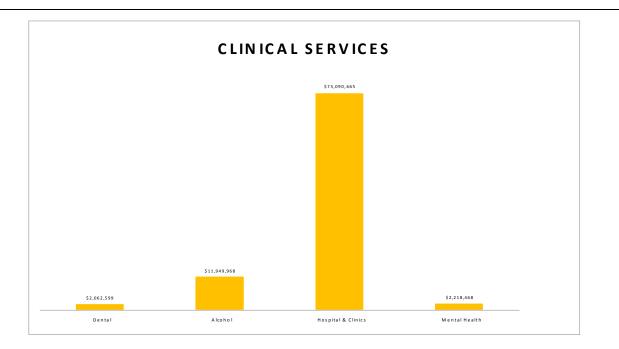
| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$91,170         |
| Travel  | 5,657            |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$96,827         |

TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-MENTAL HEALTH

\$2,218,468

### **Clinical Services**

\$ Dollars



The graph above represents total Tribal, Area and Headquarter Shares

#### Clinical Services Alcohol

TRIBAL OPERATIONS FUNDED **TRIBAL OPERATIONS** FUNDED CONTRACTOR AMOUNT CONTRACTOR AMOUNT California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. \$852,032 Bakersfield American Indian Health Project \$3,500 Central Valley Indian Health, Inc. 356,374 Friendship House Association 797,400 Greenville Rancheria 35,273 Indian Health Center of Santa Clara Valley, Inc. 6,000 Guidiville Indian Rancheria 41,318 Ke Ola Mao 187,668 Koi Nation 6,000 Native American Health Center, Inc. 6,000 Lake County Tribal Health Consortium 151,491 413,243 Native Directions, Inc. M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC 106,556 47,558 Sacramento Native American Health Center, Inc. Pit River Health Services, Inc. 18,666 6,000 San Diego American Indian Health Center, Inc. Rolling Hills Clinic 508 Sierra Tribal Consortium 708,110 Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc. 397,475 United American Indian Involvement, Inc. 799,055 Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians 41,665 Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc. 175,905 62,869 Shingle Springs Rancheria Consolidated Tribal Health Project 180,928 183,560 Strong Family Health Center 58,354 Feather River Tribal Health, Inc. Sycuan Band of Mission Indians 880 407,753 Hoopa Valley Tribe Table Mountain Rancheria 6,723 492,434 Indian Health Council Tejon Indian Tribe 34,000 Karuk Tribe of California 163,814 Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc. 384,342 Northern Valley Indian Health 136,435 92,478 150,953 Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc. **Redding Rancheria** Tule River Tribal Council 537,157 Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health 874,367 Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. 192,899 Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians 86,852 Wilton Rancheria 62,000 Southern Indian Health Council, Inc. 172,433 American Indian Health & Services Corporation 6,000 Susanville Indian Rancheria 91,112 **Total Tribal Operations** \$9,536,140

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians             | \$187            | Consolidated Tribal Health Project          | \$27,600         |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.  | 165,400          | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.           | 31,300           |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.          | 54,300           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                          | 36,700           |
| Greenville Rancheria                        | 4,300            | Indian Health Council                       | 48,700           |
| Koi Nation                                  | 1,000            | Karuk Tribe of California                   | 21,500           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, Inc.                 | 15,500           | Northern Valley Indian Health               | 17,600           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                        | 133              | Redding Rancheria                           | 47,000           |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                   | 8,500            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health      | 112,800          |
| Strong Family Health Center                 | 2,800            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians          | 8,282            |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                          | 3,000            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 37,300           |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.         | 34,400           | ·   | · · ·            |
| Wilton Rancheria                            | 6,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                 | 9,800            |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.        | 31,600           | Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares        | \$725,702        |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$123            | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | \$4,878          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 42,309           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project, Inc.            | 6,734            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 8,277            | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 15,508           |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 3,663            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 10,212           |
| M.A.C.T Health Board, Inc.                          | 1,999            | Indian Health Council                               | 23,564           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 57               | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 6,512            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 947              | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 2,868            |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 1,036            | Redding Rancheria                                   | 13,115           |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 2,000            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 37,417           |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 5,864            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 3,317            |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 3,000            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 15,994           |
|   |                  | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 3,146            |
|   |                  | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$212,540        |

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$344,560        |
| Travel  | 17,789           |
| Transportation  | 17               |
| Rent, Comm., Util.  | 500              |
| Contractual Services  | 719,748          |
| Supplies  | 2,441            |
| Equipment   | 390,531          |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$1,475,586      |

TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-ALCOHOL

\$11,949,968

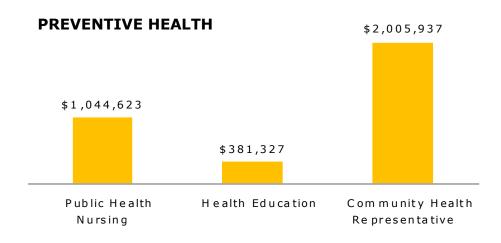
#### **Preventive Health** Public Health Nursing

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Koi Nation                                  | \$1,000          |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                          | 3,000            |
| Wilton Rancheria                            | 6,000            |
| Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares        | \$10,000         |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING \$ 1,044,623 | RSING \$ 1,044,623 |
|--|--------------------|
|--|--------------------|

### **Preventive Health**

\$ Dollars



The graph above represents total Tribal, Area and Headquarter Shares

#### **Preventive Health**

Public Health Nursing

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR        | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | \$96,309         | Wilton Rancheria                       | \$62,000         |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 45,701           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project     | 58,706           |
| Koi Nation                                 | 6,000            | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.      | 678              |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 355,811          | Hoopa Valley Tribe                     | 24,205           |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.            | 11,913           | Indian Health Council                  | 85,138           |
| Table Mountain Rancheria                   | 576              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health | 149,397          |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                         | 34,000           | Susanville Indian Rancheria            | 12,607           |
| Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc.      | 36,332           | Total Tribal Operations                | \$979,373        |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$22             | Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | \$1,640          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 17,177           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 2,935            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 3,362            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 2,020            |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 886              | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 1,233            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 23               | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 1,968            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 385              | Redding Rancheria                                   | 2,482            |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 421              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 7,082            |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 2,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 628              |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 2,382            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 3,027            |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 3,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 596              |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | 1,981            | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$55,250         |

#### **Preventive Health**

Health Education

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Koi Nation                      | \$4,000          | Wilton Rancheria                | \$41,000         |
| Tejon Indian Tribe              | 24,000           | Total Tribal Operations         | \$69,000         |

### **Preventive Health**

Health Education

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR         | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR         | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$53             | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | \$9,000          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 47,000           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | 7,900            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc                   | 15,500           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 8,579            |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 1,200            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 10,400           |
| Koi Nation  | 1,000            | Indian Health Council                               | 13,800           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                          | 4,400            | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 6,200            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 39               | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 4,900            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 2,400            | Redding Rancheria                                   | 13,400           |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 800              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 32,100           |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 2,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 2,379            |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 9,800            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 10,700           |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 4,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 2,900            |
|   |                  | Total Tribal Operations – Area Shares               | \$210,450        |
| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$28             | Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | \$2,039          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 21,028           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 3,692            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 4,113            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 2,541            |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 1,102            | Indian Health Council                               | 5,609            |
| M.A.C.T Health Board, Inc.                          | 995              | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 1,551            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 28               | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 622              |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 470              | Redding Rancheria                                   | 3,123            |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 515              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 8,906            |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 1,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 789              |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 2,914            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 3,808            |
|   |                  |   |                  |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 2,000            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 750              |

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Contractual Services  | 31,830           |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$31,830         |

#### TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-HEALTH EDUCATION

**Preventive Health** 

Community Health Representative

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | \$270,061        | Table Mountain Rancheria                   | \$1,880          |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 97,301           | Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | 159,595          |
| Cold Springs Tribal Council                | 33,529           | Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc.      | 37,444           |
| Coyote Valley Tribal Council               | 29,057           | Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. | 10,350           |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 8,000            | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.       | 38,631           |
| Hopland Band of Pomo Indians               | 29,028           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project         | 38,647           |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 37,264           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.          | 24,974           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, Inc.                | 31,655           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                         | 87,768           |
| Pinoleville Pomo Nation                    | 28,418           | Indian Health Council                      | 112,877          |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.            | 7,723            | Karuk Tribe of California                  | 87,733           |
| Quartz Valley Indian Reservation           | 9,251            | Northern Valley Indian Health              | 21,326           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 161              | Redding Rancheria                          | 55,684           |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 42,362           | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health     | 294,876          |
| Sherwood Valley Band of Pomo Indians       | 29,754           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians         | 25,691           |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 15,212           | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.       | 68,204           |
| Strong Family Health Center                | 54,607           | Susanville Indian Rancheria                | 33,795           |
|  |                  | Total Tribal Operations                    | \$1,822,858      |

\$381,327

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians             | \$20             | Consolidated Tribal Health Project          | \$2,400          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.  | 14,600           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.           | 2,800            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.          | 4,800            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                          | 3,300            |
| Greenville Rancheria                        | 400              | Indian Health Council                       | 4,300            |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                  | 1,400            | Karuk Tribe of California                   | 1,900            |
| Pinoleville Pomo Nation                     | 100              | Northern Valley Indian Health               | 1,500            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                        | 10               | Redding Rancheria                           | 4,200            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                   | 800              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health      | 9,900            |
| Strong Family Health Center                 | 300              | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians          | 768              |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.         | 3,000            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 3,300            |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.        | 2,800            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                 | 900              |
|   |                  | Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares        | \$63,498         |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$58             | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | \$5,075          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 44,018           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 7,626            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 7,951            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 2,724            |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, Inc.                         | 2,082            | Indian Health Council                               | 11,588           |
| Pinoleville Pomo Nation                             | 421              | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 3,203            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 59               | Redding Rancheria                                   | 6,450            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 985              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 18,400           |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 1,078            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 7,863            |
|   |                  | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$119,581        |

\$2,005,937

#### **Urban Health Projects**

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR                  | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR                | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| American Indian Health & Services Corporation    | \$562,705        | Native American Health Center, Inc.            | \$1,080,445      |
| Bakersfield American Indian Health Project       | 490,125          | Sacramento Native American Health Center, Inc. | 935,729          |
| Fresno American Indian Health Project            | 537,314          | San Diego American Indian Health Center, Inc.  | 719,276          |
| Friendship House Association                     | 614,705          | United American Indian Involvement, Inc.       | 1,417,670        |
| Indian Health Center of Santa Clara Valley, Inc. | 646,376          | Total Tribal Operations                        | \$7,004,345      |

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$277,447        |
| Travel  | 12,955           |
| Rent, Comm., Util.  | 5,006            |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$295,408        |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—URBAN HEALTH PROJECTS\$7,299,753 |
|--|
|--|

#### **Direct Operations**

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$419            | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | \$44,924         |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 255,836          | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 30,924           |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 13,508           | Indian Health Council                               | 77,436           |
| M.A.C.T Health Board, Inc.                          | 13,894           | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 18,864           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 340              | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 17,354           |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 5,724            | Redding Rancheria                                   | 43,632           |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 6,268            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 121,391          |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 35,465           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 9,609            |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | 29,499           | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 46,332           |
| Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | 24,816           | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 9,119            |
|   |                  | Total Tribal Operations Headquarters Shares         | \$805,354        |

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$1,372,972      |
| Transportation  | 13,125           |
| Contractual Services  | 4,475            |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$1,390,572      |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-DIRECT OPERAT | IONS | \$2,195,926 |
|---------------------------------|------|-------------|
|                                 |      |             |

#### **Contract Support Cost**

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians            | \$43,241         | Strong Family Health Center                | 514,393          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | 10,951,120       | Sycuan Band of Mission Indians             | 69,303           |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 3,767,687        | Table Mountain Rancheria                   | 29,763           |
| Cold Springs Rancheria                     | 45,498           | Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | 1,132,686        |
| Colusa Indian Health Community Council     | 23,499           | Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc.      | 939,536          |
| Coyote Valley Tribal Council               | 65,195           | Tule River Tribal Council                  | 132,355          |
| Elem Indian Colony                         | 58,884           | Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. | 238,651          |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 250,843          | Wilton Rancheria                           | 135,005          |
| Guidiville Indian Rancheria                | 210,948          | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.       | 3,764,387        |
| Hopland Band of Pomo Indians               | 58,629           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project         | 1,580,334        |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 3,416,736        | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.          | 1,875,357        |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                 | 1,270,131        | Hoopa Valley Tribe                         | 2,537,993        |
| Pinoleville Pomo Nation                    | 17,336           | Indian Health Council                      | 3,481,335        |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.            | 183,046          | Karuk Tribe of California                  | 1,363,551        |
| Quartz Valley Indian Reservation           | 80,261           | Northern Valley Indian Health              | 1,287,525        |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 673              | Redding Rancheria                          | 3,844,162        |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 743,577          | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health     | 9,419,897        |
| Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians         | 68,145           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians         | 445,240          |
| Sherwood Valley Band of Pomo Indians       | 73,588           | Sothern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 2,918,318        |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 473,122          | Susanville Indian Rancheria                | 948,956          |
| Sierra Tribal Consortium                   | 447,374          | Total Tribal Operations                    | \$58,908,280     |

TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-CONTRACT SUPPORT COST

\$58,908,280

#### Purchased/Referred Care (PRC)

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians            | \$9,066          | Sycuan Band of Mission Indians             | \$89,671         |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | 8,215,562        | Table Mountain Rancheria                   | 27,679           |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 3,744,183        | Tejon Indian Tribe                         | 86,000           |
| Colusa Indian Health Community Council     | 75,856           | Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | 1,795,751        |
| Coyote Valley Tribal Council               | 101,358          | Tule River Indian Health Center, Inc.      | 1,768,913        |
| Elem Indian Colony                         | 63,517           | Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. | 287,710          |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 786,355          | Wilton Rancheria                           | 154,000          |
| Guidiville Indian Rancheria                | 12,471           | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.       | 2,473,806        |
| Koi Nation                                 | 15,000           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project         | 1,663,221        |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 1,143,583        | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.          | 2,729,858        |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                 | 1,134,776        | Hoopa Valley Tribe                         | 2,103,806        |
| Pinoleville Pomo Nation                    | 17,002           | Indian Health Council                      | 2,994,937        |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.            | 164,131          | Karuk Tribe of California                  | 1,302,285        |
| Quartz Valley Indian Reservation           | 113,594          | Northern Valley Indian Health              | 1,674,745        |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 11,420           | Redding Rancheria                          | 2,538,237        |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 829,537          | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health     | 7,718,037        |
| Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians         | 16,239           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians         | 485,025          |
| Sherwood Valley Band of Pomo Indians       | 52,696           | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.       | 1,517,231        |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 642,621          | Susanville Indian Rancheria                | 618,482          |
| Strong Family Health Center                | 213,365          | Total Tribal Operations                    | \$49,391,726     |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians             | \$84             | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.        | \$13,300         |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.  | 108,199          | Consolidated Tribal Health Project          | 11,500           |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.          | 22,700           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.           | 13,100           |
| Greenville Rancheria                        | 1,900            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                          | 15,300           |
| Koi Nation                                  | 2,000            | Indian Health Council                       | 20,300           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                  | 30,564           | Karuk Tribe of California                   | 9,000            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                        | 59               | Northern Valley Indian Health               | 7,300            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                   | 3,500            | Redding Rancheria                           | 19,700           |
| Strong Family Health Center                 | 1,200            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health      | 47,100           |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                          | 9,000            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians          | 2,985            |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.         | 14,4000          | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 15,600           |
| Wilton Rancheria                            | 16,000           | Susanville Indian Rancheria                 | 4,200            |
|   | 10,000           | Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares        | \$388,991        |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$78             | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | \$6,635          |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 56,642           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | 5,583            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 11,258           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 10,103           |
| Greenville Rancheria                                | 3,014            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 6,955            |
| Koi Nation  | 1,000            | Indian Health Council                               | 15,354           |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, INC                          | 2,619            | Karuk Tribe of California                           | 4,244            |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.                     | 74               | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 3,905            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                                | 830              | Redding Rancheria                                   | 8,547            |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                           | 1,288            | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 24,381           |
| Strong Family Health Center                         | 1,410            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 1,293            |
| Tejon Indian Tribe                                  | 4,000            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 10,421           |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.                 | 7,977            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 2,052            |
| Wilton Rancheria                                    | 8,000            | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$197,663        |

#### TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-PURCHASED/REFERRED CARE (PRC)

#### Self Governance

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR              | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|
| Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians           | \$8,164          |
| Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares | \$8,164          |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—SELF GOVERNANCE | \$8,164 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
|-----------------------------------|---------|

Section 105 Extern Program

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|
| Personnel Services                         | \$46,013         |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures | \$46,013         |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—SECTION 105 EXTERN PROGRAM | \$46,013 |
|--|----------|
|  | \$+0,015 |

#### **Catastrophic Fund**

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Susanville Indian Rancheria     | \$32,004         |
| Total Tribal Operations         | \$32,004         |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—CATASTROPHIC HEALTH EMERG. FUND | \$32,004 |
|---|----------|
|   |          |

#### **Environmental Health Support**

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR                | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR      | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.     | \$15,822         | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.    | \$11,102         |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.             | 1,050            | Hoopa Valley Tribe                   | 4,725            |
| Greenville Rancheria                           | 6,661            | Indian Health Council                | 3,097            |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium           | 7,363            | Karuk Tribe of California            | 1,872            |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                           | 74               | Northern Valley Indian Health        | 9,195            |
| Fresno American Indian Health Project          | 1,671            | Redding Rancheria                    | 6,440            |
| Sacramento Native American Health Center, Inc. | 6,073            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians   | 490              |
| United American Indian Involvement, Inc.       | 1,829            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc. | 2,205            |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.           | 5,628            | Susanville Indian Rancheria          | 1,295            |
| Consolidated Tribal Health Project             | 2,563            | Total Tribal Operations              | \$89,155         |

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians             | \$1,535          |
| Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.           | 6,053            |
| Hoopa Valley Tribe                          | 32,530           |
| Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health      | 83,890           |
| Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.        | 6,969            |
| Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares        | \$130,977        |

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$2,748,345      |
| Travel  | 110,218          |
| Transportation  | 90,975           |
| Rent, Comm., Util.  | 24,179           |
| Contractual Services  | 220,607          |
| Supplies  | 36,706           |
| Equipment   | 17,791           |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$3,248,820      |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SUPPORT \$3,468,951 |
|--|
|--|

#### **Facilities Health Support**

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR                     | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium                | \$721,682        |
| Total Tribal Operations                             | \$721,682        |
|   |                  |
| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—AREA SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR         | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$893            |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 65,905           |
| Indian Health Council                               | 21,462           |
| Total Tribal Operations- Area Shares                | \$88,260         |
| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
| Cabazon Band of Mission Indians                     | \$125            |
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc.          | 1,665            |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.                  | 354              |
| M.A.C.T. Health Board, Inc.                         | 509              |
| Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 143              |

Shingle Spring Rancheria

Total Tribal Operations – Headquarters Shares

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Personnel Services  | \$422,408        |
| Travel  | 39,951           |
| Transportation  | 78,744           |
| Contractual Services  | 23,930           |
| Supplies  | 866              |
| Equipment   | 8,497            |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$574,395        |

| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—FACILITIES HEALTH SUPPORT | \$1,387,266              |
|---|--------------------------|
| TOTAL ODEIGATIONS TACIENTES TEACTIN SOLTON  | <i><i>41,507,200</i></i> |

133

\$2,929

#### **OEHE Support**

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS—HEADQUARTERS SHARES<br>CONTRACTOR | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| Strong Family Health Center                         | \$29             | Karuk Tribe of California                           | \$421            |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project Inc.                  | 181              | Northern Valley Indian Health                       | 708              |
| Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.                | 660              | Redding Rancheria                                   | 12               |
| Consolidated Tribal Health Project                  | 481              | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health              | 7,539            |
| Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.                   | 1,183            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians                  | 368              |
| Hoopa Valley Tribe                                  | 2,033            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.                | 1,484            |
| Indian Health Council                               | 1,641            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                         | 174              |
|   |                  | Total Tribal Operations- Headquarters Shares        | \$16,914         |

TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-OEHE SUPPORT

\$16,914

#### Equipment

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | \$133,471        | Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. | \$12,461         |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 30,503           | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.       | 70,081           |
| Colusa Indian Health Community Council     | 1,820            | Consolidated Tribal Health Project         | 19,044           |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 30,353           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.          | 58,892           |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 28,769           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                         | 31,526           |
| M.AC.T. Health Board, Inc.                 | 27,404           | Indian Health Council                      | 43,880           |
| Quartz Valley Indian Reservation           | 6,147            | Karuk Tribe of California                  | 27,150           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 1,304            | Northern Valley Indian Health              | 54,273           |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 17,403           | Redding Rancheria                          | 29,262           |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 20,739           | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health     | 97,630           |
| Sierra Tribal Consortium                   | 4,888            | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians         | 10,748           |
| Strong Family Health Center                | 3,263            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.       | 37,964           |
| Sycuan Band of Mission Indians             | 4,604            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                | 11,417           |
| Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | 41,934           | Total Tribal Operations                    | \$856,930        |

TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES-EQUIPMENT

\$856,930

#### Maintenance and Improvement

| TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT | TRIBAL OPERATIONS<br>CONTRACTOR            | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| California Rural Indian Health Board, Inc. | \$542,487        | Toiyabe Indian Health Project, Inc.        | \$55,656         |
| Central Valley Indian Health, Inc.         | 40,666           | Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center, Inc. | 6,360            |
| Colusa Indian Health Community Council     | 5,315            | Chapa-De Indian Health Program, Inc.       | 75,025           |
| Greenville Rancheria                       | 50,814           | Consolidated Tribal Health Project         | 55,196           |
| Lake County Tribal Health Consortium       | 59,273           | Feather River Tribal Health, Inc.          | 165,967          |
| M.AC.T. Health Board, Inc                  | 59,076           | Hoopa Valley Tribe                         | 41,214           |
| Pit River Health Services, Inc.            | 104,299          | Indian Health Council                      | 154,355          |
| Quartz Valley Indian Reservation           | 5,366            | Karuk Tribe of California                  | 47,834           |
| Rolling Hills Clinic                       | 3,459            | Northern Valley Indian Health              | 80,431           |
| Round Valley Indian Health Center, Inc.    | 18,435           | Redding Rancheria                          | 146,265          |
| Shingle Springs Rancheria                  | 15,301           | Riverside-San Bernardino Indian Health     | 187,742          |
| Sierra Tribal Consortium                   | 22,724           | Santa Ynez Band of Mission Indians         | 20,280           |
| Strong Family Health Center                | 3,280            | Southern Indian Health Council, Inc.       | 124,407          |
| Sycuan Band of Mission Indians             | 5,428            | Susanville Indian Rancheria                | 19,766           |
|  |                  | Total Tribal Operations                    | \$2,116,421      |

#### TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES-M&I

\$2,116,421

#### SFC Housing

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Contractual Services  | \$1,740,000      |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$1,740,000      |
| TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—SFC HOUSING                                 | \$1,740,000      |

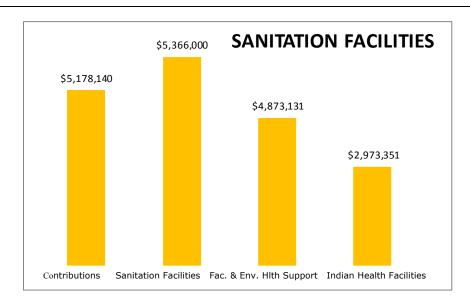
#### SFC Regular

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Contractual Services  | \$3,626,000      |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$3,626,000      |

TOTAL OBLIGATIONS—SFC REGULAR

#### **Sanitation Facilities**

\$ Dollars



The graph above represents total Tribal, Area and Headquarter Shares

\$3,626,000

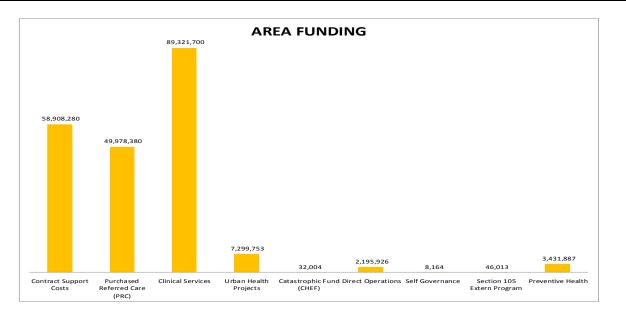
#### Contributions

| INCLUDES ALL OTHER EXPENDITURES<br>(AREA & TRIBAL OPERATIONS) | FUNDED<br>AMOUNT |
|---|------------------|
| Contractual Services  | \$5,178,140      |
| Total Area & Tribal Operation Expenditures                    | \$5,178,140      |

TOTAL OBLIGATIONS-CONTRIBUTIONS

\$5,178,140

### Area Funding \$ Dollars



The graph above represents total Tribal, Area and Headquarter Shares

## **Executive Staff**



**BEVERLY MILLER** Area Director



**DR. STEVE RIGGIO** Deputy Director/ Associate Director Office of Public Health



DR. CHARLES MAGRUDER Chief Medical Officer



**EDWIN FLUETTE** Associate Director Office of Environmental Health & Engineering



JEANNE SMITH Associate Director Office of Management Support



DR. DAVID SPRENGER Psychiatric/Behavioral Health Consultant

# **Office Directory**

#### **OFFICE OF THE AREA DIRECTOR**

Beverly Miller, MHA, MBA, Area Director Steve Riggio, DDS, Area Deputy Director/Associate Director, Office of Public Health

Charles Magruder, MD, Chief Medical Officer

Travis Coleman, Indian Self-Determination Program Manager/ Contract Specialist

#### **OFFICE OF PUBLIC HEALTH**

#### Youth Regional Treatment Center

Mark Espinosa, MHCA, Health Systems Administrator Meghan Cocchi, Billing Administration

#### **Government Performance and Results Act**

Christine Brennan, MPH, Public Health Analyst CDR Wendy Blocker, RN, MSN, Public Health Analyst Amy Patterson, PhD, Public Health Analyst Rachel Harvey, Public Health Analyst

#### **Health Professional Consultants**

Beverly Calderon, MS, RD, CDE, Nutrition & HPDP Coordinator Susan Ducore, RN, MSN, PHN, Nurse Consultant Helen Maldonado, PA-C, CDE, Diabetes Consultant Dawn Phillips, MPA, RN, Behavioral Health Consultant Marilyn Freeman, RHIA, Clinical Applications Coordinator Steven Viramontes, PHN, Clinical Applications Coordinator **Information Technology Resource Management Office** Robert Gemmell, MS, Area Chief Information Officer Toni Johnson, IT Specialist Kelly Stephenson, IT Specialist Gary Mosier, IT Specialist Theresa Weber, MBA, IT Specialist Michelle Martinez, IT Specialist Marcella Begaye, IT Specialist Edna Johnson, IT Specialist Ron Byers, IT Specialist Steve Thibodeau, IT Specialist

#### OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT SUPPORT Finance

Jeffrey Turner, Financial Management Officer Kurt Nelson, OEH&E Accountant Ana Chavez-Alvarez, Accountant Angie Singh, Accountant Natalya Blatova, MBA, Budget Analyst Marie Lowden, Accountant Daniel Redeagle, Accountant Julie Morrow, Accounting Technician **Contracting** Rick Vredenburg, Supervisory Contract Specialist Rachel Rosas, Contract Specialist Cordell Bailey, Contract Specialist Ronda English, Contract Specialist Marilyn Duran, Contract Specialist

#### **Human Resources**

Jeanne Smith, MPA, Acting Human Resources Director, Regional Human Resources Specialist Angela Peshlakai, Human Resources Specialist Trisha Sutherland, Administrative Support Assistant

Truman Stephenson, Intern

#### **Administrative Management**

Mona Celli, Management Analyst/Scholarships Coordinator Myrtle LaRocque, Administrative Support Assistant Jean Reynolds, Information Receptionist

# **Office Directory**

#### **OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH & ENGINEERING**

**Office of the Associate Director** Edwin Fluette, REHS, MPH, Associate Director Susan Rey, Secretary Jeannette Reynolds, Administrative Support Assistant Division of Health Facilities Engineering (DHFE) CDR Paul Frazier, PE, DHFE Director Gary Ball, Architect LT Shane Deckert, PE, MBA, Engineer Robert Secrest, PE, MBA, Engineer Preston Dohi, Civil Engineer **Division of Environmental Health Services (DEHS)** LCDR Sarah Snyder, REHS, District Sanitarian CAPT Brian Lewelling, MPH, RS, District Sanitarian Molly Madson, REHS, District Sanitarian Aaron McNeill, Sanitarian Tim Shelhamer, REHS, RS, Sanitarian **Division of Sanitation Facilities Construction (DSFC)** Don Brafford, PE, MSCE, DSFC Director CAPT Christopher Brady, MS, PE, DSFC Deputy Director CDR Luke Schulte, PE, MSEE, Senior Environmental Engineer Nancy Dewees, PE, Tribal Utilities Prof. Consultant Rickey Wright, Tribal Utilities Prof. Consultant Joshua Newcom, MS, Technical Writer/Editor Lolita Brinkley-Nunn, Administrative Support Assistant Sacramento District Office CDR David Mazorra, PE, MSEE, District Engineer Johnnie Douma, Engineering Technician Bob Johnson, Engineering Technician

Terri O'Shea, Administrative Support Assistant

### **Clovis Field Office** LT Matt Mergenthaler, PE, MSCE, Environmental Engineer Steve Poitra, Engineering Technician Ukiah Field Office LT Travis Sorum, EIT, MSCE, Environmental Engineer LT Charles Thompson, Environmental Engineer Derek Billy, Engineering Technician Escondido District Office Sean Bush, PE, MS, District Engineer LCDR Mark Hench, PE, Environmental Engineer LT Roger Hargrove, PE, MSCE, Environmental Engineer Talat Mahmood, Engineering Technician John Jeng, Engineering Technician Michelle Blackowl, Administrative Support Assistant Redding District Office Andrew Huray, PE, MSCE, District Engineer Adam Ramos, MS, Environmental Engineer Scott Brooks, Engineering Technician Jenny Holden, Engineering Technician Pattigail Whitehouse, IT Specialist Arcata Field Office Barry Jarvis, PE, Environmental Engineer Maureen Harrington, Engineering Technician Denise O'Gorman, Engineering Technician Dara Zimmerman, EIT, Environmental Engineer Valerie Canfield, Office Automation Assistant

#### WEST CENTRAL REGION

Big Valley Band of Pomo Indians of the Big Valley Rancheria, California Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community of the Colusa Rancheria, California Cahto Tribe of the Laytonville Rancheria Cloverdale Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California Cortina Indian Rancheria of Wintun Indians of California Covote Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California Dry Creek Rancheria Band of Pomo Indians, California Elem Indian Colony of Pomo Indians of the Sulphur Bank Rancheria, California Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria, California Grindstone Indian Rancheria of Wintun-Wailaki Indians of California Guidiville Rancheria of California Habematolel Pomo of Upper Lake, California Hopland Band of Pomo Indians, California Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria, California Koi Nation of Northern California Little River Band of Pomo Indians of the Redwood Valley Rancheria California (\*) Lytton Rancheria of California Manchester Band of Pomo Indians of the Manchester Rancheria, California Middletown Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California Paskenta Band of Nomlaki Indians of California Pinoleville Pomo Nation, California Potter Valley Tribe, California **Robinson Rancheria** Round Valley Indian Tribes, Round Valley Reservation, California Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians of California Sherwood Valley Rancheria of Pomo Indians of California Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation, California

(\*) Redwood Valley or Little River Band of Pomo Indians of the Redwood Valley Rancheria California

#### SOUTHERN REGION

Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians of the Agua Caliente Indian Reservation, California Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians, California Barona Band of Mission Indians (\*\*) Cabazon Band of Mission Indians, California Cahuilla Band of Mission Indians of the Cahuilla Reservation, California Campo Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Campo Indian Reservation, California Ewijaapaayp Band of Kumeyaay Indians, California **Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel**, California Inaja Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Inaja and Cosmit Reservation, California Jamul Indian Village of California La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians, California La Posta Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the La Posta Indian Reservation, California Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cupeno Indians, California Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Manzanita Reservation, California Mesa Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Mesa Grande Reservation, California Morongo Band of Mission Indians, California Pala Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Pala Reservation, California Pauma Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Pauma & Yuima Reservation, California Pechanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Pechanga Reservation, California Ramona Band of Cahuilla, California Rincon Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Rincon Reservation, California San Manuel Band of Mission Indians, California San Pasqual Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of California Santa Rosa Band of Cahuilla Indians, California Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Mission Indians of the Santa Ynez Reservation, California Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians, California Sycuan Band of Kumeyaay Nation Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians, California Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians of California Viejas Band of Kumeyaay Indians (\*\*)

(\*\*) Capitan Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of California: [Barona Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission Indians of the Barona Reservation, California; Viejas (Baron Long) Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission Indians of the Viejas Reservation, California]

#### **NORTHERN REGION**

Alturas Indian Rancheria, California Bear River Band of the Rohnerville Rancheria, California Big Lagoon Rancheria, California Blue Lake Rancheria, California Cedarville Rancheria, California Cher-Ae Heights Indian Community of the Trinidad Rancheria, California Elk Valley Rancheria, California Fort Bidwell Indian Community of the Fort Bidwell Reservation of California Greenville Rancheria Hoopa Valley Tribe, California Karuk Tribe Pit River Tribe, California Quartz Valley Indian Community of the Quartz Valley Reservation of California Redding Rancheria, California Resighini Rancheria, California Smith River Rancheria, California Susanville Indian Rancheria, California Wiyot Tribe, California Yurok Tribe of the Yurok Reservation, California

#### **EAST CENTRAL REGION**

Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley Big Sandy Rancheria of Western Mono Indians of California **Bishop Paiute Tribe** Bridgeport Indian Colony Buena Vista Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California California Valley Miwok Tribe, California Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-Wuk Indians of California Cold Springs Rancheria of Mono Indians of California Death Valley Timbi-sha Shoshone Tribe Enterprise Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation, California Ione Band of Miwok Indians of California Jackson Rancheria of Miwuk Indians of California Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe Mechoopda Indian Tribe of Chico Rancheria, California Mooretown Rancheria of Maidu Indians of California North Fork Rancheria of Mono Indians of California Picayune Rancheria of Chukchansi Indians of California Santa Rosa Indian Community of the Santa Rosa Rancheria, California Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians, Shingle Springs Rancheria, California Table Mountain Rancheria of California Tejon Indian Tribe Tule River Indian Tribe of the Tule River Reservation, California Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians of the Tuolumne Rancheria of California United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn Rancheria of California Utu Utu Gwaitu Paiute Tribe of the Benton Paiute Reservation, California Wilton Rancheria, California

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## **Organization Information**

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Department of Health and Human Services Indian Health Service - Headquarters 801 Thompson Avenue Rockville, MD 20852 www.ihs.gov

#### AREA INFORMATION

Department of Health and Human Services Indian Health Service/California Area Office 650 Capitol Mall, Suite 7-100 Sacramento, CA 95814-4706

#### INTERNET INFORMATION

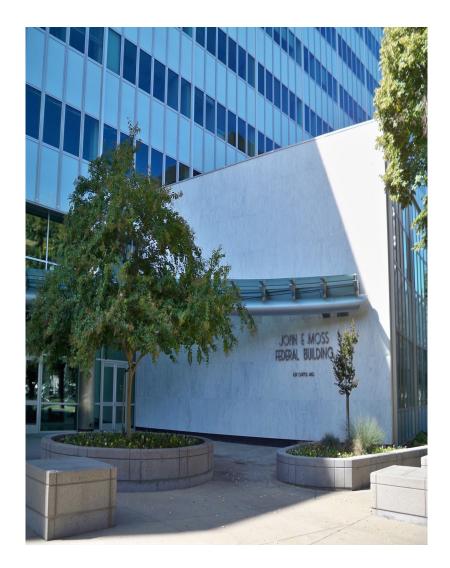
Information on IHS/CAO's financial analysis and its products and services is available on the internet at : <u>http://www.ihs.gov/California</u>.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The IHS/CAO Financial Annual Report is available electronically at <u>http://www.ihs.gov/</u> california/Universal/PageMain.cfm?p=32

#### INQUIRIES

For general information, you may reach the IHS/CAO by phone at (916) 930-3927.



#### ANNUAL MEETING

The California Area Office hosts Tribal Consultation annually. The 2015 meeting was held at Thunder Valley Casino Resort in Lincoln, CA in March. The 2016 meeting will be held at Viejas Casino Alpine, CA in March. Contact CAO for more information about the next Annual Tribal Consultation.

# Indian Health Service California Area Office

