

Vaccinator Provider's Name: _____

Moderna COVID-19 Vaccine EXAMPLE Competency Exam

Refer to the [EUA Fact Sheet](#) for Healthcare Providers (current as of 3/31/2021) for questions 1-21:

1. This vaccine can be given to patients for the following ages:
 - a. 6 months & older
 - b. 12 years & older
 - c. 16 years & older
 - d. 18 years & older
2. NON-THAWED and unpunctured multiple-dose vials should be protected from light and stored at:
 - a. -80°C to -60°C
 - b. -60°C to -20°C
 - c. -50°C to -15°C
 - d. 2°C to 8°C
3. The vaccine can be thawed in the REFRIGERATOR (2°C to 8°C) for _____ (depending on vial size) and safely stored for up to _____ prior to first use. When ready to administer, let the vial stand at room temperature for 15 minutes.
 - a. 1 to 2 hours; 12 hours
 - b. 2.5 to 3 hours; 30 days
 - c. 1 to 2 hours; 5 days
 - d. 2 to 3 hours; 6 hours
4. Alternatively, the vaccine can be thawed at ROOM TEMP (15°C to 25°C) for _____ before administering.
 - a. 30 minutes
 - b. 1 to 1.5 hours
 - c. 3 to 4 hours
 - d. 6 hours
5. Unpunctured vials may be stored between 8°C to 25°C for up to:
 - a. 2 hours
 - b. 6 hours
 - c. 12 hours
 - d. 24 hours
6. After the first dose has been drawn, the vial should be stored between _____ and discarded after _____.
 - a. -80°C to -60°C; 6 hours
 - b. -80°C to -60°C; 12 hours
 - c. 2°C to 25°C; 6 hours
 - d. 2°C to 25°C; 12 hours
7. The following are appropriate ways to transport vaccine vials according to the EUA:
 - a. -50°C to -15°C
 - b. 2°C to 8°C (up to 12 hours – do not refreeze)
 - c. Both (a) and (b) are correct
8. The vaccine is a _____ series with the 2nd dose ideally given on day _____.
 - a. 2-dose; 21
 - b. 2-dose; 28
 - c. 3-dose; 14
 - d. 1-dose; 21
9. How should the vaccine be administered?
 - a. Intramuscularly; 0.3mL per dose
 - b. Intramuscularly; 0.5mL per dose
 - c. Subcutaneously; 0.3mL per dose
 - d. Subcutaneously; 0.5mL per dose
10. This vaccine is supplied in two multiple-dose vial presentations. Depending on the syringes and needles used for each dose, the expected number of doses that can be drawn from each vial size are _____ & _____.
 - a. 10-11; 13-15
 - b. 8-9; 15-17
 - c. 10-12; 20-25
 - d. 5-6; 10-12
11. True/False It is appropriate to interchange this vaccine with other COVID-19 vaccines to finish the series.
12. True/False If a full dose cannot be drawn from a single vial, it is ok to pool vaccine from other vials.
13. True/False After the first dose is withdrawn, record date and time immediately on the vial.
14. True/False This vaccine must be diluted prior to administration.
15. True/False Before drawing up a dose of the vaccine, vigorously shake the vial to properly mix the product.
16. True/False Once thawed, the vaccine should not be refrozen.
17. True/False Non-thawed and unopened vials can be stored on dry ice or below -50°C.
18. True/False Thawed vials can be handled in room light conditions.
19. Regarding the "Fact Sheet for Recipients and Caregivers", the vaccination provider MUST:
 - a. Provide a copy of the Fact Sheet
 - b. Direct the recipient/caregiver to the website www.modernatx.com/covid19vaccine-eua to obtain the Fact Sheet
 - c. Any of the above are correct
 - d. None of the above; providing the Fact Sheet is NOT Required

20. The vaccination provider is responsible for mandatory reporting of the following that occur post-administration of this vaccine to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS):

- a. Vaccine administration errors, even if no adverse event occurred
- b. Serious adverse events (life-threatening, death, hospitalization, etc.)
- c. Cases of Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome (MIS)
- d. Case of COVID-19 that result in hospitalization or death
- e. All of the above are correct

21. The vaccination provider must communicate to the recipient/caregiver information consistent with the “Fact Sheet for Recipients and Caregivers” prior to vaccine administration, including:

- a. FDA has authorized the emergency use of the vaccine, which is not a fully licensed vaccine
- b. The recipient or caregiver has the option to accept or refuse the vaccine
- c. The significant known/potential risks and benefits of the vaccine, and the extent to which such risks and benefits are unknown
- d. Information about the available alternative vaccines and the risk and benefits of those alternatives
- e. All of the above are correct

Answers to questions 22-29 can be found on the CDC website regarding Interim Clinical Considerations for Use of COVID-19 Vaccines Currently Authorized in the US by clicking [here](#) (updated 5/14/2021):

22. True/False Pregnant patients should never be offered this COVID vaccine.

23. True/False Patients who are immunocompromised, pregnant, breast-feeding, or have history of a resolved COVID-19 infection can generally be offered this COVID vaccine.

24. True/False Patients who are currently on home isolation with suspected or confirmed COVID should come to the clinic to get vaccinated during their quarantine period.

25. True/False A 32-year-old patient arrives to your clinic for their second dose of the COVID vaccine. It has been 40 days since their first vaccination. Giving a second dose today would be considered “valid”, and the 2-dose series can be considered as “complete”.

26. What is the minimum interval for the second dose of the vaccine to be considered as “valid”?

- a. 17 days
- b. 21 days
- c. 24 days
- d. 28 days

27. It is recommended to space the COVID vaccine from any other vaccines by at least:

- a. 7 days
- b. 14 days
- c. 21 days
- d. Minimum spacing is no longer recommended

28. Which of the following patients need to be observed for at least 30 minutes post-vaccination (versus the standard 15 minutes) to monitor for the occurrence of immediate adverse reactions?

- a. History of immediate allergic reaction to other vaccines unrelated to COVID vaccine components
- b. History of anaphylaxis due to any cause unrelated to COVID vaccine components
- c. History of immediate/severe allergic reaction to polyethylene glycol (PEG)
- d. Both (a) and (b) are correct
- e. All of the above are correct

29. Which of the following scenarios would be a CONTRAINDICATION to receiving the vaccine?

- a. 32-year male with history of anaphylaxis to amoxicillin for acute sinusitis
- b. 67-year old male with history of anaphylaxis following injectable promethazine for nausea
- c. 42-year old female with history of anaphylaxis to polyethylene glycol (PEG) when preparing for a colonoscopy procedure
- d. 86-year old female with history of anaphylaxis following a bee sting

Vaccine Provider’s Printed Name

Signature

Date