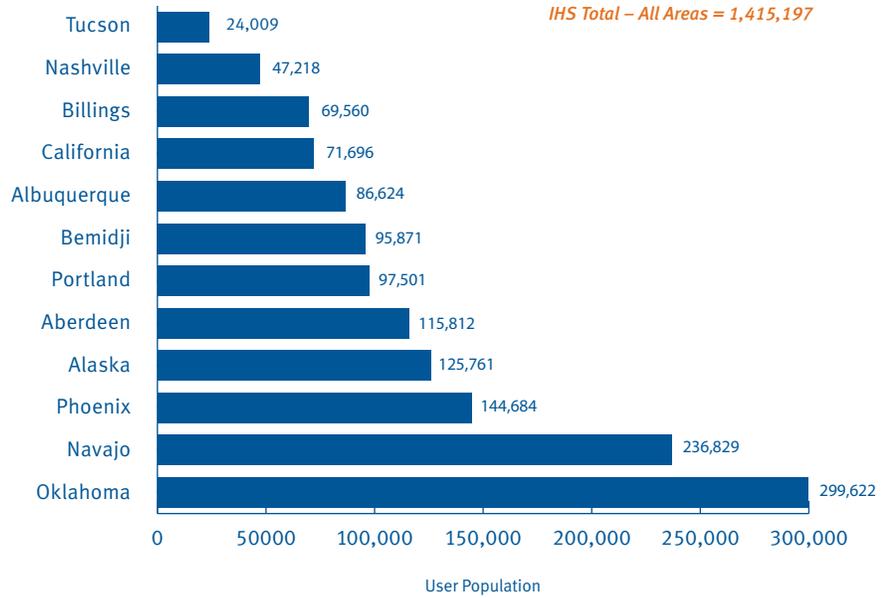


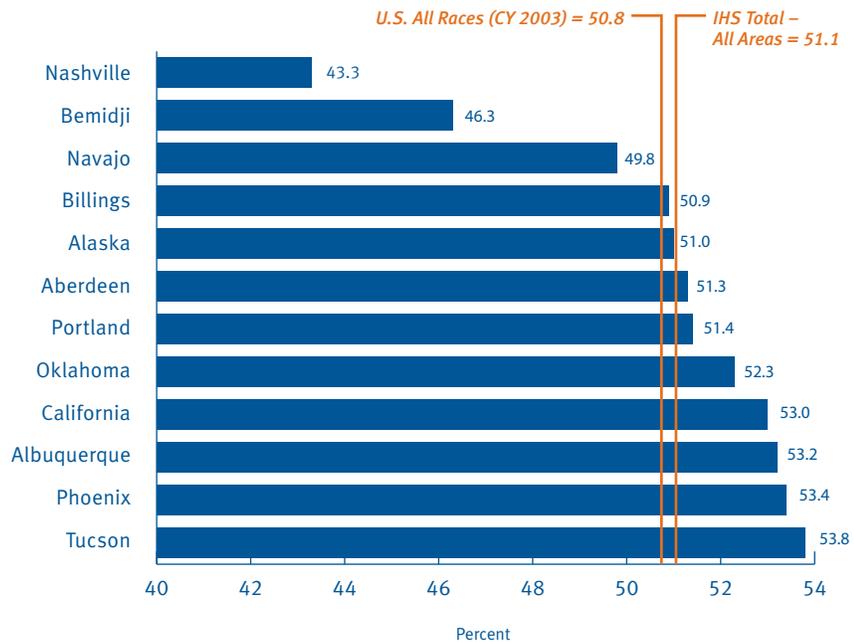
In FY 2004, the IHS user population—a count of those AI/AN people who used IHS services at least once during the last 3-year period—was over 1.4 million. Approximately 38 percent of the user population was concentrated in two IHS Areas: Oklahoma and Navajo.

Chart 2.1 IHS User Population, FY 2004



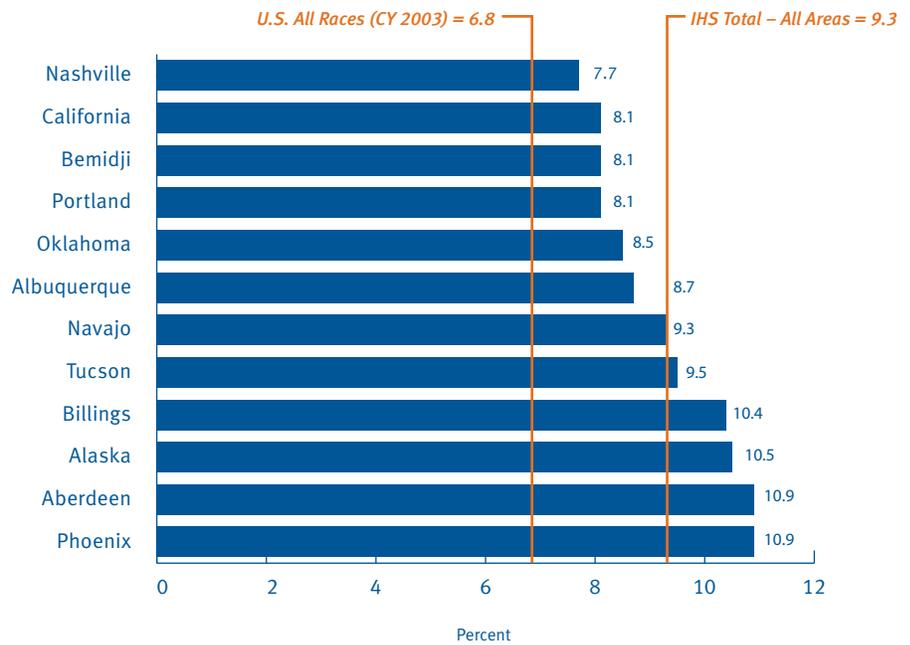
There were a slightly higher percentage of females in FY 2004 in the IHS user population than the U.S. all-races population (CY 2003). Phoenix and Tucson had the two highest percentages at 53.4 and 53.8, respectively.

Chart 2.2 Percent of Females in User Population, FY 2004



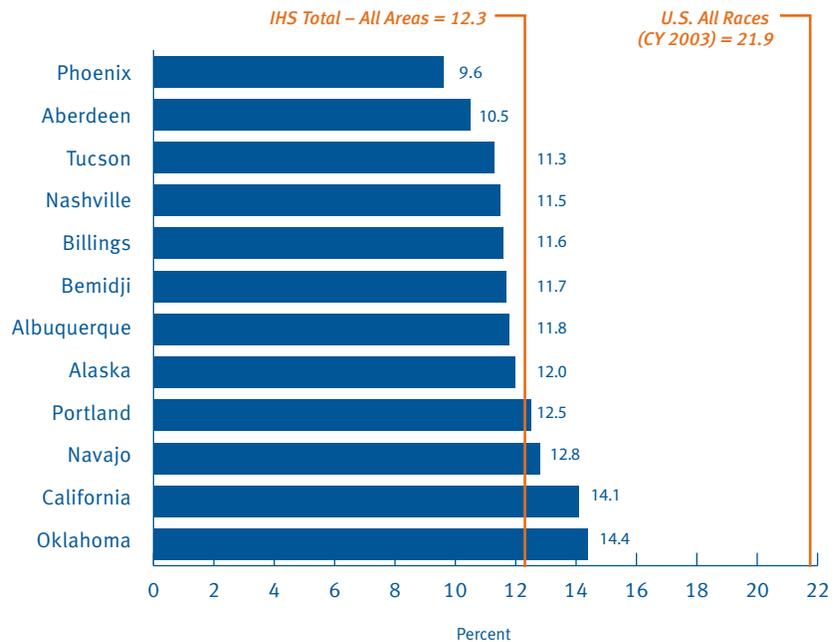
The IHS user population in FY 2004 was considerably younger than the U.S. all-races population (CY 2003). The Nashville Area, which had the lowest percentage of population under age 5 (7.7), still had a percentage that was 11.7 percent higher than the U.S. all-races percentage (6.8).

Chart 2.3 Percent of User Population Under Age Five, FY 2004



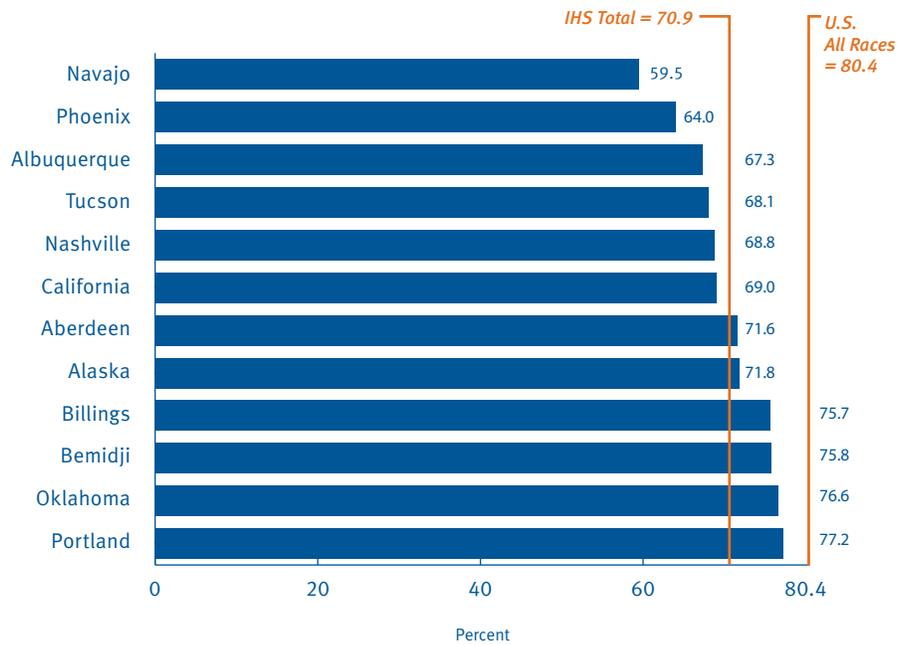
In CY 2003, 21.9 percent of the U.S. all-races population was over age 54 compared to 12.3 for the IHS user population (FY 2004). California and Oklahoma had the highest percentages for this age group, 14.1 and 14.4, respectively.

Chart 2.4 Percent of User Population Over Age 54, FY 2004



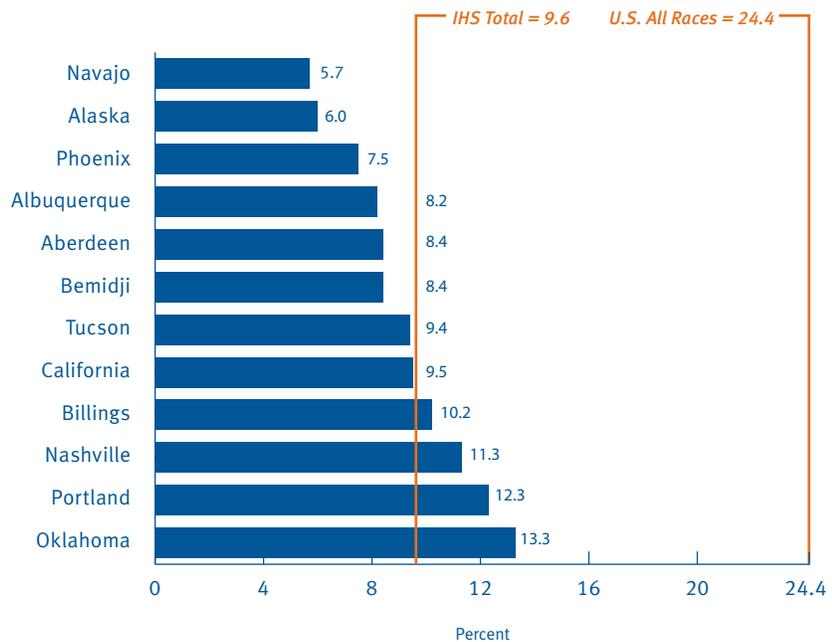
According to the 2000 Census, 70.9 percent of AI/AN people, age 25 and older, are high school graduates or higher as compared to 80.4 percent for the U.S. all-races population. Ten (10) percent more people in the U.S. general population had at least a high school education as compared to the AI/AN people in the IHS service Area. All IHS Areas were below the U.S. percent.

Chart 2.5 Percent High School Graduate or Higher, Age 25 and Older, 2000 Census American Indian/Alaska Native (Alone)



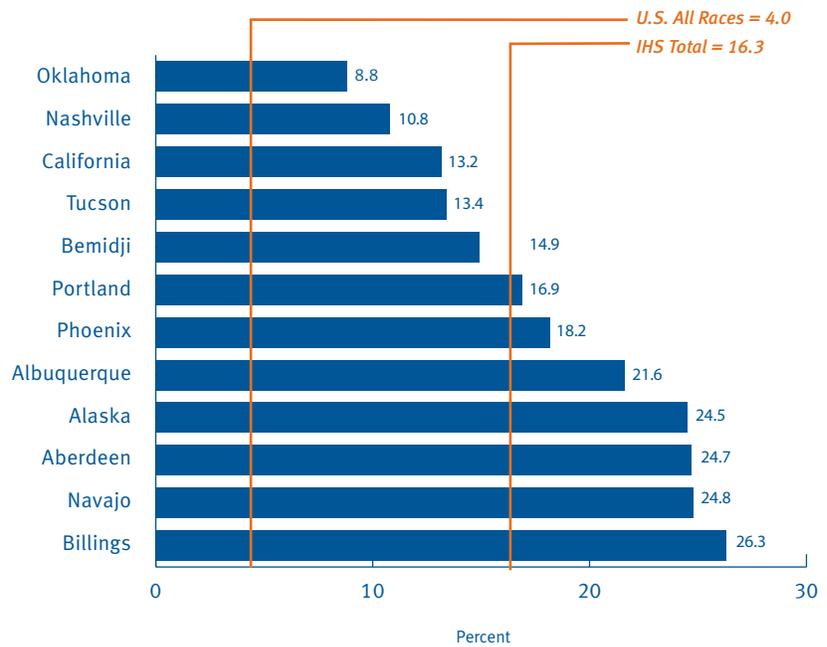
The 2000 Census indicated that 9.6 percent of AI/AN people, age 25 and older, residing in the current IHS Areas have a Bachelor's Degree or higher. This is less than half the rate for U.S. all-races with a Bachelor's Degree (24.4 percent). The Area percentages ranged from 5.7 percent in Navajo to 13.3 percent in Oklahoma.

Chart 2.6 Percent Bachelor's Degree or Higher, Age 25 and Older, 2000 Census American Indian/Alaska Native (Alone)



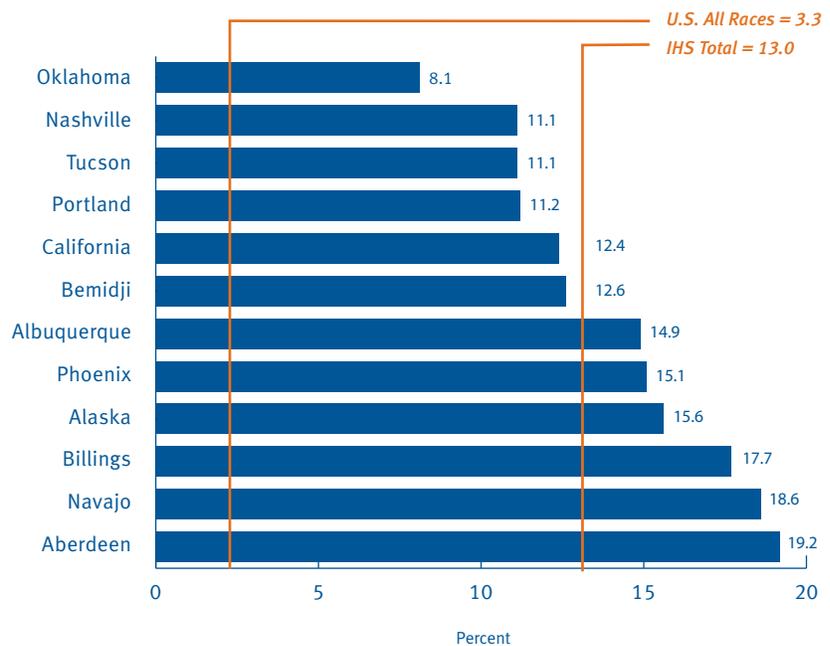
In 2000, 16.3 percent of AI/AN males, age 16 and older, residing in the current IHS Areas were unemployed compared to 4.0 percent for the U.S. all-races male population. Billings had unemployment rates greater than 26.0 percent.

Chart 2.7 Percent of Males Unemployed, Age 16 and Older, 2000 Census American Indian/Alaska Native (Alone)



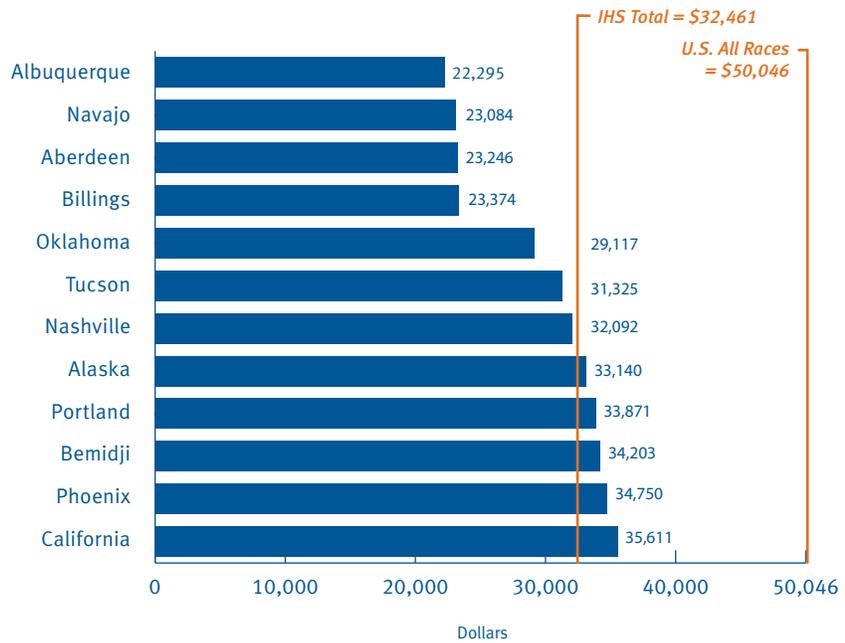
In 2000, 13.0 percent of AI/AN females, age 16 and older, residing in the current IHS Areas were unemployed—a rate that is four times greater than the U.S. all-races female population (3.3 percent). The Area unemployment rates ranged from 8.1 in Oklahoma to 19.2 in Aberdeen.

Chart 2.8 Percent of Females Unemployed, Age 16 and Older, 2000 Census American Indian/Alaska Native (Alone)



According to the 2000 Census, the median household income in 1999 for AI/AN people residing in the current IHS Areas was \$32,461. The median household income for U.S. all-races (\$50,046) is 54.2 percent higher than that of AI/AN. The Albuquerque, Navajo, Aberdeen, and Billings Areas had median household incomes that were less than half of the U.S. figure.

Chart 2.9 Median Household Income in 1999
2000 Census American Indian/Alaska Native (Alone)



The 2000 Census indicated that almost one-third (29.2 percent) of AI/AN people residing in the current IHS Areas were below the poverty level. This is 2.4 times higher than the comparable U.S. all-races figure of 12.4 percent below the poverty level. Aberdeen and Navajo had percentages exceeding 40.0.

Chart 2.10 Percent of Population Below Poverty Level
2000 Census American Indian/Alaska Native (Alone)

