Preface

The Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) requires federal agencies to report annually on how the agency measured against the performance targets set in its annual plan. The Indian Health Service (IHS) GPRA measures include clinical prevention and treatment, quality of care, infrastructure, and administrative efficiency functions.

The IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) is a Resource and Patient Management System (RPMS) software application designed for national reporting, as well as Area Office and local monitoring of clinical GPRA and developmental measures. CRS was first released for FY 2002 performance measures (as GPRA+) and is based on a design by the Aberdeen Area Office (GPRA2000).

This manual provides instructions on using the CRS. Version 11.0 adds fiscal year (FY) 2011 clinical performance measures to existing FY 2002 through FY 2010 measures.

CRS is the reporting tool used by the IHS Office of Planning and Evaluation to collect and report clinical performance results annually to the Department of Health and Human Services and to Congress.

Each year, an updated version of CRS software is released to reflect changes in the logic descriptions of the different denominators and numerators. Additional performance measures may also be added. Local facilities can run reports as often as they want and can also use CRS to transmit data to their Area Office. The Area Office can use CRS to produce an aggregated Area Office report for either annual GPRA or Area Office director performance reports.

CRS produces reports on demand from local RPMS databases for both GPRA and developmental clinical performance measures that are based on RPMS data, thus eliminating the need for manual chart audits for evaluating and reporting clinical measures.

To produce reports with comparable data across every facility, the GPRA measures definitions were “translated” into programming code with the assistance of clinical subject matter experts. CRS uses predefined taxonomies to find data items in the RPMS Patient Care Component to determine if a patient meets the performance measure criteria. Taxonomies contain groups of codes (e.g., diagnoses or procedures) or site-specific terms. Each performance measure topic has one or more defined denominators and numerators.
Administrative and clinical users can review individual or all measures at any time to

- Identify potential data issues in their RPMS; for example, missing or incorrect data.
- Monitor their site’s performance against past national performance and upcoming agency goals
- Identify specific areas where the facility is not meeting the measure in order to initiate business process or other changes
- Quickly measure impact of process changes on performance measures
- Identify IHS Area Offices meeting or exceeding measures to provide lessons learned

Users of the RPMS CRS include

- Area Office and site quality improvement staff
- Compliance officers
- GPRA coordinators
- Clinical staff, such as physicians, nurses, nurse practitioners, and other providers
- Area Office directors
- Any staff involved with quality assurance initiatives
- Staff who run the various CRS reports
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1.0 About This Manual

This manual provides user instructions for the Clinical Reporting System (CRS) version 11.0 (FY 2011 Clinical Performance Measures).

The chapters included in this manual cover the main components of this system:

- Setting up the CRS application, including taxonomies and site parameters
- Using the report option to produce different reports: National Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) and Program Assessment Rating Tool (PART), Selected Measures, GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, Executive Order (EO) Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, Patient Education, and Laboratory and Medication Taxonomies
- Exporting and aggregating Area Office-level data for National GPRA & PART, GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, EO Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, and Patient Education reports

Refer to the Clinical Performance Measure Logic Manual for information on the logic used and sample output for each individual performance measure.

1.1 Key Changes in Version 11.0

1.1.1 Changes to National GPRA Reports

- Allow users to run the GPRA Forecast Patient List report for patients added after a specific date.
- Allow users to run the GPRA & PART Performance Report on a search template of patients.

1.1.2 Logic Changes to National GPRA & PART Report Measures

- **GPRA Developmental Measures:**
  - Added the following new GPRA Developmental measures: Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax (with more accurate vaccine dosage); Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates (female Active Clinical patients ages 25–64 who have had a Pap smear in the past 4 years); Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Screening (added measures for positive, negative and no result broken down by age and gender, and added two new logic definitions with different changes to pregnancy denominator logic); Visit Statistics (new topic)
• Removed the following GPRA Developmental measures: Childhood Immunizations measure 4:3:1:3:3:1:4 (moved to official GPRA measure); H1N1 Immunizations topic

• **Adult Immunizations—Influenza:** Added CVX/HL7 Codes 140 and 141 to influenza immunization definition.

• **Childhood Immunizations:** (1) GPRA measure changed to 4:3:1:3:3:1:4 measure, which adds four doses of Pneumococcal to the required vaccines. (2) added CVX/HL7 Code 132 to DTaP, IPV, HiB, and Hep B immunization definitions.

• **Pap Smear Rates:** Added logic for Women's Health Pap smears to ensure the Pap smear result does not have a value of "ERROR/DISREGARD".

• **Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment:** (1) Added CPT Codes D1320, 99406, 99407, G0375 (old code), G0376 (old code), 1034F, 1035F, 1036F, 1000F, G8455, G8456, G8457, G8402, and G8453 to patient education codes for tobacco screening definition. (2) Added health factor categories TOBACCO (SMOKING), TOBACCO (SMOKELESS–CHEWING/DIP), and TOBACCO (EXPOSURE) to tobacco screening definition. (3) Added health factors Current Smoker, status unknown, Current smoker, every day, and Current smoker, some day to Tobacco User and Current Smoker definitions.

• **Tobacco Cessation:** (1) Added CPT Codes D1320, 99406, 99407, G0375 (old code), G0376 (old code), 4000F, G8402 or G8453 to patient education codes for tobacco cessation counseling definition. (2) Added health factors Current Smoker, status unknown, Current smoker, every day, and Current smoker, some day to Tobacco User definition. (3) Added health factors Previous (Former) Smoker, Previous (Former) Smokeless to quit tobacco use definition.

• **Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention):** Added CPT Codes 99408, 99409, G0396, G0397, H0049, or H0050 to patient education codes for alcohol-related patient education definition.

• **Obesity Assessment:** Removed refusals from the BMI numerator.

• **Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment:** (1) Removed refusals from depression screening numerator. (2) Added CPT Codes D1320, 99406, 99407, G0375 (old code), G0376 (old code), 1034F, 1035F, 1036F, 1000F, G8455, G8456, G8457, G8402, and G8453 to patient education codes for tobacco screening definition. (3) Added health factor categories TOBACCO (SMOKING), TOBACCO (SMOKELESS–CHEWING/DIP), and TOBACCO (EXPOSURE) to tobacco screening definition. (4) Changed logic to also look for secondary providers for Medical Nutrition Therapy.

• **Prenatal HIV Screening:** Excluded pharmacy-only visits (Clinic Code 39) from pregnancy visit definition.
1.1.3 Key Logic Changes to Non-GPRA Measures


1.1.4 Additional Key Enhancements and Revisions

- Updated CRS 2007 version 7.0 (not CRS 2011 Version 11.0), National GPRA Reports menu by adding menu option “XP11” to be used to create a comprehensive GPRA export for GPRA year 2011. This data will be based on performance measure logic contained in CRS 2007 version 7.0.

- In CRS v11.0, the Health Plan Employer Data and Information Set (HEDIS) and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) reports have been removed. These reports are still available in earlier versions of CRS.

- CRS will now use the DPST Update the Demo/Test Patient Search Template to determine which patients are demo patients and should not be included in the reports. The CRS menu option DP Update the Demo/Test Patient Search Template has been removed.
2.0 Orientation

The following terms and abbreviations are used throughout this manual.

**Active Clinical CHS Patients**
The basic denominator definition used by CRS when the CHS-Only Site Parameter is set to Yes. The Active Clinical Contract Health Services (CHS) definition was developed specifically for facilities that provide only CHS to their patients and where the majority of their patients do not meet the Active Clinical denominator definition. For a detailed description of the denominator, see Section 3.2.3.2.

**Active Clinical Patients**
The basic denominator definition used by CRS. The Active Clinical definition was developed specifically for clinical performance measures because it was felt to be more representative of the active clinical population than the standard GPRA User Population definition. For a detailed description of the denominator, see Section 3.2.3.1.

**AI/AN**
American Indian/Alaska Native.

**ASUFAC Code**
The six-digit code representing the Area, Service Unit, and Facility (ASUFAC) location for any individual direct, tribal or urban healthcare location. The ASUFAC is used by CRS to identify the site creating the reports.

**Baseline Year**
CRS calculates and reports results for and comparisons between three time periods for each measure: the current year (defined by the user); the previous year; and the baseline year (defined by the user). For the National GPRA & PART report, baseline information will be determined by the Office of Planning and Evaluation and provided to sites prior to report deadlines.

**BGP**
The technical name, or namespace, for the CRS component of the Resource and Patient Management System (RPMS) software suite. A namespace is a unique two- to four-alpha-character code assigned by the database administrator to an RPMS software application.
CPT Codes
One of several code sets used by the healthcare industry to standardize data, allowing for comparison and analysis. Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) was developed and is updated annually by the American Medical Association and is widely used in producing bills for services rendered to patients. CPTs include codes for diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, and specify information that differentiates the codes based on cost. CPT codes are the most widely accepted nomenclature in the United States for reporting physician procedures and services for federal and private insurance third-party reimbursement. CRS searches for CPT and other codes as specified in the logic definition to determine if a patient meets a denominator or numerator definition.

CRS
Clinical Reporting System component of the RPMS software suite. CRS provides sites with the ability to report on GPRA and developmental clinical measures from local RPMS databases.

Denominator
The denominator for a performance measure is the total patient population being reviewed to determine how many (what percentage) of the total meet the definition of the measure. Different measures have different denominators; for example, all patients, or all adult diabetic patients, or all female patients between certain ages.

Developmental Measures
For IHS, these are clinical performance measures that are being tested for possible inclusion as formal GPRA measures. The purpose of developmental measures is to test over two to three years whether accurate data can be reported and measured.

FY
Fiscal year. The fiscal year for the federal government is October 1 through September 30.

GPRA
Government Performance and Results Act. A federal law requiring federal agencies to annually document their goals and progress towards their goals. For a detailed description, see Section 3.1.1.
GPRA Measure

Performance measures specifically identified in the IHS Annual Performance Plan to Congress. Each measure has one denominator and one numerator. For FY 2011, the IHS has 33 GPRA measures in three main categories: Treatment (16 measures), Prevention (14 measures), and Capital Programming/Infrastructure (3 measures). These measures address the most significant health problems facing the AI/AN population.

GPRA Report to Congress

IHS, as well as all other federal agencies, provides an annual report to Congress in conjunction with the next year’s budget request to document how well and cost-effectively the agency meets its defined mission. The report has three parts: (1) reporting how many of the previous FY measures were met and explanations for those measures unmet; (2) providing final definitions of performance measures for the current FY; and (3) providing any proposed additions, deletions, and definition changes to measures for the following FY. Aggregated data from the CRS version 11.0 (FY11) will be used to report most clinical measures in the FY 2011 Performance Report.

GUI

Graphical user interface. The Windows-based version of the CRS application. Visual CRS is available in addition to the character-based (“roll and scroll”) user interface (CHUI).

Healthy People 2010 (HP 2010)

HP 2010 presents a comprehensive, nationwide health promotion and disease prevention agenda under the direction of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). HP 2010 performance indicator definitions and related targets are used by many healthcare organizations, including IHS, as the basis for its own clinical performance measures.

HEDIS

Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS). Developed by the National Committee for Quality Assurance, HEDIS is a tool used by more than 90% of American’s health plans to measure performance on important dimensions of care and service.

I/T/U

Indian, Tribal, and Urban facilities. Using the abbreviation I/T/U generally means that all components of the Indian healthcare system are referred to, not just IHS direct sites.
ICD Codes
One of several code sets used by the healthcare industry to standardize data. The International Classification of Disease (ICD) is an international diagnostic coding scheme. In addition to diseases, ICD also includes several families of terms for medical-specialty diagnoses, health statuses, disablements, procedures, and reasons for contact with healthcare providers. IHS currently uses ICD-9 for coding. CRS searches for ICD and other codes as specified in the logic definition to determine if a patient meets a denominator or numerator definition.

Logic
The detailed definition, including specific RPMS fields and codes, of how the CRS software defines a denominator or numerator.

LOINC
Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC®). A standard coding system originally initiated for laboratory values, the system is being extended to include nonlaboratory observations (electrocardiograms [EKGs], vital signs, etc.). Standard code sets are used to define individual tests and mitigate variations in local terminologies for lab and other healthcare procedures; for example, Glucose or Glucose Test. IHS began integrating LOINC values into RPMS at several pilot sites in 2002.

National GPRA & PART Report
In CRS, the National GPRA & PART Report is a report that includes the specific denominator and numerator from each of the clinical performance measure topics included in the IHS GPRA performance plan and other key developmental (i.e., non-GPRA) measures. The National GPRA & PART Report can be run and printed locally for site use or simultaneously printed at the site and exported to the Area Office for use in an Area Office aggregate report.

Numerator
The numerator is the number of patients from the denominator, i.e., the total population surveyed who meet the logic criteria for a performance measure.

Patient List
For each measure, CRS produces a list of patients related to the specific measure. Most patient lists include patients from the denominator with any visit dates and/or codes that identify them as meeting the measure. Patient lists are a good way to identify patients who need a procedure or test; for example, patients age 50 and older who have not received Influenza vaccinations.
**Performance Measure**

The combination of one defined denominator and numerator. Performance measures are definitions of specific measurable objectives that can demonstrate progress toward the goals stated in an organization’s strategic and/or performance plans.

**Performance Measure Topic**

An overarching clinical topic, for example, Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control. Each topic may have multiple denominators and numerators related to the topic. For example, the Diabetes: Blood Pressure topic has three numerators: (1) how many diabetic patients had a minimum of two blood pressure values in the past year; (2) how many patients had controlled blood pressure (BP), defined as mean BP value less than 130/80; and (3) how many patients had uncontrolled BP. Out of these three numerators, the GPRA measure is Controlled Blood Pressure.

**PIT**

Performance Improvement Team. Facilities will have different names for their PITs, including GPRA Improvement, Quality Improvement, or other similar phrases. A PIT should represent members from all areas of the clinic staff, including providers (physicians, nurses, physician assistants, pharmacists, etc), medical records staff, data entry staff, quality assurance staff, site managers, or other information technology staff.

**QI**

Abbreviation for quality improvement.

**Report Period**

CRS reports analyze and report on a minimum of one year’s data for all performance measures. In all reports except the National GPRA & PART Report, users define the report period by selecting one of the predefined date ranges and entering the calendar year of the end of the reporting period. For example, selecting July 1–June 30 and calendar year 2011 defines July 1, 2010–June 30, 2011 as the report period. All CRS reports also display the previous and baseline periods for comparison.

**Selected Measures Report (CRS)**

This type of report displays results for all denominators and numerators related to one or more performance measure topics selected by the user. CRS documents the number of patients in the denominators and numerators, as well as the percentage of patients meeting the definition. The report compares performance for three time periods: current year (user defined), previous year,
and baseline year (user defined). Selected Measures reports can also produce patient lists at user request.

**Taxonomy**

Taxonomies are groupings of functionally related data elements, such as specific codes, code ranges, or terms used by various RPMS applications, to find data items in PCC and determine if a patient meets a certain criteria. To ensure comparable data within the agency as well as to external organizations, as much CRS measure logic as possible is based on standard national codes, such as CPTs or ICD-9. For terminology that is not standardized across each facility, such as lab tests or medications, CRS uses taxonomies that can be populated by each individual facility with its own codes.

**User Population**

The standard User Population definition was developed by IHS to define its core population for statistical reporting to Congress. CRS uses a slightly different definition, which is any AI/AN patient who is alive during the entire report period and residing in the defined community with at least one visit to any clinic in the three years prior to the end of the report period. Most measures included on the National GPRA & PART Report use the Active Clinical Population definition. For a detailed description of the User Population denominator, see Sections 3.2.3.3 (User Population for National GPRA & PART Reporting) and 3.2.3.6 (User Population for Local Reports).
3.0 Introduction

The CRS is an RPMS software application designed for local and Area Office monitoring of clinical performance measures in a timely manner.

Because definitions of clinical performance measures can change every year, CRS will be updated and released annually. The current version BGP 11.0 adds FY 2011 clinical performance measures to existing FY 2010 through FY 2002 measures.

3.1 Clinical Performance Assessment and GPRA

Performance assessment measures what an organization does and how well it does it. For a healthcare organization, such as the IHS, this means measuring how well we deliver healthcare services to our population with documentable improvement in various standard health measures. Standardized clinical performance measures provide a systematic approach to health improvement for our organization. Results from performance assessment are used internally within the IHS, at national and local levels, to support and guide performance improvement in those clinical areas that need it. Performance results are also needed externally to demonstrate accountability to an organization’s stakeholders; for IHS, this means Congress and the current administration. Since clinical care is provided in the field, understanding and reporting on clinical performance measures can no longer be solely the concern of IHS Headquarters (HQ) staff.

3.1.1 What Is GPRA?

Since 1955, the IHS has demonstrated the ability to utilize limited resources to improve the health status of AI/AN people by focusing on preventive and primary care services. The IHS, like all federal agencies, is under increasing pressure to demonstrate progress in a measurable way towards its mission and goals. Our clinical GPRA measures are and continue to be the mainstay in performance reporting for the IHS. The current administration is actively working towards the goal of building a transparent, high-performance government with health reform as one of its highest national priorities.

The GPRA requires federal agencies to demonstrate that they are using their funds effectively toward meeting their missions. The law requires agencies to have both a five-year Strategic Plan in place and to submit annual performance plans specifically describing what the agency intends to accomplish toward those goals with their annual budget. Every year, the agency reports on how the agency measured against the performance targets set in the plan.
Appropriately for a healthcare organization, most IHS GPRA measures describe clinical treatment and prevention measures. The performance measures address the most significant health problems facing the AI/AN population as identified by representatives of the local I/T/U programs, as well as management areas of the President's Management Agenda. For FY 2011, the IHS has 33 GPRA measures in three main categories: Treatment (16 measures), Prevention (14 measures), and Capital Programming/Infrastructure (3 measures).

Performance measures are further characterized by type, where

- **Outcome measures** directly relate to reducing mortality or morbidity relative to a disease or condition that program(s) addresses. All clinical GPRA measures are outcome measures. Examples include reducing prevalence of obesity, diabetic complications, and unintentional injury.

- **Output measures** describe the level of activity that will be provided over a period of time – the internal activities of a program (i.e., the products and services delivered); for example, maintaining accreditation rate for Youth Regional Treatment Centers, conducting at least three community injury prevention projects in each area.

- **Efficiency measures** track the ratio of total outputs or outcomes to total inputs (federal plus nonfederal). Examples include average project duration from project Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) execution to construction completion and percent of replacement health centers completed on time.

All GPRA measures are determined annually by the GPRA Coordinating Committee, with input from specific subject matter experts in various subject areas. Teleconferences and meetings are held regularly to review, discuss, and edit or add performance measures. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has requested that IHS reduce process measures and increase outcome measures. Potential (developmental) measures for emerging areas of clinical concern to IHS, such as HIV, are proposed, discussed, and refined over several months and may change definition several times before being included as a formal GPRA measure. One of the criteria for adding new measures is that they are measurable; for clinical measures, this means that performance data can be gathered by using RPMS data.

For a complete list of FY 2011 GPRA measures, see FY09–FY11 GPRA Measures. Further information about GPRA performance reporting, including results for FY 2004 through FY 2010, can be found at the following Web site: [http://www.ihs.gov/cio/crs/index.cfm?module=crs_gppla_reporting](http://www.ihs.gov/cio/crs/index.cfm?module=crs_gppla_reporting)

### 3.1.2 Clinical Performance Measures

Most of the 33 IHS GPRA measures are clinical. The majority of the GPRA performance measures have a denominator and a numerator defined. The denominator
is the total population being reviewed; the numerator is the number of patients from the denominator who meet the definition of the measure. Some, however, only have a numerator and are just a count, such as Sealants and Topical Fluoride.

The Treatment category includes measures covering diabetes, cancer, behavioral health, oral health, accreditation, and medications. An example of a treatment measure is Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control. The FY 2011 goal for this measure is to maintain the proportion of patients with diagnosed diabetes that have achieved blood pressure control at a rate of 39.0%. Blood pressure control is defined as the mean of at least 2 non-Emergency Room (ER) blood pressure values less than 130/80. The IHS FY 2010 national rate was 38%; the Healthy People 2010 goal is 50% (see Section 3.2.4).

The Prevention category includes measures covering public health nursing, immunization, injury prevention, behavioral health, cardiovascular disease, obesity, tobacco use, and HIV. An example of a prevention measure is Adult Immunizations: Influenza. The FY 2011 goal for this measure is to maintain the rate of 63.5% for the influenza vaccination levels among noninstitutionalized adult patients aged 65 years and older. The IHS FY 2010 rate was 62%; the Healthy People 2010 goal is 90%.

### 3.1.2.1 Measure Example

**GPRA Measure Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates:** During FY 2011, achieve the tentative target rate of 60.5% for the proportion of female patients ages 21 through 64 without a documented history of hysterectomy who have had a Pap screen within the previous three years.

The denominator is the total population that is being reviewed for a specific measure. For the Pap smear measure, the denominator is all female patients at least age 21 at the beginning of the report period and less than 65 at the end of the report period. The numerator is the number of patients in the denominator who meet specific criteria. For Pap smear, the numerator is the number of patients in the denominator who had a Pap smear, defined by certain codes and documented in RPMS any time in the three years prior to the end of the report period. For a detailed description of performance measure logic, see Section 3.2.4, “Performance Measure Logic Example.”

In addition to the formal denominator and numerator for a GPRA measure, there may be other denominators and numerators clinically related to the topic. For the Treatment measure cited above, Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control, three separate denominators (patient populations) are examined. The GPRA denominator is Active Diabetic patients. The other two denominators reviewed for any Diabetes measure are User Population and Active Adult Diabetic patients. For detailed logic definitions of the denominators, see the *CRS Clinical Performance Measure Logic Manual*, Section 2.0, “Performance Measure Logic.” In addition to the GPRA numerator, for patients
with controlled BP, two related numerators are tracked: (1) patients with documented BP in past year (mean of either two or three non-ER visit blood pressure values), and (2) patients with BP that is not controlled. Reviewing all the denominators and numerators for the Diabetes Blood Pressure Control measure topic gives a site’s clinical staff a more comprehensive picture of the status of BP control among diabetic patients.

Because the number of formal GPRA measures for the IHS is limited by direction from the OMB, not all healthcare issues relevant to the AI/AN patient population are defined. Developmental measures that address emerging healthcare issues within the IHS have been defined for the agency. Some of these developmental measures may become formal GPRA measures in future years.

Required performance reporting provides the agency with a rationale and time line to establish and maintain an ongoing process to identify, measure, and evaluate performance measure results. By establishing a feedback loop of results evaluation and performance measure refinement or redefinition based on evidence-based criteria, we can ensure that IHS clinical measures mirror key areas of concern for the AI/AN population and contribute to improving health of individuals, as well as populations.

3.1.3 Comparing Ourselves to National Guidelines

 Appropriately for a healthcare organization, most IHS GPRA measures describe clinical treatment and prevention measures. In order to improve health status, the I/T/U system must be able to make comparisons both within the I/T/U system and the larger medical community. The adoption of comparable health outcome measures that are used by others, such as HEDIS or Healthy People 2010, will help in this endeavor.

- **Healthy People 2010.** Healthy People 2010 (HP 2010) presents a comprehensive, nationwide health promotion and disease prevention agenda under the direction of the HHS. Through 467 objectives in 28 focus areas, Healthy People 2010 represents the ideas and expertise of individuals and organizations concerned about the nation’s health. Each objective, or measure, was developed with a target to be achieved by the year 2010.

  Healthy People 2010 objectives have certain attributes, including: important and understandable, prevention oriented, useful and relevant, measurable, and supported by sound scientific evidence. For additional information about Healthy People 2010, go to this Web site: [http://www.healthypeople.gov/](http://www.healthypeople.gov/).

- **HEDIS** is a set of standardized performance measures, originally designed to ensure that purchasers and consumers have the information they need to reliably compare the performance of managed health care plans. HEDIS did not start out being about prevention per se, but it has evolved into a de facto tool for measuring the quality of prevention services provided by a healthcare organization.
The performance measures in HEDIS are related to many significant public health issues such as cancer, heart disease, smoking, asthma, and diabetes. HEDIS also includes a standardized survey of consumers’ experiences that evaluates plan performance in areas such as customer service, access to care, and claims processing. HEDIS is sponsored, supported, and maintained by the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), a not-for-profit organization dedicated to improving healthcare quality everywhere. For additional information about NCQA and HEDIS, go to this Web site:

IHS uses both Healthy People 2010 and HEDIS, in addition to other clinical guidelines, to define clinical performance measures and set levels for performance. CRS provides HP 2010 target information on the report for as many of the measures included in CRS as are available.

3.2 CRS Overview

Collecting and reporting comparable data across all I/T/Us, as well as to the larger healthcare community, is essential to the process of measuring and communicating health status and performance improvement. Improved data collection and quality provide consistent data across all I/T/Us and are critical to providing better patient care, as well as timely and accurate performance measures.

The CRS is a software tool that provides reports for local site and Area Office use specifically on clinical performance measures that are based on data from the IHS RPMS. For FY11, CRS includes 25 performance measure topics included in the National GPRA & PART Report and 44 developmental/other clinical measure topics included in the Selected Measures (Local) Report and other reports.

Each measure topic has one or more denominator and numerator defined. The denominator is the total population being reviewed; the numerator is the number of patients from the denominator who meet the logic criteria. Detailed logic for each performance measure is described in the CRS Clinical Performance Measure Logic Manual, Section 2.0, Performance Measure Logic.

3.2.1 How Does CRS Work?

Upon demand from local RPMS databases, CRS produces a printed or electronic report for any or all of over 300 GPRA and developmental clinical performance measures, representing 64 clinical topics based on RPMS data. Reports display the total numbers (count) in both the denominator (total patient population evaluated) and numerator (patients who meet the measure criteria), as well as the percentage of total patients in the numerator.
Reports also compare the site's performance numbers in the current report period (user defined) to the previous period and to a user-defined baseline period. The purpose of having three time periods for comparison is always to compare exactly the same logic across time periods. Since the details of performance measure logic may change somewhat each year, it is not accurate to compare a performance measure from CRS FY10 to the same measure from CRS FY11. The three time periods allow truly comparable data.

The National GPRA & PART Report provides a summary of the local GPRA measure results compared to national performance and agency goals. The report contains a section of GPRA Developmental measures as well. Users can request patient lists for each of the measures, displaying patients who do or do not meet the measure criteria. In addition, a comprehensive report is available that lists all of the measures each patient did not meet.

A facility also can produce a data file for the National GPRA & PART Report for transmission to the Area Office where an area-wide aggregate report can be generated. For detailed descriptions of the different report types, see Section 5.0, Reports and Patient Lists.

Because GPRA measures can change annually, CRS is updated and released annually to reflect any changes. The current version 11.0 adds FY 2011 performance measures to the existing FY 2010 through FY 2002 clinical performance measures.

The CRS is intended to eliminate the need for manual chart audits to evaluate and report the IHS clinical GPRA and developmental measures based on RPMS data. To produce reports with comparable data across every facility using CRS, the GPRA measure definition must be translated into programming code. This means an English text expression must be defined specifically in terms of which RPMS fields to look at and which values to look for to fit the definition.

The logic provided to the CRS application programmer was developed in conjunction with various clinical subject matter experts for the different types of measures; i.e., the Diabetes Program reviewed and approved the logic for diabetes measures.

CRS has been described as a scavenger hunt for data that looks at as many RPMS applications and as many fields as may be applicable to meet the measure. To ensure comparable data within the agency, as well as to external organizations, as much performance measure logic as possible is based on standard national codes. These codes include ICD-9, CPT, LOINC, and national IHS standard code sets (e.g., health factors, patient education codes, etc.).
For terminology that is not standardized across each facility, such as lab tests or medications, CRS uses taxonomies that can be populated by each individual facility with its own codes. For detailed information about taxonomies, see Section 4.3, Taxonomies.

**Note:** Facilities that develop and use their own codes for IHS-specific functions, such as health factors and patient education, will find that these entries do not count toward meeting the measure.

### 3.2.2 CRS Security Keys

In order for a user to have access to the CRS application, he/she must be assigned the BGPZMENU security key in RPMS. Other security keys that a user may need are as follows:

- **BGPZ PATIENT LISTS**, which enables a user to run lists of patients that contain patient identifiers and medical information
- **BGPZ SITE PARAMETERS**, which enables a user to edit the site parameters
- **BGPZ TAXONOMY EDIT**, which enables a user to edit the site-populated lab and medication taxonomies
- **BGPZAREA**, which provides user access to the Area Office menu, where Area Aggregate reports may be run

### 3.2.3 CRS Key Denominator Definitions

Each performance measure topic has one or more defined denominators and numerators. The denominator is the total population being reviewed for a specific measure.

The Active Clinical population is the denominator definition used for most GPRA measures. This denominator was developed in FY 2003 specifically for clinical measures because it is more representative of the active clinical population.

**Note:** Because facilities, who offer no direct care and whose patients receive only CHS, do not meet the requirements of the Active Clinical population. A new site parameter, Contract Health Site Only, was added for FY2006.
Prior to FY 2003, the User Population denominator definition was used. The User Population definition is similar to the agency IHS User Population definition, but not identical to the definition used by IHS headquarters (HQ) for annual user population statistics. GPRA “visits” are not required to be workload reportable, as defined by IHS HQ. The GPRA User Population is used as a secondary denominator in the local reports, as it represents a broader public health definition of a site’s population.

For national GPRA reporting, only one denominator for each topic is reported. For Selected Measures reports for local facility use (Section 5.11), multiple denominators may be reported to provide a complete picture of clinical performance. Users also have additional options available to further refine denominator definitions.

### 3.2.3.1 Active Clinical Population for National GPRA & PART Reporting

- Patient records with the name of “DEMO,PATIENT” or who are included in the RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template ([DPST](#) option located in the PCC Management Reports, Other section) will be automatically excluded from the denominator.

- Patient must have two visits to medical clinics in the past three years. At least one visit must be to one of the following core medical clinics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Clinic</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Clinic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Well Child</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>Diabetic</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Family Practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>GYN</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>EPSDT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Immunization</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>Women’s Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Internal Medicine</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Urgent Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Pediatrics</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>Evening</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The second visit can be either to one of the core medical clinics in the previous list or to one of the following additional medical clinics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Clinic</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Clinic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>Cardiac</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Neurology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Chest And TB</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Rheumatology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>Dermatology</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>Nephrology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07</td>
<td>ENT</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Chronic Disease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>Family Planning</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>Endocrinology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Obstetrics</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>Urology</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• Patient must be alive on the last day of the report period.
• Patient must be AI/AN (defined as Beneficiary 01). This data item is entered and updated during the patient registration process.
• Patient must reside in a community included in the site’s “official” GPRA community taxonomy, defined as all communities of residence in the CHS catchment area specified in the community taxonomy that is specified by the user.

### 3.2.3.2 Active Clinical CHS Population for National GPRA & PART Reporting

- Patient records with the name of “DEMO,PATIENT” or who are included in the RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template (DPST option located in the PCC Management Reports, Other section) will be automatically excluded from the denominator.
- Patient must have two CHS visits in the three years prior to the end of the report period.
- Patient must be alive on the last day of the report period.
- Patient must be AI/AN (defined as Beneficiary 01). This data item is entered and updated during the patient registration process.
- Patient must reside in a community included in the site’s official GPRA community taxonomy, defined as all communities of residence in the CHS catchment area specified in the community taxonomy that is specified by the user.

### 3.2.3.3 User Population for National GPRA & PART Reporting

- Patient records with the name of “DEMO,PATIENT” or who are included in the RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template (DPST option located in the PCC Management Reports, Other section) will be automatically excluded from the denominator.
• Patient must have been seen at least once in the three years prior to the end of the
  time period, regardless of the clinic type.
• Patient must be alive on the last day of the report period.
• Patient must be AI/AN (defined as Beneficiary 01). This data item is entered and
  updated during the patient registration process.
• Patient must reside in a community included in the site’s official GPRA
  community taxonomy, defined as all communities of residence in the CHS
  catchment area specified in the community taxonomy that is specified by the user.

3.2.3.4 Active Clinical Population for Local Reports

• Patient records with name “DEMO,PATIENT” or who are included in the RPMS
  Demo/Test Patient Search Template (DPST option located in the PCC
  Management Reports, Other section) will be automatically excluded from the
denominator.
• Patient must have two visits to medical clinics in the past three years. At least one
  visit must be to one of the following core medical clinics:

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
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<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Diabetic</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>GYN</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Immunization</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Internal Medicine</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Pediatrics</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The second visit can be either to one of the core medical clinics in the previous
list or to one of the following additional medical clinics:

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Chest And TB</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>Dermatology</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07</td>
<td>ENT</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>Family Planning</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Obstetrics</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Orthopedic</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Surgical</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>High Risk</td>
<td>B8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>General Preventive</td>
<td>B9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Hypertension</td>
<td>C3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Postpartum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Patient must be alive on the last day of the report period.
- User defines population type: AI/AN patients only, non-AI/AN, or both. This data item is typed and updated during the patient registration process.
- User defines general population: single community; group of multiple communities (community taxonomy); user-defined list of patients (patient panel); or all patients, regardless of community of residence.

### 3.2.3.5 Active Clinical CHS Population for Local Reports

- Patient records with the name of “DEMO,PATIENT” or who are included in the RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template (DPST option located in the PCC Management Reports, Other section) will be automatically excluded from the denominator.
- Patient must have two CHS visits in the three years prior to the end of the report period.
- Patient must be alive on the last day of the report period.
- User defines population type: AI/AN patients only, non-AI/AN, or both.
- User defines general population: single community; group of multiple communities (community taxonomy); user-defined list of patients (patient panel); or all patients, regardless of community of residence.

### 3.2.3.6 User Population for Local Reports

- Patient records with the name of “DEMO,PATIENT” or who are included in the RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template (DPST option located in the PCC Management Reports, Other section) will be automatically excluded from the denominator.
- Patient must have been seen at least once in the three years prior to the end of the time period, regardless of the clinic type.
- Patient must be alive on the last day of the report period.
• User defines population type: AI/AN patients only, non-AI/AN, or both.

• User defines general population: single community; group of multiple communities (community taxonomy); user-defined list of patient (patient panel); or all patients, regardless of community of residence.

3.2.4 Performance Measure Logic Example

The GPRA measure example used in Section 3.1.2 was Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates: During FY 2011, achieve the tentative target rate of 60.5% for the proportion of female patients ages 21 through 64 without a documented history of hysterectomy who have had a Pap screen within the previous 3 years.

For CRS, the GPRA measure definition is:

• Denominator (total number of patients evaluated): Active Clinical female patients ages 21 through 64, excluding those with documented history of hysterectomy. (The clinical owner of the measure has determined based on current medical guidelines that “eligible” women are defined as ages 21–64.)

• Numerator (those from the denominator who meet the criteria for the measure): patients with documented Pap smear in past three years.

For the programmer, the Pap smear measure is described in terms of the following logic:

1. Begin with the Active Clinical population definition (see Section 3.2.3.1).
   a. Exclude any patient records with the name of “DEMO,PATIENT.”
   b. Exclude any patient records that are included in the RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template.
   c. Exclude any patient records with a date of death in the Patient Registration file.
   d. Exclude any patient records that do not have value 01 (AI/AN) in the Beneficiary field of the Patient Registration file.
   e. Exclude any patient records whose Community of Residence is not included in the site’s defined GPRA Community Taxonomy for this report.
   f. For the remaining patients, search Visit files for the three years prior to the selected report end date; exclude any patient records whose visits do not meet the “two medical clinics” definition; or, for facilities with the CHS-Only site parameter set to Yes, exclude any patient records that do not have two CHS visits in the past three years.
2. From these patients, identify the subset that are female and at least age 21 on the first day of the current report period and less than age 65 on the last day of the report period.

3. Exclude patients with documented hysterectomy by searching the V Procedure file for Procedure Codes 68.4–68.8 or V CPT for CPT Codes 51925, 56308 (old code), 58150, 58152, 58200–58294, 58548, 58550–58554, 58570–58573, 58951, 58953–58954, 58956, 59135 or V POV 618.5, V88.01, V88.03 or Women's Health procedure called Hysterectomy any time before the end of the report period.

4. For these patients (the denominator), check for a Pap smear in the past three years in the following order:
   a. Check V Lab for a laboratory test called Pap Smear and for any site-populated Pap smear laboratory test documented in the BGP PAP SMEAR TAXonomy
   b. Check V Lab for any LOINC code listed in the predefined BGP PAP LOINC CODES taxonomy (see the CRS Technical Manual for specific codes)
   c. Check the Purpose of Visit file (V POV) for: a diagnosis of: V67.01 Follow-up Vaginal Pap Smear, V76.2-Screen Mal Neop-Cervix, V72.31 Routine Gynecological Examination, V72.32 Encounter for Pap Cervical Smear to Confirm Findings of Recent Normal Smear Following Initial Abnormal Smear, V72.3 Gynecological Examination, Pap Cervical Smear as Part of General Gynecological Exam, Pelvic Exam (annual) (periodic) (old code, to be counted for visits prior to 10/1/04 only), V76.47 Vaginal Pap Smear for Post-Hysterectomy Patients, 795.0*, 795.10–16, or 795.19
   d. Check V Procedures for a procedure of 91.46
   e. Check V CPT for the following CPT Codes: 88141–88167, 88174–88175, G0123, G0124, G0141, G0143–G0145, G0147, G0148, P3000, P3001, or Q0091
   f. Check the Women’s Health Tracking package for documentation of a procedure called Pap smear and where the result does not have "ERROR/DISREGARD".

If a visit with any of the specified codes is found, the patient is considered to have met the measure, and the program checks the next patient.

For a detailed description of the logic for each performance measure included in CRS, see the CRS Clinical Performance Manual, Section 2.0, “Performance Measure Logic.”
3.2.5 CRS Report Time Periods

For each measure, the following three time periods are displayed:

- **Current or Report Period**: A time period entered by the user. For a typical National GPRA & PART Report, the time period would be July 1 through June 30, which has been defined by the Office of Planning and Evaluation as the “performance year.”

- **Previous Year Period**: Same time period as report period for the previous year.

- **Baseline Period**: Same time period as report period for any year specified by the user. For a typical National GPRA & PART Report, the baseline year is July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000.

The data for the report period is compared to the data for the previous year and the baseline periods. The percentage of change between current and previous year and current and baseline periods is calculated.

The purpose of having three time periods for comparison is to compare exactly the same logic across time periods. Since the details of measure logic may change somewhat each year, it is not accurate to compare a performance from CRS FY10 to the same measure from CRS FY11. The three time periods allow truly comparable data.

3.3 FY11 Clinical Measures Included in CRS

The clinical measures reported by CRS include formal IHS GPRA measures the agency is currently reporting to Congress, other GPRA-related measure topics, and developmental measure topics being evaluated as possible future GPRA measures.

**Note**: CRS only includes clinical performance measures that can be derived from RPMS data.

For detailed descriptions of the measure logic, including specific codes and taxonomies used, and formats for each topic and patient list, see the *CRS Clinical Performance Manual*, Section 2.0, “Performance Measure Logic.”

4.0 Getting Started: System Setup

Before a site can use the CRS for FY2011 to run reports, the site’s system parameters and taxonomies must be set up.

System Setup Task Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Action</th>
<th>For details, see Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Create the official community taxonomy for national GPRA reporting using Q-Man.</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Set up the CRS system parameters for the site.</td>
<td>4.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Run the taxonomy check for all reports.</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Set up the lab and medication taxonomies used by CRS.</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.1 Community Taxonomy

The community taxonomy is used to define the range of community names where your facility’s patients reside, and is included in your reports. Most likely, your facility has one or more community taxonomies already set up for use with other RPMS applications.

For the National GPRA & PART Report, a community taxonomy should be used that includes all communities served by the facility.

Note: The GPRA Area Coordinators decided in January 2004 at their national meeting that all Area Offices would use their defined CHS catchments as their default community taxonomies for the yearly GPRA report, with the exception of the Oklahoma City Area (all of OK is in the Contract Health Service Delivery Area [CHSDA]).

Individuals may want to run local reports of selected measures for a specific subset of the population, which may use a different community taxonomy than the community taxonomy used to run the National GPRA & PART Report.

Use Q-Man to set up the community taxonomy. If you do not have access to Q-Man, see your RPMS site manager.

Note: If the Q-Man menu option is not listed in your main menu, contact your site manager to receive the Q-Man access keys.
To define the Community taxonomy, follow these steps:

1. At the Main Menu prompt, choose the QMAN menu option and press the Enter key to display the Q-Man menu.
2. At the “Enter Return to continue or ^ to Exit” prompt, press Enter.
3. At the “Your Choice” prompt, type 1 (Search PCC Database) and press Enter.
4. At the “What is the subject of your search?” prompt, type LIVING PATIENTS (all uppercase) and press Enter.
5. At the “Attribute of Living Patients” prompt, type Community and press Enter.
6. At the “Enter Community” and “Enter Another Community” prompts, type the name(s) of the community or communities of interest.
7. When finished, press Enter at a blank “Enter Another Community” prompt.
8. At the “Want to save this community group for future use?” prompt, type Y and press Enter.
9. At the “Group Name” prompt, type a name for the taxonomy and press Enter.
10. At the “Are you adding [group name]’ as a new Taxonomy (the #TH)?” prompt, verify your group name and type Y to save it or N to cancel the save and press Enter.
11. (Optional) At the “Taxonomy Brief Description” prompt, type a short description of the taxonomy and press Enter.
12. (Optional) At the “1>” prompt, type enter the information for the extended description for the taxonomy; otherwise press Enter.
13. At the “Attribute of Living Patients” prompt, type ^ (Shift-6) and press Enter.
14. At the “What is the subject of your search?” prompt, type ^ (Shift-6) and press Enter to return to the Q-Man main menu.
15. To exit the Q-Man main menu, type 0 (zero) at the prompt and press Enter.

What is the subject of your search? LIVING PATIENTS // <Enter> LIVING PATIENTS

Subject of search: PATIENTS ALIVE TODAY

Attribute of LIVING PATIENTS: COMMUNITY <Enter>

Enter COMMUNITY: ANADARKO <Enter> CADDOK OKLAHOMA 140 4008140
Enter ANOTHER COMMUNITY: CARNEGIE <Enter> CADDOK OKLAHOMA 144 4008144
Enter ANOTHER COMMUNITY: WALTERS <Enter> COTTON OKLAHOMA 263 4017263
Enter ANOTHER COMMUNITY: <Enter>

The following have been selected =>

ANADARKO
CARNEGIE
Want to save this COMMUNITY group for future use? No// Y <Enter> (Yes)
Group name: SWOK GPRA REPORT COMMUNITIES <Enter>
Are you adding 'SWOK GPRA REPORT COMMUNITIES' as a new TAXONOMY (the 890TH)? No// Y <Enter> (Yes)

TAXONOMY BRIEF DESCRIPTION: <Enter>
EXTENDED DESCRIPTION: No existing text
Edit? NO// NO <Enter>
Computing Search Efficiency Rating

Subject of search: PATIENTS ALIVE TODAY CURRENT COMMUNITY (ANADARKO/CARNEGIE...)

Figure 4-1: Example of setting up a community taxonomy in Q-Man

4.2 Site Parameters (SP)

CI11 > SET > SP

| Note: | Users must have the BGPZ SITE PARAMETERS security key to display the Site Parameters menu option and set up the CRS site parameters. |

Setting site parameters eliminates the need to set those values that are often used throughout the CRS system. These are the CRS site parameters:

- **BGP Site Parameters Location** (i.e., facility location), which defines your facility location.

- **Default Community taxonomy**, which defines the community taxonomy name your site is most likely to use when identifying the population for reports.

  | Note: | If your RPMS server has multiple databases representing multiple facilities, you may not want to set a default Community taxonomy to ensure users will define a specific Community taxonomy each time a report is run. |

- **Definition of Home**, which is used by Public Health Nursing (PHN) measure to identify PHN visits in a home location, in addition to Clinic Code 11. Generally, but not always, a site’s home location is called Home.

- **Export Height/Weight Data to Area/National Programs**, which may be set to N only by Tribal facilities that do not want to export their height/weight data associated with the National GPRA & PART Report to their Area Office and IHS Division of Epidemiology. The default is set to Y.
When a reporting facility chooses to export its GPRA data to the Area Office, if the Export Height/Weight Data site parameter is set to Y, the Area Office export file that is created (file beginning with “BG11”) will include visit data containing height and/or weight measurements taken during the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 for all active clinical patients 0-65 years of age included in the National GPRA & PART Report.

The Area Office creates a combined file containing unduplicated data from all facilities. The file is sent to the National GPRA Support Team for transmission to the Division of Epidemiology, which uses the data to construct frequency curves. Only the unique registration record ID of each patient is sent; individual names and chart numbers are not sent.

A copy of a letter addressed to Tribal Clinic Directors that discusses this data file in detail and explains how the information will be used is included in Height and Weight Data File Letter.

- **Contract Health Site Only**, which is for facilities that offer only CHS to its patients. If a facility offers any direct services to its patients, this site parameter should be set to No. Setting this parameter to Yes redefines the Active Clinical denominator to Active Clinical CHS, requiring a patient to have two CHS visits in the past three years versus meeting the criteria of the Active Clinical denominator definition for having two visits to defined medical clinics in the past three years.

To edit the Site Parameters, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter.
Figure 4-3: Accessing the System Setup menu (Step 2)

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type SET and press Enter.

   **Note:** The SP Site Parameters menu option is displayed only for users with security access to this function.

   The Setup menu is displayed, as in the following example:

Figure 4-4: Accessing the System Setup menu (Step 3)

3. At the “Select System Setup Option” prompt, type SP and press Enter.

4. At the “Select BGP Site Parameters Location” prompt, type the name of your site location.

5. At the “Please enter your site’s Default Community Taxonomy” prompt, type the name of the community taxonomy your site is most likely to use for performance reporting.

   **Note:** The Community taxonomy default can be overridden at the time an individual report is run. Setting a default taxonomy ensures that any user running a report is using the same population definition.
6. At the “Enter Your Site’s Home location” prompt, type the name of your home location, or press Enter to accept the default response.

Type HOME at this prompt to display a list of all home locations. Follow the prompts to select the appropriate location.

*Remember:* The home location is for reporting PHN home visits only and should not be confused with your facility/site location.

7. At the “Do you want to export Height/Weight data to the Area/National Programs?” prompt, type Y if your site wants to export its height and weight data.

If your site is a Tribal site and does not want to export its data, type N.

**Note:** All federal and urban facilities must type Y at this prompt.

8. At the “Contract Health Site Only?” prompt, type N if your facility offers direct care to its patients.

If your facility provides CHS only to its patients, type Y.

9. When the “Select BGP Site Parameters Location” prompt is displayed, press Enter to return to the System Setup menu.

The steps for System Setup are displayed as follows:

```
Select System Setup Option: SP Site Parameters
Select BGP SITE PARAMETERS LOCATION: DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL <Enter>
OKLAHOMA       TAHLEQUAH       01       OK        2582
...OK? Yes// <Enter> (Yes)
Please enter your site's DEFAULT COMMUNITY taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES// <Enter>
Please enter your site's HOME location: HOME// HOME <Enter>
  1   HOME       OKLAHOMA       TAHLEQUAH       89    OK
  2   HOME       CALIFORNIA TRIBE/638       UIHS-TSURAI       89
  3   HOME       MONTANA URB       ROCKY BOY'S       95
  4   HOME       CALIFORNIA URBAN       AMERICAN IND FREE CLINIC       89
  5   HOME       CALIFORNIA URBAN       SAN DIEGO A.I.H.C.       89
Press <RETURN> to see more, '^' to exit this list, OR
CHOOSE 1-5: 1 <Enter> OKLAHOMA       TAHLEQUAH       89    OK

Tribal Sites Only:
Do you want to export Height/Weight data to the Area/National Programs?:
YES// Y <Enter>
YES
Only answer the next question with a Yes if this site provides no direct services but only provides contract health services to their patients.
CONTRACT HEALTH SITE ONLY?: NO// N <Enter> NO

Select BGP SITE PARAMETERS LOCATION:
```

Figure 4-5: Setting up site parameters (Steps 4–10, above)
4.3 Taxonomies

Taxonomies are used to find data items in PCC and determine if a patient or visit meets the criteria for which the software is looking.

To ensure comparable data within the agency as well as to external organizations, as much performance measure logic as possible is based on standard national codes. These codes include ICD-9, CPT, LOINC, and national IHS standard code sets (e.g., health factors, patient education codes, etc.).

For terminology that is not standardized across each facility, such as lab tests or medications, CRS uses taxonomies that can be populated by each individual facility with its own codes.

4.3.1 What Is a Taxonomy?

Taxonomies are groupings of functionally related data elements, such as specific codes, code ranges, or terms, that are used by various RPMS applications to find data items in PCC and determine if a patient meets certain criteria. Two types of taxonomies are distributed with the CRS:

- Software-defined (“hard-coded”)
- Site-populated

Codes and terms contained in a taxonomy are referred to as “members” of the taxonomy.

For data elements like diagnoses, procedures, or lab tests identified by LOINC codes, the taxonomy simply identifies the standard codes a software program should look for. These codes are hard-coded by the programmer into several software-defined taxonomies distributed with the CRS software. These taxonomies can be updated only by the CRS programmer. For a complete list of software-defined taxonomies, see the Clinical Reporting System (BGP) Technical Manual.

Site-populated taxonomies are used to mitigate the variations in terminology for data elements that vary from one facility to another, including medications and lab tests. This means that one site’s Pap smear data can be compared to another site’s data, even though the same term is not used for the Pap smear lab test. Or, one site’s beta blocker data can be compared to another site’s data, even though the same names are not used for beta blocker drugs.
For example, one site’s Lab table might contain the term “Glucose Test,” while another site’s table may contain the term “Glucose” for the same test. PCC programs have no means for dealing with variations in spelling, spacing, and punctuation. Rather than attempting to find all potential spellings of a particular lab test, the application would look for a predefined taxonomy name installed at every facility. The contents of the taxonomy are determined by the facility. In this example, the application would use DM AUDIT GLUCOSE TESTS TAX, and the individual facility would enter all varieties of spelling and punctuation for glucose tests used at that facility.

4.3.2 Site-Populated Clinical Taxonomies Used by CRS

During the initial installation of CRS, the site’s CRS Implementation Team will need to review the taxonomies that must be populated by the site to make sure that all appropriate entries exist or are entered. After that, the GPRA Coordinator and/or person(s) responsible for maintaining the lab and drug taxonomies should review the taxonomies at least each quarter before running the quarterly reports to ensure the taxonomies are up to date.

The CRS site-populated taxonomies include both lab tests and drugs. The tables in Sections 4.3.3 and 4.3.4 can be used as a checklist.

CRS also uses hard-coded, predefined taxonomies for CPT, ICD (diagnosis and procedure), LOINC, American Dental Association (ADA), National Drug Code (NDC), and Veterans Administration (VA) Drug Class codes, as identified in the performance measure logic. These taxonomies cannot be altered by the site.

To view a list of all predefined taxonomies, select the View Taxonomy (VT) option in the Taxonomy Setup menu. The Clinical Reporting System (BGP) Technical Manual also includes a list of all predefined taxonomies.

Detailed instructions on how to check and set up these taxonomies are included in Sections 4.4, Taxonomy Check, and 4.5, Taxonomy Setup (TS).

Reports can be run for the lab tests and medications, including the site-populated taxonomies. For information on running these reports, see Section 5.19, “Lab Taxonomy Report (TXL)” and Section 5.20, “Medication Taxonomy Report (TXM),” respectively.

4.3.3 Site-Populated Lab Taxonomies

The following site-defined lab taxonomies are used by CRS. No new lab taxonomies were added and none were deleted for this version.
Note: To provide accurate counts, you must include all test names that were used by your facility at least since 1995, even if these codes are currently inactive. Some measures search for tests as far back as 10 years.

Many sites designate inactive lab tests by adding one of the following characters at the beginning of the test name: “z,” “Z,” “xx,” “X,” or “*.” Search for these characters in your lab file and include these tests in your site-populated taxonomies because these tests may have been in use at the time.

In the following table, one asterisk (*) precedes the taxonomies that had changes to the topics using the taxonomy, and the text is bolded. Report additions are bolded, and deletions are noted.

### Table 4-1: Site-Populated Lab Taxonomies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxonomy Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Examples of Members</th>
<th>Topics Used In</th>
<th>Reports Used In</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BGP CBC TESTS</td>
<td>All Complete Blood Count (CBC) laboratory tests</td>
<td>CBC; CBC/AUTO DIFF; CBC W/DIFF; CBC W/DIFF+ PLT; CBC &amp; MORPHOLOGY (WITH DIFF); CBC &amp; MORPHOLOGY (NO DIFF); CBC (PRENATAL PROFILE); HEMOGRAM; HEMO PANEL</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP CD4 TAX</td>
<td>All CD4 laboratory tests used to evaluate immune system status (also known as: T4 count, T-helper cells)</td>
<td>CD4</td>
<td>HIV Quality of Care</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Examples of Members</td>
<td>Topics Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
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<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP TESTS TAX</td>
<td>All chlamydia trachomatis laboratory tests</td>
<td>CHLAMYDIA CULTURE; CHLAMYDIA IGG; CHLAMYDIA IGM; CHLAMYDIA SCREEN; CHLAMYDIA DNA PROBE; CHL/GC COMBO</td>
<td>Chlamydia Testing Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) Screening</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP CMS ABG TESTS</td>
<td>All Arterial Blood Gas (ABG) or pulse oximetry laboratory tests</td>
<td>ARTERIAL BLOOD GAS; PULSE OXIMETRY</td>
<td>Pneumonia Community-Acquired Pneumonia (CAP): Assessment of Oxygen Saturation</td>
<td>EO Quality Transparency Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP CREATINE KINASE TAX</td>
<td>All creatine kinase laboratory tests (excluding CK isoenzymes)</td>
<td>CK; CPK; CREATINE KINASE; CREATINE PHOSPHOKINASE</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP GPRA ESTIMATED GFR TAX</td>
<td>All estimated GFR laboratory tests</td>
<td>ESTIMATED GFR; EST GFR</td>
<td>Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment Diabetes Comprehensive Care Chronic Kidney Disease Assessment</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Other National Measures Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP GPRA FOB TESTS</td>
<td>All fecal occult blood laboratory tests</td>
<td>OCCULT BLOOD; Fecal OCCULT BLOOD; FOBT</td>
<td>Colorectal Cancer Screening Comprehensive Cancer Screening</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Examples of Members</td>
<td>Topics Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>----------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP GROUP A STREP TESTS</td>
<td>All Group A strep laboratory tests</td>
<td>THROAT CULTURE; RAPID STREP; STREP A AG</td>
<td>Appropriate Testing for Children with Pharyngitis</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HIV TEST TAX</td>
<td>All HIV laboratory tests</td>
<td>HIV TESTS HIV SCREEN</td>
<td>HIV Screening Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI Screening)</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HIV VIRAL LOAD TAX</td>
<td>All HIV viral load laboratory tests (as measured by PCR or comparable test)</td>
<td>HIV VIRAL LOAD</td>
<td>HIV Quality of Care</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP LIVER FUNCTION TESTS</td>
<td>All liver function laboratory tests</td>
<td>LIVER FUNCTION; HEPATIC FUNCTION; LFT</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP PAP SMEAR TAX</td>
<td>All Papan smear laboratory tests</td>
<td>PAP SMEAR; THIN PREP PAP</td>
<td>Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Comprehensive Cancer Screening</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP POTASSIUM TESTS</td>
<td>All potassium laboratory tests</td>
<td>POTASSIUM; K; Also include panels including potassium, such as: ELECTROLYTES (LYTES); BASIC METABOLIC PANEL (BMP); COMPREHENSIVE METABOLIC PANEL (CMP); RENAL FUNCTION PANEL</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Examples of Members</td>
<td>Topics Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN</td>
<td>All quantitative urine protein laboratory tests</td>
<td>ACR; A/C RATIO; ALBUMIN/CREATININE; ALBUMIN/CREATININE RATIO; MICROALBUMIN/CREATININE RATIO; MICROALBUMIN N; MICROALBUMIN, RANDOM; MICROALBUMIN, TIMED; PROTEIN/CREATININE RATIO; 24 HR URINE PROTEIN; TIMED URINE PROTEIN; URINE PROTEIN/24 HRS; PROTEIN/CREATININE</td>
<td>Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment Diabetes Comprehensive Care Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Other National Measures Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BKM FTA-ABS TESTS TAX</td>
<td>All fluorescent treponemal antibody absorption laboratory tests to confirm syphilis</td>
<td>FTA-ABS; FTA-AB; TP-PA ANTIBODIES</td>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI Screening)</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Table notes:**
- **Taxonomy Name:** BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN, BKM FTA-ABS TESTS TAX
- **Description:** All quantitative urine protein laboratory tests, All fluorescent treponemal antibody absorption laboratory tests to confirm syphilis
- **Examples of Members:** ACR; A/C RATIO; ALBUMIN/CREATININE; ALBUMIN/CREATININE RATIO; MICROALBUMIN/CREATININE RATIO; MICROALBUMIN N; MICROALBUMIN, RANDOM; MICROALBUMIN, TIMED; PROTEIN/CREATININE RATIO; 24 HR URINE PROTEIN; TIMED URINE PROTEIN; URINE PROTEIN/24 HRS; PROTEIN/CREATININE, FTA-ABS; FTA-AB; TP-PA ANTIBODIES
- **Topics Used In:** Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment, Diabetes Comprehensive Care, Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome
- **Reports Used In:** National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, Selected Measures, Elder Care

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxonomy Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Examples of Members</th>
<th>Topics Used In</th>
<th>Reports Used In</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BKM GONORRH EA TEST TAX</td>
<td>All gonorrhea (neisseria gonorrhoeae) laboratory tests</td>
<td>GONOCOCCUS; GC NUCLEIC ACID AMP; NEISSERIA GONORRHOEA E DNA PROBE; NEISSERIA GONORRHOEA E PROBE; NEISSERIA GONORRHOEA E DNA PCR; N. GONORRHOEA E DNA; N GONORRHOEA E SDA, OTV; GC DNA PROBE; GONORRHEA, DNA PROBE; CHLAMYDIA &amp; GONORRHEA PROBE; GC CULTURE; GC-PCA</td>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI Screening)</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BKM RPR TESTS TAX</td>
<td>All syphilis (Rapid Plasma Reagin (RPR) laboratory tests</td>
<td>RPR; RPR QUANT; VDRL; RPR, RFLX; RPR-MONITOR; RPR DIAGNOSTIC</td>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI Screening)</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT ALT TAX</td>
<td>All Alanine Transaminase (ALT) laboratory tests</td>
<td>ALT; SGPT; ALT (SGPT)</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Medication Monitoring</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Osteoarthritis</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Medication Monitoring</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Monitoring</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Examples of Members</td>
<td>Topics Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT AST TAX</td>
<td>All Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) laboratory tests</td>
<td>AST; SGOT; AST (SGOT)</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT CHOLESTEROL TAX</td>
<td>All total cholesterol laboratory tests</td>
<td>CHOLESTEROL; TOTAL CHOLESTEROL</td>
<td>CVD and Cholesterol Screening</td>
<td>Other National Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT CREATININE TAX</td>
<td>All creatinine laboratory tests—NOTE: do not include names of panels that creatinine test may be part of, e.g., basic metabolic panel</td>
<td>CREATININE</td>
<td>All Diabetes Measures for Active Adult Diabetic denominator Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring Chronic Kidney Disease Assessment</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT FASTING GLUCOSE TESTS</td>
<td>All fasting glucose laboratory tests</td>
<td>GLUCOSE (FASTING); F GLUCOSE; GLUCOSE, FASTING; FASTING GLUCOSE; FBS; FASTING BLOOD SUGAR; FASTING GTT; GTT, FASTING</td>
<td>Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Examples of Members</td>
<td>Topics Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT GLUCOSE TESTS TAX</td>
<td>All glucose laboratory tests, including fasting and tolerance tests</td>
<td>GLUCOSE; RANDOM GLUCOSE; FASTING GLUCOSE; WHOLE BLOOD GLUCOSE; ACCUCHECK; HEMOCUE GLUCOSE; FINGERSTICK GLUCOSE; WHOLE BLOOD GLUCOSE; GTT 1HR/100GM; GTT 2HR/100GM; GTT 3HR/100GM; GTT 2HR; GTT 3HR; GLUCOSE TOLERANCE 1HR; GLUCOSE TOLERANCE 2HR; GLUCOSE TOLERANCE 3HR; GLUCOSE 1HR/100GM; GLUCOSE 1HR/50GM; GLUCOSE 2HR/100GM; GLUCOSE 2HR/75GM; GLUCOSE 3HR/100GM; GLUCOSE GTT FASTING</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Examples of Members</td>
<td>Topics Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT HDL TAX</td>
<td>All high-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol laboratory tests—<strong>NOTE:</strong> Do not include lipid panels in this taxonomy</td>
<td>HDL</td>
<td>Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT HGB A1C TAX</td>
<td>All HGB A1C laboratory tests</td>
<td>HGBA1C; A1C; HBA1C; HEMOGLOBIN A1C; GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN; GLYCOHEMOGLOBIN A1C</td>
<td>Diabetes: Glycemic Control Diabetes Comprehensive care Diabetes: Poor Glycemic Control</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Other National Measures Selected Measures Elder Care EO Quality Transparency Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT LDL CHOLESTEROL TAX</td>
<td>All LDL cholesterol laboratory tests—<strong>NOTE:</strong> Do not include lipid panels</td>
<td>LDL; LDL-C</td>
<td>Diabetes Comprehensive Care Diabetes: Lipids Assessment CVD and Cholesterol Screening Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment Cholesterol Management for Patients with Cardiovascular Conditions Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome Diabetes: LDL Control</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Other National Measures Selected Measures Elder Care EO Quality Transparency Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT TRIGLYCERIDE TAX</td>
<td>All triglyceride laboratory tests—<strong>NOTE:</strong> Do not include lipid panels</td>
<td>TRIGLYCERIDE</td>
<td>Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** Do not include lipid panels in this taxonomy.
4.3.4 Site-Populated Drug Taxonomies

All of the taxonomies in Table 4-1 that begin with “BGP” will be prepopulated by the CRS software, as indicated in the Drugs column. However, you should compare the indicated list of drugs with the drugs CRS actually found in your site’s drug file and prepopulated, since there may be drugs that CRS could not locate that should be included in your site-populated taxonomy. You can add those drugs that should be included by editing your site-populated drug taxonomy.

Note: The actual members are too numerous to list and are included in spreadsheet CRS 2011 Medication Taxonomies v11.0. The National Drug Codes and/or VA Drug Classes used to prepopulate many of the taxonomies are included in this spreadsheet for each medication.

There are no new medication taxonomies for CRS version 11.0.

In the following table, a single asterisk (*) precedes any taxonomy where drugs were added and/or removed. The drugs that were added are italicized and the drugs that were deleted are noted.
Table 4-2: Site-Populated Drug Taxonomies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxonomy Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Drugs</th>
<th>Measures Used In</th>
<th>Reports Used In</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BGP ANTI-PLATELET DRUGS</td>
<td>All antiplatelet medications used in CMS measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by VA Drug Class BL700</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>Other National Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aspirin &amp; Dipyridamole (Aggrenox), Cilostazol (Pletal), Clopidogrel (Plavix), Dipyridamole (Persantine), Heparin, Ticlopidine (Ticlid), (Warfarin is included in BL100)</td>
<td>Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy After a Heart Attack</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>EO Quality Transparency Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Stroke and Stroke Rehabilitation: Anticoagulant Therapy Prescribed for Atrial Fibrillation at Discharge</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP ASTHMA INHALED STEROIDS</td>
<td>All asthma inhaled steroid medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Asthma and Inhaled Steroid Use</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Beclomethasone, Qvar, Vancenase, Vanceril, Vanceril DS, Budesonide (Tornalate), Pulmicort, Pulmicort Respules, Pulmicort Turbohaler, Salmeterol/fluticasone (Advair), Triamcinolone (Azmacort), Fluticasone (Flovent)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP CMS SMOKING CESSATION MEDS</td>
<td>All smoking cessation medications used in CRS measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC and with all drug names containing: “Nicotine Patch,” “Nicotine Polacrilex,” “Nicotine Inhaler,” or “Nicotine Nasal Spray.”</td>
<td>Tobacco Cessation</td>
<td>National GPRA &amp; PART/GPRA &amp; PART Performance Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP CMS WARFARIN MEDS</td>
<td>All Warfarin (blood thinner) medications used in CMS measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated with all drug names containing “Warfarin”. Barr Warfarin Sodium, Coumadin, Dicumarol, Jantoven, Panwarfin, Warfarin</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy After a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients Stroke and Stroke Rehabilitation: Anticoagulant Therapy Prescribed for Atrial Fibrillation at Discharge</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures EO Quality Transparency Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ACEI MEDS</td>
<td>All ACE inhibitor medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong>&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Angiotensin Converting Enzyme Inhibitors:</strong> Benazepril, Captopril, Enalapril, Fosinopril, Lisinopril, Moexipril, Perindopril, Quinapril, Ramipril, Trandolopril</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td><strong>Antihypertensives Combinations:</strong> Amlodipine-benazepril, Benazepril-hydrochlorothiazide, Captopril-hydrochlorothiazide, Enalapril-hydrochlorothiazide, Fosinopril-hydrochlorothiazide, Lisinopril-hydrochlorothiazide, Hydrochlorothiazide-lisinopril, Hydrochlorothiazide-moexipril, Hydrochlorothiazide-quinapril, Trandolapril-verapamil</td>
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<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS AMPHETAMINE MEDS</td>
<td>All amphetamine medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. Amphetamine-destr-oamphetamine, Benzphetamine, Dextroamphetamine, Dexamethasone, Diethylpropion, Methamphetamine, Methylphenidate, Phendimetrazine, Phenteramine</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANALGESIC MEDS</td>
<td>All analgesic medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. (Includes combination drugs) Acetaminophen-diphenhydramine, diphenhydramine-magnesium salicylate, Ketorolac</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIANXIETY MEDS</td>
<td>All antianxiety medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. (Includes combination drugs) Aspirin-Meprobamate, Meprobamate</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
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<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIBIOTIC MEDS</td>
<td>All antibiotics for children developed by HEDIS</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong> Amoxicillin, Amox/Clavulanate, Ampicillin, Azithromycin, Cefaclor, Cefadroxil hydrate, Cefazolin, Cefdinir, Cefixime, Cefditoren, Ceftibuten, Cefpodoxime proxetil, Cefprozil, Ceftriaxone, Cefuroxime, Cephalexin, Cephradine, Cephradine, Ciprofloxacin, Clindamycin, Dicloxacillin, Doxycycline, Erythromycin, Ery E-Succ/Sulfisoxazole, Gatifloxacin, Levofloxacin, Lomefloxacin, Loracarbef, Minocycline, Ofloxacine, Penicillin VK, Penicillin G, Sparfloxacin, Sulfisoxazole, Tetracycline, Trimethoprim, Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazol</td>
<td>Appropriate Treatment for Children with Upper Respiratory Infection Appropriate Testing for Children with Pharyngitis</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
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<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTI-DEPRESSANT MEDS</td>
<td>All antidepressant medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong> Tricyclic antidepressants (TCA) and other cyclic antidepressants, Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRI), Monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOI), Serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRI), and other antidepressants.)</td>
<td>Antidepressant Medication Management</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIEMETIC MEDS</td>
<td>All antiemetic medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong> Scopolamine, Trimethobenzamide</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIHISTAMINE MEDS</td>
<td>All antihistamine medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. (Includes combination drugs) APAP/dextromethorphan/diphenhydramine, APAP/diphenhydramine/phenylephrine, APAP/diphenhydramine/pseudoephedrine, Acetaminophen-diphenhydramine, Atropine/CPM/hyoscymine/PE/PPA/scopolamine, Carbetapentane/diphenhydramine/phenylephrine, Codeine/phenylephrine/promethazine, Codeine-promethazine,</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
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<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIHISTAMINE MEDS, continued</td>
<td>All antihistamine medications developed by HEDIS, continued</td>
<td>Ciproheptadine, Dexchlorpheniramine, Dexchlorpheniramine/dextromethorphan/PSE, Dexchlorpheniramine/guaifenesin/PSE, Dexchlorpheniramine/hydrocodone/phenylephrine, Dexchlorpheniramine/methscopolamine/PSE, Dexchlorpheniramine/pseudoephedrine, Dextromethorphan-promethazine, Diphenhydramine, Diphenhydramine/hydrocodone/phenylephrine, Diphenhydramine -magnesium salicylate, Diphenhydramine -phenylephrine, Diphenhydramine -pseudoephedrine, Hydroxyzine hydrochloride, Hydroxyzine pamoate, Phenylephrine-promethazine, Promethazine, Tripelennamine</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly, continued</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care, continued</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTI-PSYCHOTIC MEDS</td>
<td>All antipsychotic medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong> Thioridazine, Mesoridazine</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ARB MEDS</td>
<td>All angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB medications developed by HEDIS)</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. &lt;br&gt;Angiotensin II Inhibitors: Candesartan, Eprosartan, Irbesartan, Losartan, Olmesartan, Telmisartan, Valsartan &lt;br&gt;Antihypertensive Combinations: Aliskiren-valsartan, Amlodipine-hydrochlorothiazide-valsartan, Amlodipine-olmesartan, Candesartan-hydrochlorothiazide, Eprosartan-hydrochlorothiazide, Hydrochlorothiazide-Irbesartan, Hydrochlorothiazide-Losartan, Hydrochlorothiazide-olmesartan, Hydrochlorothiazide-Telmisartan, Hydrochlorothiazide-Valsartan)</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA INHALED MEDS</td>
<td>All inhaled asthma medications developed by HEDIS for the denominator in the CRS HEDIS-based asthma measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. &lt;br&gt;Inhaled Steroid Combinations: Budesonide-formoterol, Fluticasone-salmeterol</td>
<td>Asthma Quality of Care Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma</td>
<td>EO Quality Transparency Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA INHALED MEDS, continued</td>
<td>All inhaled asthma medications developed by HEDIS for the denominator in the CRS HEDIS-based asthma measures, continued</td>
<td><strong>Inhaled Corticosteroids:</strong> Beclomethasone, Budesonide, Flunisolide, Fluticasone CFC free, Mometasone, Triamcinolone <strong>Long-acting, inhaled beta-2 agonists:</strong> Aformoterol, Formoterol, Salmeterol <strong>Mast cell stabilizers:</strong> Cromolyn, Nedocromil <strong>Short-acting, inhaled beta-2 agonists:</strong> Albuterol, Levalbuterol, Metaproterenol, Pirbuterol</td>
<td>Asthma Quality of Care Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma, continued</td>
<td>EO Quality Transparency Measures Selected Measures, continued</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA LEUK MEDS</td>
<td>All asthma leukotriene modifier medications for the denominator in the CRS HEDIS-based asthma measures</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC</strong> Montelukast, Zafirlukast, Zileuton</td>
<td>Asthma Quality of Care Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma</td>
<td>EO Quality Transparency Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA MEDS</td>
<td>All asthma medications developed by HEDIS that are not inhalers, leukotriene modifiers or nedocromil for the denominator in the CRS HEDIS-based asthma measures. Inhalers and nedocromil are included in BGP HEDIS ASTHMA INHALED MEDS and leukotriene modifiers are included in BGP HEDIS ASTHMA LEUK MEDS.</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. Antiasthmatic combinations: Dyphylline-guaifenesin, Guaifenesin-theophylline, Potassium iodide-theophylline Antibody inhibitor: Omalizumab Methylxanthines: Aminophylline, Dyphylline, Oxtriphylline, Theophylline</td>
<td>Asthma Quality of Care Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma</td>
<td>EO Quality Transparency Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS BARBITURATE MEDS</td>
<td>All barbiturate medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
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<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<td>Measures Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS BELLADONA ALKA MEDS</td>
<td>All belladonna alkaloids (including combination drugs) medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. (Includes combination drugs) Atropine, Atropine/CPM/hyoscynamine/PE/scopolamine, Atropine/hyoscyamine/PB/scopolamine, Atropine-difenoxin, Atropine-diphenoxylate, Atropine-edrophonium, Belladonna, Belladonna/caffeine/ergotamine/pentobarbital, Belladonna/ergotamine/phenobarbital, Butobarbital/hyoscynamine/phenazonium/pyridine, Digestive enzymes/hyoscyamine/phenyltoloxamine, Hyoscyamine, Hyoscyamine/met hernam/m-blue/phenyl salicyl, Hyoscyamine-phenobarbital</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
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<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS BENZO-DIAZEPINE MEDS</td>
<td>All long-acting benzodiazepine medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong> <em>(Includes combination drugs)</em> Chlordiazepoxide, Amitriptyline-Chlordiazepoxide, Chlordiazepoxide-clidinium, Diazepam, Flurazepam</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS BETA BLOCKER MEDS</td>
<td>All beta-blocker medications for the CRS HEDIS-based Beta Blocker measures</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS</strong> <strong>Noncardioselective Beta Blockers:</strong> Carteolol, Carvedilol, Labetalol, Nadolol, Penbutolol, Pindolol, Propranolol, Timolol, Sotalol</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High-Risk Patients Beta Blocker Treatment After a Heart Attack Persistence of Beta Blocker Treatment After a Heart Attack</td>
<td>Other National Measures EO Quality Transparency Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Antihypertensive Combinations:** Atenolol-chlorothalidone, Bendroflumethiazide-nadolol, Bisoprololhydrochlorothiazide, Hydrochlorothiazide-metoprolol, Hydrochlorothiazide-propranolol
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxonomy Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Drugs</th>
<th>Measures Used In</th>
<th>Reports Used In</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS CALCIUM CHANNEL MEDS</td>
<td>All short-acting calcium channel blocker medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. Nifedipine—short acting only</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS GASTRO ANTISPASM MED</td>
<td>All gastrointestinal antispasmodics medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. Dicyclomine, Propantheline</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS NARCOTIC MEDS</td>
<td>All narcotic medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. (Includes combination drugs) ASA/caffeine/proxyphene, Acetaminophen-pentazocine, Acetaminophen-prooxyphene, Belladonna-opium, Meperidine, Meperidine-promethazine, Naloxone-pentazocine, Pentazocine, Propoxyphene hydrochloride, Propoxyphene napsylate</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ORAL</td>
<td>All gastrointestinal antispasmodics medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong></td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESTROGEN MEDS</td>
<td></td>
<td>(Includes combination drugs) Conjugated estrogen, Conjugated estrogen-medroxyprogesterone, Esterified estrogen, Esterified estrogen-methyltestosterone, Estropipate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS ORAL</td>
<td>All oral hypoglycemic medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong></td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYPOGLYCEMIC RX</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chlorpropamide</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS OSTEOPOR-OSIS DRUGS</td>
<td>All osteoporosis medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. Alendronate, Alendronate-Cholecalciferol, Calcitonin, Estrogen, Ibandronate, Injectable Estrogens, Raloxifene, Risedronate, Teriparatide</td>
<td>Osteoporosis Management</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS OTHER MEDS AVOID ELD</td>
<td>All other medications to be avoided in the elderly (used in CRS HEDIS-based measures)</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS. (Includes androgens and anabolic steroids, thyroid drugs, and urinary anti-infectives) Methyltestosterone, Nitrofurantoin, Nitrofurantoin macrocrystals, Nitrofurantoin macrocrystals-monohydrate, Thyroid desiccated</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
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<td>------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS PRIMARY ASTHMA MEDS</td>
<td>All primary therapy asthma medications for the numerator for the CRS HEDIS-based asthma measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</td>
<td>Asthma Quality of Care Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma</td>
<td>Selected Measures EO Quality Transparency Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Antiasthmatic Combinations: Dyphylline-Guaifenesin, Guaifenesin-Theophylline, Potassium Iodide-Theophylline</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Antibody inhibitor: Omalizumab</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhaled Steroid Combinations: Budesonide-Formoterol, Fluticasone-Salmeterol</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhaled Corticosteroids: Beclomethasone, Budesonide, Flunisolide, Fluticasone CFC Free, Mometasone, Triamcinolone</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lekotriene Modifiers: Montelukast, Zafirlukast, Zileuton</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mast Cell Stabilizers: Cromolyn, Nedocromil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Methylxanthines: Aminophylline, Dyphylline, Oxtriphylline, Theophylline</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
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<td>-------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS SKL MUSCLE RELAX MED</td>
<td>All skeletal muscle relaxant medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong> (Includes combination drugs) ASA/caffeine/orphenadrine, ASA/carisoprodol/codeine, Aspirin-carisoprodol, Aspirin-meprobamate, Aspirin-methocarbamol, Carisoprodol, Chlorzoxazone, Cyclobenzaprine, Metaxalone, Methocarbamol, Orphenadrine</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS STATIN MEDS</td>
<td>All statin (HMG CoA reductase inhibitors) medications developed by HEDIS</td>
<td><strong>Prepopulated by NDC; developed by HEDIS.</strong> <strong>Statins (HMG CoA reductase inhibitors):</strong> Atorvostatin (Lipitor), Fluvastatin (Lescol), Lovastatin (Altocor), Mevacor, Pravastatin (Pravachol), Simvastatin (Zocor), Rosuvastatin (Crestor) <strong>Statin Combination Products:</strong> Advicor, Caduet, PraviGard Pac, Vytorin</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP HEDIS VASODILATOR MEDS</td>
<td>All vasodilator medications used in CRS HEDIS-based measures</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medication in the Elderly</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dicyclenolate, Dipyridamole short acting only, Ergot mesyloids, Isoxsuprine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP RA AZATHIOPRINE MEDS</td>
<td>All azathioprine medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Azathioprine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP RA CYCLOSPORINE MEDS</td>
<td>All cyclosporine medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cyclosporine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP RA GLUCOCORTICOID MEDS</td>
<td>All glucocorticoid medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by VA Drug Class HS051.</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures Elder Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dexamethasone, Methylprednisolone, Prednisone, Hydrocortisone, Betamethasone, Prednisolone, Triamcinolone</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP RA IM GOLD MEDS</td>
<td>All intramuscular gold medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gold Sodium Thiomalate, IM (Intramuscular)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP RA LEFLUNOMIDE MEDS</td>
<td>All leflunomide medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Leflunomide</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP RA METHOTREXATE MEDS</td>
<td>All methotrexate medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Methotrexate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP RA MYCOPHENOLATE MEDS</td>
<td>All mycophenolate medications used in CRS</td>
<td>Prepopulated by NDC</td>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Selected Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mycophenolate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxonomy Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>Measures Used In</td>
<td>Reports Used In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| BGP RA OA NSAID MEDS | All nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAID) osteoarthritis medications used in CRS | **Prepopulated by NDC**
- Diclofenac,
- Etodolac,
- Indomethacin,
- Ketorolac,
- Sulindac,
- Tolmetin,
- Meclofenamate,
- Mefanamic Acid,
- Nabumetone,
- Meloxicam,
- Piroxicam,
- Fenoprofen,
- Flurbiprofen,
- Ibuprofen,
- Ketoprofen,
- Naproxen,
- Oxaprozin,
- Choline Magnesium Trisalicylate,
- Diflunisil,
- Magnesium Salicylate,
- Celcoxib | Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring | Selected Measures Elder Care |
| BGP RA ORAL GOLD MEDS | All oral gold medications used in CRS | **Not able to prepopulate by NDC**
- Oral Gold | Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring | Selected Measures |
| BGP RA PENICILLAMINE MEDS | All penicillamine medications used in CRS | **Prepopulated by NDC**
- Penicillamine | Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring | Selected Measures |
| BGP RA SULFASALAZINE MEDS | All sulfasalazine medications used in CRS | **Prepopulated by NDC**
- Sulfasalazine | Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring | Selected Measures |
### 4.4 Taxonomy Check (TC)

**CI11 > SET > TC**

Use the Taxonomy Check (TC) Setup Menu option to scan for missing taxonomies or those taxonomies with no entries. The first time you use CRS 2011 version 11.0, you should expect to see a list of those taxonomies that are new to the 2011 software, because they will have no members. Taxonomies that previously existed will retain the members previously associated to them and will not be overwritten with blank taxonomies.

Taxonomies can be checked for each of the following reports:
- National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance Reports
- Other National Measures Report
- Selected Measures Reports
- Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report
- Elder Care Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxonomy Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Drugs</th>
<th>Measures Used In</th>
<th>Reports Used In</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DM AUDIT ASPIRIN DRUGS</td>
<td>All aspirin medications</td>
<td>Any aspirin/acetysalicylic acid (ASA) product used for antiplatelet therapy, aspirin &amp; dipyridamone (aggrenox)</td>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy After a Heart Attack Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring Stroke and Stroke Rehabilitation: Anticoagulant Therapy Prescribed for Atrial Fibrillation at Discharge</td>
<td>Other National Measures Selected Measures Elder Care EO Quality Transparency Measures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
You should run the taxonomy check for each report that your facility will run. If there are reports your facility will not run, you do not need to run the taxonomy check for that report. For example, if your facility does not run the Elder Care report, you could skip that taxonomy check.

The steps for running the taxonomy check are the same for all of the reports.

**Note:** When you have completed the taxonomy setup for your site, rerun the Taxonomy Check option to ensure that all taxonomies have entries.

To check the site taxonomies, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type SET and press Enter to display the Setup Menu.
3. At the “Select System Setup Option” prompt, type TC and press Enter to display the Taxonomy Check Menu, as in the following example:

   **************************
   ** IHS/RPMS CRS 2011  **
   ** Taxonomy Check Menu  **
   **************************
   Version 11.0
   DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

   NGTC   Taxonomy Check-National GPRA/GPRA Performance Rpts
   OTC    Taxonomy Check-Other National Measures Report
   EOTC   Taxonomy Check-EO Quality Transparency Measures
   LRTC   Taxonomy Check-Selected Measures Reports
   ELTC   Taxonomy Check-Elder Care Report

   Select Taxonomy Check Option: NGTC <Enter>

   Figure 4-6: Taxonomy Check Menu: selecting taxonomy to check (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Taxonomy Check Option” prompt, type the menu option of the taxonomy check you want to run; for example, NGTC.

   A message is displayed that gives the name of the report for which the taxonomies are being checked.

   Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA/GPRA Performance Reports. Please enter the device for printing.

   DEVICE: HOME// VIRTUAL TERMINAL Right Margin: 80//

   Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA/GPRA Performance Reports. Please enter the device for printing.

   DEVICE: HOME// VIRTUAL TERMINAL Right Margin: 80//
Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA/GPRA Performance Reports...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

Figure 4-7: Checking taxonomies (Step 4)

5. Press Enter to continue. At the “Device” and “Right Margin” prompts, press Enter to display the information to the screen.

The system checks to see if all taxonomies used in the report are present (Figure 4-7). The name of any taxonomy that is either missing or that has no members is displayed.

6. Review the list of taxonomies that need to be set up or populated. For instructions on setting up these taxonomies, see Section 4.5.

If your taxonomies have all been set up and populated, the message “All taxonomies are present” is displayed.

**Note:** All taxonomies should be reviewed for completeness, even though many of the taxonomies used by CRS have already been established and populated by other RPMS applications (e.g., Diabetes Management) or by CRS 2010 version 10.0.

7. To return to the Taxonomy Check menu, press Enter at the “End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER” prompt.

### 4.5 Taxonomy Setup (TS)

**Note:** Users must have the BGPZ TAXONOMY EDIT security key to edit lab and medication taxonomies used by CRS.

Use the Taxonomy Setup (TS) option on the Setup Menu to add to or edit members in the required taxonomies used in CRS, or to view the taxonomies. All taxonomies should be present after CRS 2011 is loaded, even taxonomies with no members yet.

Users without access can view a list of site-populated taxonomies and view tests and drugs contained within taxonomies; however, they cannot edit the taxonomies.
Note: All taxonomies should be reviewed for completeness before running the first CRS report.
Add new test names, but do not delete the old test names.

The Taxonomy Setup Menu options are by report:
- National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance Reports
- Other National Measures Report
- Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report
- All CRS Reports
- All CRS Taxonomies (including site-populated and software-defined (i.e., hard-coded))

You should set up the taxonomies for each report that your facility will run. If there are reports your facility will not run, you do not need to set up taxonomies for that report.

To set up the taxonomies for a site, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, Type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type SET and press Enter to display the Setup menu.
3. At the “Select System Setup Option” prompt, type TS and press Enter to display the Taxonomy Setup Menu, as in the following example:

```
***************************
**   IHS/RPMS CRS 2011   **
**  Taxonomy Setup Menu  **
***************************
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL
NGTS   Taxonomy Setup-National GPRA/GPRA Performance Rpts
OTS    Taxonomy Setup-Other National Measures Report
EOTS   Taxonomy Setup-EO Quality Transparency Measures
CRTS   Taxonomy Setup-All CRS Reports
VT     View All CRS Taxonomies

Select Taxonomy Setup Option:
```

Figure 4-8: Taxonomy Setup Menu (Step 4)
4. At the “Select Taxonomy Setup Option” prompt, type the menu option of the taxonomy setup option you want to run; for example, **CRTS** or **NGTS**.

A list of the site-populated taxonomies for the selected report is displayed.

For example, selecting the CRTS option displays the list of lab and drug taxonomies included for all CRS reports (Figure 4-9).

```
TAXONOMIES TO SUPPORT 2011 ALL CRS REPORTS REPORTING

1)  BGP ANTI-PLATELET DRUGS    DRUGS  Anti-Platelet Drugs.
2)  BGP ASTHMA INHALED STEROIDS DRUGS  Inhaled Corticosteroids Drugs
3)  BGP CBC TESTS       LAB       CBC Lab tests
4)  BGP CD4 TAX        LAB       CD4 Tests for HIV Quality of Care
5)  BGP CHLAMYDIA TESTS TAX LAB       Chlamydia Lab Tests.
6)  BGP CMS ABG TESTS    LAB       ABG Lab tests
7)  BGP CMS SMOKING CESSATION MEDS DRUGS
8)  BGP CMS WARFARIN MEDS DRUGS       Contains Warfarin Drugs.
9)  BGP CREATINE KINASE TAX LAB
10) BGP GPRA ESTIMATED GFR TAX LAB       Estimated GFR Lab Tests
11) BGP GPRA FOB TESTS LAB       Fecal Occult Blood Lab Tests
12) BGP GROUP A STREP TESTS LAB       Group A Strep Tests
13) BGP HEDIS ACEI MEDS DRUGS
14) BGP HEDIS AMPHETAMINE MEDS DRUGS
15) BGP HEDIS ANALGESIC MEDS DRUGS
16) BGP HEDIS ANTIANXIETY MEDS DRUGS       Anti Anxiety Drugs
    + Enter ?? for more actions     >>>
S    Select Taxonomy to Edit        Q    Quit
D    Display a Taxonomy
Select Action:+//
```

Figure 4-9: Example list of site-populated taxonomies for all CRS reports (Step 4)

Selecting the NGTS option displays the list of lab and drug taxonomies included for the National GPRA & PART Report (Figure 4-10).

```
2011 CRS TAXONOMY UPDATE      Jun 05, 2011 16:12:58      Page: 1 of 1
TAXONOMIES TO SUPPORT 2011 NATIONAL GPRA REPORT REPORTING

1)  BGP CMS SMOKING CESSATION MEDS DRUGS
2)  BGP GPRA ESTIMATED GFR TAX LAB       Estimated GFR Lab Tests
3)  BGP GPRA FOB TESTS LAB       Fecal Occult Blood Lab Tests
4)  BGP HEDIS ANALGESIC MEDS DRUGS
5)  BGP HEDIS ANTIHISTAMINE MEDS DRUGS
6)  BGP HEDIS ANTIEMETIC MEDS DRUGS
7)  BGP HEDIS ANTIANXIETY MEDS DRUGS       Anti Anxiety Drugs
8)  BGP HEDIS ANTIHYSTAMINE MEDS DRUGS
9)  BGP HEDIS ANTIEMETIC MEDS DRUGS
10) BGP HEDIS ANTIHYSTAMINE MEDS DRUGS
    Enter ?? for more actions     >>>
S    Select Taxonomy to Edit        Q    Quit
D    Display a Taxonomy
Select Action:+//
```

Figure 4-10: Example list of site-populated taxonomies for the National GPRA & PART Report (Step 4)
5. To view the members of a taxonomy in the selected CRS report, follow these steps:
   a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type D and press Enter.
   b. At the “Which Taxonomy” prompt, type the number of the taxonomy you want to view and press Enter.

   For example, using the list displayed for the National GPRA & PART Report (Figure 4-10), typing 6 displays the BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN taxonomy and its associated members (Figure 4-11).

   c. To return to the taxonomy list, type Q and press Enter at the “Select Action” prompt.

6. To edit the members of a taxonomy in the selected CRS report, follow these steps:
   a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.
   b. At the “Which Taxonomy” prompt, type the number of the taxonomy you want to edit and press Enter.

   For example, using the list displayed for the National GPRA & PART Report (Figure 4-10), typing 6 displays the BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN taxonomy and its associated members, which include two lab tests, QUANT URINE PROTEIN and MICROALBUMIN. The action bar is displayed below the taxonomy members, as in the following example:
4. MICROALBUMIN PANEL
5. MICROALBUMIN/CREATININE RATIO
Press <RETURN> to see more, ‘‘’’ to exit this list, OR
CHOOSE 1-5: 4 <Enter> MICROALBUMIN PANEL

Figure 4-12: Example of adding items to a lab taxonomy (Step 7)

7. To add an item to the selected taxonomy, follow these steps:
   
a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type A and press Enter.

b. At the “Which LAB Test” prompt, type the first few characters of the test you
   want to add and press Enter to see a list of tests beginning with those
   characters.

c. At the “CHOOSE 1 – <number>” prompt, press Enter to see more tests, or
   type the number of the test you want to add to the taxonomy and press Enter.
   The test you added is now displayed as part of the taxonomy (Figure 4-13).

d. To add more items to a taxonomy, repeat Steps 7 a through 7 c.

   Note 1: Your taxonomies must include all test names that have
   been used by your facility since at least 1995, even if these
codes are currently inactive. Some measures search for tests
   as far back as 10 years.

   Many sites designate inactive lab tests by adding one of the
   following characters at the beginning of the test name: “z,”
   “Z,” “xx,” “X,” or “*.” Search for these characters in your
   lab file.

   Note 2: Your taxonomies must also include all lab tests that are
   sent out and performed by another lab/reference lab. The
   names of these lab tests are often prefixed with the
   reference lab name, such as “TRICORE A1c.”

Figure 4-13: Example of lab taxonomy with added test (Step 7)

8. To remove an item from the selected taxonomy, follow these steps:
a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type R and press Enter.

b. At the “Remove Which Item” prompt, type the number of the test you want to remove and press Enter.

c. At the “Are you sure you want to remove the <NAME> lab test” prompt, type Y and press Enter to continue removing the test, or press Enter to accept the default N (No) and retain the test in the taxonomy.

   The test you removed is no longer displayed as part of the taxonomy.

d. To remove more items from a taxonomy, repeat Steps 8 a through 8 c.

9. When you have finished adding and removing your site’s tests in the selected taxonomy, review the displayed list of taxonomy members.

   If the list is complete and correct, type Q and press Enter at the “Select Action” prompt to save changes to the selected taxonomy and return to the list of taxonomies for the selected report.

10. To edit more taxonomies in the selected report, repeat Steps 6 through 9.

11. When you have finished editing taxonomies in the selected report, type Q and press Enter at the “Select Action” prompt to return to the Taxonomy Setup Menu.

12. To edit taxonomies in other reports, repeat Steps 4 through 9.

13. When you have finished editing taxonomies for all reports that your facility uses, type a caret (^) at the “Select Taxonomy Setup Option” prompt to return to the Setup Menu.

14. At the “Select System Setup Option” prompt, type TC to select the Taxonomy Check option (see Section 4.4) to perform a final check of taxonomies needed for CRS in this report.

   **Note:** You must include *all* test names that have been used by your facility since at least 1995, even if these codes are currently inactive. Some measures search for tests as far back as 10 years.

   Many sites designate inactive lab tests by adding one of the following characters at the beginning of the test name: “z,” “Z,” “xx,” “X,” or “*.” Search for these characters in your laboratory file.
4.6 Using Q-Man to Populate a Taxonomy

Q-Man is the RPMS query utility. Q-Man builds queries through a series of elements. The *Q-Man User Manual* provides detailed and easy-to-follow instructions for constructing queries. You can download a PDF version of the manual from the following RPMS Web site:

http://www.ihs.gov/Cio/RPMS/index.cfm?module=home&option=documents

4.7 Update the Demo/Test Patient Search Template

As of version 11.0, CRS will use the RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template to determine which demo patients to exclude from reports. This can be found in the PCC Management Reports, Other PCC Management Reports/Options menu and requires the APCLZ UPDATE DEMO TEMPLATE key to access.

If this RPMS Demo/Test Patient Search Template is empty, the following message will be displayed when running CRS reports:

Your RPMS DEMO PATIENT NAMES Search Template has no entries.
If you have 'DEMO' patients whose names begin with something other than 'DEMO,PATIENT' they will not be excluded from this report unless you update this template.

Do you wish to continue to generate this report? Y//

Figure 4-14: Empty template message
5.0 Reports and Patient Lists

The CRS is a reporting tool that provides local facilities and Area Offices with a straightforward way to monitor their progress toward clinical performance goals. This chapter describes the different types and formats of reports and patient lists.

CRS accommodates both national (GPRA & PART) reporting and local, customized performance tracking.

All reports review and calculate data for a minimum one-year time period, i.e., searching patient records for data matching the numerator criteria for the entire year prior to the report end date selected by the user. A few measures review data for more than one year, such as Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates, which looks for a Pap smear in past three years.

The National GPRA & PART, GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, and Patient Education report data files can be exported to the Area Office and aggregated for an Area Office report.

5.1 Report and Patient List Overview

Several output options are included in CRS 2011. In addition to the predefined National GPRA & PART Report, users have many choices for “customizing” reports for local facility use by selecting different populations and/or specific measure topics.

Report options include:

- **National GPRA & PART Reports**
  - National GPRA & PART Report (GP) (without patient lists)
  - National GPRA & PART Patient List (LST)
  - National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries (SUM)
  - National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider (DPRV)
  - National GPRA Height and Weight Local Data File (HW)
  - Create Search Template for National Patient List (NST)
  - GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List (FOR)
  - GPRA & PART Forecast Denominator Definitions (FORD)
  - Comprehensive National GPRA Patient List (CMP)
• **Reports for Local Use**
  - Selected Measures w/Community Specified (COM)
  - Selected Measures w/Patient Panel Population (PP)
  - Selected Measures with All Communities (ALL)

• **Other National Reports**
  - GPRA & PART Performance Report (GPU) (National GPRA & PART Report with user-defined report parameters)
  - Other National Measures Report (ONM) (without patient list)
  - Other National Measures Report Patient List (OST)
  - Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO)
  - Elder Care Report (ELD)
  - Patient Education Reports:
    - Patient Education w/Community Specified (PCM)
    - Patient Education w/Patient Panel Population (P3)

• **Taxonomy Reports**
  - Lab Taxonomy Report (TXL)
  - Medication Taxonomy Report (TXM)

Table 5-1 shows the population options available with each report type. Note that the two taxonomy reports are not included in the table because they report on site-populated taxonomies only and not patients. The GPRA & PART Forecast Denominator Definitions report is also not listed because it simply defines the denominators used in the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List.
Table 5-1: Population Options with National GPRA & PART Reports, Local Reports, and Other National Reports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population Options</th>
<th>National GPRA Reports</th>
<th>Local Reports</th>
<th>Other National Reports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GP</td>
<td>LST</td>
<td>SUM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPRA Community Taxonomy</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al/AN Patients only</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Al/AN Patients</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both Al/AN and Non-Al/AN Patients</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All RPMS patients (any community of residence)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient panel/Search Template (user specified list of patients)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient List</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[1] Although users may change the community taxonomy to a non-GPRA taxonomy, the GPRA taxonomy must be used for submitting the quarterly reports to the Area Office.
5.2 National GPRA & PART Report (GP)

5.2.1 Overview
Sites will run the National GPRA & PART Report when they are ready to submit their annual GPRA and PART data to their respective Area Offices for 2011 GPRA and PART reporting. This is also the report option used for quarterly GPRA and PART reporting.

National reporting for clinical performance measures is accomplished with the National GPRA & PART Report. The National GPRA & PART Report includes measures (specific denominators and numerators) described in the current IHS Performance Plan to Congress; for example, diabetic patients with controlled BP (see Section 5.2.3, “Content” for specific content), as well as PART measures and other measures representing potential new GPRA measures and/or other strategic agency clinical focus (for example, Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment).

The population for the National GPRA & PART Report should include only patients with a community of residence that is listed in the site’s official GPRA Community taxonomy. The Area Office GPRA Coordinators have defined the existing CHS catchment areas\textsuperscript{i} as the GPRA Community\textsuperscript{ii}. The default community taxonomy is selected in the Site Parameters setup (see Section 4.2). The National GPRA & PART Report is predefined to include only the AI/AN patient-type population, defined as Beneficiary 01 in the Patient Registration file.

The National GPRA & PART Report is required to be run at least quarterly, to review progress toward meeting critical agency goals.

The National GPRA & PART Report can be exported to the Area Office by the site for aggregation into an Area-Office-wide report. Patient lists for this report can be created by running the National GPRA & PART Patient List (menu option LST).

\textsuperscript{i} A catchment area includes patients who are registered within a particular service unit \textit{and} who reside in one of the communities assigned to the service unit.

\textsuperscript{ii} The exception to this definition is Oklahoma City Area Office, which will inform its sites directly as to which communities to include.
5.2.2 Running the National GPRA & PART Report

**Note:** Before running the National GPRA & PART Report for national (GPRA reporting) use, you should know the name of the community taxonomy to be used, if it’s different from the default.

To run the National GPRA & PART Report, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the CLINICAL REPORTING SYSTEM (CRS) menu.

2. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Clinical Reporting System menu.

Figure 5-1: CRS main menu options (Step 2)

Figure 5-2: CRS 2011 Clinical Reporting System menu: selecting Reports option (Step 3)
3. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Reports Menu.

```
*****************************************************************************
**     IHS/RPMS CRS 2011     **
**  Reports Menu          **
*****************************************************************************

DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

NTL    National GPRA & PART Reports ...
LOC    Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures ...
OTH    Other National Reports ...
TAX    Taxonomy Reports ...

Select Reports Option: NTL <Enter> National GPRA & PART Reports ...
```

Figure 5-3: CRS 2011 Reports Menu: selecting National GPRA & PART Reports option (NTL) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **NTL** and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.

```
*****************************************************************************
**     IHS/RPMS CRS 2011     **
** National GPRA Reports  **
*****************************************************************************

DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

GP     National GPRA & PART Report
LST    National GPRA & PART Patient List
SUM    National GPRA & PART Clinical Perf Summaries
DPRV   National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider
HW     National GPRA Height and Weight Local Data File
NST    Create Search Template for National Patient List
FOR    GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List
FORD   GPRA & PART Forecast Denominator Definitions
CMP    Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List

Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option: GP <Enter> National GPRA & PART Report
```

Figure 5-4: National GPRA Reports menu: selecting the National GPRA & PART Report option (GP) (Step 5)

5. At the “Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option” prompt, type **GP** and press Enter to display the following information about the National GPRA & PART report:

```
IHS 2011 National GPRA & PART Report

This will produce a National GPRA & PART report.
```
You will be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included. This report will be run for the Report Period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 with a Baseline Year of July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000. This report will include beneficiary population of American Indian/Alaska Native only.

You can choose to export this data to the Area office. If you answer yes at the export prompt, a report will be produced in export format for the Area Office to use in Area aggregated data. Depending on site specific configuration, the export file will either be automatically transmitted directly to the Area or the site will have to send the file manually.

Press enter to continue: <Enter>

Figure 5-5: Running the National GPRA & PART Report: report description (Step 5)

6. At the prompt to continue, press Enter.
7. The system checks the site-populated taxonomies.
   - If the following message is displayed, press Enter.

```
Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA & PART Report...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>
```

Figure 5-6: Checking taxonomies message

- If the following message is displayed, your report results for the measure that uses the taxonomy specified are likely to be inaccurate.

```
The taxonomies are missing or have no entries
```

Figure 5-7: Missing taxonomies message

To exit from the report and edit your taxonomies, type a caret (^) at each prompt until you return to the main menu.

```
Specify the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included in the report. You should have created this taxonomy using QMAN.
Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES//
Do you wish to export this data to Area? Y <Enter> YES
```

Figure 5-8: Running the National GPRA & PART Report: selecting the community taxonomy and exporting area data (Steps 8 and 9)

8. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
• Press Enter to accept the default taxonomy if it is your official GPRA community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)

• Type the name of your official GPRA community taxonomy and press Enter.

• Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a list of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to use and press Enter.

**Note:** Use your site’s official GPRA community taxonomy if you are running the National GPRA & PART Report for national (GPRA reporting) use.

9. At the “Do you wish to export this data to Area?” prompt, type Y (Yes) and press Enter only if you are ready to send the final data to your Area Office.

   If you are not ready to send the final data to your Area Office, type N (No) and press Enter.

10. If you choose to export the data to the Area Office, the software checks the site parameter for exporting height and weight data to the Area Office. If it is set to N, the following warning message is displayed:

    Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES//
    Do you wish to export this data to Area? YES

    ***WARNING*** Because your site parameter for exporting height and weight data to the Area Office is set to “No,” your Area Office export file (file beginning with “BG11”) will not contain height and weight data. This data is sent to the IHS Division of Epidemiology to track and analyze BMI data over time. All IHS and Urban facilities should have the site parameter set to “Yes” and only Tribal facilities have the option of setting it to “No.” If you want to include the height and weight data in your Area Office export file, please change the site parameter export option to “Yes” in Setup and then run your National GPRA & PART Report.

    Figure 5-9: Running the National GPRA & PART report: warning message about height and weight data (Step 10)

    If the Height and Weight site parameter is set to Y and you choose to export the National GPRA data to the Area Office, the height and weight data will automatically be included in the BG11 file for the Area Office.

11. A summary of the report is displayed, as shown in Figure 5-10. If any information is incorrect, type a caret (^) at the prompt to return to the previous menu.

    SUMMARY OF NATIONAL GPRA & PART REPORT TO BE GENERATED
    The date ranges for this report are:
    Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period:    Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010  
Baseline Period:         Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000  
The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES

Figure 5-10: Summary of National GPRA & PART Report to be generated (Step 11)

Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

Select one of the following:

P  Print Report on Printer or Screen
D  Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)
B  Both a Printed Report and Delimited File

Select an Output Option: P//

Figure 5-11: Running the National GPRA & PART report: choosing an output type (Step 12)

12. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter.

Detailed instructions for the Print Option and the Delimited Output option are found below within this step.

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulation. For detailed instructions, see Section 1.1.1.1.1 Appendix C: “Working with Delimited Files”.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

**Note:** If you want to print to a file or you do not know your printer name, check with your site manager.

After you select your report options, you will be given the opportunity to queue your report to run at a later time.

**Note:** You should generally plan to queue your report to run during off hours, when the network is not as busy. At most sites, you can queue your report to print by typing **Q** at the prompt and pressing Enter.

Check with your site manager if you need further information about how to specify these options.
5.2.2.1 **Print Option (P)**

1. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type `P` and press Enter.

2. At the “DEVICE: HOME” prompt (which may vary at different sites), do one of the following:
   
a. To print the report on a printer, type the name of the printer at the “Home” prompt and press Enter.
   
   If you don’t know your printer name, check with your site manager.
   
b. To print the report to your screen, press Enter at the default “Home” prompt. Depending on the software you are using to access RPMS, you may need to turn on your logging or screen capture program *before* printing to the screen.

   At most sites, to print a report to your screen without multiple “Enter Return to continue” prompts, type `0;P-OTHER80` at the “Home” prompt and press Enter, as in the following example:

   ![Select an Output Option: P/ <Enter> Print Report on Printer or Screen](image)

   Figure 5-12: The “Home” prompt

   c. To print the report to a file, type `Host` or `HFS` at the “Home” prompt, then specify the file location and name at the “HOST FILE NAME” prompt as in the following example:

   ![Select an Output Option: P/ <Enter> Print Report on Printer or Screen](image)

   Figure 5-13: Specify the file location

   d. At the “Won’t you queue this?” prompt, type `Y` to queue your report to run at another time or `N` to run the report now, and press Enter.

   If you choose to queue the report, type the time you want it to run at the “Requested Start Time” prompt. Type the time in HH:MM:SS format using 24-hour time.

5.2.2.2 **Delimited Output Option (D)**

1. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type `D` and press Enter.
Select an Output Option: P/D <Enter> Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)

You have selected to create a delimited output file. You can have this output file created as a text file in the pub directory, OR you can have the delimited output display on your screen so that you can do a file capture. Keep in mind that if you choose to do a screen capture you CANNOT Queue your report to run in the background!!

Select one of the following:
S SCREEN - delimited output will display on screen for capture
F FILE - delimited output will be written to a file in pub

Select output type: S/F <Enter>  FILE - delimited output will be written to a file in pub
Enter a filename for the delimited output (no more than 40 characters):
mytestfile

When the report is finished your delimited output will be found in the q:\ directory. The filename will be mytestfile.txt

Won't you queue this? Y/ <Enter> YES
Requested Start Time: NOW/ 20:00:00 <Enter> (APR 27, 2011@20:00:00)

Figure 5-14: Selecting the Delimited Output option (Step 1)

2. At the “Select output type” prompt, do one of the following:
   a. To display the delimited output on your screen, type S (SCREEN) and press Enter.
   b. To print the delimited output to a text file, type F (FILE) and press Enter.

At the “Enter a filename for the delimited output” prompt, type the name of the file.

File names cannot exceed 40 characters and are given the extension “.txt” automatically. Most sites are set up to print the file to your network’s Public directory, so you may need to use file transfer protocol (FTP) to move the delimited file from the Public directory to your computer. Ask your site manager for additional information about retrieving files from your local network.

If the report will take several hours to run, it is recommended that you print to a file.

3. At the “Won’t you queue this?” prompt, type Y to queue your report to run at another time or N to run the report now, and press Enter.

If you choose to queue the report, type the time you want it to run at the “Requested Start Time” prompt. Type the time in HH:MM:SS format using 24-hour time.
5.2.3 National GPRA & PART Report Content

The contents of both the National GPRA & PART and GPRA & PART Performance reports are exactly the same and are defined in Table 5-2. Performance measures included in the current GPRA Performance Plan to Congress (e.g., GPRA measures) are in **bold** font. Developmental GPRA measures are shown in *italics*. The PART measure is shown in *underlined* font.

**Table 5-2: Content of the National GPRA & PART and GPRA & PART Performance Reports**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Diabetes Prevalence       | User Population, broken down by gender and age groups | 1) Diabetes diagnosis ever  
2) Diabetes diagnosis during prior year |
| Diabetes (DM): Glycemic Control | Active Diabetic patients                        | 1) With Hemoglobin A1c, any value  
2) With Poor control  
3) With Ideal control |
| DM: Blood Pressure Control | Active Diabetic patients                        | 1) With BP assessed  
2) With Controlled BP |
| DM: LDL Assessment        | Active Diabetic patients                        | 1) With LDL done  
2) With LDL <= 100. |
| DM: Nephropathy Assessment| Active Diabetic patients                        | With estimated GFR and a quantitative urinary protein or with ESRD |
| DM: Retinopathy           | Active Diabetic patients                        | With qualified retinal evaluation (no refusals) |
| Access to Dental Services | User Population, broken down by age groups       | With documented dental exam (no refusals) |
| Dental Sealants           | 1) No denominator. This measure is a total count only, not a percentage.  
2) User Population patients ages 6-15 | 1) Total number of dental sealants provided (no refusals)  
2) With intact dental sealants |
| Topical Fluoride          | 1) No denominator. This measure is a total count only, not a percentage.  
2) User Population patients ages 2-15 | 1) Total number of patients with at least one topical fluoride application (no refusals)  
2) With topical fluoride application |
| Adult IZ: Influenza       | Active Clinical patients 65 and older            | 1) With influenza vaccination in past year or contraindication ever (no refusals)  
A) With contraindication or a documented NMI refusal |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Adult IZ: Pneumovax | Active Clinical patients 65 and older | 1) With pneumovax or contraindication ever (no refusals)  
   A) With contraindication or a documented not medically indicated (NMI) refusal  
   2) With pneumovax or contraindication ever, and, if patient is older than 65 years, either a dose of pneumovax after the age of 65 or a dose of pneumovax in the past 5 years. |

Childhood IZ  
1) Active Clinical patients 19–35 months  
2) Active Immunization Package patients 19–35 months  
| | 1) With 4:3:1:3:3 combo (i.e. 4 DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hepatitis B), including NMI refusals, contraindications and evidence of disease  
  2) With 4:3:1:3:3:1 combo (4:3:1:3:3 with 1 Varicella), including NMI refusals, contraindications and evidence of disease  
  3) With 4:3:1:3:3:1:4 combo (4:3:1:3:3 with 1 Varicella and 4 Pneumococcal), including NMI refusals, contraindications and evidence of disease  
  4) With 4 doses of Diphtheria, Tetanus, And Pertussis (DTaP)  
  5) With 3 doses of Polio  
  6) With 1 doses of Measles, Mumps. And Rubella (MMR)  
  7) With 3 doses of Haemophilus influenzae type b (HiB)  
  8) With 3 doses of Hepatitis B  
  9) With 1 dose of Varicella  
  10) With 4 doses of Pneumococcal  
  11) With 3 doses of Pneumococcal | |

Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates  
1) Female Active Clinical patients ages 21 through 64  
2) Female Active Clinical patients ages 25 through 64  
| 1) With documented Pap smear in past 3 years (no refusals)  
  2) With documented Pap smear in past 4 years (no refusals) | |

Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates  
1) Female Active Clinical patients ages 50 through 64  
2) Female Active Clinical patients ages 42 and older  
<p>| With documented mammogram in past 2 years (no refusals) | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal Cancer Screening</td>
<td>1) Active Clinical patients 51–80&lt;br&gt;2) Active Clinical patients 50–75, broken down by gender</td>
<td>1) With CRC screening (time period dependent upon type of CRC screening) (no refusals)&lt;br&gt;2) With fecal occult blood test (FOBT) in past year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Cancer Screening</td>
<td>Active Clinical patients 21–80&lt;br&gt; A) Active Clinical female patients ages 21–80&lt;br&gt; B) Active Clinical male patients ages 51–80</td>
<td>1) With comprehensive cancer screening (no refusals)&lt;br&gt; A) Female with all screens&lt;br&gt; B) Male with CRC screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment</td>
<td>Active Clinical patients ages 5 and older</td>
<td>1) Screened for tobacco use&lt;br&gt;2) Tobacco users&lt;br&gt; A) Smokers&lt;br&gt; B) Smokeless&lt;br&gt;3) Exposed to environmental tobacco smoke (ETS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cessation</td>
<td>Active Clinical patients identified as current tobacco users prior to the report period, broken down by age and gender groups</td>
<td>1) With tobacco cessation counseling or received a prescription for cessation medication (no refusals)&lt;br&gt;2) Quit tobacco use&lt;br&gt; A) In cessation who quit&lt;br&gt;3) With tobacco cessation counseling or received a prescription for a smoking cessation aid, or who quit their tobacco use (no refusals)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>1) Female Active Clinical patients ages 15 through 44&lt;br&gt;2) Active Clinical patients ages 12 through 75, broken down by age groups</td>
<td>1) With documented alcohol screening (no refusals)&lt;br&gt;2) With alcohol screening, alcohol-related diagnosis or procedure (no refusals or patient education)&lt;br&gt;3) With alcohol-related patient education&lt;br&gt;4) With positive alcohol screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPV/DV Screening</td>
<td>Female Active Clinical patients ages 15 through 40</td>
<td>1) With documented IPV/DV screen (no refusals)&lt;br&gt;2) With documented IPV/DV screen, IPV/DV-related diagnosis, procedure, or counseling (no refusals or patient education)&lt;br&gt;3) With IPV/DV patient education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Denominator</td>
<td>Numerator(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Depression Screening                | Active Clinical patients ages 18+, broken down by gender                    | 1) With depression screening or diagnosed with mood disorder (no refusals)  
   A) With depression screening  
   B) With mood disorder diagnosis  
   2) With depression screening or diagnosed with mood disorder or suicide ideation (no refusals) |
| Obesity Assessment (BMI)            | Active Clinical patients ages 2 through 74, broken down by age and gender groups | 1) With BMI calculated  
   A) With BMI and assessed as overweight  
   B) With BMI and assessed as obese  
   C) Total of overweight and obese  
   2) With BMI refusal |
| Childhood Weight Control            | Active Clinical patients ages 2–5 with BMI, broken down by age and gender groups | 1) With BMI in the 85th-94th percentile  
   2) With a BMI at or above the 95th percentile  
   3) With BMI at or above the 95th percentile |
| Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment| 1) Active ischemic heart disease (IHD) patients ages 22 and older  
   2) Active coronary heart disease (CHD) patients 22 and older  
   A) Active coronary heart disease (CHD) patients 22 and older who are not Active Diabetic  
   B) Active coronary heart disease (CHD) patients 22 and older who are Active Diabetic | 1) With BP documented in past 2 years  
   2) With LDL done in 5 years  
   3) With tobacco screening  
   4) With BMI calculated (no refusals)  
   5) With lifestyle education  
   6) With all above assessments  
   7) With depression screening  
   8) With LDL done during the Report Period  
   9) With depression screening or diagnosed with mood disorder or suicide ideation |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **HIV Screening**   | 1) Pregnant female patients with no documented miscarriage, abortion, or HIV diagnosis  
2) User Population patients ages 13 through 64 with no recorded diagnosis of HIV ever  
3) No denominator. This measure is a total count only, not a percentage.  
4) Pregnant female patients with no documented miscarriage, abortion, or HIV diagnosis | 1) With HIV test in past 20 months (no refusals)  
2) With HIV test during the Report Period (no refusals)  
3) With positive result  
4) With negative result  
5) With no result  
6) With HIV screening refusal  
7) Total number of HIV screens for User Population patients with no prior HIV diagnosis  
8) With HIV test in past 20 months (no refusals) (uses Revised Pregnancy Logic #1)  
9) With HIV test in past 20 months (no refusals) (uses Revised Pregnancy Logic #2) |
| **Breastfeeding Rates** | 1) Active Clinical patients who are 45–394 days old  
2) Active Clinical patients who are 45–394 days old who were screened for infant feeding choice at the age of two months (45–89 days).  
3) Active Clinical patients who are 45–394 days old who were screened for infant feeding choice at the age of six months (165–209 days).  
4) Active Clinical patients who are 45–394 days old who were screened for infant feeding choice at the age of nine months (255–299 days).  
5) Active Clinical patients who are 45–394 days old who were screened for infant feeding choice at the age of 1 year (350–394 days). | 1) With infant feeding choice (IFC) screening at least once  
2) With IFC screen at 2 months  
3) With IFC screen at 6 months  
4) With IFC screen at 9 months  
5) With IFC screen at 1 year  
6) With IFC screen at 2 months and exclusively/mostly breastfed  
7) With IFC screen at 6 months and exclusively/mostly breastfed  
8) With IFC screen at 9 months and exclusively/mostly breastfed  
9) With IFC screen at 1 year and exclusively/mostly breastfed |

---

iii Revised Pregnancy Logic #1 includes logic to exclude pregnancy visits where the primary provider is a CHR and calculates past months using 30.4167 days/month instead of 30 days/month.

iv Revised Pregnancy Logic #2 updates the POVs that count towards the pregnancy definition, including only those that end in a “3,” which represents an antepartum visit.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medications in the Elderly</td>
<td>Active Clinical patients ages 65 and older, broken down by gender</td>
<td>1) With at least one high-risk medication for the elderly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2) With at least two different high-risk medications for the elderly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit Statistics</td>
<td>1) Active Clinical patients</td>
<td>1) Patients who do not have a qualifying visit during the Report Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) Active Clinical Patients ages 2 through 18</td>
<td>2) Patients who qualify as Active Clinical patients with Urgent Care as</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3) Active Clinical patients ages 5 and older</td>
<td>their only core clinic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4) Active Clinical Patients ages 12 through 18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5) Active Clinical Patients ages 12 through 75</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6) Female Active Clinical Patients ages 15 through 40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7) Female Active Clinical Patients ages 15 through 44</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8) Active Clinical patients ages 18 and older</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9) Active Clinical patients ages 65 and older</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10) Active Clinical patients identified as current tobacco users prior to the Report Period</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5.3 National GPRA & PART Patient List (LST)

#### CI11 > RPT > NTL > LST

#### 5.3.1 Overview

Patient Lists are available for performance measures included in the National GPRA & PART Report and the GPRA & PART Performance Report. You may choose whether to display those patients meeting or not meeting a measure; for example, a list of patients with or without mammograms.

For some measures, more options are available. For example, the Diabetes: Glycemic Control topic includes the following patient list performance measure options:

- List of diabetic patients with a documented A1c
- List of diabetic patients without a documented A1c
• List of diabetic patients with poor glycemic control (A1c > 9.5)
• List of diabetic patients with ideal glycemic control (A1c < 7)

The following patient list options are available:
• Random list (10% of the total list)
• List by designated primary care provider
• Entire patient list

5.3.2 Running the National GPRA & PART Patient List

To run the National GPRA & PART Patient List, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type NTL and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports Menu.

4. At the “Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option” prompt, type LST and press Enter to display the following information about the National GPRA & PART Patient List:

   IHS GPRA & PART Performance Report Patient List
   CRS 2011, Version 11.0
   
   This will produce a list of patients who either met or did not meet a National GPRA & PART Report performance measure or a list of both those patients who met and those who did not meet a National GPRA & PART Report performance measure. You will be asked to select one or more performance measure topics and then choose which performance measure numerators you would like to report on.

   You will also be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included, the beneficiary population of the patients, and the Report Period and Baseline Year.
   Press enter to continue: <Enter>

   Figure 5-15: Running the National GPRA & PART Patient List: patient list description (Step 4)

5. At the prompt to continue, press Enter.

6. The system checks the site-populated taxonomies.
   • If the following message is displayed, press Enter.

   Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA & PART Report...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

Figure 5-16: Checking taxonomies message

- If the following message is displayed, your report results for the measure that uses the taxonomy specified are likely to be inaccurate.

The taxonomies are missing or have no entries

Figure 5-17: Missing taxonomies message

To exit from the report and edit your taxonomies, type a caret (^) at any prompt until you return to the Main menu.

7. The Performance Measure Selection list of available topics is displayed, as in the following example:

```
PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 08, 2011 15:27:17          Page:   1 of 2
IHS GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected
1)  Diabetes Prevalence
2)  Diabetes: Glycemic Control
3)  Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control
4)  Diabetes: LDL Assessment
5)  Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment
6)  Diabetic Retinopathy
7)  Access to Dental Service
8)  Dental Sealants
9)  Topical Fluoride
10) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
11) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
12) Childhood Immunizations
13) Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates
14) Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates
15) Colorectal Cancer Screening
16) Colorectal Cancer Screening (Revised Logic #1-HEDIS)
+         Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:++/
```

Figure 5-18: Running the National GPRA & PART Patient Lists: Performance Measure Selection screen (Steps 7 and 8)

8. The action bar appears at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

- To view multiple pages:
  - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

- To select measure topics:
  a. Type S and press Enter.
  b. At the “Which Measure Topic?” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the measure(s) you want and press Enter.

    To select multiple topics, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).

    After pressing Enter, each measure you selected is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number (Figure 5-19).

- To deselect measure topics:
  a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type D and press Enter.
  b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the measure(s) you want to remove.

    After pressing Enter, each measure you deselected is no longer marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

- To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

```
PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 08, 2011 15:31:38        Page:   1 of    2
IHS GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected

*1)  Diabetes Prevalence
2)  Diabetes: Glycemic Control
*3)  Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control
4)  Diabetes: LDL Assessment
5)  Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment
6)  Diabetic Retinopathy
7)  Access to Dental Services
8)  Dental Sealants
9)  Topical Fluoride
10) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
11) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
12) Childhood Immunizations
13) Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates
14) Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates
15) Colorectal Cancer Screening
16) Colorectal Cancer Screening (Revised Logic #1-HEDIS)

+     Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:++/
```

Figure 5-19: Running the National GPRA & PART Patient Lists: selected performance measure topics (Step 8)
9. For each performance measure you selected, the patient lists available for that topic are displayed, as in the following example:

```
Please select one or more of these report choices within the Diabetes Prevalence performance measure topic.

1)  Diabetes DX Ever
Which item(s): (1-1): 1 <Enter>

Please select one or more of these report choices within the Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control performance measure topic.

1)  BP Assessed
2)  BP Not Assessed
3)  Controlled BP
4)  Uncontrolled BP
Which item(s): (1-4): 1,3 <Enter>
```

Figure 5-20: Running the National GPRA & PART Patient Lists: selecting patient lists for each topic (Step 10)

10. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number of the item(s) on which you want to report.

```
Select List Type.
NOTE: If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.

Select one of the following:

R  Random Patient List
P  Patient List by Provider
A  All Patients

Choose report type for the Lists: R// P <Enter> List by Provider
Enter Designated Provider Name: PROVIDER1,FIRST <Enter>
```

Figure 5-21: Running the National GPRA & PART Patient Lists: selecting Patient List by Provider report type (Step 11)

11. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:

- **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
- **P** (By List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
- **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

If you select **P** (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.
Note: Printed patient lists are likely to require a great deal of paper, even when you are producing a random list. Ensure that your selected printer has enough paper, particularly if you are running the report overnight.

Print patient lists only when you need them, or print to an electronic file.

12. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type 1, 2, 3, or 4 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

13. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

14. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   - Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a list of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to use and press Enter.

Select one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1</th>
<th>Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1// <Enter>
Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)

Figure 5-22: Running the National GPRA & PART Patient Lists: selecting beneficiary population (Step 15)

15. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:
   - 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

16. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

**Note:** Depending on a variety of factors – the number of performance measures selected, the size of your database, your server configuration (RAM, processor speed, etc.) – the report may take 6–8 hours to run. *Always test your first report at night or on the weekend.*

### 5.3.3 Patient List Content

Table 5-3 lists the following information for the National GPRA & PART and GPRA & PART Performance Reports:

- Performance measure topics
- Associated met/not met measures
- Content of the patient lists

A search template may be created for any of the measures listed in the table using the NST menu option of the National GPRA Reports menu.

**Note:** Not every performance measure topic will have a Met and Not Met patient list option. For example, for patients assessed as obese, only a patient list containing patients meeting the measure is available. Developmental GPRA measures are shown in *italics.*
### Table 5-3: Content of the National GPRA & PART Patient List Report by Performance Measure Topic and Performance Measure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes Prevalence</td>
<td>Diabetes DX Ever</td>
<td>List of patients ever diagnosed with diabetes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented A1c</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without a documented A1c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Poor Glycemic Control</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with poor Glycemic control (A1c greater than (&gt; 9.5).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ideal Glycemic Control</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with ideal Glycemic control (A1c less than (&lt; 7).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>BP Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who had their BP assessed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BP Not Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who did not have their BP assessed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Controlled BP</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with controlled BP, defined as &lt;130/80.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Uncontrolled BP</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with uncontrolled BP, defined as &gt;130/80.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: LDL Assessment</td>
<td>LDL Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with LDL completed, regardless of result.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LDL Not Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without LDL completed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment</td>
<td>Nephropathy Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with nephropathy assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nephropathy Not Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without nephropathy assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetic Retinopathy</td>
<td>Retinopathy Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who received any retinal screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Retinopathy Not Assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who did not receive any retinal screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to Dental Services</td>
<td>Documented Dental Visit</td>
<td>List of patients with documented dental visit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented Dental Visit</td>
<td>List of patients without documented dental visit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental Sealants</td>
<td>With Dental Sealants</td>
<td>List of patients who received dental sealants during Report period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>With Intact Dental Sealants</td>
<td>List of User Pop patients 6–15 with intact dental sealant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Intact Dental Sealants</td>
<td>List of User Pop patients 6–15 without intact dental sealant.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topical Fluoride</td>
<td>With Topical Fluoride Application</td>
<td>List of patients who received at least one topical fluoride application during Report period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topical Fluoride</td>
<td>With Topical Fluoride Application</td>
<td>List of User Pop patients 2–15 with topical fluoride application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topical Fluoride</td>
<td>No Topical Fluoride Application</td>
<td>List of User Pop patients 2–15 without topical fluoride application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</td>
<td>Documented Influenza Immunization</td>
<td>List of patients &gt;= 65 yrs with influenza vaccination, contraindication, or NMI refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</td>
<td>No Documented Influenza Immunization</td>
<td>List of patients &gt;= 65 yrs without influenza vaccination, contraindication, or NMI refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>Documented Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;65 yrs with pneumovax immunization or contraindication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>No Documented Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;65 yrs without pneumovax immunization or contraindication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>With up-to-date Pneumovax</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt; 65 yrs with pneumovax immunization or contraindication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>Without up-to-date Pneumovax</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt; 65 yrs without pneumovax immunization or contraindication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childhood Immunizations, continued</td>
<td>Active Clinical Patients With 4:3:1:3:3:1:4</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 19–35 months who received the 4:3:1:3:3:1:4 combination (4 DTaP, 3 OPV/IPV, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B, 1 Varicella, 4 Pneumococcal).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childhood Immunizations, continued</td>
<td></td>
<td>NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7-23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Clinical Patients Without 4:3:1:3:1:4</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 19-35 months who <em>have not</em> received the 4:3:1:3:1:4 combination (4 DTaP, 3 OPV/IPV, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B, 1 Varicella, 4 Pneumococcal). If a patient did not have all doses in a multiple dose vaccine, the IZ will not be listed. For example, if a patient only had 2 DTaP, no IZ will be listed for DTaP.</td>
<td>NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7–23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Immunization Package Patients With 4:3:1:3:3</td>
<td>List of Active Immunization Package patients 19–35 months who received the 4:3:1:3:3 combination (4 DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B).</td>
<td>NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7–23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Immunization Package Patients Without 4:3:1:3:3</td>
<td>List of patients Active Immunization Package patients 19–35 months who <em>have not</em> received the 4:3:1:3:3 combination (4 DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B). If a patient did not have all doses in a multiple dose vaccine, the IZ will not be listed. For example, if a patient only had 2 DTaP, no IZ will be listed for DTaP.</td>
<td>NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7-23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Immunization Package Patients with 4:3:1:3:3:1</td>
<td>List of Active Immunization Package patients 19–35 months who received the 4:3:1:3:3:1 combination (4 DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B, and 1 Varicella).</td>
<td>NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7–23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Immunization Package Patients without 4:3:1:3:3:1</td>
<td>List of patients Active Immunization Package patients 19–35 months who have not received the 4:3:1:3:3:1 combination (4 DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B, and 1 Varicella). If a patient did not have all doses in a multiple dose vaccine, the IZ will not be listed. For example, if a patient only had 2 DTaP, no IZ will be listed for DTaP.</td>
<td>NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7–23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Immunization Package Patients with 4:3:1:3:3:1:4</td>
<td>List of Active Immunization Package patients 19–35 months who received the 4:3:1:3:3:1:4 combination (4 DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B, 1 Varicella, and 4 Pneumococcal).</td>
<td>NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7–23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Immunization</td>
<td>Active Immunization Package Patients without 4:3:1:3:3:1:4</td>
<td>List of patients Active Immunization Package patients 19–35 months who have not received the 4:3:1:3:3:1:4 combination (4 DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 HiB, 3 Hep B, 1 Varicella and 4 Pneumococcal). If a patient did not have all doses in a multiple dose vaccine, the IZ will not be listed. For example, if a patient only had 2 DTaP, no IZ will be listed for DTaP. NOTE: Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7–23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates</td>
<td>Documented Pap Smear</td>
<td>List of female patients with a Pap smear documented in the past 3 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented Pap Smear</td>
<td>List of female patients without a Pap smear documented in the past 3 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Documented Pap Smear</td>
<td>List of female patients with a Pap smear documented in the past 4 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented Pap Smear</td>
<td>List of female patients without a Pap smear documented in the past 4 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates</td>
<td>Documented Mammogram</td>
<td>List of female patients with a Mammogram documented in the past two.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented Mammogram</td>
<td>List of female patients without a Mammogram documented in the past two years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Documented Mammogram</td>
<td>List of female patients 42 and older with a Mammogram documented in the past 2 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented Mammogram</td>
<td>List of female patients 42 and older without a Mammogram documented in the past 2 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal Cancer Screening</td>
<td>Documented CRC Screening</td>
<td>List of patients 51–80 with CRC screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>No Documented CRC Screening</strong></td>
<td>List of patients 51–80 without CRC screening.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Colorectal Cancer Screening (Revised Logic #1-HEDIS)</strong></td>
<td>CRC Screening (HEDIS)</td>
<td>List of patients 50-75 with CRC screening (HEDIS definition).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No CRC Screening (HEDIS)</td>
<td>List of patients 50-75 without CRC screening (HEDIS definition).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Colorectal Cancer Screening (Revised Logic #2-USPSTF)</strong></td>
<td>CRC Screening (USPSTF)</td>
<td>List of patients 50-75 with CRC screening (USPSTF definition).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No CRC Screening (USPSTF)</td>
<td>List of patients 50-75 without CRC screening (USPSTF definition).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Comprehensive Cancer Screening</strong></td>
<td>With Comprehensive Cancer Screening</td>
<td>List of patients 21-80 with comprehensive cancer screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Without Comprehensive Cancer Screening</td>
<td>List of patients 21-80 without comprehensive cancer screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment</strong></td>
<td>Documented Tobacco Screening</td>
<td>List of patients with documented tobacco screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented Tobacco Screening</td>
<td>List of patients without documented tobacco screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Documented Tobacco Screening and Assessed as Tobacco User</td>
<td>List of patients identified as current tobacco users, both smokers and smokeless users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tobacco Cessation</strong></td>
<td>Tobacco Users w/cessation intervention</td>
<td>List of tobacco users with documented tobacco cessation intervention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tobacco Users w/o documented cessation intervention</td>
<td>List of tobacco users without documented tobacco cessation intervention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tobacco Users who quit tobacco use</td>
<td>List of tobacco users who quit tobacco use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tobacco Users w/cessation intervention or quit tobacco use</td>
<td>List of tobacco users with documented tobacco cessation intervention or who quit tobacco use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tobacco Users without cessation intervention and did not quit tobacco use</td>
<td>List of tobacco users without documented tobacco cessation intervention and did not quit tobacco use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tobacco Cessation (Developmental Logic)</strong></td>
<td>Tobacco Users w/cessation intervention</td>
<td>List of tobacco users with documented tobacco cessation intervention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tobacco Users w/o documented cessation intervention</td>
<td>List of tobacco users without documented tobacco cessation intervention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tobacco Users who quit tobacco use</td>
<td>List of tobacco users who quit tobacco use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Users who did not quit tobacco use</td>
<td>List of tobacco users who did not quit tobacco use.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Users w/cessation intervention or quit tobacco use</td>
<td>List of tobacco users with documented tobacco cessation intervention or who quit their tobacco use.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Users without cessation intervention and did not quit tobacco use</td>
<td>List of tobacco users without documented tobacco cessation intervention and did not quit their tobacco use.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)</td>
<td>Documented Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 15–44 with documented screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>No Documented Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 15–44 without documented screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>Documented Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 15–44 with documented screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>Without Documented Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 15–44 without documented screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>With Positive Alcohol Screen (FAS Prevention)</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 15–44 with a positive alcohol screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>With Negative Alcohol Screen (FAS Prevention)</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 15–44 with a negative alcohol screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>Documented Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 12–75 with documented alcohol screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>Without Documented Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 12–75 without documented alcohol screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>With Positive Alcohol Screen</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 12–75 with a positive alcohol screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>With Negative Alcohol Screen</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 12–75 with a negative alcohol screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening</td>
<td>Documented IPV/DV Screening</td>
<td>List of female patients 15–40 with documented IPV/DV screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening</td>
<td>No Documented IPV/DV Screening</td>
<td>List of female patients 15–40 without documented IPV/DV screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening</td>
<td>Documented IPV/DV Screening</td>
<td>List of female patients 15–40 with documented IPV/DV screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screening</td>
<td><strong>No Documented IPV/DV Screening</strong></td>
<td>List of female patients 15–40 without documented IPV/DV screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Documented Depression Screening (=&gt;18 AC)</strong></td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;18 screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>No Documented Depression Screening (=&gt;18 AC)</strong></td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;18 not screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>With Documented Depression Screen (=&gt;18)</strong></td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;18 screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder or suicide ideation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Without Documented Depression Screen (=&gt;18)</strong></td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;18 not screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder or suicide ideation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>With Documented Depression Screen 12-18)</strong></td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 12–18 screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder or suicide ideation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Without Documented Depression Screen 12-18)</strong></td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 12–18 not screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder or suicide ideation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity Assessment</td>
<td><strong>Documented Obesity Screening</strong></td>
<td>List of patients with calculated BMI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>No Documented Obesity Screening</strong></td>
<td>List of patients for whom BMI could not be calculated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Assessed as Obese</strong></td>
<td>List of patients assessed as obese using BMI and standard tables.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childhood Weight Control</td>
<td><strong>List of patients ages 2–5 with BMI =&gt;95%</strong></td>
<td>List of patients ages 2–5 with BMI at or above the 95th percentile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment</td>
<td><strong>Active IHD Pts 22+ With Comprehensive CVD Assessment</strong></td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ with a comprehensive CVD assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Active IHD Pts 22+ Without Comprehensive CVD Assessments</strong></td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ without a comprehensive CVD assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Active CHD Pts 22+ With Comprehensive CVD Assessment</strong></td>
<td>List of Active CHD patients 22+ with a comprehensive CVD assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Active CHD Pts 22+ Without Comprehensive CVD Assessments</strong></td>
<td>List of Active CHD patients 22+ without a comprehensive CVD assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Screening</td>
<td>Documented HIV Test for Pregnant Patients</td>
<td>List of pregnant patients with documented HIV test in past 20 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented HIV Test for Pregnant Patients</td>
<td>List of pregnant patients without documented HIV test in past 20 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>With HIV Screening (13–64)</td>
<td>List of User Population patients 13–64 with documented HIV test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Without HIV Screening (13–64)</td>
<td>List of User Population patients 13–64 without documented HIV test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Documented HIV Test for Pregnant Patients</td>
<td>List of pregnant patients with documented HIV test in past 20 months (Developmental pregnancy logic #1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented HIV Test for Pregnant Patients</td>
<td>List of pregnant patients without documented HIV test in past 20 months (Developmental pregnancy logic #1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Documented HIV Test for Pregnant Patients</td>
<td>List of pregnant patients with documented HIV test in past 20 months (Developmental pregnancy logic #2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No Documented HIV Test for Pregnant Patients</td>
<td>List of pregnant patients without documented HIV test in past 20 months (Developmental pregnancy logic #2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breastfeeding Rates</td>
<td>Patients 45–394 Days with Infant Feeding Choice Screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 45–394 days who were screened for Infant Feeding Choice at least once.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 45–394 Days without Infant Feeding Choice Screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 45–394 days who were not screened for Infant Feeding Choice at least once.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>At 2 Months of Age, Were Exclusively or Mostly Breastfed</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients screened at the age of two months (45–89 days) and were either exclusively or mostly breastfed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>At 2 Months of Age, Were Not Exclusively or Mostly Breastfed</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients screened at the age of two months (45–89 days) old and were not exclusively or mostly breastfed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medications in the Elderly</td>
<td>With At Least One High-Risk Medication</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 65 and older with at least one high-risk medication for the elderly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.4 National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report (SUM)

5.4.1 Overview

The Clinical Performance Summary is split into three sections: (1) Selected Non-GPRA Measures, (2) GPRA Developmental and PART Measures, and (3) Official GPRA Measures.

Note: You will not be able to export this data to the Area Office. Use the GP menu option to export your data to the Area Office.

To run the National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type NTL and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.
4. At the “Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option” prompt, type SUM and press Enter to display the following information about the National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report.
This will produce ONLY the clinical performance summaries for the National GPRA & PART Report for the 2011 GPRA year. If you want the detailed information included in the report, including performance measure definitions and number of patients in each denominator and numerator you need to run the GP menu option.

You will be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included. This report will be run for the Report Period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 with a Baseline Year of July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000. This report will include beneficiary population of American Indian/Alaska Native only.

You will NOT be able to export this data to the Area Office; use the GP menu option to export your data to the Area Office.

Press enter to continue: <Enter>

---

Figure 5-23: Running the National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report: report description (Step 4)

5. Press Enter to continue.

6. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for this report are present and have members associated to them. At the prompt, press Enter to continue.

Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA & PART Report...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

---

Figure 5-24: Running the National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report: checking taxonomies (Step 6)

7. The date ranges for this report are hard-coded. The system displays the dates, as in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Range</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Previous Year Period</td>
<td>Jul 01, 2009</td>
<td>Jun 30, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Period</td>
<td>Jul 01, 1999</td>
<td>Jun 30, 2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Figure 5-25: Running the National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report: displaying date ranges (Step 7)

8. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
• Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

9. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
   • P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
   • D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
   • B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

   Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).


NOTE: The BG11 file will not be created when a user runs this report.

5.5 National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider (DPRV)

CI11 > RPT > NTL > DPRV

5.5.1 Overview

This report will produce a National GPRA & PART Report for a selected designated primary care provider. This report will only include patients assigned to the selected provider but the patients must still meet the definitions of the denominators used in the report.

Note: You will not be able to export this data to the Area Office; use the GP menu option to export your data to the Area Office.

To run the National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider, follow these steps:
1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type NTL and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.

4. At the “Select National GPRA Reports Option” prompt, type DPRV and press Enter to display the following information about the National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider.

   **IHS 2011 National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider**

   This will produce a National GPRA & PART Report for a selected designated primary care provider. Your facility must be using the designated primary care provider functionality that assigns a panel of patients to a primary care provider; otherwise, you will not be able to run this report. The report will include only the patients assigned to the selected provider but the patients must still meet the definitions of the denominators used in the report.

   This report will be run for the Report Period of July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 with a Baseline Year of July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000.

   You will NOT be able to export this data to the Area Office; use the GP menu option to export your data to the Area Office.

   Press enter to continue: <Enter>

   **Figure 5-26: Running the National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider: report description (Step 4)**

5. Press Enter to continue.

6. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for this report are present and have members associated to them.

   **Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA & PART Report...**

   All taxonomies are present.

   End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

   **Figure 5-27: Running the National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report: checking taxonomies (Step 6)**

7. At the “End of taxonomy check” prompt, press Enter to continue.

8. At the “Which Designated Provider” prompt, do one of the following:
• Type the name of the designated primary care provider you want to report on and press Enter.

• Type the first few letters of a provider’s name and press Enter to see a selection of available providers beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the provider you want to report on and press Enter.

The hard-coded date ranges for this report are displayed, as in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Range</th>
<th>Dates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Report Period:</td>
<td>Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous Year Period:</td>
<td>Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Period:</td>
<td>Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5-28: Running the National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Summaries Report: displaying date ranges (Step 8)

9. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   • Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   • Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   • Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

10. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
    • P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
    • D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
    • B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

The National GPRA & PART Report by Designated Provider includes the same content as the National GPRA & PART Report content except that the rates are based on the designated primary care provider only.

**Note:** The BG11 file will not be created when a user runs this report.
5.6 National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File

5.6.1 Overview

This will produce a file for your local facility’s use containing all active clinical patients 0–65 years of age who are included in the National GPRA & PART Report. The file includes visit data containing height and/or weight measurements taken during the period from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011.

To run the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type NTL and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.
4. At the “Select National GPRA Reports Option” prompt, type HW and press Enter to display the following information about the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File:

```
IHS 2011 National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File
This will produce a file for your local facility's use for all active clinical patients 0-65 years of age who are included in the National GPRA & PART Report that includes visit data containing height and/or weight measurements taken during the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. This file can be very large as it contains 1 record for each height and weight taken for the patients in the active clinical population. If you do not plan on using this data for a study some kind, do not run this report.

You will be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included. This file will be run for the Report Period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 with a Baseline Year of July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000. This file will include a beneficiary population of American Indian/Alaska Native only.

You will also choose whether to create one or multiple files for the data. If you are planning to review this data using Microsoft Excel please keep in mind that Excel can only handle 65,536 records per file. Enter RETURN to continue or '^' to exit: <Enter>

If you expect that your site has more than 65,536 records you will need to create multiple files in order to use this data in Excel.
```
You will NOT be able to export this data to the Area Office. Rather, the height and weight data is exported automatically when you run the National GPRA Report and choose to export it to your Area Office IF the CRS site parameter for exporting this data to the Area Office is set to "yes."

Press enter to continue: <Enter>

Figure 5-29: Running the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File: report information (Step 4)

5. At the prompt, press Enter to continue. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for this report are present and have members associated to them.

Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA & PART Report...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

Figure 5-30: Running the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File: checking taxonomies (Step 5)

6. At the “End of taxonomy check” prompt, press Enter to display the hard-coded date ranges and population included in this report, as in the following example:

The date ranges for this report are:
- Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
- Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
- Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

The beneficiary population for this report is AI/AN only.

Figure 5-31: Running the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File: displaying date ranges (Step 6)

Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES// <Enter>

DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES

Figure 5-32: Running the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File: selecting community taxonomy (Step 7)

7. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
- Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

A Height/Weight Export file will be created. You can choose to create one file of data or multiple files of data. If you are planning to review this data using Microsoft Excel please keep in mind that Excel can only handle 65,536 records per file. If you expect that your site has more than 65,536 records you will need to create multiple files in order to use this data in Excel. If you choose to create one file it will be called: CRSHW505901201007012011063020101130172951_001_of_001.TXT and will reside in the Q:\ directory. If you have multiple files generated they will all have the same name with the last 10 characters of the filename being the number of files (e.g. 001_of_003).

Select one of the following:

O         ONE File of data
M         MULTIPLE Files of data

Do you want to create one file or multiple files: M// MULTIPLE <Enter>

Figure 5-33: Running the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File: selecting single or multiple files (Step 8)

8. At the “Do you want to create one file or multiple files” prompt, type O (to create a single data file) or M (to create multiple data files) and press Enter.

If you select M and the number of records is less than or equal to 65,536, all records will be written to a single file. Otherwise, the appropriate number of files will be created so that each file contains a maximum of 65,536 records, including the file header.

9. A summary of the National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data File is displayed, as in the following example:

```
SUMMARY OF NATIONAL GPRA & PART HEIGHT AND WEIGHT LOCAL DATA FILE TO BE GENERATED

The date ranges for this report are:
Report Period:           Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period:    Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
Baseline Period:         Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES

The height and weight data file will be named: CRSHW505901201007012011063020101130172951_001_of_001.TXT and will reside in the Q:\ directory.
Since you opted to create multiple files, if additional files are generated they will all have the same name as the one listed above
```
10. Select the output device and type the name of the file that will be created as a cover page for the data file. The cover page shows the parameters used to create the data file(s) and the name(s) of the file(s) created.

The National GPRA & PART Height and Weight Local Data Files (e.g. file names beginning with CRSHW) include data for all active clinical patients ages 0–18 who have both a height and weight value documented on a visit and for all active clinical patients ages 19–65 who have a height and/or a weight value documented on a visit. Visits must occur on or after the File Begin Date and on or before the File End Date. Therefore, if a patient has five visits at which a BMI was taken during this time period, all five visits will be included in this file. Age is calculated as of the visit date.

Note: The BG11 file will not be created when a user creates this data file.

5.7 Search Template for National Patient List (NST)

CI11 > RPT > NTL >NST

5.7.1 Overview

A search template may be created from a National GPRA & PART Patient List for patients meeting or not meeting a performance measure included in the National GPRA & PART Report. You can select the performance measure, such as Pap smear in the past three years, and then choose the list you want; for example, patients without a Pap smear. You select the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included and choose the report period.

The following patient list options are available:

- A random list (10% of the total list)
- A list by designated primary care provider
- The entire patient list

When the Search Template for National Patient List option is run, the National GPRA & PART Report for the selected performance measure is included, but the patient list is not.
5.7.2 Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List

To create a search template for a national patient list, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type NTL and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.

4. At the “Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option” prompt, type NST and press Enter to display the following information about the search template:

   IHS GPRA & PART Performance Patient Search Template Creation
   CRS 2011, Version 11.0
   
   This will produce a search template of patients who either met or did not meet a National GPRA & PART Report performance measure. You will be asked to select one performance measure topic and then to choose which performance measure numerators you would like to create a search template for. For example, you can create a search template of all patients who did not meet the measure for having a Pap Smear in the past 3 years.

   You will also be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included, the beneficiary population of the patients, and the Report Period and Baseline Year.

   Press enter to continue: <Enter>

   Figure 5-35: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: report description (Step 4)

5. At the prompt to continue, press Enter.

6. The system checks the site-populated taxonomies.
   - If the following message is displayed, press Enter.

   Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA & PART Report...
   All taxonomies are present.

   End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

   Figure 5-36: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: checking taxonomies (Step 6)
• If the following message is displayed, your report results for the measure that uses the specified taxonomy are likely to be inaccurate.

The taxonomies are missing or have no entries

Figure 5-37: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: checking taxonomies (Step 6)

To exit from the report and edit your taxonomies, type a caret (^) at any prompt until you return to the main menu.

7. The Performance Measure Selection list of available topics is displayed, as in the following example:

    PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 09, 2011 09:33:40 Page: 1 of 2
    IHS GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Measures
    * indicates the performance measure has been selected

    1) Diabetes Prevalence
    2) Diabetes: Glycemic Control
    3) Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control
    4) Diabetes: LDL Assessment
    5) Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment
    6) Diabetic Retinopathy
    7) Access to Dental Services
    8) Dental Sealants
    9) Topical Fluoride
    10) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
    11) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
    12) Childhood Immunizations
    13) Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates
    14) Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates
    15) Colorectal Cancer Screening
    16) Colorectal Cancer Screening (Revised Logic #1-HEDIS)
    + Enter ?? for more actions
    S Select Measure D De Select Measure Q Quit
    Select Action:+//

Figure 5-38: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: Performance Measure Selection screen (Steps 7 and 8)

8. The action bar is displayed at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

   • To view multiple pages:
     – Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
     – Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

   • To select a specific performance measure topic:
     a. Type S and press Enter.
     b. At the “Select Only One Measure” prompt, type the number corresponding to the performance measure topic you want and press Enter.
**Note:** Only one topic may be selected when creating a search template.

The measure you selected is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number, as in the following example:

```
PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 09, 2011 09:35:41        Page:   1 of    2
IHS GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected
1)  Diabetes Prevalence
2)  Diabetes: Glycemic Control
*3)  Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control
4)  Diabetes: LDL Assessment
5)  Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment
6)  Diabetic Retinopathy
7)  Access to Dental Services
8)  Dental Sealants
9)  Topical Fluoride
10) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
11) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
12) Childhood Immunizations
13) Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates
14) Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates
15) Colorectal Cancer Screening
16) Colorectal Cancer Screening (Revised Logic #1-HEDIS)
+         Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:+//
```

Figure 5-39: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: selected performance measure topic (Step 8)

9. To save your selected topic, type **Q** and press Enter.

The patient lists available for the performance measure topic you selected are displayed, as in the following example:

```
Please select one or more of these report choices within the
Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control performance measure topic.

1)  BP Assessed
2)  BP Not Assessed
3)  Controlled BP
4)  Uncontrolled BP
Which item(s): (1-4):  3 <Enter>
```

Figure 5-40: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: selecting patient lists (Step 10)

10. At the “Which item(s)” prompt; type the number(s) of the item(s) on which you want to report.

11. At the “Patient Search Template” prompt, do one of the following:
• Type the name of the search template to which you want to save the patient list and press Enter.

• Type the first few letters of a search template name and press Enter to see a list of templates beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the name of the template you want to use and press Enter.

If a search template with the name you type does not currently exist, you are asked to confirm that you want to add it as a new search template. Type Y to add the new template, or type N to return to the “Patient Search Template” prompt to type another template name.

If a search template with the name you typed already exists, you are asked if you want to overwrite an existing search template (Figure 5-41). Type Y to overwrite the exiting template, or type N to return to the “Patient Search Template” prompt to type another template name.

Enter a search template name for the following list of patients:
List of diabetic patients with controlled BP, defined as <130/80.
Patient Search Template: DEMO_DM_CONTROLLED_BP
Are you adding 'DEMO_DM_CONTROLLED_BP' as a new SORT TEMPLATE? No// Y (Yes)
An unduplicated PATIENT list resulting from this report will be stored in the DEMO_DM_CONTROLLED_BP Search Template.

Figure 5-41: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: specifying patient search template name (Steps 11 and 12)

12. Repeat Step 11 to provide a search template name for each selected patient list.

Select List Type.
Select one of the following:
R Random Patient List
P Patient List by Provider
A All Patients

Choose report type for the Lists: R//<Enter> Random Patient List

Figure 5-42: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: selecting the list report type (Step 13)

13. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:

• R (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.

• P (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
• **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

If you select **P** (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

**Note:** Printed patient lists are likely to require a great deal of paper, even when you are producing a Random list. Ensure that your selected printer has enough paper, particularly if you are running the report overnight.

Print patient lists only when you need them, or print to an electronic file.

Select one of the following:

1. January 1 – December 31
2. April 1 – March 31
3. July 1 – June 30
4. October 1 – September 30
5. User-Defined Report Period

![Figure 5-43 Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: selecting report date range (Step 14)](image)

14. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:

- To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
  
  At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.

- To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
  
  At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

15. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

16. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:

- Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)

- Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
• Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy and press Enter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Select one of the following:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1  Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2  Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3  All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1// <Enter>

Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)

Figure 5-44: Creating a Search Template for a National Patient List: selecting beneficiary population (Step 17)

17. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:

• 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
• 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
• 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

18. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

• P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
• D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
• B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

**Note:** The output contains only the National GPRA & PART Report for the selected performance measure topic and will not include the list(s) of patients. The list(s) of patients will be stored in the search template(s) you created.
5.7.3 Search Template Content

The content of the National Search Template is the same as the content for the National GPRA & PART Patient List, except that it is saved to a search template.

5.8 GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List (FOR)

5.8.1 Overview

The GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List is linked to the Scheduling package and produces a list of patients with or without scheduled appointments that identifies all of the GPRA and PART measures each patient has not yet met.

The list may be run using several different options:

- By specified clinic and appointment date range
- For a selected patient and appointment date range
- All appointments for an entire facility or division to all clinics or specified clinics
- Any selected set of patients regardless of appointment status

This can be used to create a list of all GPRA and PART screenings and/or tests that a patient is due for at his or her next visit.

The denominator logic for this list is different than the denominator logic used in the National GPRA & PART Report. The definitions are different because, although a patient may not meet the GPRA or PART definition of “Active Clinical” or “Active Diabetic” at a particular appointment, the patient may meet one of those definitions later in the GPRA year. Thus, it was necessary to develop a separate set of denominator definitions for this patient list. The numerator logic, however, is the same. You can use the GPRA & PART Forecast Denominator Definitions (FORD) menu option to print these definitions.

This report is based on the CRS clinical logic and, consequently, may produce different results from the current clinical reminders available in the EHR package.

5.8.2 Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List

To run the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List, follow these steps:
1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **NTL** and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.

4. At the “Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option” prompt, type **FOR** and press Enter to display the following information about the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List:

   This patient list is linked to the Scheduling Menu and enables users to run a list of patients that are scheduled for appointments during a user-defined time period to list of clinics at the facility defined by the user and shows the GPRA & PART measures the patient will not meet as of the date of the appointment. The list uses revised CRS logic for the GPRA & PART measures, which is defined in the report, and also includes information for the provider on how to fulfill the GPRA & PART measures.

   PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

   Figure 5-45: Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List: patient list description (Step 4)

5. At the prompt, press Enter.

   Select one of the following:

   - **C** (By clinic name) creates a list for all clinics or for one or more selected clinics at a facility sorted by a specified appointment date range (default).
   - **P** (Selected patients) creates a list for one selected patient’s appointments.
   - **D** (One facility’s or division’s appointments) creates a list for all of a facility’s or division’s appointments.
   - **A** (Any selected set of patients) creates a list for any selected set of patients, regardless of whether they had a scheduled appointment status. This option should be used for walk-in patients.

   Create List/Sort by: C// C <Enter>

   Figure 5-46: Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List: selecting report criteria (Step 6)

6. At the “Create List/Sort by” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report selection criterion want to use and press Enter, where:

   - **C** (By clinic name) creates a list for all clinics or for one or more selected clinics at a facility sorted by a specified appointment date range (default).
   - **P** (Selected patients) creates a list for one selected patient’s appointments.
   - **D** (One facility’s or division’s appointments) creates a list for all of a facility's or division’s appointments.
   - **A** (Any selected set of patients) creates a list for any selected set of patients, regardless of whether they had a scheduled appointment status. This option should be used for walk-in patients.

   Detailed instructions for each of the report selection criteria are found below.
5.8.2.1 C (By Clinic Name)

1. At the “Create List/Sort by” prompt, type C and press Enter, as shown in the following example:

   Create List/Sort by: C// C By CLINIC NAME for a specified appointment date range
   Select one of the following:
   A     ANY Clinic
   S     One or more selected Clinics
   Include patients with Appointments to: A// S <Enter> One or more selected Clinics
   Select CLINIC: 01 GENERAL <Enter>
   Select CLINIC: <Enter>
   Enter Beginning Appointment Date: 5/1/11 <Enter> (MAY 01, 2011)
   Enter Ending Appointment Date: 5/2/11 <Enter> (MAY 02, 2011)
   Select one of the following:
   A     ALL Patients with Appointments in the date range
   O     ONLY Patients added on since a specified date
   Run the forecast report for: A// ONLY Patients added on since a specified date
   Patients 'Added On' on or after what date: 4/29/11 (APR 29, 2011)

   Figure 5-47: Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List: patient list by clinic (Steps 1 through 5)

2. At the “Include patients with Appointments to” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To include patients with appointments to all clinics, type A and press Enter.
   - To include patients with appointments to one or more selected clinics, type S and press Enter, and then follow these steps:
     - At the “Select CLINIC” prompt, do one of the following:
     - Type the name of a clinic and press Enter for each clinic you want to include.
     - Type the first few letters of a clinic name and press Enter to see a selection of clinics beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the clinic and press Enter.
     - When you’ve selected all the clinics you want to include, press Enter without typing a clinic name.
   - To include patients with appointments to all clinics, type A and press Enter.

3. At the “Enter Beginning Appointment Date” prompt, type the beginning date of the period you want to create the list for and press Enter.
4. At the “Enter Ending Appointment Date” prompt, type the ending date of the period you want to create the list for and press Enter.

**Note:** You should only enter an appointment date range for a short duration, such as a day but no more than a week. For larger facilities, an appointment date range of one day should be used, since there could be thousands of appointments scheduled during the week and the report would be very large.

5. At the “Run the forecast report for:” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To include all patients with appointments in the date range entered, type A and press Enter.
   - To include only patients whose appointments were added on since a specified date, type O and press Enter, and then follow these steps:
     - At the “Patients 'Added On' on or after what date” prompt, type the date on or after which patients were added to the appointment schedule.

6. Instructions for the “Device” prompt are found in Step 7 below.

**5.8.2.2 P (Selected Patients)**

1. At the “Create List/Sort by” prompt, type P and press Enter.

```
Create List/Sort by: C// P  Selected Patients w/Appointments
Select PATIENT NAME:  PATIENT <Enter>
  1  PATIENT,CRJF   M 05-14-1980             WW 900259
  2  PATIENT,CRS   F 01-01-1985 XXX-XX-4444 WW 23456
  3  PATIENT,CRSA   F 06-01-1970             WW 900000
  4  PATIENT,CRSAA    F 02-01-1956             WW 900027
  5  PATIENT,CRSAB   M 03-01-1957             WW 900028
ENTER ‘^’ TO STOP, OR
CHOOSE 1-5:  1 <Enter>
PATIENT,CRJF   M 05-14-1980             WW 900259
```

Enter Beginning Appointment Date: 5/1/11 <Enter>  (MAY 01, 2011)
Enter Ending Appointment Date: 5/2/11 <Enter>  (MAY 2, 2011)

Figure 5-48: Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List: patient list by patient (Steps 1 through 4)

2. At the “Select PATIENT NAME” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Type the name of a patient and press Enter.
• Type the first few letters of a patient name and press Enter to see a selection of
patients beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and
press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the patient and press
Enter.

3. At the “Enter Beginning Appointment Date” prompt, type the beginning date of
the period you want to create the list for and press Enter.

4. At the “Enter Ending Appointment Date” prompt, type the ending date of the
period you want to create the list for and press Enter.

5. Instructions for the “Device” prompt are found in Step 7 below.

5.8.2.3 D (One Facility’s or Division’s Appointments)

1. At the “Create List/Sort by” prompt, type D and press Enter.

| Create List/Sort by: C// D One Facility's or Divisions Appointments |
| Select MEDICAL CENTER DIVISION NAME: DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL 2582 |
| Select one of the following: |
| A ANY Clinic |
| S One or more selected Clinics |
| Include patients with Appointments to: A// S <Enter> One or more selected Clinics |
| Select CLINIC: 01 GENERAL <Enter> |
| Select CLINIC: <Enter> |
| Enter Beginning Appointment Date: 5/1/11 <Enter> (MAY 01, 2011) |
| Enter Ending Appointment Date: 5/2/11 <Enter> (MAY 02, 2011) |
| Select one of the following: |
| A ALL Patients with Appointments in the date range |
| O ONLY Patients added on since a specified date |
| Run the forecast report for: A// ONLY Patients added on since a specified date |
| Patients 'Added On' on or after what date: 4/29/11 (APR 29, 2011) |

Figure 5-49: Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List by facility or division (Steps 1
through 6)

2. At the “Select MEDICAL CENTER DIVISION NAME” prompt, do one of the
following:

• Type the name of a facility or division and press Enter.
• Type the first few letters of a facility or division name and press Enter to see a selection beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the facility or division and press Enter.

3. At the “Include patients with Appointments to” prompt, do one of the following:

• To include patients with appointments to all clinics, type A and press Enter.
• To include patients with appointments to one or more selected clinics, follow these steps:
  – Type S and press Enter.
  – At the “Select CLINIC” prompt, do one of the following:
• Type the name of a clinic and press Enter for each clinic that you want to include.
• Type the first few letters of a clinic name and press Enter to see a selection of clinics beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the clinic and press Enter.
  – When you have selected all the clinics that you want to include, press Enter without typing a clinic name.

4. At the “Enter Beginning Appointment Date” prompt, type the beginning date of the period you want to create the list for and press Enter.

5. At the “Enter Ending Appointment Date” prompt, type the ending date of the period you want to create the list for and press Enter.

Note: You should only enter an appointment date range for a short duration, such as a day but no more than a week. For larger facilities, an appointment date range of one day should be used, since there could be thousands of appointments scheduled during the week and the report would be very large.

6. At the “Run the forecast report for:” prompt, do one of the following:

• To include all patients with appointments in the date range entered, type A and press Enter.
• To include only patients whose appointments were added on since a specified date, type O and press Enter, and then follow these steps:
  – At the “Patients 'Added On' on or after what date” prompt, type the date on or after which patients were added to the appointment schedule.

7. Instructions for the “Device” prompt are found in Step 7 below.
5.8.2.4 A (Any Selected Set of Patients)

1. At the “Create List/Sort by” prompt, type A and press Enter.

![Create List/Sort by: C// A <Enter> Any selected set of patients regardless of appt status
Select patient(s): PATIENT <Enter>

1  PATIENT, CRJF  M 05-14-1980  WW 900259
2  PATIENT, CRS  F 01-01-1985 XXX-XX-4444  WW 23456
3  PATIENT, CRSA  F 06-01-1970  WW 900000
4  PATIENT, CRSAA  F 02-01-1956  WW 900027
5  PATIENT, CRSAB  M 03-01-1957  WW 900028
ENTER ‘^’ TO STOP, OR
CHOOSE 1-5: 1 <Enter>
PATIENT, CRJF  M 05-14-1980  WW 900259
Select patient(s): <Enter>

Figure 5-50: Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List by patient name (Steps 1 and 2)

2. At the “Select patient(s)” prompt, do one of the following:

- To select individual patients, do one of the following:
  - Type the name of each patient and press Enter for each patient.
  - Type the first few letters of a patient name and press Enter to see a selection of patients beginning with those letters. Then type the number of a patient and press Enter.
  
  When you have selected all the patients you want to include, press Enter without typing a patient name or number.

- To run the list for patients included in a search template, do one of the following:

  - Type a left bracket ([) followed by the name of the search template and press Enter.
  
  - Type a left bracket ([) followed by one or more letters in the search template name and press Enter to see a list of search templates beginning with those letters. Then type the number of a search template and press Enter.

  In Figure 5-51, all search templates containing “D” in the name are displayed and the third template named DEMO_VISITS_MALE_21-55 was selected. It contains 32 patients; therefore, the patient list will be run only for those 32 patients included in the search template.

3. Instructions for the “Device” prompt are found in Step 7 below.

![Create List/Sort by: C// Any selected set of patients regardless of appt status
Select patient(s): [D

Select patient(s): <Enter>
4. At the “Device” prompt, type a printer name or a file name.

**Note:** This report is only available in the printed format.

- To print to the screen, press Enter to accept the default prompt, “Home” (which may vary at different sites)

  To print a report to the screen without multiple “Enter Return to continue” prompts, type **0;P-OTHER80** at the “Home” prompt, as shown below.

  Depending on the software you are using to access RPMS, turn on your logging or screen capture program before printing to the screen.

---

5.9 GPRA & PART Forecast Denominator Definitions (FORD)

5.9.1 CI11 > RPT > NTL > FORD
5.9.1 Overview

This option is used to print the denominator definitions used in the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List (FOR).

5.9.2 Running the GPRA & PART Forecast Denominator Definitions

To print the GPRA & PART Forecast Denominator Definitions, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type NTL and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.
4. At the “Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option” prompt, type FORD and press Enter.
5. At the “Device” prompt, type a printer name or a file name.

**Note:** This report is only available in printed format.

- To print to the screen, press Enter to accept the default prompt, “Home” (which may vary at different sites)
  
  To print a report to your screen without multiple “Enter Return to continue” prompts, type 0;P-OTHER80 at the “Home” prompt, as shown below.

  Depending on the software you are using to access RPMS, turn on your logging or screen capture program before printing to the screen.

![Figure 5-54: Printing a report without multiple prompts](image-url)

- To print to a file, type Host or HFS at the “Home” prompt, then specify the file location and name at the “Host File Name” prompt, as in the following example:

![Figure 5-55: Specifying the file location](image-url)
5.10 Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List (CMP)

CI11 > RPT > NTL > CMP

5.10.1 Overview

This option produces a patient list that displays all of the patients included in the National GPRA & PART Report and all of the performance measures reported to Congress and OMB that each patient did not meet. This report option also displays the name and discipline of the provider the patient last saw and the date of the visit with the provider. For a list of the performance measures included in this report, see Section 5.10.3, “Patient List Content.”

The following Patient List options are available:

- A random list (10% of the total list)
- A list by designated primary care provider
- The entire patient list of patients and the measure(s) they did not meet

5.10.2 Running the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List

To print the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type NTL and press Enter to display the National GPRA Reports menu.
4. At the “Select National GPRA & PART Reports Option” prompt, type CMP and press Enter to display the following information about the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List:

Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List
CRS 2011, Version 11.0
This report will enable users to run a patient list that shows all of the National GPRA & PART Report performance measures in which a patient was included but did not meet. Performance measures not relevant to a patient will not be listed. For example, if a male patient who is 30 years old, he would not be listed as having not met the Child Immunizations or Pap Smear measures.

The list will include the National GPRA & PART Report logic and performance measure rates for Report Period, Previous Year, and Baseline Year for all
the measures, followed by a list of patients that shows which measures each patient did not meet.

You will be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included, the beneficiary population of the patients, and the Report Period and Baseline Year.

Press ENTER to Continue: <Enter>

Figure 5-56: Running the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List: report information display (Step 4)

5. At the prompt, press Enter.

A message is displayed warning about the number of pages the report could potentially include and recommending that you select the delimited output option.

6. Type Y and press Enter to continue, or type a caret (^) to return to the previous menu.

7. The system checks the site-populated taxonomies.
   - If the following message is displayed, press Enter.

Checking for Taxonomies to support the National GPRA & PART Report...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

Figure 5-57: Running the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List: checking taxonomies (Step 7)

   - If the following message is displayed, your report results for the measure that uses the specified taxonomy are likely to be inaccurate.

The taxonomies are missing or have no entries

Figure 5-58: Running the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List: checking taxonomies (Step 7)

To exit from the report and edit your taxonomies, type a caret (^) at any prompt until you return to the main menu.

Select List Type.
NOTE: If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.

Select one of the following:

R  Random Patient List
P  Patient List by Provider
8. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:
   - **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
   - **P** (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
   - **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

   If you select **P** (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

   **Note:** Printed patient lists are likely to require a great deal of paper, even when you are producing a random list. Ensure that your selected printer has enough paper, particularly if you are running the report overnight.

   Print patient lists only when you need them, or print to an electronic file.

9. The system displays the date range options for the patient list, as in the following example:

   **Select one of the following:**
   1. January 1 - December 31
   2. April 1 - March 31
   3. July 1 - June 30
   4. October 1 - September 30
   5. User-Defined Report Period

   Enter the date range for your report: 1 <Enter> January 1 - December 31

   **Figure 5-60: Running the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List: selecting report date range (Step 10)**

10. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:

   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (**1**, **2**, **3**, or **4**) and press Enter.

     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
• To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.

At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

11. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

12. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:

• Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)

• Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.

Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Type the number of a taxonomy and press Enter.

Select one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Taxonomy Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1// <Enter>

Figure 5-61: Running the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List: selecting beneficiary population (Step 13)

13. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:

• 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
• 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
• 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.


15. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

• P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
• D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
• B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.
Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

**Note:** Depending on a variety of factors—the number of performance measures selected, the size of your database, your server configuration (RAM, processor speed, etc.)—the report may take 6–8 hours to run. *Always test your first report at night or on the weekend.*

### 5.10.3 Patient List Content

The following table shows the National GPRA & PART Report performance measures that are included in the GPRA Performance Plan to Congress (e.g., GPRA measures) that are applicable to each patient and will be included in this report.

Performance measures that are counts and not rates, such as Dental Sealants, are not included in this report. In addition, measures that report on patients with documented health issues, such as Poor Glycemic Control, are also not included in this report.

**Table 5-4: Content of the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List Report by Performance Measure Topic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Abbreviation for Patient List, “Measures Not Met” Column</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes (DM): Glycemic Control</td>
<td>Ideal Glycemic Control</td>
<td>DM Ideal Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>Controlled BP</td>
<td>DM Contr BP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: LDL Assessment</td>
<td>LDL Assessed</td>
<td>DM LDL Doc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Nephropathy Assessment</td>
<td>Nephropathy Assessed</td>
<td>DM Nephropathy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Retinopathy</td>
<td>Retinopathy Assessed</td>
<td>DM Retinopathy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to Dental Services</td>
<td>Documented Dental Visit</td>
<td>Dental Visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</td>
<td>Documented Influenza Immunization</td>
<td>AC 65+ Influenza IZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>Documented Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>AC 65+ Pneumovax IZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childhood Immunizations</td>
<td>Active Immunization Package Patients With All Documented Childhood Immunizations IMM Pkg w/4:3:1:3:3:1:4</td>
<td>IMM Pkg Child IZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates</td>
<td>Documented Pap Smear</td>
<td>AC Pap Smear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates</td>
<td>Documented Mammogram</td>
<td>AC Mammogram</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Performance Measure Topic | Performance Measure | Abbreviation for Patient List, “Measures Not Met” Column
--- | --- | ---
Colorectal Cancer Screening | Documented CRC Screening | AC CRC Scrn
Tobacco Cessation | Documented Tobacco Cessation Intervention | AC Tobacco Cess
Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention) | Documented Alcohol Screening | AC Alcohol Scrn
Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening | Documented IPV/DV Screening | AC IPV/DV Scrn
Depression Screening | Documented Depression Screening | AC Depr Scrn
Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment | Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment | Active IHD Comp CVD
Prenatal HIV Testing | Documented HIV Test | AC Prenatal HIV Test
Breastfeeding Rates | Documented Infant Feeding Choice Screening | AC Feed Choice Scrn

### 5.11 Selected Measures Reports for Local Facility Use (LOC)

5.11.1 Overview

The following reports are intended for local use by a facility for specific public health and/or performance improvement initiatives. Each report allows the user to select one or more performance measure topics and different populations. All Selected Measures reports include the option to run patient lists.

- **Selected Measures with Community Specified (COM)** includes all denominators and numerators for performance measure topic(s) selected by the user. The report displays both Active Clinical and GPRA User Population denominators, in addition to any other measure-specific denominators; for example, Active Adult Diabetic patients. For any selected topic, this report displays all numerators, including any breakdowns by gender and age where defined.

This report uses a community taxonomy to define the population. If this report is used to review and improve local data for national GPRA reporting, the site’s “official” GPRA Community taxonomy should be used. Other community taxonomies can also be specified for other local uses, such as comparing one community to another.
This report also provides an option for selecting different patient-type populations: AI/AN, non-AI/AN, or both. For comparison to national reporting, only the AI/AN population can be selected.

- **Selected Measures with Patient Panel Population (PP)** includes all numerators, including any breakdowns by gender and age where defined, for performance measure topic(s) selected by the user. The report displays only one denominator, the number of patients in the user-defined patient panel.

The population for this report is defined by a user-specified list (panel) of patients and includes only those communities of which the patients are residents. For detailed instructions see 1.1.1.1.1Appendix D: “Creating a Patient Panel with Q-Man.”

- **Selected Measures with All Communities (ALL)** includes all denominators and numerators for performance measure topic(s) selected by the user. The report displays both Active Clinical and GPRA User Population denominators, in addition to any other measure-specific denominators; for example, Active Adult Diabetic patients. For any selected topic, this report displays all numerators, including any breakdowns by gender and age where defined.

The population for this report is any patient in the database, regardless of the community of residence. This report also provides an option for selecting different patient-type populations: AI/AN, non-AI/AN, or both.

### 5.11.2 Running the Selected Measures Reports with Patient Lists

To run the Selected Measures Reports with Patient Lists, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **LOC** and press Enter to display the Reports for Local Use, IHS Clinical Measures menu, as in the following example:

```
******************************************************
**                IHS/RPMS CRS 2011                 **
**   Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures   **
******************************************************
Version 11.0
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL
COM    Selected Measures w/Community Specified
PP     Selected Measures w/Patient Panel Population
```
The following reports are the CRS reports for local use:

- **COM—Selected Measures w/Community Specified** reports only on patients residing in a community of residence that is included in the Community Taxonomy selected by the user.
- **PP—Selected Measures w/Patient Panel Population** reports only on patients included in a patient panel selected by the user. For detailed instructions see Appendix D: “Creating a Patient Panel with Q-Man.”
- **ALL—Selected Measures w/All Communities** reports on all patients in the site’s RPMS database, regardless of community of residence.

**Note:** To stop at any time during the report setup, type a caret (^) at any prompt until you return to your desired location.

### 5.11.2.1 Running the Selected Measures Community Specified Report (COM)

To run the Selected Measures Community Specified Report, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **LOC** and press Enter to display the Reports for Local Use, IHS Clinical Measures menu, as in the following example:

```plaintext
**************************************************************
**                IHS/RPMS CRS 2011                          **
**   Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures          **
**************************************************************
Version 11.0
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL
COM    Selected Measures w/Community Specified
PP     Selected Measures w/Patient Panel Population
ALL    Selected Measures w/All Communities
```
Select Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures Option: COM <Enter>
Selected Measures with Community Specified

Figure 5-63: CRS Reports for Local Use menu: selecting the Selected Measures with Community Specified option (COM) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures Option” prompt, type COM and press Enter to display information about the report option and a list of the available report types.

IHS 2011 CRS - Clinical Performance Measure Report (Selected Measures)
This will produce a Performance Measure Report for one or more measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, and 3) the Community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included.

Select one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DM</td>
<td>Diabetes-Related Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVD</td>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease Prevention for At-Risk Patients</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WH</td>
<td>Women's Health-Related Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEL</td>
<td>Selected Performance Measures (User Defined)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Which set of Performance measures should be included in this report: SEL <Enter>
Selected Performance Measures (User Defined)

Figure 5-64: Running the Selected Measures with Community Specified: report: report information display (Step 4)

You can select from three predefined reports that contain topics specific to diabetes (DM), cardiovascular disease (CVD), or women’s health (WH), or you may choose your own topics (SEL) for the report.

5. At the “Which set of Performance measures should be included in this report” prompt, do one of the following:

- To run one of the predefined reports, type DM, CVD, or WH and press Enter, then go to Step 5 for the taxonomy check.
- To include user-defined performance measures in this report, type SEL and press Enter, then continue with Step 3.

6. The Performance Measure Selection screens are displayed, as in the following examples:

PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 10, 2011 11:01:09 Page: 1 of 5
IHS Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected

1) Diabetes Prevalence
2) Diabetes Comprehensive Care
3) Diabetes: Glycemic Control
4) Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control
5) Diabetes: LDL Assessment
6) Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment
7) Diabetic Retinopathy
8) Diabetes: Access to Dental Services
9) Access to Dental Service
10) Dental Sealants
11) Topical Fluoride
12) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
13) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
14) Childhood Immunizations
15) Adolescent Immunizations
16) Appropriate Treatment for Children with Upper Respiratory Infection

+ Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:+//

Figure 5-65: Running the Selected Measures Reports: Performance Measure Selection screen, Page 1 of 5 (Step 6)

PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 10, 2011 11:03:23 Page: 2 of 5

IHS Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected
+
17) Appropriate Testing for Children with Pharyngitis
18) Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates
19) Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates
20) Colorectal Cancer Screening
21) Comprehensive Cancer Screening
22) Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment
23) Tobacco Cessation
24) Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)
25) Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention (ASBI) in the ER
26) Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening
27) Depression Screening
28) Antidepressant Medication Management
29) Obesity Assessment
30) Childhood Weight Control
31) Nutrition and Exercise Education for At Risk Patients
32) Physical Activity Assessment
+ Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:+//

Figure 5-66: Running the Selected Measures Reports: Performance Measure Selection screen, Page 2 of 5 (Step 6)

PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 10, 2011 11:04:32 Page: 3 of 5

IHS Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected
+
33) Comprehensive Health Screening
34) Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening
35) Cardiovascular Disease and Blood Pressure Control
36) Controlling High Blood Pressure
37) Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment
38) Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack
39) Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack
40) Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients

+ Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:+//
7. The action bar is displayed at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   a. To view multiple pages:
      • Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
      • Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

   b. To select performance measure topics:
      • Type S and press Enter.
• At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the measure(s) you want.

To select multiple measures, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).

After pressing Enter, each selected performance measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number (Figure 5-69).

c. To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION

IHS Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected

1) Diabetes Prevalence
2) Diabetes Comprehensive Care
3) Diabetes: Glycemic Control
4) Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control
5) Diabetes: LDL Assessment
6) Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment
7) Diabetic Retinopathy
8) Diabetes: Access to Dental Services
9) Access to Dental Service
10) Dental Sealants
11) Topical Fluoride
12) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
13) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
14) Childhood Immunizations
15) Adolescent Immunizations
16) Appropriate Treatment for Children with Upper Respiratory Infection

+ Enter ?? for more actions

Select one of the following:

1 January 1 - December 31
2 April 1 - March 31
3 July 1 - June 30
4 October 1 - September 30
5 User-Defined Report Period

Enter the date range for your report: 3 July 1 - June 30

Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit
9. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   a. To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.

   At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   
   b. To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.

   At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

   All reports review and calculate data for at least a one-year time period by searching patient records for data matching the numerator criteria for the entire current report period selected.

   If you pick a report period end date that is later than the date you are running the report, a warning message is displayed. At the “Do you want to change your Current Report Dates?” prompt, do one of the following:

   – To continue with the report, press Enter to accept the default answer “No.”
   – To change your report date range, type Y and press Enter.

10. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

   The date ranges you selected for the report, including Report Period, Previous Year Period, and Baseline Period are displayed, as in the following example,

   The date ranges for this report are:
   
   Report Period:    Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
   Previous Year Period:    Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
   Baseline Period:    Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

11. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:

   • Press Enter to accept the default taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)

   • Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
• Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

12. Your HOME location (as defined in Section 4.2) is displayed.

13. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, do one of the following:

   **Note:** You must have security access to run any patient list. This prompt will not be displayed if you do not have security access.

• To include patient lists in addition to the report, type **Y** (Yes) and press Enter to display the Measure List Selection screen. Only patient lists for the topics you have selected for your report are listed (Figure 5-72). Continue with Step 14 to select the lists.

• To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.” Go to Step 13 to select the beneficiary (patient) population for the report.

Do you want patient lists for any of the measures? N// Y <Enter> Yes

MEASURE LIST SELECTION    Jun 10, 2011 12:16:49    Page: 1 of 1
IHS 2011 Clinical Performance Measure Lists of Patients
* indicates the list has been selected
1) DM Comprehensive Care: List of diabetic pts w/documentated tests, if any
2) DM Nephropathy: List of diabetic patients w/nephropathy assessment, if any
3) Childhood Imm: List of Pts 19-35 months with IZ, if any

Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select List          D    De Select List
A    All Lists            Q    Quit
Select Action:+// Q <Enter> Quit

Figure 5-72: Running the Selected Measures Report: choosing patient lists (Step 14)

14. To select patient lists, follow these steps:

a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type **S** and press Enter.

b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include.

   After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

   c. To save your selected lists, type **Q** (Quit) and press Enter.
Select List Type.
NOTE: If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.

Select one of the following:

R  Random Patient List
P  Patient List by Provider
A  All Patients

Choose report type for the Lists: R// A <Enter> All Patients

Figure 5-73: Running the Selected Measures Report: selecting patient list type (Step 15)

15. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:

- **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
- **P** (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
- **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

If you select **P** (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider name” prompt and press Enter.

Select one of the following:

1  Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)
2  Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)
3  All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1// <Enter>
Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)

Figure 5-74: Running the Selected Measures Report: selecting beneficiary population (Step 16)

16. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:

- **1** (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
- **2** (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
- **3** (All) reports on your entire patient population.

A summary of the Selected Measures report is displayed, as in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUMMARY OF 2011 CLINICAL MEASURE PERFORMANCE REPORT TO BE GENERATED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The date ranges for this report are:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Report Period:  Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period:  Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
Baseline Period:  Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES
The HOME location is: HOME 505989

These performance measures will be calculated: Diabetes Comprehensive Care ; Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment ; Childhood Immunizations ;

Lists will be produced for these measures: Diabetes Comprehensive Care ; Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment ; Childhood Immunizations ;

Figure 5-75: Summary Screen for Selected Measures Report (Step 16)

Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

Select one of the following:

P  Print Report on Printer or Screen
D  Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)
B  Both a Printed Report and Delimited File

Select an Output Option: P// B <Enter> Both a Printed Report and Delimited File

You have selected to create a delimited output file. You can have this output file created as a text file in the pub directory, OR you can have the delimited output display on your screen so that you can do a file capture. Keep in mind that if you choose to do a screen capture you CANNOT Queue your report to run in the background!!

Select one of the following:

S  SCREEN - delimited output will display on screen for capture
F  FILE - delimited output will be written to a file in pub

Select output type: S// F <Enter> FILE - delimited output will be written to a file in pub
Enter a filename for the delimited output (no more than 40 characters): STST3-6 <Enter>

When the report is finished your delimited output will be found in the Q:\ directory. The filename will be STST3-6.txt

DEVICE: HOME//

Figure 5-76: Running the Selected Measures Report: selecting output options (Step 17)

17. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.
Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

**Note:** This is the last point at which you can exit before starting the report process. *If you have included patient lists, the report may take 6–10 hours to run.* Always test your first report at night or on the weekend.

To exit, type a caret (^) at the “Device” prompt.

### 5.11.2.2 Running the Selected Measures with Patient Panel Report (PP)

To run the Selected Measures with Patient Panel Report, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type LOC and press Enter to display the Reports for Local Use, IHS Clinical Measures menu, as in the following example:

```
****************************************************
**                IHS/RPMS CRS 2011                 **
**   Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures   **
****************************************************
Version 11.0
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

COM    Selected Measures w/Community Specified
PP     Selected Measures w/Patient Panel Population
ALL    Selected Measures w/All Communities

Select Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures Option: PP  <Enter>
```

Figure 5-77: CRS Reports for Local Use menu: selecting the Selected Measures with Patient Panel Population option (PP) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures Option” prompt, type PP and press Enter to display information about the Selected Measures report (Figure 5-78). Press Enter to continue.

The system checks the taxonomies required for this report, as in the following example:
2011 Clinical Performance Measure Report (Selected Measures) Report on all Patients in a User Defined Search Template

This will produce a Performance Measure Report for one or more measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period and 2) the baseline period to compare data.

NOTE: With this option all patients in a user defined search template will be included in the report. The user population and active clinical user logic will NOT be applied.

You can create a search template using Q-MAN, PGEN, VGEN or other RPMS options.

Checking for Taxonomies to support the Selected Measures Report

All taxonomies are present.

End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

Figure 5-78: Running the Selected Measures Patient Panel Report: display of report information and taxonomy check (Step 4)

5. At the “End of taxonomy check” prompt, press Enter.

6. At the “Enter Search Template name” prompt, do one of the following:

   • Type the name of the search template (i.e., the patient panel) you want to use and press Enter
     
     For instructions on creating search templates, see 1.1.1.1.1Appendix D: Creating a Patient Panel with Q-Man.

   • Type the first few letters of the search template name and press Enter to see a selection of search templates beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Then type the number of a search template and press Enter.

   **Note:** This field is *case-sensitive*. Therefore, if the Caps Lock key is on and you enter the first few letters of the search template name, you will only see a list of search templates that are named in all capital letters; search templates with names in lower case letters will not be displayed.

7. At the “Which set of Measures should be included in this report” prompt, do one of the following:

   • To run a one of the predefined reports, type **DM, CVD, or WH** and press Enter, then follow these steps:
     
     a. Select a date range and baseline year (see Steps 10 and 11 in this section).
     
     b. Select patient lists to include if desired (see Step 8 in this section), and a report type for the lists (see Step 9 in this section).
     
     d. Select an output type (see Step 12 in this section).
For a list of the topics contained in the predefined topic reports, see Section 5.11.3.

- To include user-defined performance measures in this report, type SEL and press Enter, then continue with Step 6.

8. The Performance Measure Selection screen is displayed with the action bar at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

- To view multiple pages of available topics:
  a. Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
  b. Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

- To select performance measure topics:
  a. Type S and press Enter.
  b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the performance measure(s) you want.

To select multiple measures, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).

After pressing Enter, each selected performance measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its corresponding number.

- To save your selected measures, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

9. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, do one of the following:

   **Note:** You must have security access to run any patient list. This prompt will not be displayed if you do not have security access.

   - To include patient lists in addition to the report, type Y (Yes) and press Enter to display the Measure List Selection screen. Only patient lists for the topics you have selected for your report are displayed.
     Continue with Step 10 to select the lists.
   
   - To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.” Go to Step 12 to select the date range for the report.

10. To select patient lists, follow these steps:

   a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.
b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include.
   After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

c. To save your selected lists, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

11. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:
   • R (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
   • P (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
   • A (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.
   If you select P (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

12. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   • To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

All reports review and calculate data for at least a one-year time period by searching patient records for data matching the numerator criteria for the entire current report period selected.

If you pick a report period end date that is later than the date you are running the report, a warning message is displayed. At the “Do you want to change your Current Report Dates?” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To continue with the report, press Enter to accept the default answer “No.”
   • To change your report date range, type Y and press Enter.

13. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.
A summary of the Selected Measures report is displayed, as in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUMMARY OF 2011 CLINICAL MEASURE PERFORMANCE REPORT TO BE GENERATED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The date ranges for this report are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The following search template of patients will be included in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>this report: DEMO_MALE_VISITS_21-55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The HOME location is: HOME 505989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>These measures will be calculated: Diabetes Prevalence ; Diabetes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Care ;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lists will be produced for these measures: Diabetes Prevalence ;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes Comprehensive Care ;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5-79: Running the Selected Measures Patient Panel Report: summary of report to be run (Step 13)

14. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

**Note:** This is the last point from which you can exit before starting the report process. *The report may take 6–10 hours to run.* Always test your first report at night or on the weekend.

To exit, type a caret (^) at the “Device” prompt.

5.11.2.3 Running the Selected Measures with All Communities Report (ALL)

CI11 > RPT > LOC > ALL

To run the Selected Measures with All Communities Report, follow these steps:
1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type LOC and press Enter to display the Reports for Local Use, IHS Clinical Measures menu.

4. At the “Select Reports for Local Use: IHS Clinical Measures Option” prompt, type ALL and press Enter to display information about the Selected Measures report, followed by the prompt to select a set of measures to include in the report, as in the following example:

   IHS 2011 Clinical Performance Measure Report (Selected Measures)
   Report on all Patients regardless of Community of Residence
   
   This will produce a Performance Measure Report for one or more measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period and, 2) the baseline period to compare data to.
   
   NOTE: With this option all patients in your database will be reviewed regardless of what community they live in. You will NOT be asked to enter a community taxonomy name.
   
   Select one of the following:
   
   DM        Diabetes-Related Measures
   CVD       Cardiovascular Disease Prevention for At-Risk Patients
   WH        Women's Health-Related Measures
   SEL       Selected Measures (User Defined)
   
   Which set of Measures should be included in this report:
5. At the “Which set of measures should be included in this report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To run one of the predefined reports, type **DM, CVD, or WH** and press Enter. Press Enter after the taxonomy check then follow these steps:
     a. Select a date range and baseline year (see Steps 9 and 10 in this section).
     b. Select patient lists to include if desired, and select a report type for the lists (see Steps 5, 6, and 7 in this section).
     c. Select a beneficiary population (see Step 11 in this section).
     d. Select an output type (see Step 12 in this section).
   
   For a list of the topics contained in the predefined topic reports, see Section 5.11.3, “Reports Content.”
   
   - To include user-defined performance measures in this report, type **SEL** and press Enter, then continue with Step 3.

6. The Performance Measure Selection screen is displayed with the action bar at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To view multiple pages of available topics:
     a. Type a plus sign (+) to view the next page.
     b. Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) to return to the previous page.
   - To select performance measure topics:
     a. Type **S** and press Enter.
     b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the performance measure(s) you want.
        
        To select multiple measures, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).
        
        After pressing Enter, each selected performance measure you selected is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.
     c. To save your selected performance measures, type **Q** (Quit) and press Enter.

7. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, type **Y** or **N** and press Enter.

**Note:** You must have security access to run any patient list. This prompt will not be displayed if you do not have security access.
- To include patient lists in addition to the report, type Y (Yes) and press Enter to display the Measure List Selection screen. Only patient lists for the topics you have selected for your report are listed. Continue with Step 6 to select the lists.

- To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.” Go to Step 8 to continue the report selection process.

8. To select patient lists, follow these steps:
   a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.
   b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include.
      After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.
   c. To save your selected lists, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

9. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want, where:
   - R (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
   - P (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
   - A (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.
   If you select P (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

10. The taxonomies required to run the report are checked. Press Enter to continue.

11. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

All reports review and calculate data for at least a one-year time period by searching patient records for data matching the numerator criteria for the entire current report period selected.
If you pick a report period end date that is later than the date you are running the report, a warning message is displayed. At the “Do you want to change your Current Report Dates?” prompt, do one of the following:

- To continue with the report, press Enter to accept the default answer “No.”
- To change your report date range, type Y and press Enter.

12. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

The date ranges you selected for the report, including Report Period, Previous Year Period, and Baseline Period, as well as your HOME location (as defined in Site Parameters; see Section 4.2) are displayed.

13. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:

- 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
- 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
- 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

14. A summary of the Selected Measures report is displayed, as in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUMMARY OF 2011 CLINICAL MEASURE PERFORMANCE REPORT TO BE GENERATED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The date ranges for this report are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL Communities included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The HOME location is: HOME 505989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>These measures will be calculated: Diabetes Prevalence ; Diabetes Comprehensive Care ; Diabetes: Glycemic Control ; Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control ; Diabetes: LDL Assessment ;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lists will be produced for these measures: Diabetes Prevalence ; Diabetes Comprehensive Care ; Diabetes: Glycemic Control ; Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control ; Diabetes: LDL Assessment ;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5-82: Running the Selected Measures All Communities Report: summary of report to be run (Step 14)

15. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
• **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.

• **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

**Note:** This is the last point from which you can exit before starting the report process. The report may take up to 24 hours or longer to run if you have included patient lists. Always test your first report at night or on the weekend.

To exit, type a caret (^) at the “Device” prompt.

### 5.11.3 Reports Content

**Table 5-5: Selected Measures Report: Diabetes-Related**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (Documented in Past Year, unless Defined Otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes Prevalence</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes Comprehensive Care</td>
<td>Active Diabetic Patients</td>
<td>1) Patients with A1c, regardless of result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2) Patients with BP documented in past two years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3) Patients with controlled BP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4) Patients with LDL, regardless of result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5) Patients with nephropathy assessment, defined as an estimated GFR and a quantitative urinary protein assessment, or with ESRD Dx.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6) Patients receiving any retinal screening (no refusals)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7) Patients with diabetic foot exam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8) Patients with A1c and Blood Pressure and LDL and Nephropathy Assessment and Retinal exam and Diabetic Foot Exam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes (DM): Glycemic Control</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: LDL Assessment</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Denominator</td>
<td>Numerator(s) (Documented in Past Year, unless Defined Otherwise)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Nephropathy Assessment</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>Patients with nephropathy assessment, defined as an estimated GFR and a quantitative urinary protein assessment, or with ESRD Dx.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Retinopathy</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetic Access to Dental Services</td>
<td>Active Diabetic patients</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</td>
<td>Active Diabetic patients</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>Active Diabetic patients</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screening</td>
<td>Active Diabetic patients, broken down by gender</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition and Exercise Education for At Risk Patients</td>
<td>Active Diabetic patients, broken down by gender</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment</td>
<td>Active Diabetic IHD patients ages 22 and older</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome</td>
<td>Active Clinical patients ages 18 and older diagnosed with prediabetes/metabolic syndrome without a documented history of diabetes</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 5-6: Selected Measures Report: CVD Prevention for At-Risk Patients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (Documented in Past Year, unless Defined Otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment                      | Active Clinical patients ages 45 and older, broken down by gender | 1) Patients who have been screened for tobacco use  
2) Patients identified as current tobacco users  
   A) Patients identified as current smokers               |
| Depression Screening                                     | Active IHD patients, broken down by gender       | All numerators                                                                                                                  |
| Obesity Assessment                                       | Active Clinical patients ages 20–74, broken down by gender | For those with a BMI calculated, patients considered obese using BMI and standard tables                                          |
| Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening         | All denominators                                | All numerators                                                                                                                  |
### Performance Measure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease and Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controlling High Blood Pressure</td>
<td>Active Clinical patients ages 18–85 diagnosed with hypertension, broken down by age and gender.</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cholesterol Management for Patients with Cardiovascular Conditions</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke and Stroke Rehabilitation: Anticoagulant Therapy Prescribed for Atrial Fibrillation at Discharge</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heart Failure and Evaluation of LVS Function</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 5-7: Selected Measures Report: Women’s Health Related**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal Cancer Screening</td>
<td>Female Active Clinical patients ages 51–80 without a documented history of colorectal cancer</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Denominator</td>
<td>Numerator(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment</td>
<td>1) Female Active Clinical patients ages 5 and older, broken down by age</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) Pregnant female User Population patients</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3) Female User Population patients ages 5 and older</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner/Domestic Violence Screening</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screening</td>
<td>1) Female Active Clinical patients =&gt;18</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) Female Active Clinical patients =&gt;65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3) Female User Population patients =&gt;18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4) Female User Population patients =&gt;65</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5) Female Active Diabetic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6) Female Active IHD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity Assessment</td>
<td>1) Female Active Clinical patients ages 2–74, broken down by age</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) Female User Population patients ages 2–74, broken down by age</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening</td>
<td>Female Active Clinical patients ages 23+</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controlling High Blood Pressure</td>
<td>1) Female Active Clinical patients ages 18 through 85 diagnosed with hypertension, broken down by age groups.</td>
<td>All Numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Testing</td>
<td>All denominators</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia Testing</td>
<td>All denominators, broken out by age groups.</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Performance Measure

**Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) Screening**

- **Denominator**: Screenings needed for incidents of key STIs for female Active Clinical patients that occurred during the defined period (for numerator #3 and 3A only)

- **Numerator(s)**: (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)
  1. No denominator. Count of female Active Clinical patients diagnosed with one or more key STIs during the defined period
  2. No denominator. Count of key separate STI incidents for female Active Clinical patients during the defined period
  3. Total number of screenings performed or refused from one month prior to the date of relevant STI incident through two months after
     A) Number of documented refusals

**Osteoporosis Management**

- **Denominator**: All denominators
- **Numerator(s)**: All numerators

**Osteoporosis Screening in Women**

- **Denominator**: All denominators
- **Numerator(s)**: All numerators

### 5.11.4 Selected Measures Reports Patient Lists

Patient lists for individual performance measures are available with any Selected Measures report (COM, PP, or ALL menu options) and display patients who meet the numerator(s), denominator(s), or both, depending on the measure.

The following Patient List options are available:

- A random list (10% of the total list)
- A list by designated primary care provider
- The entire list of patients

After selecting the measures to report, users select those measures for which they want to run patient lists.

### 5.11.5 Patient Lists Content

**Table 5-8: Content of the Selected Measures Patient List Report by Performance Measure Topic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Patient List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes Prevalence</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with most recent diagnosis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Performance Measure Topic</strong></td>
<td><strong>Patient List</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes Comprehensive Care</strong></td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with documented tests, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes: Glycemic Control</strong></td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with most recent A1c value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control</strong></td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with BP value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes: Lipids Assessment</strong></td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with documented LDL cholesterol test, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment</strong></td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with nephropathy assessment, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetic Retinopathy</strong></td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with qualified retinal evaluation or refusal, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes: Access to Dental Services</strong></td>
<td>List of diabetic patients and documented dental visit or refusal, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Access to Dental Services</strong></td>
<td>List of patients with documented dental visit or refusal and date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dental Sealants</strong></td>
<td>List of patients who received or refused dental sealants during Report period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Topical Fluoride</strong></td>
<td>List of patients who received or refused at least one topical fluoride application during Report period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</strong></td>
<td>List of patients &gt;= 50 yrs or DM DX with influenza code or refusal, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</strong></td>
<td>List of patients &gt;=65 yrs or DM DX with pneumovax, contraindication, or refusal, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Childhood Immunizations</strong></td>
<td>List of patients 19–35 months with IZ, if any. If a patient did not have all doses in a multiple dose vaccine, the IZ will not be listed. For example, if a patient only had 2 DTaP, no IZ will be listed for DTaP. <strong>Note:</strong> Because age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period, the patient's age on the list will be between 7–23 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adolescent Immunizations</strong></td>
<td>List of patients 13–17 with IZ, if any. If a patient did not have all doses in a multiple dose vaccine, the IZ will not be listed. For example, if a patient only had 2 Hep B, no IZ will be listed for Hep B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appropriate Treatment for Children with Upper Respiratory Infection</strong></td>
<td>List of patients 3 months to 18 years with upper respiratory infection, with antibiotic prescription, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appropriate Testing for Children with Pharyngitis</strong></td>
<td>List of patients 2–18 years with pharyngitis and a Group A Strep test, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates</strong></td>
<td>List of women 21–64 with documented Pap smear or refusal, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates</strong></td>
<td>List of women 42+ with mammogram/refusal, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Colorectal Cancer Screening</strong></td>
<td>List of patients 51–80 with CRC screening or refusal, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Patient List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Cancer Screening</td>
<td>List of patients 21–80 with comprehensive cancer screening, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients 5 and older with no documented tobacco screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cessation</td>
<td>List of tobacco users with tobacco cessation intervention, if any, or who have quit tobacco use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention)</td>
<td>List of female patients with no documented alcohol screening or refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention (ASBI) in the ER</td>
<td>List of patients seen in the ER for an injury who were screened for hazardous alcohol use, with results of screen and BNI, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening</td>
<td>List of female patients 13 and older not screened for IPV/DV.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screening</td>
<td>List of patients not screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antidepressant Medication Management</td>
<td>List of patients with new depression DX and optimal practitioner contact (OPC), acute phase treatment (APT) and continuation phase treatment (CONPT), if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients not screened for obesity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childhood Weight Control</td>
<td>List of patients ages 2–5, with current BMI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition and Exercise Education for at Risk Patients</td>
<td>List of at risk patients, with education if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Activity Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients with physical activity assessment and any exercise education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Health Screening</td>
<td>List of patients with assessments received, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease Prevention: Cholesterol Screening</td>
<td>List of patients screened with cholesterol or LDL value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease Prevention: Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>List of Patients =&gt; 20 or with IHD with BP value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controlling High Blood Pressure</td>
<td>List of patients with hypertension and BP value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive CVD-Related Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients with assessments received, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>List of patients with AMI, with appropriate medication therapy, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>List of patients with AMI, with persistent medication therapy, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>List of IHD patients 22+ with 180-day medication therapy during the Report Period, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Patient List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke and Stroke Rehabilitation: Anticoagulant Therapy Prescribed for Atrial Fibrillation at Discharge</td>
<td>List of patients with stroke/TIA and atrial fibrillation with anticoagulant therapy, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cholesterol Management for Patients with Cardiovascular Conditions</td>
<td>List of patients with AMI, CABG, PTCA, or IVD w/LDL value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heart Failure and Evaluation of LVS Function</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical heart failure patients 18+ who received evaluation of LVS function, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Testing</td>
<td>List of pregnant or User Population patients 13–64 without documented HIV test or refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Quality of Care</td>
<td>List of patients 13 and older diagnosed with HIV, with CD4 test, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia Testing</td>
<td>List of patients with documented Chlamydia screening, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) Screening</td>
<td>List of patients diagnosed with one or more STIs during the defined time period with related screenings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoporosis Management</td>
<td>List of female patients with new fracture who have had osteoporosis treatment or testing, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoporosis Screening in Women</td>
<td>List of female patients ages 65 and older with osteoporosis screening, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rheumatoid Arthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>List of RA patients 16 and older prescribed maintenance therapy medication with monitoring lab tests, if any. The numerator values for patients who meet the measure are prefixed with “YES:” and patients who did not meet the measure are prefixed with “NO:.” The chronic medications and all lab tests the patient did have are displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>List of OA patients 40 and older prescribed maintenance therapy medication with monitoring lab tests, if any. The numerator values for patients who meet the measure are prefixed with “YES:” and patients who did not meet the measure are prefixed with “NO:.” All lab tests the patient did have are displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma</td>
<td>List of patients diagnosed with asthma and any asthma-related hospitalizations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma Quality of Care</td>
<td>List of asthmatic patients with preferred asthma therapy medications, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma and Inhaled Steroid Use</td>
<td>List of patients with asthma with inhaled corticosteroid prescription, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community-Acquired Pneumonia (CAP): Assessment of Oxygen Saturation</td>
<td>List of patients with community-acquired bacterial pneumonia, with oxygen saturation assessment or documented reason for no assessment, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Kidney Disease Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients with Creatinine test, with GFR and value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome</td>
<td>List of patients 18 and older with Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome with assessments received, if any.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Performance Measure Topic

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Patient List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medications Education</td>
<td>List of patients receiving medications with med education, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Health Nursing</td>
<td>List of patients with PHN visits documented. Numerator codes in patient list: All PHN = Number of PHN visits in any setting; Home = Number of PHN visits in home setting; Driver All = Number of PHN driver/interpreter visits in any setting; Driver Home = Number of PHN driver/interpreter visits in home setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breastfeeding Rates</td>
<td>List of patients 45-394 days old, with infant feeding choice value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medications in the Elderly</td>
<td>List of patients 65 and older with at least one prescription for a high-risk medication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Status Assessment in Elders</td>
<td>List of patients &gt;=55 with functional status codes, if any. The following are the abbreviations used in the Numerator column: TLT–Toileting, BATH–Bathing, DRES–Dressing, XFER–Transfers, FEED–Feeding, CONT–Continence, FIN–Finances, COOK–Cooking, SHOP–Shopping, HSWK–Housework/Chores, MEDS–Medications, TRNS–Transportation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Risk Assessment in Elders</td>
<td>List of patients 65 years or older with fall risk assessment, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palliative Care</td>
<td>List of patients with a palliative care visit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5.12 GPRA & PART Performance Report (GPU)

CI11 > RPT > OTH > GPU

#### 5.12.1 Overview

The GPRA & PART Performance Report (GPU) includes the same performance measures included in the National GPRA & PART Report (see Section 5.2.3). However, unlike the National GPRA & PART Report, users select all report parameters (i.e., report end date, report year, baseline year, patient population, and community taxonomy) for this report. For the report end date, users may select from predefined quarters, such as September 30 or December 31, or users may enter any end date, such as November 14.
The GPRA & PART Performance Report can be exported to the Area Office by the site for aggregation into an area-wide report.

Patient lists for this report are run in the same way as the National GPRA & PART Report, as described in Section 5.3.2.

5.12.2 Running the GPRA & PART Performance Report

To run the GPRA & PART Performance Report, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type OTH and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu, as in the following example:

```
**********************************
**      IHS/RPMS CRS 2011      **
**    Other National Reports   **
**********************************

DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL
GPU    GPRA & PART Performance Report
ONM    Other National Measures Report
OST    Other National Measures Report Patient List
EO     Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Rpt
ELD    Elder Care Report
PED    Patient Education Reports ...

Select Other National Reports Option: GPU <Enter> GPRA & PART Performance Report
```

Figure 5-83: Other National Reports Menu: selecting the GPRA & PART Performance report (GPU) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type GPU and press Enter to display information about the GPRA & PART Performance Report, as shown below. Press Enter to continue.

```
IHS GPRA & PART Performance Report for a User Selected Date Range

This will produce a National GPRA & PART report for a year period you specify.

You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, 3) the Community taxonomy and 4) the patient population (i.e. AI/AN only, non AI/AN, or both) to determine which patients will be included.
```

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You can choose to export this data to the Area office. If you answer yes at the export prompt, a report will be produced in export format for the Area Office to use in Area aggregated data. Depending on site specific configuration, the export file will either be automatically transmitted directly to the Area or the site will have to send the file manually.

Press enter to continue: <Enter>
Checking for Taxonomies to support the GPRA Performance Report...

All taxonomies are present.

End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

Figure 5-84: Running the GPRA & PART Performance Report: report description display and taxonomy check (Step 5)

5. The site-populated taxonomies needed to run the report are checked. Press Enter to continue.

Do you want to run the report on a Patient Panel? N// YES

Please enter the search template name. The template will contain a panel of patients defined by the user.

Enter SEARCH TEMPLATE name: DEMO PANEL
(Jun 19, 2008)       User #5785 File #9000001  INQ

Figure 5-85: Running the GPRA & PART Performance Report: selecting report date range (Step 6)

6. At the “Do you want to run the report on a Patient Panel?” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To run the report using a patient panel, type Y and press Enter, and then follow this step:
     i. At the “Enter SEARCH TEMPLATE name” prompt, enter the name of the patient panel and press Enter.
   - To run the report on all applicable patients, type N and press Enter.

Select one of the following:
1       January 1 - December 31
2       April 1 - March 31
3       July 1 - June 30
4       October 1 - September 30
5       User-Defined Report Period

Enter the date range for your report: 1 <Enter> January 1 - December 31

Figure 5-86: Running the GPRA & PART Performance Report: selecting report date range (Step 7)
7. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   • To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

8. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.
   The date ranges you have selected for the report, including the Report Period, the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period are displayed, as in the following example:

   Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 2011
   Enter Year: 2011  (2011)

   Enter the Baseline Year to compare data to.
   Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 1999, 2000
   Enter Year (e.g. 2000): 2000  (2000)

   The date ranges for this report are:
   Report Period:           Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
   Previous Year Period:    Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
   Baseline Period:         Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

   Specify the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included in the report. You should have created this taxonomy using QMAN.

   Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES//

   Figure 5-87: Running the GPRA & PART Performance Report: selecting dates and community taxonomy (Steps 8 and 9)

9. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   • Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   • Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   • Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

   Select one of the following:
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Figure 5-88: Running the GPRA & PART Performance Report: selecting beneficiary population (Step 10)

10. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   - Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

11. Your HOME location, as defined in the Site Parameters (Section 4.2), is displayed.

12. At the “Do you wish to export this data to Area?” prompt, type Y or N. You should only choose this option when you are ready to send final data to your Area Office.

   A summary of the GPRA & PART Performance Report is displayed, as in the following example:

   SUMMARY OF IHS GPRA & PART PERFORMANCE REPORT TO BE GENERATED
   CRS 2011, Version 11.0

   The date ranges for this report are:
   Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
   Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
   Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

   The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES
   The Beneficiary Population is: Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)
   The HOME location is: HOME 505989

   Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

   Select one of the following:
   P  Print Report on Printer or Screen
   D  Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)
   B  Both a Printed Report and Delimited File

   Select an Output Option: P//
13. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

5.12.3 Report Content

The topics included in the GPRA & PART Performance Report are the same as those included on the National GPRA & PART Report (for details, see Section 5.2.3). The GPRA & PART Performance Report Patient List contains the same content as the National GPRA & PART Patient List (for details, see Section 5.3.3).

5.13 Other National Measures Report (ONM)

CI11 > RPT > OTH > ONM

5.13.1 Overview

The Other National Measures (ONM) Report primarily reports non-GPRA measures for which national data is needed and includes some GPRA measures to provide context to the non-GPRA measures. Patient lists for the ONM Report may be run using the OST menu option.

The ONM Report provides an option for selecting different patient-type populations: AI/AN, non-AI/AN, or both, and can be exported to the Area Office by the site for aggregation into an area-wide ONM Report.

5.13.2 Running the Other National Measures Report

The Other National Measures Report provides users with two options for running the report: (1) using the same hard-coded report parameters (Report Period, Previous Year Period, and Baseline Year) as the National GPRA & PART Report, or (2) using custom, user-defined report parameters. These options are shown below.
Please select the type of report would you like to run:

H  Hard-coded Report: Report with all parameters set to the same as the National GPRA and Part Report (report period of July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2011, baseline period of July 1, 1999 - June 30, 2000, and AI/AN patients only)

U  User-defined Report: You select the report and baseline periods and beneficiary population

Select a Report Option: H//

Figure 5-90: Running the Other National Measures Report: report options

The hard-coded report is run for all performance measures. The report period is set to the current GPRA report period; the previous year period is set to one year prior to the report period; and the baseline year is set to July 1, 1999–June 30, 2000. The patient population is set to AI/AN only.

The user-defined report can be run for all performance measures or only for selected measures, and the date ranges and patient population are set by the user.

- To run the report using the hard-coded report parameters, go to Section 5.13.2.1.
- To run the report using user-defined parameters, go to Section 5.13.2.2.

5.13.2.1 Other National Measures Report (ONM), Hard-Coded Report Option

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type OTH and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu, as in the following example:

```
******************************************************************************
** IHS/RPMS CRS 2011  **
** Other National Reports  **
******************************************************************************
Version 11.0
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

GPU  GPRA & PART Performance Report
ONM  Other National Measures Report
OST  Other National Measures Report Patient List
EO   Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Rpt
ELD  Elder Care Report
PED  Patient Education Reports ...
```
4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type **ONM** and press Enter.

5. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, press Enter to accept the default option, “H,” and display the following information about the report:

6. Press Enter to continue.
Checking for Taxonomies to support the Other National Measures Report...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

Figure 5-94: Running the Other National Measures Report, Hard-coded Report option: checking taxonomies (Step 7)

7. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for this report are present and have members associated to them. At the prompt, press Enter to continue.

8. The hard-coded date ranges for this report, the HOME location, and the beneficiary population included in the report are displayed, as in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Ranges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Your HOME location is defined as: HOME asufac: 505989
Beneficiary Population is set to American Indian/Alaskan Native Only.
Specify the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included in the report. You should have created this taxonomy using QMAN.
Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES// <Enter>

Figure 5-95: Running the Other National Measures Reports, Hard-coded Report option: displaying report parameters (Step 9)

9. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to accept the default taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   - Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies that begin with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Type the number of the taxonomy you want to use and press Enter.

10. At the “Do you wish to export this data to Area?” prompt, type Y or N and press Enter.

11. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
   - P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
• D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
• B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

5.13.2.2 Other National Measures Report (ONM), User-Defined Report Option

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type OTH and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu, as in the following example:

```
*********************************
**      IHS/RPMS CRS 2011      **
**    Other National Reports   **
*********************************
Version 11.0
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL
GPU  GPRA & PART Performance Report
ONM  Other National Measures Report
OST  Other National Measures Report Patient List
EO   Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Rpt
ELD  Elder Care Report
PED  Patient Education Reports ...

Select Other National Reports Option: ONM <Enter> Other National Measures Report

Figure 5-96: Other National Reports menu: selecting the Other National Measures Report (ONM) (Step 4)
```
4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type ONM and press Enter.

```
Please select the type of report would you like to run:

H  Hard-coded Report: Report with all parameters set to the same as the National GPRA and Part Report (report period of July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2011, baseline period of July 1, 1999 - June 30, 2000, and AI/AN patients only)
U  User-defined Report: You select the report and baseline

```

5. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, type U and press Enter to display the following information about the report:

IHS 2011 Other National Measures Report

This will produce the Other National Measures (ONM) Report for all ONM performance measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, 3) the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included, and the 4) beneficiary population.

You will be given the opportunity to export this data to the Area office. If you answer yes, this option will produce a report in export format for the Area Office to use in Area aggregated data. Depending on site specific configuration, the export file will either be automatically transmitted directly to the Area or the site will have to send the file manually.

Press Enter to Continue: <Enter>

6. Press Enter to continue.

Checking for Taxonomies to support the Other National Measures Report...

All taxonomies are present.

End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

7. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for this report are present and have members associated with them. At the prompt, press Enter to continue.
8. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

9. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.
   The date ranges you have selected for the report are displayed, including the Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period.

10. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
    - Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
    - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
    - Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

11. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:
    - 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
    - 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
    - 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

12. The HOME location is displayed. At the “Do you wish to export this data to Area?” prompt, type Y or N and press Enter.
    If you type Y to export the ONM data to the Area Office, a file will automatically be created for use by the Area Office to create the Area Aggregate Other National Measures Report.

13. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
    - P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.

- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

### 5.13.3 Report Content

The following measures are included in the Other National Measures Report. Measures also included in the National GPRA & PART Report/GPRA & PART Performance Report are shown in bold font in the following table.

**Table 5-9: Content of the Other National Measures Report by Performance Measure Topic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Diabetes Comprehensive Care | Active Diabetic Patients | 1) With A1c documented  
2) With BP documented  
3) With controlled BP (<130/80)  
4) With LDL done  
5) With nephropathy assessment  
6) With retinal evaluation  
7) With diabetic foot exam  
8) With comprehensive diabetes care (documented A1c and Blood Pressure and LDL and Nephropathy Assessment and Retinal exam and diabetic foot exam) |
| Topical Fluoride | No denominator. This measure is a total count only, not a percentage. | 1) Total number of topical fluoride applications (no refusals)  
2) With documented refusal |
| Adult IZ: Influenza | Active Diabetic patients | 1) With influenza vaccination, contraindication, or NMI refusal  
A) With contraindication/ NMI refusal  
2) With refusal in past year |
| Adult IZ: Pneumovax | Active Diabetic patients | 1) With up to date pneumovax or contraindication ever or NMI refusal  
A) With contraindication/ NMI refusal  
2) With refusal in past year |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent Immunizations</td>
<td>1) Active Clinical patients ages 13–17</td>
<td>1) With 1:3:2:1 combo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) Female Active Clinical patients ages 13–17</td>
<td>2) With 1 dose of Tdap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3) With 1 dose of meningococcal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4) With 3 doses of HPV (females only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention (ASBI) in the ER</td>
<td>1) Active Clinical patients age 15–34 seen in the ER for injury</td>
<td>1) Screened in the ER for hazardous alcohol use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) Active Clinical patients age 15–34 seen in the ER for injury and screened positive for hazardous alcohol use during the Report Period</td>
<td>A) With a positive screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3) User Population patients age 15–34 seen in the ER for injury</td>
<td>2) With a brief negotiated interview (BNI) at or within 7 days of the ER visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4) User Population patients age 15–34 seen in the ER for injury and screened positive for hazardous alcohol use during the Report Period</td>
<td>A) Provided a BNI at the ER visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B) Provided a BNI not at the ER visit but within 7 days of the ER visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening</td>
<td>Female Active Clinical patients ages 15–40</td>
<td>1) With IPV/DV screening (no refusals)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A) With IPV/DV exam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B) With IPV/DV-related diagnosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C) With IPV/DV education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2) With IPV/DV refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screening</td>
<td>Active Diabetic patients, broken down by gender.</td>
<td>1) With depression screening or diagnosed with mood disorder (no refusals)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A) With depression screening</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B) With mood disorder diagnosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2) With refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3) With depression-related education or refusal of education in past year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Denominator</td>
<td>Numerator(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Antidepressant Medication Management| 1) As of the 120th day of the Report period, Active Clinical patients 18 years and older who were diagnosed with a new episode of depression and treated with antidepressant medication in the past year.                   | 1) Optimal Practitioner Contacts: Patients with at least three mental health visits with a non-mental health or mental health provider within 12 weeks (84 days) after diagnosis, two of which must be face-to-face visits and one of which must be with a prescribing provider.  
2) Effective Acute Phase Treatment: Patients who filled a sufficient number of separate prescriptions/refills of antidepressant medication for continuous treatment of at least 84 days (12 weeks).  
3) Effective Continuation Phase Treatment: Patients who filled a sufficient number of separate prescriptions/refills of antidepressant medication treatment to provide continuous treatment for at least 180 days (6 months). |
| Physical Activity Assessment        | 1) Active Clinical patients ages 5 and older.  
2) Numerator 1 (Active Clinical Patients assessed for physical activity during the Report Period).  
3) User Population patients ages 5 and older.  
A. Patients from Numerator 1 who have received exercise education following their physical activity assessment. |
| Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening | Active Clinical patients ages 23+                                                                                                                                                                               | 1) With documented total cholesterol screening in past 5 years                                                                                                                                            |
| Cardiovascular Disease and Blood Pressure Control | 1) Active Clinical patients ages 20+  
2) Active Clinical Pts w/ischemic disease DX                                                                                                                                               | All numerators                                                                                                                                                                                              |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack | Active Clinical patients 35 and older discharged for an AMI | 1) With beta-blocker Rx/refusal/contraindication  
2) With ASA Rx/refusal/contraindication  
3) With ACEI/ARB Rx/refusal/contraindication  
4) With statin Rx/refusal/contraindication  
5) With all above meds |
| Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack | Active Clinical patients 35 and older diagnosed with an AMI | 1) With 135-day beta-blocker Rx/refusal/contraindication  
2) With 135-day ASA Rx/refusal/contraindication  
3) With 135-day ACEI/ARB Rx/refusal/contraindication  
4) With 135-day statin Rx/refusal/contraindication  
5) With all above meds |
| Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients | Active IHD patients ages 22 and older | 1) With 180-day beta-blocker Rx/refusal/contraindication  
2) With 180-day ASA Rx/refusal/contraindication  
3) With 180-day ACEI/ARB Rx/refusal/contraindication  
4) With 180-day statin Rx/refusal/contraindication  
5) With all above meds |
| Cholesterol Management for Patients with Cardiovascular Conditions | Active Clinical patients ages 18 to 75 diagnosed with AMI, CABG, PTCA, or IVD | All numerators |
| Heart Failure and Evaluation of LVS Function | Active Clinical ages 18 or older discharged with heart failure during the Report Period | 1) With LVS function evaluated before arrival, during hospitalization, or is planned for after discharge |
| HIV Quality of Care | All User Population patients ages 13 and older with at least 2 direct care visits (i.e. not Contract/CHS) with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period, including 1 HIV diagnosis in last 6 months. | All numerators |
| Chlamydia Testing | 1) Female Active Clinical patients ages 16 through 25.  
2) Female User Population patients ages 16 through 25. | Patients tested for Chlamydia during the Report Period. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) Screening</td>
<td>No denominator for numerators #1 and 2. These measures are total counts only; not percentages. 1) Screenings needed for incidents of key STIs for Active Clinical patients 2) Total count of separate key STI incidents for Active Clinical patients 3) Total number of screenings performed or refused</td>
<td>1) Total count of Active Clinical patients who were diagnosed with one or more key STIs 2) Total count of separate key STI incidents for Active Clinical patients 3) Total number of screenings performed or refused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome</td>
<td>Active Clinical patients ages 18 and older diagnosed with prediabetes/metabolic syndrome without a documented history of diabetes</td>
<td>All numerators</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Public Health Nursing | No denominator. These measures are total counts only; not percentages. | 1) Number of visits by PHNs in any setting  
A) Ages 0–28 days  
B) Ages 29 days to 12 months  
C) Ages 1–64 years  
D) Ages 65+  
E) PHN driver/interpreter  
2) Number of visits by PHNs in Home setting  
A) Ages 0–28 days  
B) Ages 29 days to 12 months  
C) Ages 1–64 years  
D) Ages 65+  
E) PHN driver/interpreter |
1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **OTH** and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu, as in the following example:

```
*********************************
**      IHS/RPMS CRS 2011      **
**    Other National Reports   **
*********************************
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

GPU    GPRA & PART Performance Report
QNM    Other National Measures Report
OST    Other National Measures Report Patient List
EO     Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Rpt
ELD    Elder Care Report
PED    Patient Education Reports ...

Select Other National Reports Option: OST <Enter> Other National Measures Report Patient List
```

Figure 5-101: Other National Reports Menu: selecting the Other National Measures Report Patient List (OST) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type **OST** and press Enter to display information about the patient list, as in the following example. Press Enter to continue.

```
IHS Other National Measures Performance Report Patient List
CRS 2011, Version 11.0

This will produce a list of patients who either met or did not meet an Other National Measures Report performance measure or a list of both those patients who met and those who did not meet an Other National Measures Report performance measure. You will be asked to select one or more performance measure topics and then choose which performance measure numerators you would like to report on.

You will also be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included, the beneficiary population of the patients, and the Report Period and Baseline Year.

Press enter to continue: <Enter>
Checking for Taxonomies to support the Other National Measures Report...

All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER: <Enter>
```

Figure 5-102: Running the Other National Measures Report Patient List: report information and taxonomy check (Steps 4 and 5)
5. At the “End of taxonomy check” prompt, press Enter to display the Performance Measure Selection screen, as shown in the following example:

```
PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 10, 2011 16:24:49       Page:   1 of    2
IHS Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected
1) Diabetes Comprehensive Care
2) Topical Fluoride
3) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
4) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
5) Adolescent Immunizations
6) Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention (ASBI) in the ER
7) Intimate Partner (Domestic) Violence Screening
8) Depression Screening
9) Antidepressant Medication Management
10) Physical Activity Assessment
11) Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening
12) Cardiovascular Disease and Blood Pressure Control
13) Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack
14) Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack
15) Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients
16) Cholesterol Management for Patients with Cardiovascular Conditions
 +         Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:+//
```

Figure 5-103: Running the Other National Measures Report Patient List: selecting performance measure topics, Page 1 of 2 (Step 6)

```
PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 10, 2011 16:24:49       Page:   2 of    2
IHS Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected
17) Heart Failure and Evaluation of LVS Function
18) HIV Quality of Care
19) Chlamydia Testing
20) Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) Screening
21) Prediabetes/Metabolic Syndrome
22) Public Health Nursing
 +         Enter ?? for more actions
S    Select Measure       D    De Select Measure    Q    Quit
Select Action:+//
```

Figure 5-104: Running the Other National Measures Report Patient List: selecting performance measure topics, Page 2 of 2 (Step 6)

6. The action bar appears at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following to view available topics:
   - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
   - Type a hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

7. To select performance measures to include in the report, follow these steps:
   a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.
b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) of the measure(s) you want to include and press Enter.

To select multiple measures, type a range (e.g., 1–2), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 3), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–2, 4, 6, 10).

After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) to the left of its number (Figure 5-105).

For a list of the available performance measure topics, see the first column in Table 5-10.

c. To save your selected performance measures, type Q at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.
8. Patient lists available for the first performance measure you selected are displayed (Figure 5-106). At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number of the list you would like to print and press Enter.

If you selected more than one performance measure, the patient lists available for the next measure is displayed. For a list of available patient lists, see the second and third columns in Table 5-10.

9. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of patient list you want and press Enter, where:

- **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
- **P** (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
- **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

If you select **P** (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a designated provider and press Enter.

**Note:** Printed patient lists are likely to require a great deal of paper, even when you are producing a random list. Ensure that your selected printer has enough paper, particularly if you are running the report overnight.

Print patient lists only when you need them, or print to an electronic file.
10. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:

- To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
  
  At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.

- To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
  
  At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

11. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

The date ranges you have selected are displayed, including the Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period as in the following example:

```
Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 2011
Enter Year: 2011  (2011)

Enter the Baseline Year to compare data to.
Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 1999, 2000
Enter Year (e.g. 2000): 2000  (2000)

The date ranges for this report are:
Report Period:           Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
Previous Year Period:    Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
Baseline Period:         Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

Specify the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included in the report. You should have created this taxonomy using QMAN.

Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES//
```

Figure 5-108: Running the Other National Measures Report Patient List: displaying report date ranges and selecting community taxonomy (Steps 11 and 12)

12. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:

- Press Enter to accept the default taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)

- Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.

- Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to use and press Enter.
13. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:

- 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
- 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
- 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

14. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

5.14.3 Patient List Content

The content of the patient list report is determined by the performance measure topic and performance measure you select. The following table shows the performance measure topics, their associated met/not met measures, and content of the patient lists.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the Report period, unless defined otherwise.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes Comprehensive Care</td>
<td>A1c documented</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who did have their A1c assessed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No A1c documented</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who did not have their A1c assessed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Not every measure will have a Met and Not Met patient list option. For example, for topical fluoride (number of applications), users may only print a patient list containing patients meeting the measure, because this measure is a count, not a percentage.

In addition to the patient lists being printed, the Other National Measures Report for the selected performance measure topic(s) will also be printed.

Table 5-10: Content of the Other National Measures Patient List Report by Performance Measure Topic and Performance Measure
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the Report period, unless defined otherwise.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BP documented</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who did have their BP assessed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No BP documented</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients who did not have their BP assessed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controlled BP</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with controlled BP, defined as &lt;130/80.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uncontrolled BP</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with uncontrolled BP, defined as &gt;130/80.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL documented</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with LDL completed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL not assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without LDL completed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nephropathy assessed</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with nephropathy assessment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No nephropathy assessment</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without nephropathy assessment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retinal evaluation</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with retinal evaluation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No retinal evaluation</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without retinal evaluation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documented Diabetic Foot Exam</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with a diabetic foot exam.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Documented Diabetic Foot Exam</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without a diabetic foot exam.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Comprehensive Diabetes Care</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with comprehensive diabetes care.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Comprehensive Diabetes Care</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without comprehensive diabetes care.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topical Fluoride</td>
<td>With Topical Fluoride Application</td>
<td>List of patients who received at least one topical fluoride application during Report period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</td>
<td>Diabetic Patients with Influenza Immunization</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with influenza vaccination, contraindication, or NMI refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Diabetic Patients without Influenza Immunization</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without influenza vaccination, contraindication, or NMI refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>Diabetic Patients with Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients with pneumovax vaccination, contraindication, or NMI refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Diabetic Patients without Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients without pneumovax vaccination, contraindication, or NMI refusal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the Report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent Immunizations</td>
<td>Active Clinical 13–17 with 1:3:2:1</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 13–17 with 1:3:2:1 combination (i.e. 1 Td/Tdap, 3 Hepatitis B, 2 MMR, 1 Varicella).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 13–17 without 1:3:2:1</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 13–17 without 1:3:2:1 combination (i.e. 1 Td/Tdap, 3 Hepatitis B, 2 MMR, 1 Varicella). If a patient did not have all doses in a multiple dose vaccine, the IZ will not be listed. For example, if a patient only had 2 Hep B, no IZ will be listed for Hep B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 13–17 with 1 Tdap</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 13–17 with 1 Tdap ever.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 13–17 without 1 Tdap</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 13–17 without 1 Tdap ever.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 13–17 with 1 Meningococcal</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 13–17 with 1 Meningococcal ever.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 13–17 without 1 Meningococcal</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 13–17 without 1 Meningococcal ever.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Female Active Clinical 13–17 with 3 HPV</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 13–17 with 3 doses of HPV ever.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Female Active Clinical 13–17 without 3 HPV</td>
<td>List of female Active Clinical patients 13–17 without 3 doses of HPV ever. If a patient did not have all doses, the IZ will not be listed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 15–34 with ER Injury Screened for Alcohol Use</td>
<td>Patients 15–34 seen in the ER for injury who were screened for hazardous alcohol use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 15–34 with ER Injury Not Screened for Alcohol Use</td>
<td>Patients 15–34 seen in the ER for injury who were not screened for hazardous alcohol use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 15–34 with ER Injury and Positive Alcohol Screen with BNI</td>
<td>Patients 15–34 seen in the ER for injury with positive alcohol screen who received a BNI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 15–34 with ER Injury and Positive Alcohol Screen without BNI</td>
<td>Patients 15–34 seen in the ER for injury with positive alcohol screen who did not receive a BNI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Female Patients 15–40 with IPV/DV Screening</td>
<td>List of female patients 15–40 with documented IPV/DV screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Female Patients 15–40 without IPV/DV Screening</td>
<td>List of female patients 15–40 without documented IPV/DV screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Diabetic Patients with Depression Screening</td>
<td>List of Active Diabetic patients screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the Report period, unless defined otherwise.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Active Diabetic Patients without Depression Screening</strong></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18+ with new depression diagnosis and no OPC</td>
<td>List of Active Diabetic patients not screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Antidepressant Medication Management</strong></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18+ with new depression diagnosis and no OPC</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients with new depression DX and no optimal practitioner contact (OPC).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18+ with new depression diagnosis and no APT</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients with new depression DX and no acute phase treatment (APT).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18+ with new depression diagnosis and no CONPT</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients with new depression DX and no continuation phase treatment (CONPT).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physical Activity Assessment</strong></td>
<td>Active Clinical 5+ with physical activity assessment</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 5 and older who had a physical activity assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 5+ without physical activity assessment</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 5 and older who did not have a physical activity assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 5+ with physical activity assessment and exercise education</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 5 and older who had a physical activity assessment and received exercise education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 5+ with physical activity assessment and without exercise education</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 5 and older who had a physical activity assessment and did not receive exercise education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening</strong></td>
<td>Active Clinical 23+ with Total Cholesterol Screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 23+ screened for total cholesterol in past 5 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 23+ without Total Cholesterol Screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 23+ not screened for total cholesterol in past 5 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cardiovascular Disease and Blood Pressure Control</strong></td>
<td>Active Clinical 20+ or with IHD with BP Assessed</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;20 or who have IHD who had their BP assessed twice in past two years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 20+ or with IHD w/o BP Assessment</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;20 or who have IHD who have not had their BP assessed twice in past two years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 20+ or with IHD w/Normal BP (&lt;120/80)</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;20 or who have IHD who have normal BP (&lt;120/80).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 20+ or with IHD w/Uncontrolled BP (&gt;=120/80)</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;20 or who have IHD who have uncontrolled BP (&gt;=120/80).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the Report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with Beta-Blocker Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI with beta-blocker therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without Beta-Blocker Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI without beta-blocker therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with ASA Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI with ASA therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without ASA Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI without ASA therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with ACEI/ARB Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI with ACEI/ARB therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without ACEI/ARB Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI without ACEI/ARB therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with Statin Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI with statin therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without Statin Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI without statin therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with All Meds</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI with all appropriate medications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without All Meds</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 discharged for AMI without all appropriate medications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persistence of Appropriate Medication Therapy after a Heart Attack</td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with 135-day Beta-Blocker Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx with 135-day beta-blocker therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without 135-day Beta-Blocker Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx without 135-day beta-blocker therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with 135-day ASA Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx with 135-day ASA therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without 135-day ASA Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx without 135-day ASA therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with 135-day ACEI/ARB Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx with 135-day ACEI/ARB therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without 135-day ACEI/ARB Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx without 135-day ACEI/ARB therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the Report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with 135-day Statin Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx with 135-day statin therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without 135-day Statin Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx without 135-day statin therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ with 135-day Treatment of All Meds</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx with 135-day therapy for all appropriate meds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 35+ without 135-day Treatment of All Meds</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients =&gt;35 with AMI Dx without 135-day therapy for all appropriate meds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate Medication Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ with 180-day Beta-Blocker Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ with 180-day beta-blocker therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ without 180-day Beta-Blocker Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ without 180-day beta-blocker therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ with 180-day ASA Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ with 180-day ASA therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ without 180-day ASA Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ without 180-day ASA therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ with 180-day ACEI/ARB Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ with 180-day ACEI/ARB therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ without 180-day ACEI/ARB Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ without 180-day ACEI/ARB therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ with 180-day Statin Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ with 180-day statin therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ without 180-day Statin Therapy</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ without 180-day statin therapy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ with 180-day Treatment of All Meds</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ with 180-day therapy for all appropriate meds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active IHD 22+ without 180-day Treatment of All Meds</td>
<td>List of Active IHD patients 22+ without 180-day therapy for all appropriate meds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cholesterol Management for Patients with Cardiovascular Conditions</td>
<td>Active Clinical 18–75 with CVD with LDL Assessed</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 18–75 with DX of AMI, CABG, PTCA, or IVD with LDL completed, regardless of result.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18–75 with CVD without LDL Assessed</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 18–75 with DX of AMI, CABG, PTCA, or IVD without LDL completed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18–75 with CVD with LDL &lt;=100</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 18–75 with DX of AMI, CABG, PTCA, or IVD with LDL &lt;=100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Patient List (Time frame for meeting the measure is during the Report period, unless defined otherwise.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18–75 with CVD with LDL 101–130</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 18–75 with DX of AMI, CABG, PTCA, or IVD with LDL 101-130.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18–75 with CVD with LDL &gt;130</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients 18–75 with DX of AMI, CABG, PTCA, or IVD with LDL &gt;130.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heart Failure and Evaluation of LVS Function</td>
<td>Active Clinical 18+ with Evaluation of LVS Function</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical heart failure patients 18+ who received evaluation of LVS function.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 18+ without Evaluation of LVS Function</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical heart failure patients 18+ who did not receive evaluation of LVS function.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Quality of Care</td>
<td>Patients 13+ with HIV Dx with CD4 test only</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who received CD4 test only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 13+ without HIV Dx with CD4 test</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who did not receive CD4 test only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 13+ with HIV Dx with HIV viral load only</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who received HIV viral load only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 13+ with HIV Dx without HIV viral load</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who did not receive HIV viral load only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 13+ with HIV Dx with CD4 and HIV viral load</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who received CD4 and HIV viral load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 13+ with HIV Dx without CD4 and HIV viral load</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who did not receive CD4 and HIV viral load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 13+ with HIV Dx with CD4 and/or HIV viral load</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who received CD4 and/or HIV viral load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patients 13+ with HIV Dx without CD4 or HIV viral load</td>
<td>List of patients 13+ with HIV diagnosis during the Report Period who did not receive CD4 or HIV viral load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia Testing</td>
<td>Active Clinical 16–25 with Chlamydia screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients with documented Chlamydia screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active Clinical 16–25 without Chlamydia screening</td>
<td>List of Active Clinical patients without documented Chlamydia screening.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5.15 Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO)

**CI11 > RPT > OTH > EO**

#### 5.15.1 Overview

The EO Quality Transparency Measures Report contains performance measures in support of EO 13410 for quality transparency reporting. All federal facilities/sites are required to run this report and will report their data annually. The information is available on the IHS Quality of Care Web site: [http://www.ihs.gov/NonMedicalPrograms/quality/](http://www.ihs.gov/NonMedicalPrograms/quality/)

You will have the option of running the report using the same hard-coded report parameters as the National GPRA & PART Report, or selecting your own report parameters, as shown below.
5.15.2 Running the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO)

The Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report provides two options for running the report: (1) using the same hard-coded report parameters as the National GPRA & PART report (Report Period, Previous Year Period, Baseline Year, and Beneficiary (patient) Population), and (2) using custom, user-defined report parameters. These options are shown below.

```
IHS Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report

Please select the type of report would you like to run:

H  Hard-coded Report: Report with all parameters set to the same as the National GPRA Report (report period of July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011, baseline period of July 1, 1999 – June 30, 2000, and AI/AN patients only)

U  User-defined Report: You select the report and baseline periods and beneficiary population

Select a Report Option: H://
```

Figure 5-109: Report options for the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO)

The hard-coded report is run for all performance measures. The report period is set to the current GPRA report period; the previous year period is set to one year prior to the report period, and the baseline year is set to July 1, 1999–June 30, 2000. The patient population is set to AI/AN only.

The user-defined report can be run for all performance measures or only for selected measures, and the date ranges and patient population are set by the user.

- To run the report using the Hard-coded Report option, go to Section 5.16.2.1.
- To run the report using the User-defined Report option, go to Section 5.16.2.2.

5.15.2.1 Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO), Hard-Coded Report Option

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type OTH and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu, as in the following example:

```
** IHS/RPMS CRS 2011  **
```
** Other National Reports **
******************************************************************************
Version 11.0

DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

GPU    GPRA & PART Performance Report
ONM    Other National Measures Report
OST    Other National Measures Report Patient List
EO     Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Rpt
ELD    Elder Care Report
PED    Patient Education Reports ...

Select Other National Reports Option: EO  <Enter> Other National Measures Report

---

Figure 5-110: Other National Reports menu: selecting the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type EO and press Enter to select the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report.

---

IHS Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report

Please select the type of report would you like to run:

H   Hard-coded Report: Report with all parameters set to the same as the National GPRA Report (report period of July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011, baseline period of July 1, 1999 – June 30, 2000, and AI/AN patients only)

U   User-defined Report: You select the report and baseline periods and beneficiary population

Select a Report Option: H:// <Enter> Hard-coded Report

---

Figure 5-111: Running the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO): selecting Hard-coded Report option (Step 5)

5. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, press Enter to accept the default option, “H,” and display the following information about the report:

This will produce an Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures report for all performance measures. You will be asked to provide the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included. This report will be run for the Report Period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 with a Baseline Year of July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000. This report will include beneficiary population of American Indian/Alaska Native only.
You can choose to export this data to the Area office. If you answer yes at the export prompt, a report will be produced in export format for the Area Office to use in Area aggregated data. Depending on site specific configuration, the export file will either be automatically transmitted directly to the Area or the site will have to send the file manually.

Press Enter to Continue: <Enter>

Figure 5-112: Running the EO report: information displayed for the Hard-coded Report option (Step 5)

6. Press Enter to display the hard-coded date ranges and beneficiary population for this report. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for this report are present and have members associated to them. (Figure 5-113)

The date ranges for this report are:
- Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
- Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
- Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

Beneficiary Population is set to American Indian/Alaskan Native Only.
Checking for Taxonomies to support the Executive Order Report...
All taxonomies are present.
End of taxonomy check. PRESS ENTER:

Specify the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included in the report. You should have created this taxonomy using QMAN.

Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES// <Enter>

Figure 5-113: Running the EO Report, Hard-coded Report option: displaying date ranges, checking report taxonomies, and selecting community taxonomy (Steps 6 through 8)

7. At the “End of taxonomy check” prompt, press Enter to continue.

8. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   - Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

9. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, do one of the following:
• To include patient lists in addition to the report, type **Y** (Yes) and press Enter to display the EO Measure List Selection screen (Figure 5-114). Only patient lists for the topics you have selected for your report are listed.

  Continue with Step 10 to select the lists.

• To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.”

  Go to Step 12 to continue the report selection process.

**Figure 5-114: Running the EO report, Hard-coded Report option: EO Measure List Selection screen (Step 11)**

10. To select patient lists, follow these steps:

a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type **S** and press Enter.

b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include and press Enter.

   To select multiple measures, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–4, 8, 11)

   After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number (Figure 5-115).

   c. To save your selected lists, type **Q** (Quit) and press Enter.
* indicates the list has been selected

1) Diabetes: Poor Alc Control - Diabetic Pts w/ most recent Alc value, if any.
2) Diabetes: BP Control - Diabetic patients with mean BP, if any.
3) Diabetes: LDL Control - Diabetic patients with LDL cholesterol, if any.
4) Adult Imm: Influenza - Patients 50+ with influenza code & date, if any.
5) Adult Imm: Pneumovax - Patients 65+ with pneumovax, code & date, if any.
6) Asthma Meds - Asthma patients 5-56 with primary asthma meds, if any.
7) 02 Assmt for CAP - Pneumonia patients 18+ with 02 assessment, if any.
8) BB After AMI - AMI patients 18+ with 135-day beta blocker therapy, if any.
9) HTN BP Control - Hypertension patients with BP value, if any.
10) Anticoag for Atrial Fib - Atrial Fib patients 18+ with anticoag meds, if any.
11) CVD LDL Cholesterol - CVD patients 18-75 with LDL cholesterol value, if any.

Enter ?? for more actions
S Select List D De Select List
A All Lists Q Quit
Select Action:+// Q <Enter> Quit

Figure 5-115: Running the EO Report: Hard-coded Report option: selected patient lists (Step 11)

Select List Type.
NOTE: If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.

Select one of the following:

R Random Patient List
P Patient List by Provider
A All Patients

Choose report type for the Lists: R// A <Enter> All Patients

Figure 5-116: Running the EO report: Hard-coded Report option: selecting patient list type (Step 12)

11. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:

- **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
- **P** (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
- **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

Note the displayed message: “If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.”
If you select P (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

12. At the “Do you wish to export this data to Area?” prompt, type Y or N and press Enter.

**Note:** This option is only available if you are running the report for all EO Quality Transparency measures.

13. A summary of the EO report is displayed, as in the following example:

```
SUMMARY OF CRS 11 EXECUTIVE ORDER REPORT TO BE GENERATED

The date ranges for this report are:
Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES <Enter>
```

Figure 5-117: Running the EO report: Hard-coded Report option: summary of report to be generated (Step 13)

14. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

5.15.2.2 Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO), User-Defined Report Option

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **OTH** and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu, as in the following example:

```
********************************************************************************
**     IHS/RPMS CRS 2011     **
**     Other National Reports **
********************************************************************************
```
Figure 5-118: Other National Reports menu: selecting the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type EO and press Enter to select the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report.

IHS Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report

Please select the type of report would you like to run:

H Hard-coded Report: Report with all parameters set to the same as the National GPRA Report (report period of July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011, baseline period of July 1, 1999 - June 30, 2000, and AI/AN patients only)

U User-defined Report: You select the report and baseline periods and beneficiary population

Select a Report Option: H//U<Enter> User-defined Report

Figure 5-119: Running the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO): selecting User-defined Report option (Step 5)

5. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, type U and press Enter to display the following information about the report:

The Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report contains performance measures that are in support of Executive Order 13410 for quality transparency reporting. Federal facilities are required to run this report. This will produce an Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report for all performance measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the measures for the report, 2) the reporting period, 3) the baseline period to compare data to, 3) the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included, and the 4) the patient population (i.e. AI/AN only, non AI/AN, or both) to determine which patients will be included.

If you choose to run the report for all measures, you will be given the opportunity to export this data to the Area office. If you answer yes, this option will produce a report in export format for the Area Office to use in Area aggregated data. Depending on site specific configuration, the export file will either be automatically transmitted directly to the
Area or the site will have to send the file manually.

There are 11 measures in the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report.

Press Enter to Continue: <Enter>

Figure 5-120: Running the EO report, User-defined Report option: report information display

(Step 5)

6. Press Enter at both prompts to continue.

7. At the “Run the report on” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To include all measures in the EO report, type A and press Enter.
   - To include only selected measures in the EO report, follow these steps:
     a. Type S and press Enter to display the Performance Measure Selection screen.
     b. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.
     c. At the “Which Items?” prompt, type the number(s) of the measure(s) you want.
        To select multiple topics, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–4, 8, 11)

        After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number, as in the following example:

```
PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTION Jun 11, 2011 13:58:15  Page:  1  of   1
IHS EO Clinical Performance Measures
* indicates the performance measure has been selected

*1) Diabetes: Poor Glycemic Control
2) Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control
3) Diabetes: LDL Control
*4) Adult Immunizations: Influenza
5) Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax
6) Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma
7) Community-Acquired Pneumonia (CAP): Assessment of Oxygen Saturation
8) Persistence of Beta-Blocker Treatment After a Heart Attack
9) Controlling High Blood Pressure
10) Stroke and Stroke Rehabilitation: Anticoagulant Therapy Prescribed for Atri
11) Cholesterol Management for Patients with Cardiovascular Conditions

Enter ?? for more actions
```
Figure 5-121: Running the EO report, User-defined Report option: Performance Measure Selection screen (Step 7 b)

d. To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

8. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for the EO report are present. At the prompt, press Enter to continue.

Figure 5-122: Running the EO report: User-defined Report option: selecting report date range (Steps 9 and 10)

9. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined period, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

10. At the “Enter Year prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.
    The date ranges you have selected for the report are displayed, including the Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period.
11. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to accept the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters).
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   - Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Then type the name of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

12. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To include patient lists in addition to the report, type Y (Yes) and press Enter to display the Measure List Selection screen (Figure 5-114). Only patient lists for the topics you have selected for your report are listed. Continue with Step 13 to select the patient lists.
   - To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.” Go to Step 15 to continue the report selection process.

13. To select patient lists, follow these steps:
   a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.
   b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include and press Enter.
      To select multiple measures, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–4, 8, 11)
      After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number (Figure 5-115).
   c. To save your selected lists, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

14. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:
   - **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
   - **P** (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
   - **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.
   Note the displayed message: “If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.”
If you select P (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

15. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:
   - **1** (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
   - **2** (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
   - **3** (All) reports on your entire patient population.

16. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
   - **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
   - **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
   - **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

5.15.3 Report Content

The content of the EO Quality Transparency Measures Report is defined in the following table.

**Table 5-11: Content of the EO Quality Transparency Measures Report by Performance Measure Topic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes (DM): Poor Glycemic Control</td>
<td>Active diabetic patients</td>
<td>With Poor control (&gt;9.0 or no A1c test or A1c test with no result)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>Active diabetic patients</td>
<td>With Controlled BP (&lt;140/90)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: LDL Control</td>
<td>Active diabetic patients</td>
<td>With LDL &lt;100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</td>
<td>1) Active clinical patients ages 50–64 2) Active Clinical patients ages 65 and older</td>
<td>1) With influenza vaccination or contraindication ever A) With contraindication or NMI refusal 2) With refusal in past year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Denominator</td>
<td>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax | Active clinical patients ages 65 and older | 1) With Pneumococcal vaccination or contraindication ever  
A) With contraindication or NMI refusal  
2) With refusal in past year |
| Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma | Active clinical patients 5–56 w/persistent asthma, broken down by age groups | With at least one dispensed prescription for primary asthma therapy medication |
| Assessment of Oxygen Saturation for Community-Acquired Bacterial Pneumonia | Number of visits for user population patients ages 18 and older diagnosed with community-acquired bacterial pneumonia at an outpatient visit during the report period | 1) Number of visits where patients had oxygen saturation documented and reviewed  
2) Number of visits where patients refused oxygen saturation assessment  
3) Number of visits where patients did not have their oxygen saturation documented and reviewed |
| Persistence of Beta-Blocker Treatment After a Heart Attack | Active clinical patients 18 and older diagnosed with an AMI six months prior to the Report period through the first six months of the report period and do not have a contraindication/previous adverse reaction to beta-blocker therapy. Broken down by gender group. | Patients with a 135-day course of treatment with beta blockers following first discharge date or visit date, including previous active prescriptions. |
| Controlling High Blood Pressure | All active clinical patients ages 18 through 85 diagnosed with hypertension and no documented history of ESRD. | 1) Number of patients with BP value documented during the Report period.  
2) Patients with adequately controlled blood pressure, defined as <140/90, i.e. the mean systolic value is less than 140 and the mean diastolic value is less than 90. |
| Stroke and Stroke Rehabilitation: Anticoagulant Therapy Prescribed for Atrial Fibrillation at Discharge | Number of visits for user population patients ages 18 and older who were discharged with ischemic stroke or transient ischemic attack (TIA) with documented permanent, persistent, or paroxysmal atrial fibrillation. | 1) Number of visits where patients received a prescription for anticoagulant at discharge.  
2) Number of visits where patients refused anticoagulant therapy.  
3) Number of visits where patients did not receive anticoagulation therapy. |
## 5.16 Elder Care Report (ELD)

### 5.16.1 Overview

The Elder Care Report contains quality of care measures for patients 55 and older, including those related to diabetes prevalence and management, dental access, cancer screening, tobacco use, immunizations, cardiovascular disease, intimate partner violence, depression, and osteoporosis. The measure “rate of functional status assessment” is unique to this report. Performance measures are also reported by age ranges 55–64, 65–74, 75–84, and 85 and older to facilitate detailed analysis and comparisons. The intent of this report is to provide a tool with which to focus on the quality of care provided to older patients.

The Elder Care Report provides an option for selecting different patient-type populations: (AI/AN, non-AI/AN, or both; and the report can be exported to the Area Office by the site for aggregation into an Area-Office-wide Elder Care Report.

Patient Lists may be run for this report.

### 5.16.2 Running the Elder Care Report with Patient Lists

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **OTH** and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu, as in the following example:

```
*********************************  
**      IHS/RPMS CRS 2011      **  
**      Other National Reports **  
*********************************  
Version 11.0  
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL  
GPU    GPRA & PART Performance Report  
ONM    Other National Measures Report  
OST    Other National Measures Report Patient List  
EO     Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Rpt  
ELD    Elder Care Report  
PED    Patient Education Reports ...  
Select Other National Reports Option:  
```

Figure 5-123: Other National Reports Menu: selecting Elder Care Report (ELD) (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type **ELD** and press Enter to display information about the Elder Care report, as in the following example:

```
2011 Elder Care Clinical Performance Measure Report  
This will produce an Elder Care Performance Measure Report for all ELDER performance measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, 3) the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included, and 4) the patient population (i.e. AI/AN only, non AI/AN, or both) to determine which patients will be included.  
If you choose to run the report for all Elder Care measures, you will be given the opportunity to export this data to the Area office. If you answer yes, this option will produce a report in export format for the Area Office to use in Area aggregated data. Depending on site specific configuration, the export file will either be automatically transmitted directly to the Area or the site will have to send the file manually.  
There are 27 measures in the Elder Care Performance Measure Report. Press enter to continue:  
Select one of the following:  
S      Selected set of Measures  
A      All Measures  
Run the report on: S// S <Enter>  Selected set of Measures  
```

Figure 5-124: Running the Elder Care Report: report description display and measure selection (Steps 4 through 6)
5. Press Enter to continue.

6. At the “Run the report on” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To include only selected measures in the Elder Care report, type S and press Enter to display the Performance Measure Selection screen. Continue with Step 7 to select performance measures.
   - To include all measures in the Elder Care report, type A (All Measures) and press Enter. Go to Step 8 to continue selecting report options.

   ![Performance Measure Selection Screen](image)

   Figure 5-125: Running the Elder Care Report: selecting performance measure topics (Step 7)

7. The action bar appears at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To view multiple pages,
     - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
     - Type a hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.
   - To select specific measure topics, follow these steps:
     a. Type S and press Enter.
     b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the measure topic(s) you want.
        
        To select multiple topics, type a range (e.g., 1–2), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 3), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–4, 5, 7, 12).
After pressing Enter, each selected topic is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

c. To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

For a list of the available performance measure topics, see the first table column in Section 5.14.3.

8. The system checks to see if all taxonomies required for the Elder Care report are present. At the prompt, press Enter to continue.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Select one of the following:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>January 1 - December 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>April 1 - March 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>July 1 - June 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>October 1 - September 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>User-Defined Report Period</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the date range for your report:

![Figure 5-126: Running the Elder Care Report: selecting report date range (Step 9)](image)

9. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:

- To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
  
  At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.

- To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
  
  At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

10. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

The date ranges selected for the report are displayed, including the Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period.

11. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:

- Press Enter to select the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)

- Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
Clinical Reporting System (BGP) Version 11.0

- Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

The screen displays your Home location, as defined in the Site Parameters.

12. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, do one of the following:

- To include patient lists in addition to the report, type Y (Yes) and press Enter to display the Elder Measure List Selection screen. Only the patient lists for the topics you have selected for your report are listed. Continue with Step 13 to select the lists.

- To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.” Go to Step 15 to continue the report selection process.

**Note:** You must have security access to run any Patient List. This prompt will not be displayed if you do not have security access.

**Figure 5-127:** Running the Elder Care Report: choosing patient lists (Step 13)

13. To select patient lists, follow these steps:

a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.

b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include and press Enter.

To select multiple lists, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1-4, 6, 8, 12).

After pressing Enter, each selected measure is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.
c. To save your selected lists, Type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

Select List Type.
NOTE: If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.

Select one of the following:
- R Random Patient List
- P Patient List by Provider
- A All Patients

Choose report type for the Lists: R//P<Enter> Patient List by Provider
Enter Designated Provider Name: Acord,Arlis<Enter> AA

Figure 5-128: Running the Elder Care Report: selecting patient list type (Step 14)

14. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:

- **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
- **P** (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
- **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

If you select P (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a Designated Provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

Select one of the following:
- 1 Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)
- 2 Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)
- 3 All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1// 1 Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)

Figure 5-129: Running the Elder Care Report: selecting beneficiary population (Step 15)

15. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include in the report and press Enter, where:

- **1** (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
- **2** (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
- **3** (All) reports on your entire patient population.

16. If you are running the Elder Care report for all measures, you can choose whether to send this data to your Area Office.
• If you are ready to send the final data to your Area Office, type Y and press Enter at the “Do you wish to export this data to Area” prompt.

• If you are not ready to send final data to your Area Office, type N and press Enter.

**Note:** You should only choose this option when you are ready to send final data to your Area Office.

A summary of the Elder Care Report is displayed, as in the following example:

```
SUMMARY OF FY 11 ELDER REPORT TO BE GENERATED

The date ranges for this report are:
Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES

Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

Select one of the following:
P Print Report on Printer or Screen
D Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)
B Both a Printed Report and Delimited File

Select an Output Option: P//
```

**Figure 5-130: Summary Screen for Elder Care Report (Steps 16 and 17)**

17. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

• **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.

• **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.

• **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.
## 5.16.3 Report Content

### Table 5-12: Content of the Elder Care Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Diabetes Prevalence** | User population 55+, broken down by gender and age groups | 1) Diabetes diagnosis ever  
2) Diabetes diagnosis during prior year |
| **Diabetes (DM): Glycemic Control** | Active diabetic patients 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With Hemoglobin A1c, any value  
2) With GPRA-defined Poor control (>9.5)  
3) With Very Poor control (>=12)  
4) With Poor control (>9.5 and <=12)  
5) With Fair control (>=8 and <=9.5)  
6) With Good control (>7 and <=8)  
7) With GPRA-defined Ideal control (<7)  
8) With Hemoglobin A1c without result |
| **DM: Blood Pressure Control** | Active diabetic patients 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With BP assessed  
2) With Controlled BP  
3) With Uncontrolled BP |
| **DM: LDL Assessment** | Active diabetic patients 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With LDL, any value  
2) With LDL <130  
3) With LDL <=100  
4) With LDL 101-129 |
| **DM: Nephropathy Assessment** | Active diabetic patients 55+, broken down by age groups | With estimated GFR AND a quantitative urinary protein or with ESRD |
| **DM: Retinopathy** | Active diabetic patients 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With any retinal screening (no refusals)  
A) With diabetic retinal exam  
B) With other eye exam  
2) With refusal of diabetic retinal exam |
| **Diabetic Access to Dental Services** | Active diabetic patients 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With documented dental exam (no refusals)  
2) With refusal in past year |
| **Access to Dental Services** | User population 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With documented dental exam (no refusals)  
2) With refusal in past year |
| **Adult IZ: Influenza** | Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With influenza vaccination in past year or contraindication ever  
A) With contraindication or NMI refusal  
2) With refusal in past year |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Adult IZ: Pneumovax  | Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age groups                     | 1) With pneumovax or contraindication ever  
A) With contraindication or NMI refusal  
2) With refusal in past year |
| Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates | Female active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age groups | 1) With documented mammogram in past 2 years (no refusals)  
2) With refusal in past year |
| Colorectal Cancer Screening | Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by gender and age groups | 1) With CRC screening (time period dependent upon type of CRC screening) (no refusals)  
2) With refusal in past year  
3) With FOBT in past year  
4) With flex sig or DCBE in past 5 years or colonoscopy in past 10 years  
5) With flex sig in past 5 years or colonoscopy in past 10 years  
6) With flex sig and DCBE in past 5 years or colonoscopy in past 10 years |
| Tobacco Use Assessment | Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by gender and age groups | 1) Screened for tobacco use  
2) Tobacco users  
A) Smokers  
B) Smokeless  
3) Exposed to environmental tobacco smoke (ETS) |
| IPV/DV Screening     | Female active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age groups               | 1) With documented IPV/DV screen (no refusals)  
A) With IPV/DV exam  
B) With IPV/DV diagnosis  
C) With IPV/DV education or counseling  
2) With refusal in past year |
| Depression Screening | Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by gender and age groups         | 1) With depression screening or diagnosed with mood disorder (no refusals)  
A) With depression screening  
B) With mood disorder diagnosis  
2) With refusal  
3) With depression-related patient education or refusal |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Obesity Assessment (BMI)</td>
<td>Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age and gender groups</td>
<td>1) With BMI calculated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A) With BMI and assessed as overweight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B) With BMI and assessed as obese</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C) Total of overweight and obese</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>D) With refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease and Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age and gender groups</td>
<td>1) With BP documented in past 2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2) With Normal BP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3) With Pre-hypertension I BP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4) With Pre-hypertension II BP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5) With Stage 1 BP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6) With Stage 2 BP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7) With Systolic HTN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening</td>
<td>Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age and gender groups</td>
<td>1) With blood cholesterol screening in past 5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2) With cholesterol &gt;=240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3) With LDL in past 5 years, regardless of result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4) With LDL &lt;=100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5) With LDL 101-130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6) With LDL 131-160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7) With LDL &gt;160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoporosis Management</td>
<td>Female active clinical patients 55+ with fracture, broken down by age groups</td>
<td>Treated or tested for osteoporosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoporosis Screening in Women</td>
<td>Female active clinical patients ages 55+ without a documented history of</td>
<td>1) Screened for osteoporosis in past 2 years or refusal in past year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>osteoporosis, broken down by age groups</td>
<td>A) With refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoarthritis Medication Monitoring</td>
<td>Active clinical patients ages 55+ diagnosed with osteoarthritis, broken down</td>
<td>Patients who received appropriate monitoring of medication during the Report Period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by age groups</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Status</td>
<td>Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age and gender groups</td>
<td>With functional status screening</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma</td>
<td>1) Active clinical patients 55+, broken down by age groups</td>
<td>1) With two asthma-related visits or categorized in ARS as persistent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) From numerator 1</td>
<td>2) Hospitalized for asthma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>Denominator</td>
<td>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Public Health Nursing | No denominator; counts only | 1) Number of visits by PHNs in any setting, patients ages 55+  
A) Ages 55–64  
B) Ages 65–74  
C) Ages 75–84  
D) Ages 85+  
E) PHN driver/interpreter  
2) Number of visits by PHNs in Home setting  
A) Ages 55–64  
B) Ages 65–74  
C) Ages 75–84  
D) Ages 85+  
E) PHN driver/interpreter |
| Fall Risk Assessment in Elders | Active clinical patients 65+, broken down by age and gender groups | 1) Screened for fall risk or with fall-related diagnosis  
A) Screened for fall risk  
B) History of fall  
C) Fall-related diagnosis,  
D) Abnormality of gait/balance  
E) Refusal of fall risk screen |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Use of High-Risk Medications in the Elderly | Active clinical patients 65+, broken down by age and gender groups           | 1) With at least one high-risk medication  
2) With at least two high-risk medications  
Included in both numerators above are the following subnumerators:  
   A) Antianxiety meds  
   B) Antiemetic meds  
   C) Analgesic meds  
   D) Antihistamine meds  
   E) Antipsychotic meds  
   F) Amphetamine meds  
   G) Barbiturate meds  
   H) Long-acting benzodiazepine meds  
   I) Calcium channel blocker meds  
   J) Gastrointestinal antispasmodic meds  
   K) Belladonna alkaloid meds  
   L) Skeletal muscle relaxant meds  
   M) Oral estrogen meds  
   N) Oral hypoglycemic meds  
   O) Narcotic meds  
   P) Vasodilator meds  
   Q) Other HEDIS-defined drugs |
| Palliative Care                         | No denominator. This measure is a total count only, not a percentage.       | 1) The total number of active clinical patients 55 and older with at least one palliative care visit during the Report Period. Broken down by gender and age groups.  
2) The total number of palliative care visits for active clinical patients 55 and older during the report period. Broken down by gender and age groups. |

5.16.4 Elder Care Patient List

Patient Lists are available for individual measures included in the Elder Care Report and display patients who meet the numerator(s), denominator(s), or both, depending on the measure.

The following Patient List options are available:
- A random list (10% of the total list)
- A list by designated primary care provider
- The entire patient list

Select which measures you want to run Patient Lists for after you have selected the measures for the report.

**Table 5-13: Elder Care Patient List by Performance Measure Topic**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Patient List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes Prevalence</td>
<td>Diabetic patients =&gt;55 with most recent diagnosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: Glycemic Control</td>
<td>Diabetic patients =&gt;55 with most recent A1c value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>Diabetic patients =&gt;55 with BP value, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: LDL Assessment</td>
<td>Diabetic patients =&gt;55 with LDL cholesterol test, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: Nephropathy Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with nephropathy assessment, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetic Retinopathy</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients =&gt;55 with qualified retinal evaluation, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes: Access to Dental Services</td>
<td>List of diabetic patients =&gt;55 and documented dental visit, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to Dental</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with documented dental visit and date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Influenza</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with influenza immunization/contraindication/NMI refusal and date, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with pneumovax immunization/contraindication/NMI refusal and date, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates</td>
<td>List of female patients =&gt;55 with mammogram, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal Cancer Screening</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with CRC screening, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Use and Exposure Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with no documented tobacco screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimate Partner Violence/Domestic Violence</td>
<td>List of female patients =&gt;55 not screened for domestic violence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screening</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 not screened for depression/diagnosed with mood disorder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obesity Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients 55-74 for whom BMI could not be calculated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease and Blood Pressure Control</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with mean BP, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular Disease and Cholesterol Screening</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with cholesterol or LDL value if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure Topic</td>
<td>Patient List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoporosis Management</td>
<td>List of female patients =&gt;55 with new fracture who had osteoporosis treatment or testing, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoporosis Screening in Women</td>
<td>List of female patients =&gt;55 with osteoporosis screening, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteoarthritis Med Monitoring</td>
<td>List of OA patients 55 and older prescribed maintenance therapy medication with monitoring lab tests, if any. The numerator values for patients who meet the measure are prefixed with “YES:” and patients who did not meet the measure are prefixed with “NO:”. All laboratory tests the patient did have are displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Status</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with functional status codes, if any. The following are the abbreviations used in the Numerator column: TLT–Toileting BATH–Bathing DRES–Dressing XFER–Transfers FEED–Feeding CONT–Continence FIN–Finances COOK–Cooking SHOP–Shopping HSWK–Housework/Chores MEDS–Medications TRNS–Transportation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 diagnosed with asthma and any asthma-related hospitalizations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHN</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with PHN visits documented Numerator codes in patient list: All PHN = Number of PHN visits in any setting; Home = Number of PHN visits in home setting; Driver All = Number of PHN driver/interpreter visits in any setting; Driver Home = Number of PHN driver/interpreter visits in home setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Risk Assessment</td>
<td>List of patients 65 years or older with fall risk assessment, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of High-Risk Medications in the Elderly</td>
<td>List of patients 65 and older with at least one prescription for a high-risk medication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palliative Care</td>
<td>List of patients =&gt;55 with at least one palliative care visit during the Report Period.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.17 Patient Education with Community Specified Report (PCM)

5.17.1 Overview

The Patient Education with Community Specified Report contains performance measures specific to user population patients who have received patient education. Sites are not required to run the Patient Education report.

Patient Lists may be run for this report.

5.17.2 Running the PCM Patient Education with Community Specified Report.

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 main menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.

3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type OTH and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu.

4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type PED and press Enter to display the Patient Education Reports Menu.
5. At the “Select Patient Education Reports Option” prompt, type **PCM** and press Enter to display information about the report, as in the following example:

![Patient Education w/Community Specified Report](image)

Press Enter:

- To include only *selected measures* in the PCM report, type **S** and press Enter to display the Patient Ed Measure Selection screen. Continue with Step 7 to select performance measures.
- To include *all measures* in the PCM report, type **A** (All Measures) and press Enter. Go to Step 8 to continue selecting report options.

![Patient Ed Measure Selection](image)
* indicates the performance measure has been selected

1) Rate of User Population Patients Receiving Patient Education
2) Rate of Time by Provider Discipline
3) Rate for Top 25 Patient Education Topics
4) Rate for Top 25 Education Subtopics
5) Rate for Top 15 Provider Disciplines Who Educated
6) Rate of Patient Understanding of Education
7) Goal Setting

Enter ?? for more actions
S Select Measure       D De Select Measure
Select Action:+//    Q <Enter> Quit

Figure 5-134: Running Patient Education with Community Specified Report (PCM): selecting performance measure topics (Step 7)

7. The action bar appears at the bottom of the screen. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

- To view multiple pages,
  - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
  - Type a hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

- To select specific measure topics, follow these steps:
  a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.
  b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the topic(s) you want.
     To select multiple topics, type a range (e.g., 1–2), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 3), or a combination of numbers and ranges (e.g., 1–2, 4, 6, 10).
     After pressing Enter, each selected topic is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number, as in the following example:
  c. To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

Select one of the following:

1   January 1 - December 31
2   April 1 - March 31
3   July 1 - June 30
4   October 1 - September 30
5   User-Defined Report Period

Enter the date range for your report: 1 <Enter> January 1 - December 31

Figure 5-135: Running the Patient Education with Community Specified Report (PCM): selecting report date range (Step 8)
8. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

9. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

   The date ranges selected for the report are displayed, including Report Period, Previous Year Period, and Baseline Period, as in the following example:

   Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 2011
   Enter Year: 2011 <Enter> (2011)

   Enter the Baseline Year to compare data to.
   Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 1999, 2000
   Enter Year (e.g. 2000): 2000 <Enter> (2000)

   The date ranges for this report are:
   - Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
   - Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
   - Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

   Specify the community taxonomy to determine which patients will be included in the report. You should have created this taxonomy using QMAN.

   Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES//

Figure 5-136: Running the Patient Education with Community Specified Report (PCM): selecting report date ranges and community taxonomy (Step 10)

10. At the “Enter the Name of the Community Taxonomy” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Press Enter to select the default community taxonomy. (The default community taxonomy can be set in Site Parameters.)
   - Type the name of a community taxonomy and press Enter.
   - Type the first few letters of the taxonomy name and press Enter to see a selection of taxonomies beginning with those letters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the taxonomy you want to include and press Enter.

11. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, do one of the following:
• To include patient lists in addition to the report, type **Y** (Yes) and press Enter to display the Patient Ed List Selection screen. Only the patient lists for the topics you have selected for your report are listed.

Continue with Step 12 to select the lists.

• To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.”

Go to Step 14 to continue the report selection process.

**Note:** You must have security access to run any Patient List. This prompt will not be displayed if you do not have security access.

![Patient Ed List Selection Screen](resources/PATIENT_ED_LIST_SELECTION.jpg)

**Figure 5-137:** Running the Patient Education with Community Specified Report (PCM): selecting patient lists (Step 12)

12. To select patient lists, follow these steps:

   a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type **S** and press Enter.

   b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include and press Enter.

      To select multiple lists, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 3, 6, 8, 9), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 5, 7, 10).

      After pressing Enter, each selected topic is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number (Figure 5-137).

   c. To save your selected lists, type **Q** (Quit) and press Enter.
Select List Type.
NOTE: If you select All Patients, your list may be hundreds of pages and take hours to print.

Select one of the following:

- **R** (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
- **P** (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
- **A** (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

If you select **P** (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

**Note:** Printed patient lists are likely to require a great deal of paper, even when you are producing a Random list. Ensure that your selected printer has enough paper, particularly if you are running the report overnight.

Print patient lists only when you need them, or print to an electronic file.

Select one of the following:

- **1** Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)
- **2** Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)
- **3** All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1 /// 1 <Enter>
Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)

14. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:

Figure 5-138: Running the Patient Education with Community Specified Report (PCM): selecting report type (Step 13)

Figure 5-139: Running the Patient Education with Community Specified Report (PCM): selecting beneficiary population (Step 14)
• 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
• 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
• 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

15. If you are running the PCM report for all measures, you can choose whether to send this data to your Area Office.

• If you are ready to send the final data to your Area Office, type Y and press Enter at the “Do you wish to export this data to Area” prompt.
• If you are not ready to send final data to your Area Office, type N and press Enter.

**Note:** You should only choose this option when you are ready to send final data to your Area Office.

A summary of the Patient Education Report is displayed, as in the following example:

```
SUMMARY OF FY 11 PATIENT EDUCATION REPORT TO BE GENERATED

The date ranges for this report are:

Report Period:         Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
Previous Year Period:  Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
Baseline Period:       Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES

Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

Select one of the following:
P        Print Report on Printer or Screen
D        Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)
B        Both a Printed Report and Delimited File

Select an Output Option: P//
```

Figure 5-140: Running the Patient Education with Community Specified Report: summary screen and selecting output (Steps 15 and 16)

16. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

• P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
• D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
• B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.
### 5.17.3 Report Content

**Table 5-14: Contents of the PCM Patient Education with Community Specified Report**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s) (documented in past year, unless defined otherwise)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate of User Population Patients Receiving Patient Education</td>
<td>1) User population patients</td>
<td>1) Number of patients receiving patient education during the report period</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Rate of Time by Provider Discipline                       | 1) The total time spent providing education to user population patients during the report period | 1) Total time spent, in minutes, providing education by provider discipline  
Also included are the following statistics:  
2) For all providers, the total number of patient education codes with provider and minutes recorded.  
3) Average time spent, in minutes, providing education to each patient  
4) Minimum time spent, in minutes, providing education to a patient  
5) Maximum time spent, in minutes, providing education to a patient |
<p>| Rate for Top 25 Patient Education Topics                  | The total number of patient education codes documented for user population patients for all providers during the report period | 1—25): The 25 most common topics of the patient education documented during the report period.                             |
| Rate for Top 25 Patient Education Subtopics                | The total number of patient education codes documented for user population patients for all providers during the report period | 1—25): The 25 most common subtopics of the patient education documented during the report period.                           |
| Rate for Top 15 Provider Disciplines Who Educated          | The total number of patient education codes documented for user population patients for all providers during the report period | 1—15): The 15 most common provider discipline codes that provided education during the report period.                        |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Rate of Patient Understanding of Education          | The total number of patient education codes documented for user population patients for all providers during the report period | 1) Number of patient education codes with good understanding.  
2) Number of patient education codes with fair understanding.  
3) Number of patient education codes with poor understanding.  
4) Number of patient education codes where patient refused the education.  
5) Number of patient education codes where understanding of education was left blank. |
| Goal Setting                                         | User population patients who received patient education during the report period. | 1) Number of patients who set at least one goal during the report period.  
2) Number of patients who did not set at least one goal during the report period.  
3) Number of patients who met at least one goal during the report period.  
4) Number of patients who did not meet at least one goal during the report period. |

### 5.17.4 PCM Patient Education with Community Specified Report Patient Lists

Patient Lists are available for individual measures included in the Patient Education report and display patients who meet the numerator(s), denominator(s), or both, depending on the measure.

The Patient List options include

- A random list (10% of the total list)
- A list by designated primary care provider
- The entire patient list of patients

Select which measures you want to run patient lists for after you have selected the measures for the report.
Table 5-15: Patient Education with Community Specified Report Patient Lists

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure Topic</th>
<th>Patient List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate of User Population Patients Receiving Patient Education</td>
<td>List of user population patients who received patient education during the Report Period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate of Time by Provider Discipline</td>
<td>List of user population patients who received patient education during the Report Period with the summed time in minutes spent by provider.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate for Top 25 Patient Education Topics</td>
<td>List of user population patients who received patient education during the Report Period with the count of each topic for which education was received.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate for Top 25 Patient Education Subtopics</td>
<td>List of user population patients who received patient education during the Report Period with the count of each subtopic received.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate for Top 15 Provider Disciplines Who Educated</td>
<td>List of user population patients who received patient education during the Report Period with the count of provider discipline codes that provided the education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate of Patient Understanding of Education</td>
<td>List of user population patients who received patient education during the Report Period with the count for each level of understanding.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goal Setting</td>
<td>List of user population patients who received patient education during the Report Period with goal setting information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.18 Patient Education with Patient Panel Population Report (P3)

**CI11 > RPT > OTH > PED > P3**

5.18.1 Overview

The content of this report is the same as the Patient Education with Community Specified Report.

Patient lists may be run for this report.

5.18.2 Running the Patient Education with Patient Panel Population Report (P3)

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.

2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **OTH** and press Enter to display the Other National Reports menu.

4. At the “Select Other National Reports Option” prompt, type **PED** and press Enter to display the Patient Education Reports Menu, as in the following example:

5. At the “Select Patient Education Reports Option” prompt, type **P3** and press Enter to display the following information about the report. Press Enter to continue.
be applied. You can create a search template using Q-MAN, PGEN, VGEN or other RPMS options.

PRESS ENTER:

Please enter the search template name. The template will contain a panel of patients defined by the user.

Enter SEARCH TEMPLATE name: DEMO_2003VISITS_MALE_21-55 <Enter>

Figure 5-143: Running the Patient Education with Patient Panel Population Report (P3): report description display and selecting search template (Steps 5 and 6)

6. At the “Enter SEARCH TEMPLATE name” prompt, do one of the following:
   - Type the name of a search template and press Enter.
   - Type the first few letters or numbers of a search template name and press Enter to see a selection of search templates beginning with those characters, or type two question marks (??) and press Enter to see the entire list. Then type the number of the search template you want to include and press Enter.

7. At the “Run the report on” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To include only selected measures in the report, type S and press Enter to display the Patient Ed Measure Selection screen. Continue with Step 8 to select performance measures.
   - To include all measures in the report, type A and press Enter. Go to Step 9 to continue selecting report options.

8. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To view multiple pages,
– Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page of the list of measures.
– Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

• To select specific measure topics, follow these steps:
  a. Type S and press Enter.
  b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt, type the number(s) preceding the topic(s) you want.
     To select multiple topics, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).
     After pressing Enter, each selected topic is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.
  c. To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

Select one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>January 1 - December 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>April 1 - March 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>July 1 - June 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>October 1 - September 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>User-Defined Report Period</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the date range for your report: 1 <Enter> January 1 - December 31

Figure 5-145: Running the Patient Education with Patient Panel Population Report (P3): selecting report date range (Step 9)

9. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   • To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

10. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.
    The date ranges selected for the report are displayed, including the Report Period, the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period.
Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 2011
Enter Year: 2011 <Enter> (2011)

Enter the Baseline Year to compare data to.
Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 1999, 2000
Enter Year (e.g. 2000): 2000 <Enter> (2000)

The date ranges for this report are:
Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

Do you want patient lists for any of the measures? Y// <Enter> Yes

Figure 5-146: Running the Patient Education with Patient Panel Population Report (P3): selecting report dates and patient list option (Steps 10 and 11)

11. At the “Do you want patient lists for any of the measures?” prompt, do one of the following:

- To include patient lists in addition to the report, type Y (Yes) and press Enter to display the Patient Ed List Selection screen (Figure 5-147). Only patient lists available for the topics selected for your report are listed.
  Continue with Step 12 to select the lists.

- To run the report without including patient lists, press Enter to accept the default, “No.”
  Go to Step 14 to select an output option.

Note: You must have security access to run any Patient List. This prompt will not be displayed if you do not have security access.
12. To select patient lists, follow these steps:

a. At the “Select Action” prompt, type S and press Enter.

b. At the “Which item(s)” prompt type the number(s) preceding the list(s) you want to include.

   To select multiple lists, type a range (e.g., 1–6), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 3, 8), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–3, 5, 7).

   After pressing Enter, each list you selected is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number (Figure 5-147).

c. To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) and press Enter.

13. At the “Choose report type for the Lists” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the report type you want and press Enter, where:

   • R (Random Patient List) produces a list containing 10% of the entire patient list.
   • P (Patient List by Provider) produces a list of patients with a user-specified designated care provider.
   • A (All Patients) produces a list of all patients.

If you select P (Patient List by Provider), type the name of a provider at the “Enter Designated Provider Name” prompt and press Enter.

Note: Printed patient lists are likely to require a great deal of paper, even when you are producing a Random list. Ensure that your selected printer has enough paper, particularly if you are running the report overnight.

Print patient lists only when you need them, or print to an electronic file.

A summary of the report is displayed, as in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUMMARY OF FY 11 PATIENT EDUCATION REPORT TO BE GENERATED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The date ranges for this report are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
14. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

### 5.19 Lab Taxonomy Report (TXL)

CI11 > RPT > TAX > TXL

#### 5.19.1 Overview

Unlike all of the reports described previously, the Lab Taxonomy Reports contain information on site-populated lab taxonomies and do not report on any patients. Each report lists the lab taxonomies included in the National GPRA Report, Other National Measures Report, Selected Measures reports, and Elder Care Report, respectively. Within each taxonomy, all the laboratory tests assigned to the taxonomy by the facility are listed. Only a printed version of this report is available.

#### 5.19.2 Running the Lab Taxonomy Reports

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type **CI11** and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type **RPT** and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type **TAX** and press Enter to display the Taxonomy Reports Menu.
4. At the “Select Taxonomy Reports Option” prompt, type **TXL** and press Enter to display the Lab Taxonomy Reports Menu.

5. At the “Select Lab Taxonomy Report Option” prompt, type the mnemonic corresponding to the report you want to print and press Enter to display information about the selected report.

6. A message stating that you may only run a printed version of the report is displayed. Press Enter to continue, or type **N** and press Enter to exit the report.
7. At the “Device” prompt, type a printer name or a file name.
   - To print to the screen, press Enter to accept the default prompt “Home” (which may vary at different sites).

   To print a report to your screen without receiving multiple “Enter Return to continue” prompts, type `0;P-OTHER80` at the “Home” prompt.

   Depending on the software you are using to access RPMS, turn on your logging or screen capture program *before* printing to the screen.

   - To print to a file, or if you do not know your printer name, check with your site manager. At most sites, to print to a file type `Host` or `HFS`, then type the file location and name at the “HOST FILE NAME” prompt.

5.19.3 Report Content

**Table 5-16: Content of Laboratory Taxonomy Report**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report(s) Taxonomies Included In</th>
<th>Site-Populated Laboratory Taxonomy Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| NATIONAL GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART PERFORMANCE REPORTS | BGP GPRA ESTIMATED GFR TAX  
<p>|                                  | BGP GPRA FOB TESTS                                                          |
|                                  | BGP HIV TEST TAX                                                             |
|                                  | BGP PAP SMEAR TAX                                                            |
|                                  | BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN                                                      |
|                                  | DM AUDIT HGB A1C TAX                                                         |
|                                  | DM AUDIT LDL CHOLESTEROL TAX                                                 |
| OTHER NATIONAL MEASURES REPORT   | BGP CHLAMYDIA TESTS TAX                                                      |
|                                  | BGP CREATINE KINASE TAX                                                      |
|                                  | BGP GPRA ESTIMATED GFR TAX                                                   |
|                                  | BGP HIV TEST TAX                                                             |
|                                  | BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN                                                      |
|                                  | BKM FTA-ABS TESTS TAX                                                        |
|                                  | BKM GONORRHEA TEST TAX                                                       |
|                                  | BKM RPR TESTS TAX                                                            |
|                                  | DM AUDIT ALT TAX                                                             |
|                                  | DM AUDIT AST TAX                                                             |
|                                  | DM AUDIT CHOLESTEROL                                                         |
|                                  | DM AUDIT FASTING GLUCOSE TESTS                                                |
|                                  | DM AUDIT HDL TAX                                                             |
|                                  | DM AUDIT HGB A1C TAX                                                         |
|                                  | DM AUDIT LDL CHOLESTEROL TAX                                                 |
|                                  | DM AUDIT TRIGLYCERIDE TAX                                                    |
| EO QUALITY TRANSPARENCY          | BGP CMS ABG TESTS                                                            |
|                                  | DM AUDIT HGB A1C TAX                                                         |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report(s) Taxonomies Included In</th>
<th>Site-Populated Laboratory Taxonomy Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MEASURES REPORT</td>
<td>DM AUDIT LDL CHOLESTEROL TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SELECTED MEASURES (LOCAL) REPORTS</td>
<td>BGP CBC TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CD4 TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CHLAMYDIA TESTS TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CMS ABG TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CREATINE KINASE TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP GPRA ESTIMATED GFR TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP GPRA FOB TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP GROUP A STREP TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HIV TEST TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HIV VIRAL LOAD TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP LIVER FUNCTION TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP PAP SMEAR TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP POTASSIUM TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BKM FTA-ABS TESTS TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BKM GONORRHEA TEST TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BKM RPR TESTS TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELDERR CARE REPORT</td>
<td>DM AUDIT ALT TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT AST TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT CHOLESTEROL TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT CREATININE TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT FASTING GLUCOSE TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT GLUCOSE TESTS TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT HDL TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT HGB A1C TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT LDL CHOLESTEROL TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT TRIGLYCERIDE TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT URINE PROTEIN TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SELECTED MEASURES (LOCAL) REPORTS, continued</td>
<td>BGP CBC TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP GPRA ESTIMATED GFR TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP GPRA FOB TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP LIVER FUNCTION TESTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP QUANT URINE PROTEIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT ALT TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT AST TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT CHOLESTEROL TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT CREATININE TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT HGB A1C TAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT LDL CHOLESTEROL TAX</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.20 Medication Taxonomy Report (TXM)

5.20.1 Overview

As with the Lab Taxonomy Report, these reports contain information on site-populated medication taxonomies and do not report on any patients. They list all of the medication taxonomies included in the National GPRA Report, Other National Measures Report, Selected Measures reports, and Elder Care Report, respectively. Within each taxonomy, all medications assigned to the taxonomy by the facility are listed. Only a printed version of this report is available.

5.20.2 Running the Medication Taxonomy Report

1. At the “Select IHS Clinical Reporting System (CRS) Main Menu Option” prompt, type CI11 and press Enter to display the CRS 2011 Main Menu.
2. At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type RPT and press Enter to display the CRS Reports Menu.
3. At the “Select Reports Option” prompt, type TAX and press Enter to display the Taxonomy Reports Menu.

4. At the “Select Taxonomy Reports Option” prompt, type TXM and press Enter to display the Medication Taxonomy Reports Menu.
5. At the “Select Medication Taxonomy Report Option” prompt, type the mnemonic corresponding to the report you want to print and press Enter to display information about the selected report.

6. A message stating that you may only run a printed version of the report is displayed. Press Enter to continue, or type N and press Enter to exit the report.

7. At the “Device” prompt, type a printer or file name.
   - To print to the screen, press Enter to accept the default prompt “Home” (which may vary at different sites).
     To print a report to your screen without receiving multiple “Enter Return to continue” prompts, type 0;P-OTHER80 at the “Home” prompt.
     Depending on the software you are using to access RPMS, turn on your logging or screen capture program before printing to screen.
   - To print to a file, or if you do not know your printer name, check with your Site Manager. At most sites, to print to a file type Host or HFS, then type the file location and name at the “HOST FILE NAME” prompt.
### 5.20.3 Report Content

#### Table 5-17: Content of the Medication Taxonomy Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report(s) Taxonomies Included In</th>
<th>Site-Populated Medication Taxonomy Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NATIONAL GPRA &amp; PART /GPRA PERFORMANCE REPORTS</td>
<td>BGP CMS SMOKING CESSATION MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANALGESIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIANXIETY MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIEMETIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIHISTAMINE MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIPSYCHOTIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS BARBITURATE MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS BELLADONNA ALKA MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS BENZODIAZEPINE MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS CALCIUM CHANNEL MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS GASTRO ANTISPASM MED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS NARCOTIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ORAL ESTROGEN MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ORAL HYPOGLYCEMIC RX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS OTHER MEDS AVOID ELD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS SKL MUSCLE RELAX MED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER NATIONAL MEASURES REPORT</td>
<td>BGP ANTI-PLATELET DRUGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CMS SMOKING CESSATION MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CMS WARFARIN MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ACEI MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ARB MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS BETA BLOCKER MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS STATIN MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT ASPIRIN DRUGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EO QUALITY TRANSPARENCY MEASURES REPORT</td>
<td>BGP ANTI-PLATELET DRUGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CMS WARFARIN MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA LEUK MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA INHALED MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS BETA BLOCKER MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS PRIMARY ASTHMA MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT ASPIRIN DRUGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SELECTED MEASURES (LOCAL) REPORTS</td>
<td>BGP ANTI-PLATELET DRUGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP ASTHMA INHALED STEROIDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CMS SMOKING CESSATION MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP CMS WARFARIN MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ACEI MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS AMPHETAMINE MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANALGESIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

User Manual
January 2011

Reports and Patient Lists

236
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report(s) Taxonomies Included In</th>
<th>Site-Populated Medication Taxonomy Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIANXIETY MEDS</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIBIOTICS MEDS</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIDEPRESSANT MEDS</td>
</tr>
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<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIEMETIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIHISTAMINE MEDS</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIPSYCHOTIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ARB MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA INHALED MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS ASTHMA LEUK MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS BARBITURATE MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS BELLADONNA ALKA MEDS</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS BENZODIAZEPINE MEDS</td>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS BETA BLOCKER MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS CALCIUM CHANNEL MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS GASTRO ANTISPASM MED</td>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ORAL ESTROGEN MEDS</td>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ORAL HYPOGLYCEMIC RX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS OSTEOPOROSIS DRUGS</td>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS OTHER MEDS AVOID ELD</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS PRIMARY ASTHMA MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS SKL MUSCLE RELAX MED</td>
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<td>BGP HEDIS VASODILATOR MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP RA AZATHIOPRINE MEDS</td>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP RA CYCLOSPORINE MEDS</td>
</tr>
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<td>BGP RA GLUCOCORTICOIDS MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP RA IM GOLD MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP RA LEFLUNOMIDE MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP RA METHOTREXATE MEDS</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP RA MYCOPHENOLATE MEDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP RA OA NSAID MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP RA ORAL GOLD MEDS</td>
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<td>BGP RA PENICILLAMINE MEDS</td>
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<td></td>
<td>BGP RA SULFASALAZINE MEDS</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>DM AUDIT ASPIRIN DRUGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELDER CARE REPORT</td>
<td>BGP HEDIS AMPHETAMINE MEDS</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BGP HEDIS ANTIPSYCHOTIC MEDS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5.21 Report Formats

#### 5.21.1 Report Cover Page Format

The cover page for each report uses the following basic format (see corresponding number callouts in Figure 5-155):

1. **Report Type**: The top line of the cover page describes the report type; for example, “IHS 2011 Selected Measures with Community Specified Report.”

2. **Report Time Periods**: Describes the dates included in the current report time period, as well as the previous and baseline periods. All report periods encompass one year.

3. **Measures**: Describes the measures included in the report.

4. **Population**: Describes the patient-type population specified by the user for this Report: AI/AN, non-AI/AN, or both.

5. **Run Time**: Displays how long this report took to run, in hours, minutes, and seconds. Run time depends on many factors, including RPMS server type and size, number of patients in your RPMS database, and the number of performance measures you are running.

6. **Denominator Definitions**: Describes the definition of the key denominators for the specific report. Definitions are provided on each cover page, so that any user who runs the report will understand the logic.

**Note**: The definition of the Active Clinical denominator varies for each of the reports.
7. **Output File Information**: If you have designated that a delimited file or an Area Office export file be created, the file name appears here.

8. **Community Taxonomy Name**: Displays the name of the specific Community Taxonomy you specify, and provides the list of all communities and facilities included in the Community taxonomy selected for this report (for discussion about how Community taxonomies are used, see Section 4.1).

This report includes clinical performance measures reported for the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA); measures reported for the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Program Assessment Rating Tool (PART); measures that have the potential to become GPRA measures in the future (i.e. GPRA Developmental measures), and non-GPRA measures.

In the denominator and numerator sections of the report for each topic:

- GPRA Developmental measures are a combination of a denominator prefixed with "GPRA Denominator" or "GPRA Developmental Denominator" and a numerator prefixed with "GPRA Developmental Numerator."
- GPRA measures are a combination of a denominator prefixed with "GPRA Denominator" and a numerator prefixed with "GPRA Numerator."
- PART measures are a combination of a denominator prefixed with "PART Denominator" and a numerator prefixed with "PART Numerator."

An example of a GPRA Developmental measure is shown below.

**GPRA Denominator**: Active Clinical patients ages 18 and older.
**GPRA Developmental Denominator**: Active Clinical patients ages 12-18.
**GPRA Developmental Numerator**: Patients screened for depression or diagnosed with a mood disorder or suicide ideation at any time during the report period. **NOTE**: This numerator does NOT include refusals.

In the tabular sections of the report for each topic:

- GPRA Developmental measures are a combination of a denominator with a suffix of "(GPRA)" or "(GPRA Dev)" and a numerator with a suffix of "(GPRA Dev.)."
- GPRA measures are a combination of a denominator and numerator both with a suffix of "(GPRA)".
- PART measures are a combination of a denominator and numerator both with a suffix of "(PART)".

An example of a GPRA Developmental measure in the tabular section is shown below.
### Denominator Definitions used in this Report:

6

### ACTIVE CLINICAL POPULATION:

1. Must reside in a community specified in the community taxonomy used for this report.
2. Must be alive on the last day of the Report period.
3. User defines population: a) Indian/Alaska Natives Only - based on Classification of 01; b) Non AI/AN (not 01); or c) Both.
4. Must have 2 visits to medical clinics in the 3 years prior to the end of the Report period. At least one visit must include: 01 General, 06 Diabetic, 10 GYN, 12 Immunization, 13 Internal Med, 20 Pediatrics, 24 Well Child, 28 Family Practice, 57 EPSDT, 70 Women's Health, 80 Urgent, 89 Evening. See User Manual for complete description of medical clinics.
Date Report Run: May 28, 2011
Site where Run: DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL
Report Generated by: Last, First
Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

USER POPULATION:
1. Definitions 1-3 above.
2. Must have been seen at least once in the 3 years prior to the end of the Report period, regardless of the clinic type.

A delimited output file called [File Name] has been placed in the public directory for your use in Excel or some other software package. See your site manager to access this file.

Community Taxonomy Name: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES
The following communities are included in this report:
BRAGGS BROKEN ARROW CHECOTAH
KANSAS MARBLE CITY SAND SPRINGS

Figure 5-155: Sample of Report Cover Pages 1–3

5.21.2 Report Format

The CRS reports display the following information for each of the three time periods:

- Count of the number of patients in the denominator
- Count of the number of patients within that denominator who meet the numerator definition
- Percentage of the total patients in the denominator who meet the numerator; that is, \( \frac{\text{Numerator Count}}{\text{Denominator Count}} \times 100 \)
- Change from the current report period from either of the past time periods, calculated as an absolute value

Figure 5-156 is an example of a report page from a Selected Measures Report that shows the key elements below:

1. **Report Date**: Displays the date that the report was run.
2. **Report Type**: The top line of the cover page describes the report type.
3. **Report Time Periods**: Describes the current report time period, as well as the previous and baseline periods.
4. **Performance Measure Topic Title**: Displays the name of the performance measure topic.
5. **Denominator Definition(s)**: Detailed definitions for each denominator for the performance measure topic. The National GPRA report generally has only one denominator. The Selected Measures report may display two or three denominators.
6. **Numerator Definition(s):** Detailed definition of each numerator for the measure topic.

7. **Performance Measure Logic:** Displays detailed definition of how the logic is defined, including RPMS fields and codes that meet the denominator or numerator definitions.

8. **Performance Measure Description:** The general definition for the performance measure topic. GPRA measure definitions are excerpted directly from the FY10 GPRA measure definitions.

9. **Performance Measure Target:** Details IHS past performance, if any (for GPRA measures), generally displayed as percent (%). Also displays any performance targets established by IHS for FY 2011 or the HP 2010 target (see Section 3.1.3, “Comparing Ourselves to National Guidelines”).

10. **Current Report Period Change from Past Years:** Calculates the change in the percent (%) from either the previous year or the baseline year to the current report period. CRS 2011 uses the absolute difference between the first percentage and the second percentage; for example, [Report Period %] minus [Base Period %] = Change

    The direction of the change is indicated by a “+” (plus) or “-” (minus). The “+” indicates that the Current Report percent is larger than the past period.
Diabetes Prevalence

**Denominator(s):**
- All User Population users. Breakdown by gender and by age groups: <15, 15-19, 20-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, >64.

**Numerator(s):**
- Anyone diagnosed with Diabetes at any time before the end of the Report Period.
- Anyone diagnosed with Diabetes during the Report Period.

**Logic:**
Age is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period. Diabetes diagnosis is defined as at least one diagnosis 250.00-250.93 recorded in the V POV file.

**Performance Measure Description:**
Continue tracking (i.e., data collection and analyses) Area age-specific diabetes prevalence rates to identify trends in the age-specific prevalence of diabetes (as a surrogate marker for diabetes incidence) for the AI/AN population.

**Past Performance and/or Target:**

**Source:**
HP 2010 5-2, 5-3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REPORT PERIOD</th>
<th>% PREV YR</th>
<th>% CHG from BASE</th>
<th>% CHG from BASE %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td># User Pop</td>
<td>2,853</td>
<td>2,395</td>
<td>2,345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ any DM DX</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ DM DX</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/in past year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5-156: Sample of report format

### 5.21.3 Clinical Performance Summaries

Clinical Performance Summaries for (1) selected non-GPRA measures, (2) official GPRA measures, and (3) PART measures are included at the end of the National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance Reports. The Clinical Performance Summary for GPRA developmental measures is included at the end of the section for GPRA developmental measures.
A Clinical Performance Summary for selected measures is included at the end of the Other National Measures (ONM) Report and the EO Quality Transparency Measures Report.

The summaries display the site’s current, previous, and baseline performance results together with the national performance for the previous year and the 2011 target, either HP 2010 or IHS 2010. Sites can quickly see which measures they most need to improve. Also included in the GPRA & PART summary is a “GPRA Target” column so users know what performance IHS has to achieve nationally in order to meet the GPRA measures.

### 5.21.3.1 National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance Reports Clinical Performance Summaries

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DENTAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intact Sealants</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Fluoride</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMMUNIZATIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumovax 65+</td>
<td>44.5%</td>
<td>68.8%</td>
<td>56.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active IMM 3 Doses</td>
<td>39.5%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumococcal 19-35mos</td>
<td>39.5%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANCER</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pap Smear 25-64</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
<td>45.7%</td>
<td>44.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mammogram 42+</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
<td>33.5%</td>
<td>33.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colo Cancer 50-75 (#1 HEDIS)</td>
<td>19.7%</td>
<td>21.7%</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male 50-75</td>
<td>17.7%</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female 50-75</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>22.4%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colo Cancer 50-75 (#2 USPSTF)</td>
<td>19.5%</td>
<td>21.8%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male 50-75</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>12.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female 50-75</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td>22.8%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comp Cancer Screen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age Group</td>
<td>Current</td>
<td>Previous</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21-80yrs</td>
<td>31.9%</td>
<td>39.0%</td>
<td>33.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female 21-80yrs</td>
<td>35.6%</td>
<td>42.9%</td>
<td>38.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male 51-80yrs</td>
<td>17.7%</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 5-157: Sample GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Summary from National GPRA & PART Report, Page 1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cessation</td>
<td>30.6%</td>
<td>32.5%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Users Quit</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cess and Quit</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cess or Quit</td>
<td>33.1%</td>
<td>32.5%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BEHAVIORAL HEALTH**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Screening</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/ Alcohol-Related Ed</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/ Positive Alcohol Screen</td>
<td>54.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Clinical 12-75yrs</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/ Alcohol-Related Ed</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/ Positive Alcohol Screen</td>
<td>46.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPV/DV Screen 15-40yrs</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/IPV/DV Related Ed</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Scrn 18yrs and older</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-18yrs</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Comp CDV Assess 22+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHD: BP Assessed</td>
<td>89.1%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Diabetic</td>
<td>77.8%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Diabetic</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHD: LDL Assessed</td>
<td>69.1%</td>
<td>63.2%</td>
<td>45.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Diabetic</td>
<td>51.9%</td>
<td>70.6%</td>
<td>61.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Diabetic</td>
<td>85.7%</td>
<td>57.1%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHD: Tobacco Assessed</td>
<td>78.2%</td>
<td>84.2%</td>
<td>74.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Diabetic</td>
<td>70.4%</td>
<td>76.5%</td>
<td>76.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Diabetic</td>
<td>85.7%</td>
<td>90.5%</td>
<td>72.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHD: BMI Assessed</td>
<td>85.5%</td>
<td>97.4%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Diabetic</td>
<td>77.8%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Diabetic</td>
<td>92.9%</td>
<td>95.2%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHD: Lifestyle Counsel</td>
<td>50.9%</td>
<td>55.3%</td>
<td>64.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Diabetic</td>
<td>48.1%</td>
<td>41.2%</td>
<td>38.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Diabetic</td>
<td>53.6%</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
<td>83.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHD: BP, LDL, Tob, BMI, LStyle</td>
<td>29.1%</td>
<td>39.5%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Diabetic</td>
<td>25.9%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
<td>15.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Diabetic</td>
<td>32.1%</td>
<td>42.9%</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHD: Depression Screen</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Clinical Reporting System (BGP)  Version 11.0

Not Diabetic 25.9%  11.8%  7.7%
Active Diabetic 21.4%  9.5%  22.2%

Figure 5-158: Sample GPRA Developmental Measures Performance Summary from National GPRA & PART Report, Page 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER CLINICAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIV Scrn No Prev</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diag 13-64yrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ Positive Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ Negative Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ No Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ HIV Screen Refusal*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Screens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Scrn (Preg #1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Scrn (Preg #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of High-Risk Meds 65+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One High-Risk Med</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male One High-Risk Med</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female On High-Risk Med</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More High-Risk Med</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male Two High-Risk Med</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female Two High-Risk Med</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit Statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/no visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in Rpt Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/Urgent Care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>core clinic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Not GPRA Developmental measure but included to show percentage of refusals with respect to GPRA Developmental measure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5-159: Sample GPRA Developmental Measures Performance Summary from National GPRA & PART Report, Page 3
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DIABETES</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes DX Ever*</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documented A1c*</td>
<td>75.4%</td>
<td>73.7%</td>
<td>59.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BP Assessed</td>
<td>91.8%</td>
<td>82.1%</td>
<td>85.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMMUNIZATIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Clinical</td>
<td>4:3:1:3:3:1:4</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANCER</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Assessment 5+</td>
<td>45.8%</td>
<td>42.0%</td>
<td>36.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Use Prevalence</td>
<td>45.3%</td>
<td>38.3%</td>
<td>39.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cessation Counsel or Quit</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>26.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMI Measured 2-74</td>
<td>63.8%</td>
<td>77.4%</td>
<td>72.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessed as Obese</td>
<td>41.9%</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children 2-5 w/BMI =&gt;95%</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>23.1%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: Comp CVD Assessment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: BP Assessed</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: LDL Assessed</td>
<td>84.5%</td>
<td>86.4%</td>
<td>83.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: Tobacco Assessed</td>
<td>93.1%</td>
<td>97.7%</td>
<td>97.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: Lifestyle Counsel</td>
<td>56.9%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>61.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: Depression Screen</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Non-GPRA measure included in the IHS GPRA report submitted to OMB to provide context to other GPRA measures.

Figure 5-160: Sample Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Summary from National GPRA & PART Report
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Current Year</th>
<th>Previous Year</th>
<th>Baseline Year</th>
<th>2010 Target</th>
<th>National 2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Influenza 65+</td>
<td>29.7%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>23.1%</td>
<td>63.5%</td>
<td>62%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumovax Ever 65+</td>
<td>44.1%</td>
<td>68.8%</td>
<td>56.9%</td>
<td>86.1%</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active IMM 4313314</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>81.0%</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANCER</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pap Smear Rates 21-64</td>
<td>40.7%</td>
<td>49.3%</td>
<td>45.9%</td>
<td>60.5%</td>
<td>59%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mammogram Rates 52-64</td>
<td>27.7%</td>
<td>37.9%</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
<td>50.9%</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal Cancer 51-80</td>
<td>21.1%</td>
<td>26.3%</td>
<td>18.4%</td>
<td>39.8%</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cessation Counsel</td>
<td>17.9%</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>25.7%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEHAVIORAL HEALTH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAS Prevention 15-44</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>56.1%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPV/DV Screen 15-40</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>57.3%</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screen 18+</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>56.3%</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: Comp CVD Assessment</td>
<td>46.6%</td>
<td>43.2%</td>
<td>38.9%</td>
<td>35.8%</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER CLINICAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Testing</td>
<td>40.5%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>79.9%</td>
<td>78%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Measure definition changed in 2007.
+ Site Previous and Site Baseline values are not applicable for this measure.

Figure 5-161: Sample Official GPRA & PART Measures Performance Summary page from National GPRA & PART Report, Page 1
5.21.3.2 Other National Measures Report Clinical Performance Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Nat'l 2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>DIABETES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Care</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DENTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Fluoride-# Apps</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>173,839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IMMUNIZATIONS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Influenza</td>
<td>40.5%</td>
<td>46.3%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>63%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>46.3%</td>
<td>53.7%</td>
<td>58.6%</td>
<td>82%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent (13-17 Years)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1:3:2:1</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1 Tdap</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>51%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1 Meningococcal</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>59%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC Female: 3 HPV</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BEHAVIORAL HEALTH</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC ER Injury w/Alch1 Scrn</td>
<td>53.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC ER Injury w/BNI</td>
<td>35.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV Screen 15-40</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Exam</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Related DX</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Education</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Refusal</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Depression Screen</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
<td>68%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antidepressant Med Mgmt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/OPC</td>
<td>31.3%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/APT</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/CONPT</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/Phys Activity Screen</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/Exercise</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cholesterol Screen 23+</td>
<td>26.6%</td>
<td>34.0%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BP Assessed 20+</td>
<td>61.1%</td>
<td>77.3%</td>
<td>74.7%</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal BP</td>
<td>20.8%</td>
<td>24.3%</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN I BP</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>20.1%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN II BP</td>
<td>24.1%</td>
<td>21.2%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 1 HTN BP</td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 2 HTN BP</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 5-163: Sample Performance Summary page from ONM Report, Page 1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Nat'l 09</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BP Assessed in IHD Pts</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal BP</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>13.6%</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN I BP</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN II BP</td>
<td>35.1%</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>30.6%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 1 HTN BP</td>
<td>26.3%</td>
<td>29.5%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 2 HTN BP</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Med Therapy Post AMI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beta-Blocker Treatment</td>
<td>35.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASA Treatment</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACEI/ARB Treatment</td>
<td>22.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statin Treatment</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With all Above Meds</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persistence of Med Therapy Post AMI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beta-Blocker Treatment</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
<td>73%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASA Treatment</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACEI/ARB Treatment</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statin Treatment</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With all Above Meds</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Med Therapy in High Risk Patients</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beta-Blocker Treatment</td>
<td>68.4%</td>
<td>61.4%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASA Treatment</td>
<td>50.9%</td>
<td>52.3%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACEI/ARB Treatment</td>
<td>64.9%</td>
<td>47.7%</td>
<td>55.6%</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statin Treatment</td>
<td>64.9%</td>
<td>47.7%</td>
<td>55.6%</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With all Above Meds</td>
<td>35.1%</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL Assessed in Cardiovascular Conditions 18-75</td>
<td>93.5%</td>
<td>76.9%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>73%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL &lt;=100</td>
<td>37.9%</td>
<td>55.0%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
<td>69%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL 101-130</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL &gt;130</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>44.4%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HF and LVS Function</td>
<td>30.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER CLINICAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/CD4 only</td>
<td>31.2%</td>
<td>29.8%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/viral load only</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>18.2%</td>
<td>15.1%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/CD4 &amp; viral load</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/any test</td>
<td>57.0%</td>
<td>53.5%</td>
<td>40.3%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC 16-25 w/Chlamydia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test</td>
<td>32.7%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
<td>33.6%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># STI Patients</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7,427</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># STI Incidents</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>9,323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STI Pts w/STI Screens</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>17.8%</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PredM/Met Synd All Screen</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5.21.3.3 EO Quality Transparency Measures Report Clinical Performance Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Nat'l</th>
<th>HEDIS or JCAHO**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>DIABETES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor A1c Control (&gt;9.0)</td>
<td>49.6%</td>
<td>35.8%</td>
<td>57.5%</td>
<td>44.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BP Control (&lt;140/90)</td>
<td>54.5%</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
<td>37.9%</td>
<td>65.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL Control (&lt;100)</td>
<td>28.9%</td>
<td>31.6%</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
<td>38.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **IMMUNIZATIONS** | | | |
| Influenza 50-64 w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 22.3% | 25.2% | 12.2% | 53.9% | 48.6% HCOM |
| A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 5.9% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A |
| Influenza 65+ w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 30.0% | 37.5% | 23.1% | 67.0% | 68.6% HMCR |
| A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 3.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A |
| Pneumovax 65+ w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 44.5% | 68.8% | 56.9% | 88.7% | N/A |
| A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 8.2% | 4.5% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A |

| **RESPIRATORY** | | |
| Asthma w/ Preferred Meds | 40.0% | 50.0% | 60.0% | 79.9% | 86.9% HMCD |
| CAP w/02 Assmt | 44.2% | 8.3% | 25.0% | 78.4% | 99.7% JCO |
| CAP w/Refusal O2 Assmt | 7.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A |
| CAP w/o O2 Assmt | 48.1% | 91.7% | 75.0% | N/A | N/A |

| **CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE** | | |
| Persistent BB after AMI | 7.3% | 50.0% | 50.0% | 61.8% | 62.0% HMCD |
| Male Persistence of BB | 15.8% | 100.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A |
| Female Persistent of BB | 0.0% | 0.0% | 50.0% | N/A | N/A |
| HTN w/TP Assessed | 95.9% | 92.0% | 93.4% | N/A | N/A |
| HTN w/SP <140/90 | 35.7% | 36.0% | 33.0% | 59.8% | 53.4% HMCD |
| Atr Fib w/ Anticoag | 29.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 75.0% | N/A |
| Atr Fib w/Refusal Anticoag | 5.9% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A |
| Atr Fib w/o Anticoag | | | | | |

---

**Figure 5-164: Sample Performance Summary page from ONM Report, Page 2**

**5.21.3.3 EO Quality Transparency Measures Report Clinical Performance Summary**

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**MP** | **May 28, 2011** | **Page 1**
---|---|---
*** IHS 2011 Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report ***
**CRS 2011, Version 11.0**
**DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL**
**Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011**
**Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010**
**Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000**

---

**EO QUALITY TRANSPARENCY MEASURES CLINICAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY**

---

**DIABETES**
- Poor A1c Control (>9.0) | 49.6% | 35.8% | 57.5% | 44.2% | 47.9% HMCD
- BP Control (<140/90) | 54.5% | 41.1% | 37.9% | 65.3% | 55.5% HMCD
- LDL Control (<100) | 28.9% | 31.6% | 9.2% | 38.6% | 31.3% HMCD

**IMMUNIZATIONS**
- Influenza 50-64 w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 22.3% | 25.2% | 12.2% | 53.9% | 48.6% HCOM
- A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 5.9% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A
- Influenza 65+ w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 30.0% | 37.5% | 23.1% | 67.0% | 68.6% HMCR
- A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 3.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A
- Pneumovax 65+ w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 44.5% | 68.8% | 56.9% | 88.7% | N/A
- A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal | 8.2% | 4.5% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A

**RESPIRATORY**
- Asthma w/ Preferred Meds | 40.0% | 50.0% | 60.0% | 79.9% | 86.9% HMCD
- CAP w/02 Assmt | 44.2% | 8.3% | 25.0% | 78.4% | 99.7% JCO
- CAP w/Refusal O2 Assmt | 7.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A
- CAP w/o O2 Assmt | 48.1% | 91.7% | 75.0% | N/A | N/A

**CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE**
- Persistent BB after AMI | 7.3% | 50.0% | 50.0% | 61.8% | 62.0% HMCD
- Male Persistence of BB | 15.8% | 100.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A
- Female Persistent of BB | 0.0% | 0.0% | 50.0% | N/A | N/A
- HTN w/TP Assessed | 95.9% | 92.0% | 93.4% | N/A | N/A
- HTN w/SP <140/90 | 35.7% | 36.0% | 33.0% | 59.8% | 53.4% HMCD
- Atr Fib w/ Anticoag | 29.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 75.0% | N/A
- Atr Fib w/Refusal Anticoag | 5.9% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A
- Atr Fib w/o Anticoag | | | | | |
Anticoag 64.7% 0.0% 0.0% N/A N/A
CVD w/LDL Assessment 93.5% 76.9% 50.0% N/A 76.3% HMCD
CVD w/LDL <100 35.5% 42.3% 16.7% 50.1% 38.3% HMCD

* Represents national rates as of November 12, 2009 or all federal, one Navajo tribal facility, six Oklahoma tribal facilities, and four Portland tribal facilities.

**The rates shown in the "HEDIS or JCAHO" column represent the most recent rate available, which may be different from the CRS report period. The abbreviations after the rate represent: HMCD-HEDIS Medicaid, HCOM-HEDIS Commercial, HMCR-HEDIS Medicare, and JCO-JCAHO.

Figure 5-165: Sample Performance Summary page from EO Quality Transparency Measures Report

### 5.21.4 Patient List Formats

You may run Patient Lists for the following reports:

- National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance reports (LST menu option)
- Selected Measures report (COM, PP, or ALL menu options)
- Other National Measures (OST menu option)
- Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report (EO menu option)
- Elder Care (ELD menu option)
- Patient Education (PED menu options PCM and P3)

You may also run the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List (CMP) and the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List (FOR).

The lists display patients who meet the numerator(s), denominator(s), or both, depending on the type of report run and the performance measure. Patient List options include a random list (10% of the total list), a list by primary care provider, and the entire patient list.

For the National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance and the Other National Measures reports, Patient Lists can be created for one or more performance measure topics at a time. The Patient Lists for these reports allow users to include only patients meeting the measure, only patients not meeting the measure, or both for most performance measures.

The GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List identifies all GPRA & PART measures a patient is due for during the current GPRA year as of the report run date and provides information for the provider on how the measures can be met. This list is linked to the Scheduling menu and may be run for the following options:
1. A selected patient with a scheduled appointment
2. All patients with scheduled appointments to a selected clinic(s) or all clinics at a facility
3. All patients with scheduled appointments to an entire facility or division
4. A selected patient or patients even if they do not a scheduled appointment

The Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List shows all patients included in the National GPRA & PART Report who did not meet at least one GPRA & PART measure, and identifies which GPRA & PART measure(s) the patients did not meet. The list also identifies the name of the provider that the patient last had a visit with and the date of the visit.

For the Selected Measures (COM, PP, ALL), Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, and Patient Education reports, you select the performance measure topic(s) for which you want to run Patient Lists but you do not have the option of choosing to include only patients meeting or not meeting the performance measure.

For instructions on producing each of these patient lists, see the following sections.

- For the National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance Patient List, see Section 5.3.2.
- For the GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List, see Section 5.8.2.
- For the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List, see Section 5.10.2.
- For Selected Measures Reports (COM, PP, ALL) Patient Lists, see Section 5.11.2.
- For the Other National Measures Report Patient List, see Section 5.14.2.
- For the Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report, see Section 5.15.2
- For the Elder Care Report, Section 5.16.2.
- For the Patient Education Reports, see Sections 5.17.2 and 5.18.2 (PCM and P3, respectively).

Patient Lists are organized by

- Community
- Gender
- Age
- Last name
Key elements of the Patient List format, shown in Figure 5-166 and Figure 5-167, are the following:

1. **Report Type**: Indicates “Patient List” as the report type.

2. **Patient List Type**: Displays whether the Patient List is a “Random Patient List,” “Patient List by Provider,” or “All Patients,” depending on which option you selected.

3. **List Description**: Describes which patients will be included on the list.

4. **List columns**: All Patient Lists contain the following columns of information:
   - **Patient Name** displayed as Last, First
   - **Health Record Number** (HRN) of the patient
   - **Community** name
   - **Sex** (M or F) of the patient;
   - **Age** of the patient (*as of the first day of the report period*)

Patient Lists are organized by (1) Community, (2) gender, (3) age, and (4) last name.

5. **Denominator column**: For most patient lists, displays the denominator of which the patient is a member (e.g., “AC” for Active Clinical). For measures that provide only a count for the numerator and use no denominator, such as the Dental Sealants measure, the denominator values will be blank.

6. **Numerator Value column**: Displays different information about the numerator, such as the date a test was given and the test code, whether a Health Factor or patient education code was recorded. In the example on the next page (Figure 5-169), the value column identifies the date a Pap smear was documented and the test code. If no date and code information is displayed, this patient is counted in the denominator only.

**Note**: This column is not included in the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List report. Instead, it has the Measure Not Met (#7) and Lst Prvdr (#8) columns. In addition, the performance measures are not listed separately; each patient is listed only once with all the measures s/he did not meet and indicated in the Measure Not Met column.
7. **Measure Not Met** column: displayed only for the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List. Displays all of the applicable National GPRA & PART Report measures a patient did not meet. If there are more measures than can be listed within this column, the measures will be wrapped to the next line, starting in the Patient Name column.

8. **Lst Prvdr** column: displayed only for the Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List. Displays the name, abbreviated discipline of the provider the patient saw at his/her last visit, and the date of the patient’s last visit.

9. **Last Medical Visit** column: Displays the date of the patient’s last medical visit. Medical visit is defined as one of the core or secondary clinics listed in the Active Clinical denominator.

10. **Last Visit** column: Displays the date of the patient’s last visit, defined as a visit with a Service Code of A, H, O, R, or S.

**Note:** These last two columns are only included in the National GPRA & PART Patient List report.
Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates

Denominator(s):
GPRA Denominator: Female Active Clinical patients ages 21 through 64 without documented history of Hysterectomy.
Female User Population patients ages 21 through 64 without a documented history of Hysterectomy.

Numerator(s):
GPRA Numerator: Patients with a Pap Smear documented in the past 3 years.
Note: This numerator does not include refusals.
Patients with documented Pap smear refusal in the past year.

Logic:
Age of the patient is calculated at the beginning of the Report Period. Patients must be at least 21 years of age at the beginning of the Report Period and less than 65 years of age as of the end of the Report Period. Hysterectomy defined as any of the following ever: 1) V Procedure: 68.4-68.8; 2) CPT 51925, 56308 (old code), 58150, 58152, 58200-58294, 58548, 58550-58554, 58570-58573, 58951, 58953-58954, 58956, 59135; or 3) V POV 618.5, V88.01, V88.03; or 4) Women's Health procedure called Hysterectomy.

Pap Smear definitions: 1) V Lab: Pap Smear; 2) POV: V67.01 Follow-up Vaginal Pap Smear, V76.2 Screen Mal Neop-Cervix, V72.31 Routine Gynecological Examination, V72.32 Encounter for Pap Cervical Smear to Confirm Findings of Recent Normal Smear Following Initial Abnormal Smear, V72.3 Gynecological Examination, Pap Cervical Smear as Part of General Gynecological Exam, Pelvic Exam (annual) (periodic) (old code, to be counted for visits prior to 10/1/04 only), V76.47 Vaginal Pap Smear for Post-Hysterectomy Patients, 795.0*, 795.10-16, 795.19; 3) V Procedure: 91.46; 4) V CPT: 88141-88167, 88174-88175, G0123, G0124, G0141, G0143-G0145, G0147, G0148, P3000, P3001, Q0091; 5) Women's Health: procedure called Pap Smear and where the result does not have "ERROR/DISREGARD"; 6) LOINC taxonomy; 7) site-populated taxonomy BGP PAP SMEAR TAX.

Refusal: Refusal in past year of Lab Test Pap Smear.

Performance Measure Description:
During FY 2011, achieve the tentative target rate of 60.5% for the proportion of female patients ages 21 through 64 without a documented history of hysterectomy who have had a Pap screen within the previous three years.

Past Performance and/or Target:
### Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates

List of women 21-64 with documented Pap smear or refusal, if any.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PATIENT NAME</th>
<th>HRN</th>
<th>COMMUNITY</th>
<th>SEX</th>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>DENOMINATOR</th>
<th>NUMERATOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSAA</td>
<td>106885</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>05/05/10 795.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSBB</td>
<td>116282</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSBL</td>
<td>900265</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSMA</td>
<td>900384</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSCC</td>
<td>109555</td>
<td>BROKEN ARROW</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>10/31/09 Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSDD</td>
<td>107131</td>
<td>BROKEN ARROW</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>07/25/10 Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSEE</td>
<td>122087</td>
<td>CHECOTAH</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>09/10/10 Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSFF</td>
<td>128663</td>
<td>CHECOTAH</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSGG</td>
<td>171055</td>
<td>CHECOTAH</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>06/26/11 Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSHH</td>
<td>172754</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>10/31/09 Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSII</td>
<td>900409</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSPJ</td>
<td>900419</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSQP</td>
<td>900446</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSJJ</td>
<td>100809</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSKK</td>
<td>171053</td>
<td>MARBLE CITY</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>09/06/10 Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSJL</td>
<td>900275</td>
<td>MARBLE CITY</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSJM</td>
<td>900427</td>
<td>SAND SPRINGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSSP</td>
<td>110076</td>
<td>SAND SPRINGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>01/24/11 Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSSM</td>
<td>116602</td>
<td>SAND SPRINGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>UP,AC</td>
<td>07/22/10 Lab</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total # of Patients on list: 19
### Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates

List of women 21-64 with documented Pap Smear, if any.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PATIENT NAME</th>
<th>HRN</th>
<th>COMMUNITY</th>
<th>SEX</th>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>LAST MEDICAL</th>
<th>LAST VISIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSA</td>
<td>106885</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>03/06/10</td>
<td>03/06/10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSB</td>
<td>116282</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>01/10/11</td>
<td>01/15/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSOA</td>
<td>900384</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>09/10/10</td>
<td>11/15/10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSCC</td>
<td>109555</td>
<td>BROKEN ARROW</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>10/31/09</td>
<td>10/31/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSDD</td>
<td>107131</td>
<td>BROKEN ARROW</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>12/12/10</td>
<td>12/12/10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSFF</td>
<td>128663</td>
<td>CHECOTAH</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>05/05/09</td>
<td>05/05/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSGG</td>
<td>171055</td>
<td>CHECOTAH</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>01/26/11</td>
<td>01/26/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSHH</td>
<td>172754</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>08/22/10</td>
<td>11/18/10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT,CRSOZ</td>
<td>900409</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>05/04/09</td>
<td>06/10/10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total # of Patients on list: 19
### Figure 5-169: Sample Comprehensive National GPRA & PART Patient List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patient Name</th>
<th>HRN</th>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Not Met/LST</th>
<th>PRVDR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, CRSA</td>
<td>202575</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td>Dental</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit/DEMO, DOCTOR, MD, 12/12/03</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, CRSAB</td>
<td>205080</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td>Dental</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit/LITTLE, DOCTOR, MD, 12/31/03</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, CRSAC</td>
<td>207050</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td>Dental Visit/</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LITTLE, DOCTOR, MD, 03/03/03</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, CRSAD</td>
<td>209048</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>UP</td>
<td>Dental Visit/</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHO, DOCTOR, DO, 08/21/03</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, CRSAE</td>
<td>209956</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>UP,AC,IMM</td>
<td>Dental Visit, Imm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEMO, DOCTOR, MD, 10/10/03</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, CRSAF</td>
<td>199359</td>
<td>BRAGGS</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>UP,AC,IMM</td>
<td>Dental Visit, Imm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit/WHO, DOCTOR, DO, 11/30/03</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List

GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List

GPRA Measures Not Met or Due During Jul 01, 2010-Jun 30, 2011

**CRS 2011, Version 11.0**

Patients with an Appointment in 06 DIABETIC on Apr 28, 2011

Date Report Run: Jun 03, 2011

Site where Run: DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

Report Generated by: LAST, FIRST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appt Time</th>
<th>Patient Name</th>
<th>HRN</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>DOB</th>
<th>Community</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10:00am</td>
<td>PATIENT, CRSBG</td>
<td>115640</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>09/29/74</td>
<td>KANSAS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dental Visit**

Last Dental Exam: 06/15/10

Overdue as of: 06/15/11

GPRA counts visits with ADA 0000 or 0190, CPT codes D0000 or D0190, PCC Exam 30, POV V72.2 or any CHS visit with any ADA code during 7/1/10-6/30/11

**AC Pap Smear**

Last Pap: 08/19/07

Overdue as of: 08/18/10

GPRA counts Pap past 3 years from 6/30/11.

**AC Tobacco Cess**

Last Intervention: Never

Overdue as of: 07/01/10

GPRA counts tobacco patient education, visit to Tobacco Cessation Clinic, ADA code 1320, CPT D1320, 99406, 99407, G0375, G0376, 4000F, G8402 or G8453, or Rx for tobacco cessation aid during 7/1/10-6/30/11
| AC Alcohol Scrn         | Last Alcohol Screen: 03/20/10  
|                        | Alcohol Screening Overdue as of: 03/20/11  
| GPRA counts PCC Exam 35, CPT 99408, 99409, G0396, or G0397, V Measurement in PCC or BH of AUDT, AUDC, or CRFT, any alcohol health factor, alcohol screening diagnosis, alcohol diagnosis or procedure, or alcohol or chemical dependency patient education during 7/1/10-6/30/11 |

| AC IPV/DV Scrn       | Last DV Screen: Never  
|                      | Overdue as of: 07/01/10  
| GPRA counts PCC Exam 34, BHS IPV/DV Exam, IPV/DV Dx, or IPV/DV patient education during 7/1/10-6/30/11 |

Figure 5-170: Sample GPRA & PART Forecast Patient List, Selected Patient with Appointment Option
6.0 Area-Office-Specific Menu Options

Area Offices can produce summary reports with data aggregated from all sites for national reporting for the National GPRA & PART, National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries, GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, and Patient Education with Community Specified reports. These summary, or aggregate, reports are generated from individual site export report files that were sent to the Area Office when a site chose to export its data.

Note: It is strongly recommended that each Area Office establish a quarterly review process for the National GPRA & PART Performance reporting data, which includes all GPRA & PART measures and some additional key clinical performance measures.

In addition, Area Offices may aggregate height and weight data received from all sites within the area into one or multiple delimited files for exporting to the National GPRA Support Team, which will then transmit the file to the IHS Division of Epidemiology.

Service units with multiple facilities can also use this option to produce aggregated reports.

Note: Access to the Area Options (AO) is restricted to those users with the BGPZAREA security key.

To access the Area Options, follow these steps:

- At the “Select CRS 2011 Option” prompt, type AO and press Enter to display the Area Office Options menu, as in the following example:

Figure 6-1: Clinical Reporting System menu: selecting the Area Options option (Step 1)
The following options are available on the Area Office Options menu:

- **UPL** – Upload Report Files from Site, which uploads the facilities’ exported data files located on the Area Office drive into the Area Office’s CRS.
- **AGP** – AREA National GPRA & PART Report
- **ASUM** – AREA National GPRA & PART Report Perf Summaries
- **GPUA** – AREA GPRA & PART Performance Report
- **AONM** – AREA Other National Measures Report
- **AEO** – AREA EO Quality Transparency Measures Report
- **AELD** – AREA Elder Care Report
- **APCM** – AREA Patient Education Rpt w/Community Specified
- **AHW** – AREA Height and Weight Data File
- **LSTF** – List files in a directory

To produce an Area Office report, the Area Office must first upload the FileMan data files from all facilities into the Area Office’s Clinical Reporting system. Facilities can create export data files when running the following reports:

- **National GPRA & PART:** Provides data for the Area Aggregate (1) National GPRA & PART Report, (2) National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries, and (3) Height and Weight Data File
- **GPRA & PART Performance**
- **Other National Measures**
• EO Quality Transparency Measures
• Elder Care
• Patient Education Report with Community Specified

The facility must send these export data files to a designated location on the Area Office server manually or automatically.

**Note:** The National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries and height and weight data are uploaded from the National GPRA & PART Report facility files. There are no separate files to upload.

For the National GPRA & PART Report, Area Offices must inform sites which community taxonomy should be used for official GPRA & PART reporting *before* the site exports its National GPRA & PART report data. The designated IHS report coordinator for the annual National GPRA & PART Report should convey this information to the Area Office GPRA coordinators.

• For the GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, EO Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, and Patient Education with Community Specified reports, Area Offices must provide sites with the following information before the site runs their export reports:
  - Date range (e.g., January 1–December 31; July 1–June 30)
  - Calendar year for the report end date
  - Baseline year
  - Population (e.g., AI/AN only [Beneficiary 01])

To aggregate data export files from a specific site, all export files must have matching date range, ending calendar year, baseline year, and population data.

For all Area Aggregate reports:

• After the report is run, sites must provide the name of the Area Office export file(s), which begin(s) with “BG11,” to their Area Office contact.

• Sites may be requested to use File Transfer Protocol (FTP) to transmit the export file to the Area Office server if the files are not transmitted automatically.

### 6.1 Upload Report Files from Site (UPL)

**CI11 > AO > UPL**

This option is used by Area Offices to upload data files into CRS that have been sent manually via FTP or transmitted automatically by service units.
Note: Each Area Office should establish a process with the GPRA or QA Coordinators at each site to record and transmit export data filenames at the time the facility reports are run.

Once these files have been received and uploaded into CRS, they can be used in an area aggregate report. The Area Office must execute this option each time a service unit sends a data file.

Before you begin, you need the following information:

- Path of the directory that holds the data files exported from the sites.
  
  For the directory location of these files, see your Area Office information systems personnel.

- File name of each data file you want to upload to the Area Office CRS.

To upload site export data files into CRS, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, Type **UPL** and press Enter.

   This option is used to upload a SU's 2011 CRS data. You must specify the directory in which the CRS 2011 data file resides and then enter the filename of the data.

   Enter directory path: pathname <Enter>

   Enter filename w /ext: BG11505901.300 <Enter>

   Directory=Q:\ File=BG11505901.300

   All done reading file

   Processing

   Data uploaded.

   Enter RETURN to continue or '^' to exit: <Enter>
Figure 6-4: Running the Upload Report Files from Site option (Steps 2–6)

2. At the “Enter directory path” prompt, type the directory path and press Enter.
   
   The directory path is the Area Office network directory to which the facility’s data files were sent via FTP when the facility ran the requested performance reports; for example:
   
   - Windows: Q:\usr\spool\uucppublic
   - UNIX: /usr/spool/uucppublic

3. At the “Enter Filename w /ext” prompt; type the name of the file you want to upload and press Enter; for example, BG11505901.300.

   **Note:** Files for the current version of the CRS begin with BG11.

When the facility runs the National GPRA & PART, GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, EO Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, or Patient Education with Community Specified report, the facility’s CRS assigns a file name to the data file. Each file name begins with “BG11”. The National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance files use only a numerical file name extension, such as “BG11505901.300”. However, the other reports also include letters in the extension, such as “BG11505901.HE12”. The file name extensions used to identify the reports are shown below.

- .ONM–Other National Measures Reports
- .EO–EO Quality Transparency Measures Reports
- .EL–Elder Care Reports
- .PED–Patient Education with Community Specified Reports

The system displays the following progress messages:

- All done reading file
- Processing
- Data uploaded

If you do not see these messages, the file was not uploaded.
If you typed the file name incorrectly or CRS cannot locate the file, the following message is displayed:

```
CANNOT OPEN (OR ACCESS) FILE '/[directory name]/[filename]'
```

Figure 6-5: Cannot open file message

At the “Enter Return to continue or ‘^’ to exit” prompt, press Enter.

5. At the “Enter Filename w /ext” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To upload another file from the same directory, type the name of the file to be uploaded and press Enter.
   • To exit or change directories, type a caret (^) and press Enter.

6. At the “Enter directory path” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To upload a file from a different directory, type a directory path and press Enter.
   • To return to the Area Office Options menu, type a caret (^) and press Enter.

6.2 Run AREA Aggregate Reports

There are 11 menu options for running Area Office reports used by the Area Office to produce aggregated performance reports. The Area Office reports summarize the performance of all facilities/service units to produce Area-Office-wide statistics.

The data uploaded from the facilities must have the following matching elements:
   • Report type (i.e. National GPRA & PART, GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, EO Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, Patient Education with Community Specified)
   • Date ranges (e.g., July 1 through June 30)
   • Calendar year end dates (e.g., 2011)
   • Baseline year (e.g., 2000)
   • Population type (e.g., AI/AN only)

This information is predefined in the National GPRA & PART Report. However, you will need to specify these elements for the GPRA & PART Performance, Other National Measures, EO Quality Transparency Measures, Elder Care, and Patient Education with Community Specified reports.
6.2.1 Area National GPRA & PART Report (AGP)

Use the Area National GPRA & PART Report (AGP) option to produce an Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report. This report contains clinical measures (specific denominators and numerators) defined in the IHS GPRA Performance Plan and aggregates all data files received to date from the service units.

The Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART report outputs the following four files: CRSGPRANT1 and CRSGPRANT2 (for National GPRA measures) and CRSGPRADEVNT1 and CRSGPRADEVNT2 (for GPRA Developmental measures). All of these files must be sent to the National GPRA Support Team for National GPRA & PART reporting.

The National GPRA Support Team uses these files to create IHS national rates for all GPRA & PART performance measures reported to Congress in the Annual GPRA Performance Report.

Additionally, these files may be imported into Excel to create graphs and other summary reports. For instructions, see Working with Delimited Files.

To run the Area National GPRA & PART report, follow these steps:

Figure 6-6: Area Office Options menu: selecting the Run Area Nation GPRA & PART Report (AGP) (Step 1)
1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type AGP and press Enter.

The predefined date ranges are displayed, including the Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period.

![Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report]

The date ranges for this report are:
- Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
- Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
- Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

Select one of the following:
- A AREA Aggregate
- F One Facility

Run Report for: A/<Enter> AREA Aggregate

Figure 6-7: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART report: selecting facility option (Step 2)

2. At the “Run Report for” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To combine data for all sites, press Enter to accept the default “A” (Area Aggregate).
   - To run a report similar to the facility’s National GPRA & PART report, type F (One Facility) and press Enter.

![You will now be able to select which sites to use in the area aggregate/facility report. Press Enter to Continue]

You will now be able to select which sites to use in the area aggregate/facility report.

Press Enter to Continue :<Enter>

Figure 6-8: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report (Step 3)

3. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen.

   All facilities that have uploaded their data files for the selected time period are displayed. Any CHS-only facility is marked with a plus sign (+) after its name.

4. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To view multiple pages:
     - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
     - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.
   - To select facilities to include in the report:
     - To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
• To select specific facilities, type **S** and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.

To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 16), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–5, 7, 33).

After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

• To remove (unselect) a facility, type **R** and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.

All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk (*) before their corresponding numbers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>SU</th>
<th>FACILITY</th>
<th>BEG DATE</th>
<th>END DATE</th>
<th>BASE BEG</th>
<th>BASE END</th>
<th>DATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>DEMO SU A</td>
<td>FACILITY A</td>
<td>07/01/10</td>
<td>06/30/11</td>
<td>07/01/99</td>
<td>06/30/00</td>
<td>07/08/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>DEMO SU B</td>
<td>FACILITY B</td>
<td>07/01/10</td>
<td>06/30/11</td>
<td>07/01/99</td>
<td>06/30/00</td>
<td>07/08/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>DEMO SU C</td>
<td>FACILITY C</td>
<td>07/01/10</td>
<td>06/30/11</td>
<td>07/01/99</td>
<td>06/30/00</td>
<td>07/08/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>DEMO SU D</td>
<td>FACILITY D</td>
<td>07/01/10</td>
<td>06/30/11</td>
<td>07/01/99</td>
<td>06/30/00</td>
<td>07/08/11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter ?? for more actions

A   Area Aggregate   All Facilities    R   Remove (unselect) Facility
S   Select Facility                    Q   Quit
Select Action:+//   Q <Enter>   Quit

Figure 6-9: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART report: saving selected facilities (Step 5)

5. To save your selected facilities, type **Q** (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

In this example, four facilities have been selected. The names of four delimited text files and the network directory to which they will be saved are displayed.

A total of 4 facilities have been selected.

A file will be created called CRSGPRAINT150590120110630000000020110619105325_000002.TXT and will reside in the Q:\ directory. This file can be used in Excel.
A file will be created called CRSGPRANT2505901201106300000000020110619105325_000002.TXT and will reside in the \Q directory. This file can be used in Excel.

Figure 6-10: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART report: example of output file names and locations

The system then prompts you to choose an output type.

Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

Select one of the following:

P     Print Report on Printer or Screen
D     Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)
B     Both a Printed Report and Delimited File

Select an Output Option: P/

Figure 6-11: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART report: selecting report output (Step 6)

6. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

6.2.1.1 Report Content

The Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Report contains the following sections:

- Cover page
- GPRA Developmental measure topics included in the report
- GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Summary
- GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Detail
- Official GPRA & PART and Non-GPRA measure topics included in the report
- Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Summary
- Official GPRA & PART Measures Clinical Performance Summary
- Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Detail
- Official GPRA & PART Measures Clinical Performance Detail

Examples of the cover page, clinical performance summaries, and clinical performance detail sections of the report follow.

### 6.2.1.2 Cover Page

Both the printed and delimited reports include a cover page displaying a list of all facilities and the communities of each facility that are included in the report data. The report data is aggregated for each measure.

```plaintext
Cover Page

*** IHS 2011 National GPRA & PART Clinical Performance Report ***
CRS 2011, Version 11.0
AREA AGGREGATE
Date Report Run: Jun 1, 2011
Site where Run: [AREA]
Report Generated by: USER, DEMO
Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

------------------------------------------------------------------------

Report includes data from the following facilities:
1. FACILITY A
2. FACILITY B
3. FACILITY C
4. FACILITY D

The following communities are included in this report:
1. FACILITY A
   Community Taxonomy Name: Facility A’s GPRA Communities
   COMMUNITY 1       COMMUNITY 2       COMMUNITY 3
   COMMUNITY 4       COMMUNITY 5       COMMUNITY 6
   COMMUNITY 7       COMMUNITY 8       COMMUNITY 9

2. FACILITY B
   Community Taxonomy Name: Facility B’s GPRA Communities
   COMMUNITY 1       COMMUNITY 2       COMMUNITY 3
   COMMUNITY 4       COMMUNITY 5       COMMUNITY 6
   COMMUNITY 7       COMMUNITY 8       COMMUNITY 9
   COMMUNITY 10      COMMUNITY 11      COMMUNITY 12
   COMMUNITY 13      COMMUNITY 14      COMMUNITY 15

3. FACILITY C
   Community Taxonomy Name: Facility C’s GPRA Communities
   COMMUNITY 1       COMMUNITY 2       COMMUNITY 3
   COMMUNITY 4       COMMUNITY 5       COMMUNITY 6
   COMMUNITY 7       COMMUNITY 8       COMMUNITY 9
   COMMUNITY 10      COMMUNITY 11      COMMUNITY 12
   COMMUNITY 13      COMMUNITY 14      COMMUNITY 15
   COMMUNITY 16      COMMUNITY 17      COMMUNITY 18
   COMMUNITY 19      COMMUNITY 20
```

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4. FACILITY D

Community Taxonomy Name: Facility D’s GPRA Communities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Community</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 1</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 2</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 4</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 5</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 7</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 8</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 10</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 11</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 13</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 14</td>
<td>COMMUNITY 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 6-12: Example of the cover page for an Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report

At the end of the report are the Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Summary; GPRA Developmental & PART Measures Clinical Performance Summary; Official GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Summary; Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Detail; GPRA Developmental & PART Measures Clinical Performance Detail; and the Official GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Detail sections, as described in the following sections.

6.2.1.3 GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Summary

The GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Summary section lists the Area Office aggregate performance measure rates for the current, previous, and baseline periods.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure Type</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DENTAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intact Sealants</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Fluoride</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMMUNIZATIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumovax 65+</td>
<td>44.5%</td>
<td>68.8%</td>
<td>56.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active IMM 3 Doses</td>
<td>39.5%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumococcal 19-35mos</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANCER</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pap Smear 25-64</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
<td>45.7%</td>
<td>44.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mammogram 42+</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
<td>33.5%</td>
<td>33.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colo Cancer 50-75 (#1 HEDIS)</td>
<td>19.7%</td>
<td>21.7%</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 6-13: Example of the GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Summary for an Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report, Page 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cessation</td>
<td>30.6%</td>
<td>32.5%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Users Quit</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cess and Quit</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cess or Quit</td>
<td>33.1%</td>
<td>32.5%</td>
<td>37.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

#### Alcohol Screening

- Female 15-44yrs: 8.4% (0.6% 0.3%)
- w/ Alcohol-Related Ed: 1.2% (0.0% 0.0%)
- w/ Positive Alcohol Screen: 54.3% (0.0% 0.0%)
- Active Clinical 12-75yrs: 6.9% (1.5% 0.4%)
- w/ Alcohol-Related Ed: 0.6% (0.1% 0.0%)
- w/ Positive Alcohol Screen: 46.2% (0.0% 0.0%)

#### IPV/DV Screen

- 15-40yrs: 1.4% (0.0% 0.0%)
- w/IPV/DV Related Ed: 0.8% (0.3% 0.0%)

#### Depression Screening

- 18yrs and older: 5.9% (5.4% 2.6%)
- 12-18yrs: 2.4% (0.0% 0.0%)

### CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE

#### Comp CDV Assess 22+:

- CHD: BP Assessed: 89.1% (100.0% 100.0%)
- Not Diabetic: 77.8% (100.0% 100.0%)
- Active Diabetic: 100.0% (100.0% 100.0%)
- CHD: LDL Assessed: 69.1% (63.2% 45.2%)
- Not Diabetic: 51.9% (70.6% 61.5%)
- Active Diabetic: 85.7% (57.1% 33.3%)
- CHD: Tobacco Assessed: 78.2% (84.2% 74.2%)
- Not Diabetic: 70.4% (76.5% 76.9%)
- Active Diabetic: 85.7% (90.5% 72.2%)
- CHD: BMI Assessed: 85.5% (97.4% 100.0%)
- Not Diabetic: 77.8% (100.0% 100.0%)
- Active Diabetic: 92.9% (95.2% 100.0%)
- CHD: Lifesyle Counsel: 50.9% (55.3% 64.5%)
Figure 6-14: Example of the GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Summary for an Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report, Page 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OTHER CLINICAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Scrn No Prev</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diag 13-64yrs</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ Positive Result</td>
<td>15.9%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ Negative Result</td>
<td>56.8%</td>
<td>89.5%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ No Result</td>
<td>27.3%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># w/ HIV Screen Refusal*</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># HIV Screens</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Scrn (Preg #1)</td>
<td>40.5%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Scrn (Preg #2)</td>
<td>44.1%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of High-Risk Meds 65+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One High-Risk Med</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
<td>18.8%</td>
<td>29.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male One High-Risk Med</td>
<td>17.3%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
<td>25.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female On High-Risk Med</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
<td>31.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More High-Risk Med</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>12.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male Two High-Risk Med</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female Two High-Risk Med</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit Statistics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/no visit in Rpt Period</td>
<td>10.2%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/Urgent Care core clinic</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Not GPRA Developmental measure but included to show percentage of refusals with respect to GPRA Developmental measure.

Figure 6-15: Example of the GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Summary for an Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report, Page 3
### 6.2.1.4 Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Summary

The Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Summary section lists the Area Office aggregate performance measure rates for the current, previous, and baseline periods, as well as the National 2010 performance and 2011 target for each non-GPRA measure in the report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Nat'l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td>Previous</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------
| DIABETES | | | |
| Diabetes DX Ever* | 8.3% | 9.2% | 8.4% | 12% |
| Documented A1c* | 75.2% | 73.7% | 59.8% | 82% |
| BP Assessed | 92.6% | 82.1% | 85.1% | 88% |
| IMMUNIZATIONS | | | |
| Active Clinical 4:3:1:3:3:1 | 16.7% | 7.7% | 9.1% | 78% |
| CANCER | | | |
| Tobacco Assessment 5+ | 45.4% | 42.5% | 36.2% | 57% |
| Tobacco Use Prevalence | 46.2% | 38.0% | 39.4% | 26% |
| Tobacco Cessation Counsel or Quit | 20.3% | 19.7% | 26.8% | N/A |
| CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE | | | |
| BMI Measured 2-74 | 65.2% | 77.6% | 72.5% | 75% |
| Assessed as Obese | 41.7% | 41.0% | 37.5% | 47% |
| Children 2-5 w/BMI =>95% | 11.4% | 23.1% | 12.5% | 25% |
| IHD: Comp CVD Assessment | | | |
| IHD: BP Assessed | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97% |
| IHD: LDL Assessed | 86.0% | 86.4% | 83.3% | 91% |
| IHD: Tobacco Assessed | 87.7% | 86.4% | 75.0% | 83% |
| IHD: BMI Assessed | 96.5% | 97.7% | 97.2% | N/A |
| IHD: Lifestyle Counsel | 56.1% | 50.0% | 61.1% | 39% |
| IHD: Depression Screen | 17.5% | 9.1% | 5.6% | 62% |

*Non-GPRA measure included in the IHS GPRA report submitted to OMB to provide context to other GPRA measures.

Figure 6-16: Example of the Selected Non-GPRA Measures Summary for an Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report

### 6.2.1.5 Official GPRA & PART Measures Clinical Performance Summary

The Official GPRA & PART Measures Clinical Performance Summary section lists the Area Office aggregate performance measure rates for the current, previous, and baseline periods, as well as the GPRA Target, National 2010 performance, and 2011 target for each GPRA measure in the report.
### Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report, Page 1

#### OFFICIAL GPRA & PART MEASURES CLINICAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>GPRA Target</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor Glycemic Control &gt;9.5</td>
<td>14.8%</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
<td>18.0%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ideal Glycemic Control &lt;7</td>
<td>28.7%</td>
<td>31.6%</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td>32.8%</td>
<td>32%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controlled BP &lt;130/80</td>
<td>23.0%</td>
<td>21.1%</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
<td>39.0%</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL Assessed</td>
<td>62.3%</td>
<td>49.4%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>68.7%</td>
<td>67%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nephropathy Assessed*</td>
<td>41.0%</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>56.4%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retinopathy Assessed</td>
<td>44.3%</td>
<td>41.1%</td>
<td>50.6%</td>
<td>54.4%</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dental</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental Access General</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># Sealants</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>279,328</td>
<td>275,459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topical Fluoride-# Pts</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>147,236</td>
<td>145,181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Immunizations</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza 65+</td>
<td>29.7%</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>23.1%</td>
<td>63.5%</td>
<td>62%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumovax Ever 65+</td>
<td>44.1%</td>
<td>68.8%</td>
<td>56.9%</td>
<td>86.1%</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active IMM 4313314</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>81.0%</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cancer</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pap Smear Rates 21-64</td>
<td>40.7%</td>
<td>49.3%</td>
<td>45.9%</td>
<td>60.5%</td>
<td>59%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mammogram Rates 52-64</td>
<td>27.7%</td>
<td>37.9%</td>
<td>46.8%</td>
<td>50.9%</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal Cancer 51-80</td>
<td>21.1%</td>
<td>26.3%</td>
<td>18.4%</td>
<td>39.8%</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco Cessation Counsel</td>
<td>17.9%</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>25.7%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Behavioral Health</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAS Prevention 15-44</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>56.1%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPV/DV Screen 15-40</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>57.3%</td>
<td>53%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depression Screen 18+</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>56.3%</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cardiovascular Disease</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IHD: Comp CVD Assessment</td>
<td>46.6%</td>
<td>43.2%</td>
<td>38.9%</td>
<td>35.8%</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Clinical</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prenatal HIV Testing</td>
<td>40.5%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>79.9%</td>
<td>78%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Measure definition changed in 2007.
+ Site Previous and Site Baseline values are not applicable for this measure.
### GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Detail

The GPRA Developmental Measures Clinical Performance Detail section shows the GPRA performance measure rates by each facility within the area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site ID</th>
<th>Site Name</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Prev</th>
<th>Base</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DENTAL**

- Intact Sealants: XX.X% XX.X%
- Top Fluoride: XX.X% XX.X%

**IMMUNIZATIONS**

- Pneumovax 65+: XX.X% XX.X%
### 6.2.1.7 Selected Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Detail

The Non-GPRA Measures Clinical Performance Detail section shows the non-GPRA performance measure rates by each facility within the area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Nat'l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td>Prev</td>
<td>Base</td>
<td>Current</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### DIABETES

- **Diabetes DX Ever***
  - 999999 FACILITY A: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY B: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY C: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY D: XX.% X.% XX.%

- **Documented A1c***
  - 999999 FACILITY A: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY B: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY C: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY D: XX.% X.% XX.%

- **BP Assessed***
  - 999999 FACILITY A: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY B: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY C: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY D: XX.% X.% XX.%

#### IMMUNIZATIONS

- **Active Clinical Immunizations***
  - 4:3:1:3:3:1:4: XX.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY A: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY B: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY C: XX.% X.% XX.%
  - 999999 FACILITY D: XX.% X.% XX.%
6.2.1.8 Official GPRA & PART Measures Clinical Performance Detail

The Official GPRA & PART Measures Clinical Performance Detail section shows the GPRA performance measure rates by each facility within the area.
Nephropathy Assessed*  XX.X% XX.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY A  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY B  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY C  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY D  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%

Retinopathy  XX.X% XX.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY A  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY B  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY C  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%
999999 FACILITY D  XX.X% X.X% XX.X%

Figure 6-21: Example of the Official GPRA & PART Measures Clinical Performance Detail section for an Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report

6.2.2 AREA National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries (ASUM)

**   IHS/RPMS CRS 2011   **
**  Area Office Options  **
Version 11.0

DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

UPL  Upload Report Files from Site
AGP  AREA National GPRA & PART Report
ASUM  AREA National GPRA & PART Report Perf Summaries
GPUA  AREA GPRA & PART Performance Report
AONM  AREA Other National Measures Report
AEO  AREA EO Quality Transparency Measures Report
AELD  AREA Elder Care Report
APCM  AREA Patient Education Rpt w/Community Specified
AHW  AREA Height and Weight Data File
LSTF  List files in a directory

Select Area Options Option: ASUM <Enter>

Figure 6-22: Area Office Options menu: selecting the Area National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries (ASUM) (Step 1)
1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type **ASUM** and press Enter to display the following information about the report:

   **IHS 2011 Area National GPRA & PART Report Clinical Performance Summaries**

   This will produce ONLY the clinical performance summaries for the Area National GPRA & PART Report for the 2011 GPRA year. If you want the detailed information included in the report, including performance measure definitions and number of patients in each denominator and numerator you need to run the AGP menu option.

   The CRSGPRANT export files will not be created; use the AGP menu option to run the report that will create these files.

   PRESS ENTER: <Enter>

   Figure 6-23: Information displayed about the Area National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries (Step 1)

2. Press Enter at the prompt to display the predefined date ranges for the report, including the Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period, as in the following example:

   The date ranges for this report are:
   - Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
   - Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
   - Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

   Select one of the following:
   - A   AREA Aggregate
   - F   One Facility

   Run Report for: A// <Enter>  AREA Aggregate

   Figure 6-24: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries: date range display (Steps 2 and 3)

3. At the “Run Report for” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To run a report combining the data for all sites, press Enter to accept the default “A” (Area Aggregate).
   - To run a report similar to the facility’s National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries, type **F** (One Facility) and press Enter.

   You will now be able to select which sites to use in the area aggregate/facility report.

   Press Enter to Continue :<Enter>

   Figure 6-25: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries (Step 4)
4. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen. All facilities that have uploaded their data files for the selected time period are displayed. Any CHS-only facility is marked with a plus sign (+) after its name.

5. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To view multiple pages:
     - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
     - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.
   - To select facilities to include in the report:
     - To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
     - To select specific facilities, type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.
       To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 3, 6, 9), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–3, 5, 7, 25).
       After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.
     - To remove (unselect) a facility, type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter. All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk (*) before their corresponding number.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AREA AGGREGATE SITE SELECTION Jun 08, 2011 12:59</th>
<th>Page: 1 of 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Area Aggregate Site Selection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* indicates the site has been selected</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+ after the facility name denotes a CHS Only Site</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#   SU   FACILITY       BEG DATE  END DATE  BASE BEG  BASE END  DATE RUN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*1) DEMO SU A FACILITY A  07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*2) DEMO SU B FACILITY B  07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*3) DEMO SU C FACILITY C  07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*4) DEMO SU D FACILITY D  07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter ?? for more actions
A Area Aggregate All Facilities R Remove (unselect) Facility
S Select Facility Q Quit
Select Action:+// Q <Enter> Quit

Figure 6-26: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries: selecting facilities (Steps 5 and 6)
6. To save your selected topics, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Select one of the following:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P Print Report on Printer or Screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Both a Printed Report and Delimited File</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select an Output Option: P//

Figure 6-27: Running the Area Aggregate National GPRA & PART Report Performance Summaries: selecting the output type (Step 7)

7. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

6.2.3 Area GPRA & PART Performance Report (GPUA)

Use the Area GPRA & PART Performance Report (GPUA) option to produce an Area-wide GPRA & PART Performance report. This report aggregates all data files received to date from facilities, and reports the total Area-Office-wide numbers.

The measures included in this report are exactly the same as those in the National GPRA & PART Report. However, the GPRA & PART Performance Report is different from the National GPRA & PART Report, as it can be run for different types of user populations:

- AI/AN only
- Non-AI/AN
- Both (i.e., the entire population)
It can also be run for different date ranges, whereas the National GPRA & PART Report uses only predefined date ranges. Patient lists are not included in the Area Aggregate report.

**Note:** To run the Area Aggregate GPRA & PART Performance Report, the data uploaded from the facilities must have the same report period, baseline period, and patient population.

To run the Area GPRA & PART Performance report, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type **GPUA** and press Enter.

   **[AREA] Aggregate GPRA & PART Performance Report with user defined date range**

   Select one of the following:

   1 January 1 - December 31
   2 April 1 - March 31
   3 July 1 - June 30
   4 October 1 - September 30
   5 User-Defined Report Period

   Enter the date range for your report: 1 <Enter> January 1 - December 31

   Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 2011
   Enter Year: 2011 <Enter> (2011)

   Enter the Baseline Year to compare data to. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 1999, 2000
   Enter Year (e.g. 2000): 2000 <Enter> (2000)
The date ranges for this report are:

- **Report Period:** Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
- **Previous Year Period:** Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
- **Baseline Period:** Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000

Figure 6-29: Running the Area GPRA & PART Performance Report: selecting a date range (Steps 2 and 3)

2. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

3. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

   The selected date ranges are displayed, as in the following example:

   Select one of the following:
   1  Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)
   2  Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)
   3  All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1// <Enter>

Figure 6-30: Running the Area GPRA & PART Performance Report: selecting the beneficiary population type (Step 4)

4. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:
   - 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
   - 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
   - 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.

Select one of the following:

- P  Print Report on Printer or Screen
- D  Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)
At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

### 6.2.4 Area Other National Measures Report (AONM)

Use the Area Other National Measures (AONM) option to produce an Area-Office-wide Other National Measures Report. This report aggregates all data files received to date from facilities and reports the total Area-Office-wide numbers.

The Area Other National Measures Report is different from the National GPRA & PART Report, as it can be run for different types of user populations:

- **AI/AN** only
- **Non-AI/AN**
- **Both** (i.e., the entire population)

It can also be run for different date ranges, whereas the National GPRA & PART Report uses only predefined date ranges. Patient lists are **not** included in the Area Aggregate Report.

**Note:** To run the Area Aggregate Other National Measures Report, the data uploaded from the facilities must have the same report period, baseline period, and patient population.

The Area Aggregate Other National Measures Report outputs two delimited files: the first file name begins with “CRSONMNT1” and the second file name begins with “CRSONMNT2”. Both of these files must be sent to the National GPRA Support Team.
The National GPRA Support Team uses these files to create IHS national rates for all performance measures reported nationally but not reported to Congress in the Annual GPRA Performance Report.

Additionally, these files may be imported into Excel to create graphs and other summary reports. For instructions, see Working with Delimited Files.

The Area Other National Measures Report provides users with two options for running the report: (1) using the same hard-coded report parameters (Report Period, Previous Year Period, and Baseline Year) as the National GPRA & PART Report, or (2) using custom, user-defined report parameters. These options are shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>[Area] Area Aggregate Other National Measures Report</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Please select the type of report would you like to run:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H Hard-coded Report: Report with all parameters set to the same as the National GPRA Report (report period of July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2011, baseline period of July 1, 1999 - June 30, 2000, and AI/AN patients only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U User-defined Report: You select the report and baseline periods and beneficiary population</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select a Report Option: H//U <ENTER>

Figure 6-32: Running the Area Other National Measures Report (AONM): hard-coded vs. user-defined reports

The hard-coded report period is set to the current GPRA report period; the previous year period is set to one year prior to the report period; and the baseline year is set to July 1, 1999–June 30, 2000. The patient population is set to AI/AN only.

The date ranges and patient population for the user-defined report are set by the user.

- To run the report using the hard-coded report parameters, go to Section 6.2.4.1.
- To run the report using user-defined parameters, go to Section 6.2.4.2.

6.2.4.1 Area Other National Measures Report, Hard-Coded Report Option
**Figure 6-33: Area Office Options menu: selecting the Area Other National Measures Report option (AONM) (Step 1)**

1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type **AONM** and press Enter.

**Figure 6-34: Running the Area Other National Measures Report: selecting the Hard-coded Report option (Step 2)**

2. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, press Enter to accept the default option, “H,” and display the report date ranges.

3. At the “Run Report for” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To combine data for all sites, press Enter to accept the default “A” (Area Aggregate).
   - To run a report similar to a facility’s Other National Measures report, type **F** (One Facility) and press Enter.

4. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen (Figure 6-35).

   All facilities that have uploaded their data files for the selected time period are displayed. Any CHS-only facility is marked with a plus sign (+) after its name.
Figure 6-35: Running the Area Other National Measures Report: selecting facilities (Steps 4, 5, and 6)

5. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

- To view multiple pages:
  - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
  - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

- To select facilities to include in your report:
  - To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
  - To select specific facilities, type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.

  To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).

  After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

- To remove (unselect) a facility, type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.

  All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk before their corresponding numbers.

6. To save your selected facilities, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

   The names of the three files and their location are displayed, as in the following example:

   A file will be created called CRSONMNT1505901201106300000000020110622093828_000001.TXT and will reside in the Q:\ directory. This file can be used in Excel.
A file will be created called CRSONMNT250590120110630000000020110622093828_000001.TXT and will reside in the Q:\ directory. This file can be used in Excel.

Figure 6-36: Running the Area Other National Measures Report: example of output file names and locations (Step 6)

7. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
   - **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
   - **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
   - **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

   Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

Both the printed and delimited reports include a cover page displaying a list of all facilities and communities included in the report data (see Figure 6-12 for an example). The report data is aggregated for each measure.

The following sections appear at the end of the report:
   - Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Summary (see Section 6.2.4.3)
   - Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Detail (see Section 6.2.4.4)

### 6.2.4.2 Area Other National Measures Report, User-Defined Report Option

```
UPL Upload Report Files from Site
AGP AREA National GPRA & PART Report
ASUM AREA National GPRA & PART Report Perf Summaries
GPUA AREA GPRA & PART Performance Report
AONM AREA Other National Measures Report
AEO AREA EO Quality Transparency Measures Report
AELD AREA Elder Care Report
APCM AREA Patient Education Rpt w/Community Specified
AHW AREA Height and Weight Data File
LSTF List files in a directory
```

 DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

Version 11.0
1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type AONM and press Enter.

2. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, type U and press Enter to display the following information about the report:

   This will produce an Other National Measures Report for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, and 3) the beneficiary/classification of the patients.

   Select one of the following:
   1. January 1 - December 31
   2. April 1 - March 31
   3. July 1 - June 30
   4. October 1 - September 30
   5. User-Defined Report Period

3. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in
MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

4. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

The date ranges you have selected for the report are displayed, including the
Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period.

```
Select one of the following:
1  Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)
2  Not Indian Alaskan/Native (Not Classification 01)
3  All (both Indian/Alaskan Natives and Non 01)

Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report: 1// <Enter>
Indian/Alaskan Native (Classification 01)
```

Figure 6-40: Running the Area Other National Measures Report: selecting the beneficiary
population (Step 5)

5. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the
number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include
and press Enter, where:

- **1** (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
- **2** (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
- **3** (All) reports on your entire patient population.

```
The date ranges for this report are:
Report Period:          Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period:   Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
Baseline Period:        Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

Beneficiary Population is set to American Indian/Alaskan Native Only.

Select one of the following:
A   AREA Aggregate
F   One Facility

Run Report for: A//
```

Figure 6-41: Running the Area Other National Measures Report: selecting report facilities
(Step 6)

6. At the “Run Report for” prompt, do one of the following:

- To combine data for all sites, press Enter to accept the default “A” (Area
  Aggregate).
- To run a report similar to a facility’s Other National Measures report, type **F**
  (One Facility) and press Enter.
7. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen (Figure 6-35).

All facilities that have uploaded their data files for the selected time period are displayed. Any CHS-only facility is marked with a plus sign (+) after its name.

![AREA AGGREGATE SITE SELECTION](Note: Figure 6-42 provides a screenshot of the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen)

- **Select Action:**
  - +://  
  - Q  
  - Enter ?? for more actions

8. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

   - **To view multiple pages:**
     - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
     - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

   - **To select facilities to include in your report:**
     - **To select all facilities,** type A and press Enter.
     - **To select specific facilities,** type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.
     - To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).

     After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

   - **To remove (unselect) a facility,** type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.

All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk before their corresponding numbers.
9. To save your selected facilities, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

The names of the three files and their location are displayed, as in the following example:

```
A file will be created called CRSONMNT1505901201106300000000020110622093828_0000
01.TXT
and will reside in the Q:\ directory. This file can be used in Excel.

A file will be created called CRSONMNT2505901201106300000000020110622093828_0000
01.TXT
and will reside in the Q:\ directory. This file can be used in Excel.
```

Figure 6-43: Running the Area Other National Measures Report: example of output file names and locations (Step 6)

10. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

Both the printed and delimited reports include a cover page displaying a list of all facilities and communities included in the report data (see Figure 6-12 for an example). The report data is aggregated for each measure.

The following sections appear at the end of the report:

- Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Summary (see Section 6.2.4.3)
- Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Detail (see Section 6.2.4.4)

### 6.2.4.3 Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Summary

The Performance Summary lists the Area Office aggregate performance measure rates for current, previous, and baseline periods, as well as the National 2009 performance and 2011 target for each of the selected measures included in the Summary. For example:
### SELECTED OTHER NATIONAL MEASURES CLINICAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Previous</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DIABETES</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Care</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DENTAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Fluoride-# Apps</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>173,839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMMUNIZATIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Influenza</td>
<td>40.5%</td>
<td>46.3%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>63%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>46.3%</td>
<td>53.7%</td>
<td>58.6%</td>
<td>82%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent (13-17 Years)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1:3:2:1</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1 Tdap</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>51%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1 Meningococcal</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>59%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC Female: 3 HPV</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEHAVIORAL HEALTH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC ER Injury w/Alchl Scrn</td>
<td>53.1%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC ER Injury w/BNI</td>
<td>35.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV Screen 15-40</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Exam</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Related DX</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Education</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC IPV/DV 15-40 w/Refusal</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Depression Screen</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
<td>68%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antidepressant Med Mgmt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/OPC</td>
<td>31.3%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/APT</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/CONPT</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/Phys Activity Screen</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC w/Exercise Education</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cholesterol Screen 23+</td>
<td>26.6%</td>
<td>34.0%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 6-44: Example of the Area ONM Report, Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Summary, Page 1
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Area Current</th>
<th>Area Previous</th>
<th>Area Baseline</th>
<th>Nat'l 2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>BP Assessed 20+</strong></td>
<td>61.1%</td>
<td>77.3%</td>
<td>74.7%</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal BP</td>
<td>20.8%</td>
<td>24.3%</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN I BP</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>20.1%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN II BP</td>
<td>24.1%</td>
<td>21.2%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 1 HTN BP</td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 2 HTN BP</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BP Assessed in IHD Pts</strong></td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal BP</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>13.6%</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN I BP</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-HTN II BP</td>
<td>35.1%</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>30.6%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 1 HTN BP</td>
<td>26.3%</td>
<td>29.5%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stage 2 HTN BP</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Med Therapy Post AMI</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beta-Blocker Treatment</td>
<td>35.8%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASA Treatment</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACEI/ARB Treatment</td>
<td>22.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statin Treatment</td>
<td>16.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With all Above Meds</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Persistence of Med Therapy Post AMI</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beta-Blocker Treatment</td>
<td>40.0%</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
<td>73%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASA Treatment</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACEI/ARB Treatment</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statin Treatment</td>
<td>14.0%</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With All Above Meds</td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Med Therapy in High Risk Patients</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beta-Blocker Treatment</td>
<td>68.4%</td>
<td>61.4%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASA Treatment</td>
<td>50.9%</td>
<td>52.3%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACEI/ARB Treatment</td>
<td>64.9%</td>
<td>47.7%</td>
<td>55.6%</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statin Treatment</td>
<td>61.4%</td>
<td>52.3%</td>
<td>44.4%</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With All Above Meds</td>
<td>35.1%</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LDL Assessed in Cardiovascular Conditions 18-75</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions 18-75</td>
<td>93.5%</td>
<td>76.9%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>73%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL &lt;=100</td>
<td>37.9%</td>
<td>55.0%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
<td>69%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL 101-130</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>22.2%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL &gt;130</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>44.4%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HF and LVS Function</td>
<td>30.2%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OTHER CLINICAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/CD4 only</td>
<td>31.2%</td>
<td>29.8%</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/viral load only</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>18.2%</td>
<td>15.1%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/CD4 &amp; viral load</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Pts w/any test</td>
<td>57.0%</td>
<td>53.5%</td>
<td>40.3%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AC 16-25 w/Chlamydia</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test</td>
<td>32.7%</td>
<td>35.3%</td>
<td>33.6%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># STI Patients</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7,427</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># STI Incidents</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>9,323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STI Pts w/STI Screens</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>17.8%</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PredM/Met Synd All Screen</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># PHN Visits-Any Setting</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>367,587</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 6-45: Example of Area ONM Report, Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Summary, Page 2
### 6.2.4.4 Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Detail

The Selected Other National Measures Clinical Performance Detail section shows the selected performance measure rates by each facility within the area. For example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Prev</th>
<th>Base</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Nat’l 2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DIABETES</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Care</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DENTAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Fluoride-# Apps</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td>XXXX</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMMUNIZATIONS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Influenza</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DM: Pneumovax Ever</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent (13-17 Years)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1:3:2:1</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1 Tdap</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC: 1 Meningococcoccal</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC Female: 3 HPV</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.2.5 Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report (AEO)

Use the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report (AEO) option to produce an Area-Office-wide EO Quality Transparency Measures Report. This report may only be aggregated from report files for which all EO Quality Transparency Measures Report measures were included. This report aggregates all data files received to date from facilities and reports the total Area-Office-wide numbers.

The Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report is different from the National GPRA & PART Report, as it can be run for different types of user populations:

- AI/AN only
- Non-AI/AN
- Both (i.e., the entire population)

It can also be run for different date ranges, whereas the National GPRA & PART Report uses only predefined date ranges. Patient lists are not included in the Area Office Aggregate report.

**Note:** To run the Area Aggregate EO Quality Transparency Measures Report, the data uploaded from the facilities must have the same report period, baseline period, and patient population, and must include all EO measures.

The Area Aggregate EO Quality Transparency Measures Report outputs one delimited file that has a file name beginning with “CRSEONT1.” This file must be sent to the National GPRA Support Team.

The files are used to report the measures on the IHS Quality of Care Web site (www.ihs.gov/NonMedicalPrograms/quality).

Additionally, the file may be imported into Excel to create graphs and other summary reports. For instructions, see Working with Delimited Files.
The Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report provides users with two options for running the report: (1) using the same hard-coded report parameters (Report Period, Previous Year Period, and Baseline Year) as the National GPRA & PART Report, or (2) using custom, user-defined report parameters. These options are shown below.

![Figure 6-47: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: hard-coded vs. user-defined reports](image)

The hard-coded report period is set to the current GPRA report period; the previous year period is set to one year prior to the report period; and the baseline year is set to July 1, 1999–June 30, 2000. The patient population is set to AI/AN only.

The date ranges and patient population for the user-defined report are set by the user.

- To run the report using the hard-coded report parameters, go to Section 6.2.5.1.
- To run the report using user-defined parameters, go to Section 6.2.5.2.

### 6.2.5.1 Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report, Hard-Coded Report Option

```
******************************************************************************
**  IHS/RPMS CRS 2011  **
**  Area Office Options  **
******************************************************************************
DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

UPL  Upload Report Files from Site
AGP  AREA National GPRA & PART Report
ASUM  AREA National GPRA & PART Report Perf Summaries
GPUA  AREA GPRA & PART Performance Report
AONM  AREA Other National Measures Report
AEO  AREA EO Quality Transparency Measures Report
AECLD  AREA Elder Care Report
APCM  AREA Patient Education Rpt w/Community Specified
AHW  AREA Height and Weight Data File
```
Figure 6-48: Area Office Options menu: selecting the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report (AEO) (Step 1)

1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type AEO and press Enter.

Figure 6-49: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: selecting the Hard-coded Report option (Step 2)

2. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, press Enter to accept the default option, “H,” and display the report date ranges.

3. At the “Run Report for” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To combine data for all sites, press Enter to accept the default “A” (Area Aggregate).
   - To run a report similar to a facility’s Other National Measures report, type F (One Facility) and press Enter.

4. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen (Figure 6-35).

All facilities that have uploaded their data files for the selected time period are displayed. Any CHS-only facility is marked with a plus sign (+) after its name.
5. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

- To view multiple pages:
  - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
  - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

- To select facilities to include in your report:
  - To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
  - To select specific facilities, type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.
  - To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).
    After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

- To remove (unselect) a facility, type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.
  All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk before their corresponding numbers.

6. To save your selected facilities, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

7. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
- D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
- B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).
6.2.5.2  Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report, User-Defined Report Option

Figure 6-51: Area Office Options menu: selecting the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report (AEO) (Step 1)

1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type AEO and press Enter.

Figure 6-52: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: selecting the User-defined Report option (Step 2)

2. At the “Select a Report Option” prompt, type U and press Enter to display the following information about the report:

This will produce an Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide: 1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, and 3) the beneficiary/classification of the patients.

Select one of the following:

1  January 1 - December 31
Figure 6-53: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: selecting a date range (Steps 3 and 4)

3. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

4. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.
   The date ranges you have selected for the report are displayed, including the Report Period (current), the Previous Year Period, and the Baseline Period.

Figure 6-54: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: selecting the beneficiary population (Step 5)

5. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:
   - 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
   - 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
   - 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.
The date ranges for this report are:

Report Period:           Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period:    Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
Baseline Period:         Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

Beneficiary Population is set to American Indian/Alaskan Native Only.

Select one of the following:

A       AREA Aggregate
F       One Facility

Run Report for: A// A <Enter> AREA Aggregate

Figure 6-55: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: selecting report facilities (Step 6)

6. At the “Run Report for” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To combine data for all sites, press Enter to accept the default “A” (Area Aggregate).
   • To run a report for a single facility, type F and press Enter.

You will now be able to select which sites to use in the area aggregate/facility report.

Press Enter to Continue :<Enter>

Figure 6-56: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report (Step 7)

7. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen, as in the following example.

```
AREA AGGREGATE SITE SELECTION Jul 08, 2011 12:59          Page:   1 of    1
Area Aggregate Site Selection
* indicates the site has been selected
+ after the facility name denotes a CHS Only Site
#    SU         FACILITY       BEG DATE  END DATE  BASE BEG  BASE END  DATE RUN
*1) DEMO SU A   FACILITY A     07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11
*2) DEMO SU B   FACILITY B     07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11
*3) DEMO SU C   FACILITY C     07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11
*4) DEMO SU D   FACILITY D     07/01/10  06/30/11  07/01/99  06/30/00  07/08/11

Enter ?? for more actions
A    Area Aggregate   All Facilities    R    Remove (unselect) Facility
S    Select Facility                    Q    Quit
Select Action:+// Q <Enter> Quit
```

Figure 6-57: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: selecting facilities (Step 8)

8. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   • To view multiple pages:
To select facilities to include in your report:

- To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
- To select specific facilities, type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.
- To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).

After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

- To remove (unselect) a facility, type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.

All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk (*) before their corresponding numbers.

9. To save your selected facilities, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

10. The system displays the name of an export file and its location, as in the following example:

A file will be created called CRSEONT1505901201106300000000020110619092914_000002.TXT and will reside in the Q:\ directory. This file can be used in Excel.

Figure 6-58: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: export file name and location display (Step 9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Select one of the following:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Print Report on Printer or Screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Both a Printed Report and Delimited File</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select an Output Option: P// P <Enter> Print Report on Printer or Screen

Figure 6-59: Running the Area EO Quality Transparency Measures Report: selecting output option (Step 10)

10. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:

- P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
• **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.

• **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2 (Page 78).

6.2.5.3 Report Content

The Area Aggregate EO Quality Transparency Measures Report contains the following sections:

• Cover page

• EO Quality Transparency Measure Topics

• EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Summary

• EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Detail

An example of the cover page, clinical performance summary, and clinical performance detail sections of the report follows.

6.2.5.4 Cover Page

Both the printed and delimited reports include a cover page displaying a list of all facilities and the communities of each facility that are included in the report data. The report data is aggregated for each measure.
At the end of the report are the EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Summary and EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Detail sections, as described below.

6.2.5.5 EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Summary

The EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Summary section lists the Area Office aggregate performance measure rates for the Report Period, Previous Year Period, and Baseline Period, as well as the National 2009 performance and the HEDIS or JCAHO rates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Taxonomy Name: Facility B’s GPRA Communities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 1     COMMUNITY 2     COMMUNITY 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 4     COMMUNITY 5     COMMUNITY 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 7     COMMUNITY 8     COMMUNITY 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 10    COMMUNITY 11    COMMUNITY 12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Taxonomy Name: Facility C’s GPRA Communities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 1     COMMUNITY 2     COMMUNITY 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 4     COMMUNITY 5     COMMUNITY 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 7     COMMUNITY 8     COMMUNITY 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 10    COMMUNITY 11    COMMUNITY 12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Taxonomy Name: Facility D’s GPRA Communities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 1     COMMUNITY 2     COMMUNITY 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 4     COMMUNITY 5     COMMUNITY 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 7     COMMUNITY 8     COMMUNITY 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 10    COMMUNITY 11    COMMUNITY 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMUNITY 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunizations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL Control (&lt;100)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza 50-64 w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza 65+ w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumovax 65+ w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RESPIRATORY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Current Year</th>
<th>Previous Year</th>
<th>Baseline Year</th>
<th>National 2009</th>
<th>HEDIS or JCAHO**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asthma w/ Preferred Meds</td>
<td>88.9%</td>
<td>71.4%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
<td>81.8%</td>
<td>86.9% HMCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAP w/02 Asmt</td>
<td>44.2%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>73.6%</td>
<td>99.7% JCO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAP w/Refusal 02 Asmt</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAP w/o 02 Asmt</td>
<td>48.1%</td>
<td>91.7%</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
<td>26.4%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Current Year</th>
<th>Previous Year</th>
<th>Baseline Year</th>
<th>National 2009</th>
<th>HEDIS or JCAHO**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Persistent BB after AMI</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>62.0% HMCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male Persistent of BB</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female Persistent of BB</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTN w/BP Assessed</td>
<td>99.0%</td>
<td>92.0%</td>
<td>93.4%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTN w/BP &lt;140/90</td>
<td>37.0%</td>
<td>36.0%</td>
<td>33.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>53.4% HMCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atr Fib w/ Anticoag</td>
<td>29.4%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>83.3%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atr Fib w/Refusal Anticoag</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 6-61: Example of the Area Aggregate EO Quality Transparency Measures Report, Clinical Performance Summary Section, Page 1**

---

*** IHS 2011 Executive Order Quality Transparency Measures Report ***

CRS 2011, Version 11.0

AREA AGGREGATE

Report Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011
Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010
Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000

EO QUALITY TRANSPARENCY MEASURES CLINICAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Current Year</th>
<th>Previous Year</th>
<th>Baseline Year</th>
<th>National 2009</th>
<th>HEDIS or JCAHO**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Atr Fib w/o Anticoag</td>
<td>64.7%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVD w/LDL Assessment</td>
<td>96.7%</td>
<td>80.0%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>76.3% HMCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVD w/LDL &lt;100</td>
<td>36.7%</td>
<td>44.0%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>38.3% HMCD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Represents national rates as of November 17, 2009 for all federal, one Navajo tribal facility, six Oklahoma tribal facilities, and four Portland tribal facilities.

**The rates shown in the "HEDIS or JCAHO" column represent the most recent rate available, which may be different from the CRS report period. The abbreviations after the rate represent: HMCD-HEDIS Medicaid, HCOM-HEDIS

---
### 6.2.5.6 EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Detail

The EO Quality Transparency Measures Clinical Performance Detail section shows the performance measure rates by each facility within the area.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Nat'l</th>
<th>HEDIS or JCAHO**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>DIABETES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor A1c Control (&gt;9.0)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BP Control (&lt;140/90)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDL Control (&lt;100)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IMMUNIZATIONS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza 50-64 w/ IZ/Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY D</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Contraindication/NMI Refusal</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY A</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY B</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>999999 FACILITY C</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td>X.X%</td>
<td>XX.X%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.2.6 Area Elder Care Report (AELD)

Use the Area Elder Care Report (AELD) option to produce an Area-Office-wide Elder Care Report. This report may be aggregated only from report files for which all Elder Care measures were included. This report aggregates all data files received to date from facilities, and reports the total Area-Office-wide numbers.

The Area Elder Care report is different from the National GPRA & PART Report, as it can be run for different types of user populations:

- AI/AN only
- Non-AI/AN
- Both (i.e., the entire population)

This report can also be run for different date ranges, whereas the National GPRA & PART Report uses only predefined date ranges. Patient lists are not included in the Area Aggregate report.

**Note:** To run the Area Aggregate Elder Care Report, the data uploaded from the facilities must have the same report period, baseline period, and patient population.

To run the Area Elder Care report, follow these steps:
1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt type AELD and press Enter.

```
2011 Area Aggregate Elder Care Clinical Performance Measure Report

This will produce an Elder Care Performance Measure Report for all ELDER measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide:
1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, and 3) the beneficiary/classification of the patients.

There are 27 topics in the Elder Care Measure Report.

Select one of the following:

1 January 1 - December 31
2 April 1 - March 31
3 July 1 - June 30
4 October 1 - September 30
5 User defined date range

Enter the date range for your report: 1 <Enter> January 1 - December 31

Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 2011
Enter Year: 2011 <Enter> (2011)

Enter the Baseline Year to compare data to.
Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 1999, 2000
Enter Year (e.g. 2000): 2000 <Enter> (2000)

The date ranges for this report are:
Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
Previous Year Period: Jan 01, 2010 to Dec 31, 2010
Baseline Period: Jan 01, 2000 to Dec 31, 2000
```

2. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

3. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.
4. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:
   - 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
   - 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
   - 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

5. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen.

6. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To view multiple pages:
     - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
     - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.
   - To select facilities to include in your report:
     - To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
     - To select specific facilities, type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.
     - To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).
       After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.
     - To remove (unselect) a facility, type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.
       All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk (*) before their corresponding numbers.
   - To save your selected facilities, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.
8. The system displays the name of an export file and its location, as in the following example:

9. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
   - **P** (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
   - **D** (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
   - **B** (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

6.2.7 AREA Patient Education Report with Community Specified (APCM)

| CI11 | AO | APCM |

Use the Area Patient Education Report with Community Specified (APCM) option to produce an Area-wide Patient Education with Community Specified Report. This report may only be aggregated from report files for which all patient education measures were included. This report aggregates all data files received to date from facilities, and reports the total Area-wide numbers.

The Area Patient Education with Community Specified Report is different from the National GPRA & PART Report, as it can be run for different types of user populations:
   - AI/AN only,
   - Non-AI/AN
   - Both (i.e., the entire population)

It can also be run for different date ranges, whereas the National GPRA & PART Report uses only predefined date ranges. Patient lists are not included in the Area Aggregate report.

**Note:** To run the Area Aggregate Patient Education with Community Specified Report, the data uploaded from the facilities must have the same report period, baseline period, and patient population.

To run the Area Patient Education with Community Specified Report, follow these steps:
**   IHS/RPMS CRS 2011   **
** Area Office Options  **
*************************************************************

Version 11.0

DEMO INDIAN HOSPITAL

UPL   Upload Report Files from Site
AGP   AREA National GPRA & PART Report
ASUM  AREA National GPRA & PART Report Perf Summaries
GPUA  AREA GPRA & PART Performance Report
AONM  AREA Other National Measures Report
AEO   AREA EO Quality Transparency Measures Report
AELD  AREA Elder Care Report
APCM  AREA Patient Education Rpt w/Community Specified
AHW   AREA Height and Weight Data File
LSTF  List files in a directory

Select Area Options Option: **APCM** <Enter>  Run AREA Patient Education Report

Figure 6-67: Area Office Options menu: selecting the Area Patient Education with Community Specified Report (APCM) (Step 1)

1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type APCM and press Enter.

IHS 2011 Area Aggregate Patient Education Report

This will produce an area aggregate report for all Patient Education measures for a year period you specify. You will be asked to provide:
1) the reporting period, 2) the baseline period to compare data to, and
3) the beneficiary/classification of the patients.

There are 7 topics in the Patient Education Measures Report.

Select one of the following:

1   January 1 - December 31
2   April 1 - March 31
3   July 1 - June 30
4   October 1 - September 30
5   User defined date range

Enter the date range for your report: 1  January 1 - December 31

Enter the Calendar Year for the report END date. Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 2011
Enter Year: **2011** <ENTER>

You have selected Current Report period Jan 01, 2011 through Dec 31, 2011. The end date of this report is in the future; your data will not be complete.

Do you want to change your Current Report Dates? N//N <ENTER>

Enter the Baseline Year to compare data to.
Use a 4 digit year, e.g. 1999, 2000
Enter Year (e.g. 2000): **2000** <ENTER>

The date ranges for this report are:
  Report Period: Jan 01, 2011 to Dec 31, 2011
2. At the “Enter the date range for your report” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To select a predefined date range, type the number corresponding to the date range you want (1, 2, 3, or 4) and press Enter.
     At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the calendar year of the report end date (for example, 2011) and press Enter.
   - To define a custom report period, type 5 and press Enter.
     At the “Enter End Date for the Report” prompt, type the end date in MM/DD/CCYY format (for example, 11/30/2011) and press Enter.

3. At the “Enter Year” prompt, type the four-digit baseline year and press Enter.

4. At the “Select Beneficiary Population to include in this report” prompt, type the number corresponding to the beneficiary (patient) population you want to include and press Enter, where:
   - 1 (Indian/Alaskan Native) reports only on AI/AN patients.
   - 2 (Not Indian Alaskan/Native) reports only on patients who are not AI/AN.
   - 3 (All) reports on your entire patient population.

5. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen.

6. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:
   - To view multiple pages:
     - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
     - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.
   - To select facilities to include in your report:
– To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
– To select specific facilities, type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.
– To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).

After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

• To remove (unselect) a facility, type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.

All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk (*) before their corresponding numbers.

7. To save your selected facilities, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.

8. The system displays the name of an export file and its location, as in the following example:

9. At the “Select an Output Option” prompt, type the letter corresponding to the type of output you want and press Enter, where:
   • P (Print) sends the report file to your printer, your screen, or an electronic file.
   • D (Delimited Output) produces an electronic delimited text file that can be imported into Excel or Word for additional formatting and data manipulations.
   • B (Both) produces both a printed report and a delimited file.

Detailed instructions for the Print and Delimited Output options are found in Step 12, Section 5.2.2.

6.2.8 Area Height and Weight File (AHW)

Use the Area Height and Weight File (AHW) option to produce an Area-wide delimited file containing unduplicated height and weight data for all active clinical patients through 65 years of age that are included in a National GPRA & PART Report.

This option combines all data files received to date from facilities and combines them into a single or multiple delimited files that should be exported to the National GPRA Support Team upon request by the Division of Epidemiology.
To run the Area Height and Weight Data File, follow these steps:

Figure 6-70: Area Office Options menu: selecting the Area Height and Weight Data File option (AHW) (Step 1)

1. At the “Select Area Options Option” prompt, type AHW and press Enter.
   
   The screen displays information about the file and date range that has been predefined for the report displayed. The date range uses the beginning date of the current report period through the end date of the current report period for the National GPRA & PART Report.

   Figure 6-71: Running the Area Height and Weight Data File: displaying information about the file (Step 1)

2. Press Enter at the prompt to display the Area Aggregate Site Selection screen.

   Figure 6-72: Running the Area Height and Weight Data File: displaying information about the file (Step 1)
3. At the “Select Action” prompt, do one of the following:

- To view multiple pages:
  - Type a plus sign (+) and press Enter to view the next page.
  - Type a minus sign/hyphen (-) and press Enter to return to the previous page.

- To select facilities to include in your report:
  - To select all facilities, type A and press Enter.
  - To select specific facilities, type S and press Enter. At the “Which Facility” prompt, type the number(s) of the facility or facilities you want to select and press Enter.
  - To select multiple facilities, type a range (e.g., 1–4), a series of numbers (e.g., 1, 4, 5, 10), or a combination of ranges and numbers (e.g., 1–4, 8, 12).
    After pressing Enter, each selected facility is marked with an asterisk (*) before its number.

- To remove (unselect) a facility, type R and press Enter. At the “Which Facility(s)” prompt, type the number of the facility and press Enter.
  All selected facilities are marked with an asterisk (*) before their corresponding numbers.

4. To save your selected facilities, type Q (Quit) at the “Select Action” prompt and press Enter.
   A message is displayed with the number of facilities whose data will be included in the file.

A total of 2 facilities have been selected.
Do you wish to continue? Y// <Enter> YES

An Area wide Height/Weight Export file will be created. You can choose to create one file of data or multiple files of data. If you are planning to review this data using Microsoft Excel please keep in mind that Excel can only handle 65,536 records per file. If you are using this data for your own use and will be using Microsoft Excel to review the data you must choose to create multiple files. If you are creating this file to send to the Division of Epidemiology then you should select to create one file. If you want to both review and export your data you will need to run this option twice.
If you choose to create one file it will be called: CRSHW505901201007012009063020110611094104_001_of_001.TXT
and will reside in the Q:\ directory.
If you have multiple files generated they will all have the same name with the last 10 characters of the filename being a of the number of files (e.g. _001_of_003).
5. At the “Do you wish to continue” prompt, press Enter, or type N and press Enter to cancel.

A message is displayed informing you that you can create a single file containing all of the facilities’ height and weight data, or create multiple files in the event the number of records exceeds 65,536. The message also displays the name of the data file(s).

Select one of the following:

0    ONE File of data
M    MULTIPLE Files of data

Do you want to create one file or multiple files: M//O<Enter> ONE File of data

Writing out Ht/Wt file....

6. At the “Do you want to create one file or multiple files” prompt, type O (to create a single data file) or M (to create multiple data files) and press Enter.

If the number of records is less than or equal to 65,536, all records will be written to a single file. Otherwise, the appropriate number of files will be created so that each file contains a maximum of 65,536 records, including the file header.

After the files are created, send them to the National GPRA Support Team for forwarding to the IHS Division of Epidemiology.

These files may also be used locally and can be opened in Excel.

**Note:** There is no print output option for this data file.

### 6.3 List Files in a Directory (LSTF)

**CI11 > AO > LSTF**

The List Files in a Directory (LSTF) option enables Area Office technical staff to view a list of FileMan files transmitted by facilities to the Area Office for aggregation. This list does not indicate whether the file has been uploaded into CRS.
Only FileMan data files created by CRS 2011 (BGP v11.0) are listed. File names begin with “BG11,” followed by the six-digit ASUFAC code for the facility that created and transmitted the file.

Files with the following extensions are listed:

- .EL—Elder Care Reports
- .EO—Executive Order Reports
- .ONM—Other National Measures Reports
- .PED—Patient Education Reports

GPRA Performance Reports are treated the same as National GPRA Reports and will be displayed with them if they have a report period of July 1, 2010–June 30, 2011, a baseline year of 2000, and a population of AI/AN. These reports only have numbers in the file name extension.

To view the list of files transmitted for aggregation, follow these steps:

1. At the “Select Area Office Options Option” prompt, type **LSTF** and press Enter.
2. At the “Enter directory path” prompt, type the appropriate directory name and press Enter.
   
   The directory name is the Area Office network directory to which the facility’s data files were sent via FTP when the facility ran the requested national performance report.

3. A list of files is displayed. For example, the first seven files shown in Figure 6-74 are all National GPRA & PART/GPRA & PART Performance Report files.

---

This option is used to list all CRS 2011 files that are in a directory. These files begin with BG11. You must specify the directory in which the CRS 2011 data files reside.

Enter directory path (i.e. /usr/spool/uucppublic/): q:\

The following CRS 2011 files reside in the q:\ directory.

- BG11355901.50
- BG11355901.52
- BG11355901.54
- BG11355901.57
- BG11355901.59
- BG11355901.60
- BG11355901.63
- BG11355901.EL85
- BG11355901.EL86
- BG11355901.EL87
- BG11355901.EO28
- BG11355901.EO29
- BG11355901.HE56
- BG11355901.HE57
- BG11355901.HE58
- BG11355901.ONM56
Figure 6-74: Running the List Files in a Directory option (LSTF): displaying CRS data files

4. At the “Enter RETURN to continue or ‘^’ to exit” prompt, press Enter to return to the Area Office Options menu.
Appendix A: RPMS Rules of Behavior

The Resource and Patient Management (RPMS) system is a United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Indian Health Service (IHS) information system that is FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY. The RPMS system is subject to monitoring; therefore, no expectation of privacy shall be assumed. Individuals found performing unauthorized activities are subject to disciplinary action including criminal prosecution.

All users (Contractors and IHS Employees) of RPMS will be provided a copy of the Rules of Behavior (RoB) and must acknowledge that they have received and read them prior to being granted access to a RPMS system, in accordance IHS policy.

- For a listing of general ROB for all users, see the most recent edition of *IHS General User Security Handbook* (SOP 06-11a).
- For a listing of system administrators/managers rules, see the most recent edition of the *IHS Technical and Managerial Handbook* (SOP 06-11b).

Both documents are available at this IHS Web site: http://security.ihs.gov/.

The ROB listed in the following sections are specific to RPMS.

A.1 All RPMS Users

In addition to these rules, each application may include additional RoBs that may be defined within the documentation of that application (e.g., Dental, Pharmacy).

A.1.1 Access

RPMS users shall

- Only use data for which you have been granted authorization.
- Only give information to personnel who have access authority and have a need to know.
- Always verify a caller’s identification and job purpose with your supervisor or the entity provided as employer before providing any type of information system access, sensitive information, or nonpublic agency information.
- Be aware that personal use of information resources is authorized on a limited basis within the provisions *Indian Health Manual* Part 8, “Information Resources Management,” Chapter 6, “Limited Personal Use of Information Technology Resources.”
RPMS users shall not

- Retrieve information for someone who does not have authority to access the information.
- Access, research, or change any user account, file, directory, table, or record not required to perform their official duties.
- Store sensitive files on a PC hard drive, or portable devices or media, if access to the PC or files cannot be physically or technically limited.
- Exceed their authorized access limits in RPMS by changing information or searching databases beyond the responsibilities of their jobs or by divulging information to anyone not authorized to know that information.

A.1.2 Information Accessibility

RPMS shall restrict access to information based on the type and identity of the user. However, regardless of the type of user, access shall be restricted to the minimum level necessary to perform the job.

RPMS users shall

- Access only those documents they created and those other documents to which they have a valid need-to-know and to which they have specifically granted access through an RPMS application based on their menus (job roles), keys, and FileMan access codes. Some users may be afforded additional privileges based on the functions they perform, such as system administrator or application administrator.
- Acquire a written preauthorization in accordance with IHS policies and procedures prior to interconnection to or transferring data from RPMS.

A.1.3 Accountability

RPMS users shall

- Behave in an ethical, technically proficient, informed, and trustworthy manner.
- Log out of the system whenever they leave the vicinity of their personal computers (PCs).
- Be alert to threats and vulnerabilities in the security of the system.
- Report all security incidents to their local Information System Security Officer (ISSO)
- Differentiate tasks and functions to ensure that no one person has sole access to or control over important resources.
• Protect all sensitive data entrusted to them as part of their government employment.
• Abide by all Department and Agency policies and procedures and guidelines related to ethics, conduct, behavior, and information technology (IT) information processes.

A.1.4 Confidentiality
RPMS users shall
• Be aware of the sensitivity of electronic and hard copy information, and protect it accordingly.
• Store hard copy reports/storage media containing confidential information in a locked room or cabinet.
• Erase sensitive data on storage media prior to reusing or disposing of the media.
• Protect all RPMS terminals from public viewing at all times.
• Abide by all Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) regulations to ensure patient confidentiality.

RPMS users shall not
• Allow confidential information to remain on the PC screen when someone who is not authorized to that data is in the vicinity.
• Store sensitive files on a portable device or media without encrypting.

A.1.5 Integrity
RPMS users shall
• Protect their systems against viruses and similar malicious programs.
• Observe all software license agreements.
• Follow industry standard procedures for maintaining and managing RPMS hardware, operating system software, application software, and/or database software and database tables.
• Comply with all copyright regulations and license agreements associated with RPMS software.

RPMS users shall not
• Violate federal copyright laws.
• Install or use unauthorized software within the system libraries or folders.
• Use freeware, shareware, or public domain software on/with the system without
their manager’s written permission and without scanning it for viruses first.

A.1.6 System Logon
RPMS users shall
• Have a unique User Identification/Account name and password.
• Be granted access based on authenticating the account name and password
entered.
• Be locked out of an account after five successive failed login attempts within a
specified time period (e.g., one hour).

A.1.7 Passwords
RPMS users shall
• Change passwords a minimum of every 90 days.
• Create passwords with a minimum of eight characters.
• If the system allows, use a combination of alpha-numeric characters for
passwords, with at least one uppercase letter, one lower case letter, and one
number. It is recommended, if possible, that a special character also be used in the
password.
• Change vendor-supplied passwords immediately.
• Protect passwords by committing them to memory or store them in a safe place
(do not store passwords in login scripts or batch files).
• Change passwords immediately if password has been seen, guessed, or otherwise
compromised, and report the compromise or suspected compromise to their ISSO.
• Keep user identifications (IDs) and passwords confidential.

RPMS users shall not
• Use common words found in any dictionary as a password.
• Use obvious readable passwords or passwords that incorporate personal data
elements (e.g., user’s name, date of birth, address, telephone number, or social
security number; names of children or spouses; favorite band, sports team, or
automobile; or other personal attributes).
• Share passwords/IDs with anyone or accept the use of another’s password/ID,
even if offered.
• Reuse passwords. A new password must contain no more than five characters per
eight characters from the previous password.
• Post passwords.
• Keep a password list in an obvious place, such as under keyboards, in desk drawers, or in any other location where it might be disclosed.
• Give a password out over the phone.

A.1.8 Backups
RPMS users shall
• Plan for contingencies such as physical disasters, loss of processing, and disclosure of information by preparing alternate work strategies and system recovery mechanisms.
• Make backups of systems and files on a regular, defined basis.
• If possible, store backups away from the system in a secure environment.

A.1.9 Reporting
RPMS users shall
• Contact and inform their ISSO that they have identified an IT security incident and begin the reporting process by providing an IT Incident Reporting Form regarding this incident.
• Report security incidents as detailed in the IHS Incident Handling Guide (SOP 05-03).
RPMS users shall not
• Assume that someone else has already reported an incident. The risk of an incident going unreported far outweighs the possibility that an incident gets reported more than once.

A.1.10 Session Timeouts
RPMS system implements system-based timeouts that back users out of a prompt after no more than 5 minutes of inactivity.

RPMS users shall
• Utilize a screen saver with password protection set to suspend operations at no greater than 10 minutes of inactivity. This will prevent inappropriate access and viewing of any material displayed on the screen after some period of inactivity.
A.1.11 Hardware
RPMS users shall

- Avoid placing system equipment near obvious environmental hazards (e.g., water pipes).
- Keep an inventory of all system equipment.
- Keep records of maintenance/repairs performed on system equipment.

RPMS users shall not

- Eat or drink near system equipment.

A.1.12 Awareness
RPMS users shall

- Participate in organization-wide security training as required.
- Read and adhere to security information pertaining to system hardware and software.
- Take the annual information security awareness.
- Read all applicable RPMS manuals for the applications used in their jobs.

A.1.13 Remote Access
Each subscriber organization establishes its own policies for determining which employees may work at home or in other remote workplace locations. Any remote work arrangement should include policies that

- Are in writing.
- Provide authentication of the remote user through the use of ID and password or other acceptable technical means.
- Outline the work requirements and the security safeguards and procedures the employee is expected to follow.
- Ensure adequate storage of files, removal, and nonrecovery of temporary files created in processing sensitive data, virus protection, and intrusion detection, and provide physical security for government equipment and sensitive data.
- Establish mechanisms to back up data created and/or stored at alternate work locations.
Remote RPMS users shall

- Remotely access RPMS through a virtual private network (VPN) whenever possible. Use of direct dial in access must be justified and approved in writing and its use secured in accordance with industry best practices or government procedures.

Remote RPMS users shall not

- Disable any encryption established for network, internet, and Web browser communications.

### A.2 RPMS Developers

RPMS developers shall

- Always be mindful of protecting the confidentiality, availability, and integrity of RPMS when writing or revising code.
- Always follow the IHS RPMS Programming Standards and Conventions (SAC) when developing for RPMS.
- Only access information or code within the namespaces for which they have been assigned as part of their duties.
- Remember that all RPMS code is the property of the U.S. Government, not the developer.
- Not access live production systems without obtaining appropriate written access, and shall only retain that access for the shortest period possible to accomplish the task that requires the access.
- Observe separation of duties policies and procedures to the fullest extent possible.
- Document or comment all changes to any RPMS software at the time the change or update is made. Documentation shall include the programmer’s initials, date of change, and reason for the change.
- Use checksums or other integrity mechanism when releasing their certified applications to assure the integrity of the routines within their RPMS applications.
- Follow industry best standards for systems they are assigned to develop or maintain, and abide by all Department and Agency policies and procedures.
- Document and implement security processes whenever available.

RPMS developers shall not

- Write any code that adversely impacts RPMS, such as backdoor access, “Easter eggs,” time bombs, or any other malicious code or make inappropriate comments within the code, manuals, or help frames.
• Grant any user or system administrator access to RPMS unless proper
documentation is provided.
• Release any sensitive agency or patient information.

A.3 Privileged Users
Personnel who have significant access to processes and data in RPMS, such as,
system security administrators, systems administrators, and database administrators,
have added responsibilities to ensure the secure operation of RPMS.

Privileged RPMS users shall
• Verify that any user requesting access to any RPMS system has completed the
  appropriate access request forms.
• Ensure that government personnel and contractor personnel understand and
  comply with license requirements. End users, supervisors, and functional
  managers are ultimately responsible for this compliance.
• Advise the system owner on matters concerning information technology security.
• Assist the system owner in developing security plans, risk assessments, and
  supporting documentation for the certification and accreditation process.
• Ensure that any changes to RPMS that affect contingency and disaster recovery
  plans are conveyed to the person responsible for maintaining continuity of
  operations plans.
• Ensure that adequate physical and administrative safeguards are operational
  within their areas of responsibility and that access to information and data is
  restricted to authorized personnel on a need-to-know basis.
• Verify that users have received appropriate security training before allowing
  access to RPMS.
• Implement applicable security access procedures and mechanisms, incorporate
  appropriate levels of system auditing, and review audit logs.
• Document and investigate known or suspected security incidents or violations and
  report them to the ISSO, Chief Information Security Officer (CISO), and systems
  owner.
• Protect the supervisor, superuser, or system administrator passwords.
• Avoid instances where the same individual has responsibility for several functions
  (i.e., transaction entry and transaction approval).
• Watch for unscheduled, unusual, and unauthorized programs.
• Help train system users on the appropriate use and security of the system.
• Establish protective controls to ensure the accountability, integrity, confidentiality, and availability of the system.

• Replace passwords when a compromise is suspected. Delete user accounts as quickly as possible from the time that the user is no longer authorized system. Passwords forgotten by their owner should be replaced, not reissued.

• Terminate user accounts when a user transfers or has been terminated. If the user has authority to grant authorizations to others, review these other authorizations. Retrieve any devices used to gain access to the system or equipment. Cancel logon IDs and passwords, and delete or reassign related active and backup files.

• Use a suspend program to prevent an unauthorized user from logging on with the current user’s ID if the system is left on and unattended.

• Verify the identity of the user when resetting passwords. This can be done either in person or having the user answer a question that can be compared to one in the administrator’s database.

• Shall follow industry best standards for systems they are assigned to, and abide by all Department and Agency policies and procedures.

Privileged RPMS users shall not

• Access any files, records, systems, etc., that are not explicitly needed to perform their duties.

• Grant any user or system administrator access to RPMS unless proper documentation is provided.

• Release any sensitive agency or patient information.
**Appendix B: FY09–FY11 GPRA Measures**

The tables displayed in the following pages provide definitions, Headquarters leads or “owners,” data sources for performance measure reporting, and performance targets for each GPRA performance measure.

**Note:** Measures 15 (Diabetic Dental), 22 (Customer Satisfaction), 37 (Consultation Process), 38 (CHS Procurement Improvement), 39 (Public Health Infrastructure) 40 (Compliance Plans), and 41 (Tribal SD Process) were completed prior to 2006 and have been removed from the matrix. 19 (Urban) removed 1/2006 due to elimination of program funding.


### B.1.1 Treatment Measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>FY 2009 Target</th>
<th>FY 2010 Target</th>
<th>FY 2011 Target</th>
<th>Measure Lead</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes Group</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>1. Diabetes: Poor Glycemic Control:</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Proportion of patients with diagnosed</td>
<td>Achieve target rate</td>
<td>Achieve target rate</td>
<td>Achieve target rate</td>
<td>Kelly Acton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diabetes with poor glycemic control (A1c</td>
<td>of 18% (19% audit)</td>
<td>of 16% (Audit target</td>
<td>of 18.0% (Audit target</td>
<td>OCPS/DDTP, 505-248-4182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 9.5). [outcome]</td>
<td><strong>Result: 18% (19% Audit) Met</strong></td>
<td>19%)</td>
<td>19%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Diabetes: Ideal Glycemic Control:</td>
<td>Achieve target rate</td>
<td>Achieve target rate</td>
<td>Achieve target rate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proportion of patients with diagnosed</td>
<td>of 30% (39% audit)</td>
<td>of 33% (Audit target</td>
<td>of 32.8% (Audit target</td>
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<tr>
<td>diabetes with ideal glycemic control (A1c</td>
<td><strong>Result: 31% (36% Audit) Met</strong></td>
<td>36%)</td>
<td>36%)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>&lt; 7.0). [outcome]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>FY 2009 Target</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Diabetes: Blood Pressure Control: Proportion of patients with diagnosed diabetes that have achieved blood pressure control (&lt;130/80). [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 36% (36% audit)</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 40% (Audit target 36%)</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 39.0% (Audit target 36%)</td>
<td>Kelly Acton OCPS/DDTP, 505-248-4182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: 37% (36% Audit) Met</td>
<td>Result: 38% (39% Audit) Not Met</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Diabetes: LDL Assessment: Proportion of patients with diagnosed diabetes assessed for dyslipidemia (LDL cholesterol). [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 60% (75% audit)</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 69% (Audit target 74%)</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 68.7% (Audit target 74%)</td>
<td>Kelly Acton OCPS/DDTP, 505-248-4182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: 65% (74% Audit) Met</td>
<td>Result: 67% (76% Audit) Not Met</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: 50% Met</td>
<td>Result: 55% (35% Audit) Met</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. Diabetic Retinopathy: Proportion of patients with diagnosed diabetes who receive an annual retinal examination. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 47%</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 55% (57% Audit)</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 54.4%</td>
<td>Mark Horton, PIMC 602-263-1200, ext 2217 602-820-7654 (c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: 51% Met</td>
<td>Result: 53% (57% Audit) Not Met</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### TREATMENT MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
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<th>FY 2010 Target</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cancer Screening Group</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Cancer Screening: Pap Smear Rates: Proportion of eligible women who have had a Pap screen within the previous three years. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 59% Result: 59% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 60% Result: 59% Not Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 60.5%</td>
<td>Carolyn Aoyama, DNS/OCPS, 301-443-1840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Cancer Screening: Mammogram Rates: Proportion of eligible women who have had mammography screening within the previous two years. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 45% Result: 45% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 47% Result: 48% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 50.9%</td>
<td>Carolyn Aoyama, DNS/OCPS, 301-443-1840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Cancer Screening: Colorectal Rates: Proportion of eligible patients who have had appropriate colorectal cancer screening. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 29% Result: 33% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 36% Result: 37% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 39.8%</td>
<td>Don Haverkamp, NCCDPHP 505-248-4422</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral Health Group</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Topical Fluorides: Number of AI/AN patients receiving one or more topical fluoride. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target count of 114,716 patients receiving topical fluoride Result: 136,794 patients Met</td>
<td>Achieve target count of 136,978 patients receiving topical fluoride Result: 141,181 patients Met</td>
<td>Achieve target count of 147,236 patients receiving topical fluoride</td>
<td>Patrick Blahut, OCPS/DOH, 301-443-1106</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## TREATMENT MEASURES

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<tr>
<td><strong>Quality of Care Group</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>10. RTC Improvement/ Accreditation</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 100% accreditation</td>
<td>Achieve a 100% accreditation rate</td>
<td>Achieve a 100% accreditation rate</td>
<td>Danny Ukestine, OCPS/DBH, 301-443-4754</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Accreditation: Percent of hospitals and outpatient clinics accredited (excluding tribal and urban facilities). [output]</td>
<td>Maintain 100% accreditation rate</td>
<td>Maintain 100% accreditation rate</td>
<td>Maintain 100% accreditation rate</td>
<td>Balerma Burgess, ORAP/BOE, 301-443-1016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Patient Safety: Development and deployment of patient safety measurement system [efficiency] In FY 2010 changes to: Percent of patient falls in an IHS-funded facility in persons age 65 and older as a result of taking high risk medication.</td>
<td>Deploy system to 10 additional sites (84 sites)</td>
<td>Baseline Result: Pending</td>
<td>Discontinued</td>
<td>Sheila Warren, OCPS 301-443-9058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42. Scholarships: Proportion of Health Profession Scholarship recipients placed in Indian health settings within 90 days of graduation. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve the target rate of 69%</td>
<td>Increase the rate to 75% (6% over the FY 2009 target rate of 69%)</td>
<td>Increase the rate to 78% (3% over the FY 2010 target rate of 75%)</td>
<td>Carmen Clelland, OPHS, 301-443-2361</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### B.1.2 Prevention Measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING Measure</strong></td>
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</table>

**Immunization Group**

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Measure Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24. Childhood Immunizations</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 78% Result: 79% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 80% Result: 79% Not Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 81.0%</td>
<td>Amy Groom/ Jim Cheek, OPHS/Epi, 505-248-4226 Cheryl Peterson, OCPS 301-443-1870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. Adult Immunizations</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 62% Result: 59% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 60% Result: 62% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 63.5%</td>
<td>Amy Groom/ Jim Cheek, OPHS/Epi, 505-248-4226 Cheryl Peterson, OCPS 301-443-1870</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## PREVENTION MEASURES

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26. Adult Immunizations: Pneumovax: Pneumococcal vaccination rates among adult patients age 65 years and older. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 82% Result: 82% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 83% Result: 84% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 86.1%</td>
<td>Amy Groom/ Jim Cheek, OPHS/Epi, 505-248-4226 Cheryl Peterson, OCPS 301-443-1870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Injury Intervention (Motor Vehicle Injuries): Occupant protection restraint use. [outcome] This measure will be discontinued as of FY 2011.</td>
<td>1 pilot site (implementing a comprehensive intervention designed to increase restraint use) per Area Result: 1 pilot per Area Met</td>
<td>New Surveys based on FY 2009 Intervention Result: Pending</td>
<td>Discontinued</td>
<td>Nancy Bill, OEHE/DEHS, 301-443-0105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. Suicide Surveillance: Increase the incidence of suicidal behavior reporting by health care (or mental health) professionals [output]</td>
<td>Increase the number of suicidal behavior report forms completed and submitted to 1,678 Result: 1,687 Met</td>
<td>Increase the number of suicidal behavior report forms completed and submitted to 1,700 Result: 1,908 Met</td>
<td>Increase the number of suicidal behavior report forms completed and submitted to 1,726</td>
<td>Rose Weahkee, OCPS/DBH, 301-443-2038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>FY 2009 Target</td>
<td>FY 2010 Target</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>11. Alcohol Screening (FAS Prevention):</strong> Alcohol use screening (to prevent Fetal Alcohol Syndrome) among appropriate female patients. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 47% Result: 52% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 55% Result: 55% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 56.1%</td>
<td>Danny Ukestine, OCPS/DBH, 301-443-4754</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>16. Domestic (Intimate Partner) Violence Screening:</strong>* Proportion of women who are screened for domestic violence at health care facilities. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 42% Result: 48% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 53% Result: 53% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 57.3%</td>
<td>Denise Grenier, ITSC, Tucson, 520-670-4865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>18. Depression Screening:</strong> Proportion of adults ages 18 and over who are screened for depression. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 35% Result: 44% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 53% Result: 52% Not Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 56.3%</td>
<td>Bryan Wooden, OCPS/DBH, 301-443-2038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>30. CVD Prevention: Comprehensive Assessment:</strong> Proportion of active IHD patients who have a comprehensive assessment for all CVD-related risk factors. [outcome]</td>
<td>Maintain at the FY 2008 target rate of 30% Result: 32% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 33% Result: 35% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 35.8%</td>
<td>Mark Veazie, IHS/PHX, 928-214-3920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>31. Childhood Weight Control:</strong> Proportion of children ages 2-5 years with a BMI at the 95th percentile or higher. [outcome]</td>
<td>Long-term measure as of FY 2009 Result: N/A</td>
<td>Long Term target–24% Result: 25% Not Met</td>
<td>Long-term measure, not reported in FY 2011.</td>
<td>Tammy Brown OCPS/DDTP, 505-248-4182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>32. Tobacco Cessation Intervention:</strong> Proportion of tobacco-using patients that receive tobacco cessation intervention [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve the target rate of 21% Result: 24% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 27% Result: 25% Not Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 25.7%</td>
<td>Dayle Knutson, ABR/WNB 605-462-6155</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### PREVENTION MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Measure</th>
<th>FY 2009 Target</th>
<th>FY 2010 Target</th>
<th>FY 2011 Target</th>
<th>Measure Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>HIV/AIDS Measure</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. HIV Screening: Proportion of pregnant women screened for HIV. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 75% Result: 76% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 77% Result: 78% Met</td>
<td>Achieve target rate of 79.9%</td>
<td>Scott Giberson, OCPS, 301-443-4644</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental Surveillance Measure</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>34. Environmental Surveillance: Identification and control of environmental health risk factors. [output]</td>
<td>3 interventions (to address one risk factor identified in 2008) per Area Result: 3 Interventions/Area Met</td>
<td>New surveys based on FY 2009 Interventions Result: 12 Areas completed new surveys Met</td>
<td>Discontinued</td>
<td>Kelly Taylor, OEHE/DEHS, 301-443-1593</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### B.1.3 Capital Programming/Infrastructure Measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAPITAL PROGRAMMING/INFRASTRUCTURE MEASURES</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Performance Measure</td>
<td>FY 2009 Target</td>
<td>FY 2010 Target</td>
<td>FY 2011 Target</td>
<td>Measure Lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Sanitation Improvement: Number of new or like-new AI/AN homes and existing homes provided with sanitation facilities. [outcome]</td>
<td>Provide sanitation facilities to 37,500 homes Result: 45,325 Met</td>
<td>Provide sanitation facilities to 21,811 homes Result: 18,639 Not Met</td>
<td>Provide sanitation facilities to 21,500 homes</td>
<td>Ronald Ferguson, OEHE/DSFC, 301-443-1046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35A. Sanitation Improvement: Percentage of existing homes served by the program at Deficiency Level 4 or above as defined by 25 USC 1632. [outcome]</td>
<td>Achieve the proportion of homes at Deficiency Level 4 or above that are provided sanitation facilities at the target rate of 43% Result: 32% Not Met</td>
<td>Achieve the proportion of homes at Deficiency Level 4 or above that are provided sanitation facilities at the target rate of 37% Result: Pending</td>
<td>Achieve the proportion of homes at Deficiency Level 4 or above that are provided sanitation facilities at the target rate of 37%</td>
<td>Ronald Ferguson, OEHE/DFSC, 301-443-1046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. Health Care Facility Construction: Number of Health Care Facilities Construction projects completed. [efficiency]</td>
<td>1 project Result: 1 project Met</td>
<td>1 project Result: 1 project Met</td>
<td>1 project</td>
<td>Jose Cuzme, OEHE/DFPC, 301-443-8616</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix C: Working with Delimited Files

For more reporting flexibility, such as rearranging report data in a different format or performing other types of calculations on report numbers, select the “Create delimited output file” report output option.

**Note:** This option is particularly useful for manipulating pages of patient lists, enabling users to sort the lists by any column they want.

For detailed instructions on running a specific report, see Section 5.0, “Reports and Patient Lists.”

C.1 Producing a Delimited File

After you have set the parameters of the report you want to create, CRS displays a summary of those parameters. The following figure uses the National GPRA & PART report as an example.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUMMARY OF NATIONAL GPRA &amp; PART REPORT TO BE GENERATED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The date ranges for this report are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporting Period: Jul 01, 2010 to Jun 30, 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous Year Period: Jul 01, 2009 to Jun 30, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline Period: Jul 01, 1999 to Jun 30, 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The COMMUNITY Taxonomy to be used is: DEMO GPRA COMMUNITIES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Please choose an output type. For an explanation of the delimited file please see the user manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select one of the following:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P Print Report on Printer or Screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Both a Printed Report and Delimited File</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select an Output Option: P// D &lt;Enter&gt; Create Delimited output file</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure C-1: Creating a delimited output file version of a report (Step 1)

1. After the Summary of the report you are creating is displayed, type D at the “Select an Output Option” prompt and press Enter.

When you select D to create a delimited file, you are prompted to print the delimited output to the screen, where you can capture the output or print the output to a file.
Select an Output Option: P/D <Enter> Create Delimited output file (for use in Excel)

You have selected to create a delimited output file. You can have this output file created as a text file in the pub directory, OR you can have the delimited output display on your screen so that you can do a file capture. Keep in mind that if you choose to do a screen capture you CANNOT Queue your report to run in the background!!

Select one of the following:
S SCREEN - delimited output will display on screen for capture
F FILE - delimited output will be written to a file in pub

Select output type: S/F <Enter> FILE - delimited output will be written to a file in pub
Enter a filename for the delimited output (no more than 40 characters): mytestfile <Enter>

When the report is finished your delimited output will be found in the q:\ directory. The filename will be [mytestfile]

Won't you queue this? Y/<Enter> YES
Requested Start Time: NOW/20:00:00 <Enter> (APR 27, 2011@20:00:00)

Figure C-2: Example of specifying the file name and queueing the delimited report run (Steps 2 through 4)

2. At the “Select output type” prompt, complete the following steps:
   a. Press Enter to accept the default, S, which prints the file to the screen where you can capture the output.
   b. Type F and press Enter to print the output to a file.
   c. At the “Enter a filename for the delimited output” prompt, type the name of the delimited file you want to create, and press Enter.

   Note: The filename cannot exceed 40 characters and the .txt extension is appended to the name automatically. Most sites are set up to print the file to your network’s Pub directory.

   To access the file, you may need to use FTP to transfer the delimited file from Pub to your computer. Ask your site manager for additional information about retrieving files from your local network.

3. At the “Won’t you queue this?” prompt, press Enter to queue the report.
4. Specify a start time, either now or a later time, and press Enter.

C.2 Opening Text Files in Microsoft Excel

To import the delimited file into Excel, perform the following steps:
1. Open Excel.
2. Select **File**, then **Open** from the menu bar.

3. Browse to the appropriate folder on your computer system where the delimited file is located. You may need to check with your site manager.

4. In the **Open** dialog box, do the following:
   - Ensure that the files of type are either Text Files or All Files.
   - Select the name of the text file you want to open.
   - Click **Open**.

   The Text Import Wizard should appear automatically.
5. In the **Text Import Wizard–Step 1 of 3** dialog box, check to make sure that the Original Data Type is Delimited.
   
   Click **Next** to proceed.

6. In the **Text Import Wizard–Step 2 of 3** dialog box, do the following:
   - For Delimiters, select **Other** and type a caret (^) in the box.
This tells Excel that the file you are importing separates (delimits) the fields with a “^” character.

- If any other delimiter is selected, deselect it.

  Click **Next** to continue.

![Figure C-6: Importing the delimited file into Excel (Step 7)](image)

7. On the **Text Import Wizard–Step 3 of 3** dialog box,

   - Highlight all the columns by scrolling down until you see multiple columns in the Data Preview display, holding the Shift key down, and clicking on the last column. All columns should now be highlighted.

   - Change the Column data format to Text.

     If you leave the format set to General, Excel will reformat some of the cells; for example, change age ranges to dates and could treat text beginning with a dash (-) as a formula (i.e.–GPRA Developmental)

     Click **Finish**.
The data in the selected file appears in the Excel worksheet. Each column that you view on the printed report now appears in a separate Excel column that can be resized and used to perform arithmetical calculations.

![Excel file imported](image)

Figure C-7: Example of a delimited file imported into Excel
Figure C-8 shows a formatted spreadsheet in Excel.

![Example of a formatted performance report in Excel](image)

Figure C-8: Example of a formatted performance report in Excel

### C.3 Sorting Patient Lists in Excel

Patient lists can be more easily sorted and formatted in Excel. First, run any of the reports containing patient lists (e.g., Selected Measures COM, PP, or ALL reports). Then select Delimited as your report output option.

The following example demonstrates how to identify at risk patients who need to receive influenza immunizations.

1. Follow the steps in Section 10.2 to open your delimited report in Excel.
2. In Excel, scroll down to the patient list you want to sort.
3. Format the spreadsheet to see the data more clearly. For example, change the width of some columns.

Figure C-9: Example of a formatted patient list in Excel
4. Highlight all of the rows containing patient names and information, as shown in Figure C-10.

![Figure C-10 Example of highlighted rows](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patient Name</th>
<th>HIN</th>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Denominator</th>
<th>Numerator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, DEBORAH</td>
<td>390011</td>
<td>COMMUNITY #1</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>UP, AC</td>
<td>10/28/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, EVELYN</td>
<td>390002</td>
<td>COMMUNITY #1</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>UP, AC</td>
<td>10/21/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, FRANCES</td>
<td>390008</td>
<td>COMMUNITY #1</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>UP, AC</td>
<td>10/16/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, JAMES</td>
<td>390010</td>
<td>COMMUNITY #1</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>UP, AC</td>
<td>10/28/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, JOYCE</td>
<td>390011</td>
<td>COMMUNITY #1</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>UP, AC</td>
<td>10/21/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, NANCY</td>
<td>390012</td>
<td>COMMUNITY #1</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>UP, AC</td>
<td>10/16/09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATIENT, CHARLOTTE</td>
<td>390014</td>
<td>COMMUNITY #1</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>UP, AC</td>
<td>10/28/09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5. On the **Data** menu, click the **Sort** option to display the **Sort** dialog box, as shown in Figure C-11.

![Sort dialog box](image)

Figure C-11: **Sort** dialog box

6. In the **Sort** dialog box, do the following:

   - Select the columns that you want to sort by and choose whether to sort in ascending or descending order.

   - Select **No header row**.

    Click **OK**.
In this example, the sort is based on the data in the last column (G) in ascending order. The resulting list will display patients with an immunization, followed by patients with no immunization.
Appendix D: Creating a Patient Panel with Q-Man

Patient panels can be defined by users and used as the population for clinical performance reporting with the PP Selected Measures with Patient Panel Population report (see Section 5.11.2.2 for a detailed description).

**Note:** Patient panels must be created as FileMan search templates.

The following example demonstrates how to use Q-Man to create a list, or panel, of patients. In this example, the list created is for all female patients seen in the past year by a specified provider (PROVIDER1,TEST), who was designated as the primary provider for a visit.

```
***** Q-MAN OPTIONS *****

Select one of the following:

1         SEARCH PCC Database (dialogue interface)
2         FAST Facts (natural language interface)
3         RUN Search Logic
4         VIEW/DELETE Taxonomies and Search Templates
5         FILEMAN Print
9         HELP
0         EXIT

Your choice: SEARCH// <Enter> PCC Database (dialogue interface)

***** SEARCH CRITERIA *****

What is the subject of your search? LIVING PATIENTS // <Enter> LIVING PATIENTS

Subject of search: PATIENTS
ALIVE TODAY

Attribute of LIVING PATIENTS: SEX
CHOOSE FROM:
M       MALE
F       FEMALE
Value: F <Enter> FEMALE

Computing Search Efficiency
Rating..............................

Subject of search: PATIENTS
ALIVE TODAY
SEX: FEMALE

Attribute of LIVING PATIENTS: VISIT <Enter>

SUBQUERY: Analysis of multiple VISITS

First condition of "VISIT": BETWEEN,DATES (inclusive)
Exact starting date: T-365 <Enter> (DEC 11, 2005)
Exact ending date: T <Enter> (DEC 11, 2006)

Next condition of "VISIT": PROVIDER <Enter>
```
***** PROVIDER-RELATED CRITERIA *****

You can either specify one or more providers by NAME, or.....
You can specify one or more PROVIDER ATTRIBUTES (affiliation, specialty, etc) to be used as selection criteria.

Select one of the following:

1. NAME(S) of providers
2. ATTRIBUTE(S) of providers

Your choice: NAME(S) // <Enter> of providers

Enter PROVIDER: PROVIDER1,TEST <Enter>
Enter ANOTHER PROVIDER: <Enter>

The following have been selected => PROVIDER1,TEST

When I check the providers from each encounter, you can limit my analysis to the PRIMARY provider only, SECONDARY providers, or ALL providers.

Select one of the following:

1. PRIMARY provider only
2. SECONDARY providers only
3. ALL providers

Your choice: ALL // <Enter> PRIMARY provider only

Subject of subquery: VISIT
BETWEEN BETWEEN DEC 11, 2006 and DEC 11, 2007@23:59:59
PRIMARY PROVIDERS (PROVIDER1)

Next condition of "VISIT": <Enter>

Computing Search Efficiency Rating....

Subject of search: PATIENTS
ALIVE TODAY
SEX: FEMALE
Subject of subquery: VISIT
BETWEEN BETWEEN DEC 11, 2006 and DEC 11, 2007@23:59:59
PRIMARY PROVIDERS (PROVIDER)

Attribute of LIVING PATIENTS: <Enter>

***** Q-MAN OUTPUT OPTIONS *****

Select one of the following:

1. DISPLAY results on the screen
2. PRINT results on paper
3. COUNT 'hits'
4. STORE results of a search in a FM search template
5. SAVE search logic for future use
6. R-MAN special report generator
9. HELP
0. EXIT

Your choice: DISPLAY // <Enter> STORE results of a search in a FM search template

Fileman users please note =>
This template will be attached to IHS' PATIENT file (#9000001)
Enter the name of the SEARCH TEMPLATE: LAB SEEN BY FPROVIDER1 IN PAST YR

<Enter>

Are you adding 'LAB SEEN BY FPROVIDER1 IN PAST YR' as a new SORT TEMPLATE? No// Y <Enter> (Yes)

DESCRIPTION:
No existing text
Edit? NO/<Enter>

Want to run this task in background? No// <Enter> (No)

...SORRY, JUST A MOMENT PLEASE...

PATIENTS   SANTA SEX VISIT
(Alive)   NUMBER
---------------------------------------------------------------------------
LASTNAME,AMY LY 123456 FEMALE +
ROBIN,BLUE 234567 FEMALE +
DUCK,Donald 345678 FEMALE +
MOUSE,MINNIE 456789 FEMALE +
UPDOWN,First 654321 FEMALE +

Search template completed...

This query generates 5 "hits"
Time required to create search template: 10 SECONDS

Figure D-1: Creating a list of all female patients
Appendix E:  AI/AN Clinical Information on Measures

For AI/AN Clinical Information on Measures, please see the CRS Performance Improvement Toolbox Web site:
Appendix F: Height and Weight Data File Letter

May 2, 2006

To: Area Director

Chief Medical Officer
Clinical Director
GPRA Coordinator
Indian Health Service

From: Chief of Chronic Disease

Medical Epidemiologist
GPRA Field Lead
Indian Health Service

Subject: AI/AN Pediatric Height-Weight Surveillance System

This letter contains important information regarding the American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) Pediatric Height-Weight Surveillance System, a new public health surveillance activity that will help address the problem of obesity among American Indian and Alaska Native children. This letter describes the new activity and its primary data source: height and weight data collected through the Clinical Reporting System (CRS). Because this information is being collected at the site level, we want you to be fully informed about the parameters of this activity, and to understand how this information will be used.

As you know, the prevalence of obesity in American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) populations has increased dramatically over the past 30 years. Among American Indian preschool and school-age children, obesity rates are up to three times higher than those of other US populations. An estimated 40 percent of AI children are overweight. Obesity is a risk factor for diabetes, which now affects over one quarter of the adult AI population, as well as cardiovascular disease, and some cancers. IHS is committed to reducing childhood obesity through SDPI-funded projects, nutrition education and other community and clinical interventions, and partnerships with Tribes.
Obesity is very difficult to treat. Comprehensive obesity prevention programs beginning early in childhood are necessary if the epidemics of obesity and diabetes among AI/AN populations are to be reversed. Evidence-based school and community interventions that are culturally oriented and family centered are needed to encourage lifelong healthy eating and regular physical activity. However, we do not have a consistent source of accurate data on obesity rates among AI/AN populations, and consequently we cannot track or evaluate efforts to prevent and treat obesity in AI/AN communities.

In 2001, IHS reported to Congress on the problem of obesity within the AI/AN community, along with suggestions on how to address the problem. We were greatly hampered in writing this report by the lack of current data. One major recommendation of this report was to “Support clinical behavioral research and evaluation of public health approaches conducted in partnership with tribes by NIH, CDC, and IHS to prevent and treat obesity in AI/AN populations.”* We anticipate being asked to do a follow-up report, and will need better baseline and trend information.

Even prior to this report, IHS began tracking Body Mass Index (BMI) measurement for GPRA reporting in FY 2000. From 2000-2005 this GPRA measure tracked the proportion of active users, ages 2-74, who had height and weight measured and BMI calculated. As of FY 2006, this GPRA measure has begun to focus specifically on reducing obesity among 2-5 year old children, by tracking the rate of children with a BMI above the 95th percentile. While summarized Area reports can provide a useful overview, GPRA data is not detailed enough for purposes of this surveillance activity. For example, the more complete data file would allow tracking of BMI by one-year groups, or comparing trends among children at age 2 with those in the 2-5 year old age group. Different clinical approaches may be required depending upon which of these groups is experiencing an increase in BMI. It will also be possible to calculate other measures such as weight-for-height, which are not programmed into the GPRA report.

The American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) Pediatric Height-Weight Surveillance System is part of the effort to combat childhood obesity. The purpose of this activity is to collect information on the current height and weight status of AI/AN children and use the information to:

- Establish a national baseline prevalence of childhood overweight and underweight by defined geographic regions;
- Increase awareness of the high prevalence of childhood overweight;
- Track changes over time, using consistent measures;
- Target resources for healthy growth and development for prevention of diabetes and other chronic diseases; and

• Justify additional resources for early intervention in local, regional, and national ihs/tribal/urban indian health programs and communities to decrease the health disparities in ai/an.

The IHS Division of Epidemiology has worked with the CRS technology staff to develop a method for obtaining the data necessary from reporting GPRA sites. For CRS Version 6.0 (the current released version of the software), when a facility runs the National GPRA report and exports its data to its Area Office, a file is created for children ages 0–18 from 1999–2006, containing the following data elements:

1. Site Name
2. ASUFAC
3. Unique Registration ID (from Registration)
4. Date of Birth in MM/DD/CCYY format (from Registration)
5. Ethnicity (from Registration)
6. Gender (from Registration)
7. State of Residence (from Registration)
8. Unique Visit ID (Visit file)
9. Visit/Admit Date&Time (Visit file)
10. Height (converted from inches to centimeters)
11. Weight (converted from pounds to kilograms)

Note both a height and weight must be recorded for each visit. If only a height or a weight was recorded, it will not be sent in this file.

This file is created automatically, although it does not display during the run. The data for this file is included in the National GPRA file (i.e. files beginning with “BG06”) that goes to the Area for aggregation. The Area Office may then run an option to combine all of the facilities’ height and weight data into a single data file to be sent to Elaine Brinn at the CAO. The files will then be collected and forwarded to Drs. Marty Kileen and Nat Cobb at the Division of Epidemiology. No unduplication of data occurs during the aggregation process, and the files are not sent automatically to Epidemiology. A site may obtain a data file relating to its population from the Area coordinator.

In CRS Version 6.1, to be released in late June 2006, two changes are going to occur:
1. The content of this file is going to be expanded to include height and weight data for all Active Clinical patients, regardless of age. For children ages 0–18, both a height and weight must be recorded on a visit; for all other ages, either a height and/or a weight must be recorded on each visit. The purpose of this change is to allow us to do analyses and trending for adults similar to those described for children.

2. Functionality is going to be added to prompt the use when s/he chooses to export the National GPRA report data to the Area Office if he/she would to create the Height and Weight file locally on their server as a delimited text file. If the user chooses to create the file, it may be opened in an application such as SAS, MS Access or MS Excel. Note that Excel imposes a maximum of 65,535 records per file and if the file contains more than that number of records, the file will be truncated and there will be no way to retrieve the remaining records. Thus, it is recommended that SAS or Access be used to open these files. It is also strongly cautioned that, unless this data is going to be actively used and reviewed, this file should not be created each time the National GPRA report data is exported to the Area Office because the file can be very large, depending on the number of patients in the facility’s database.

In order for this data to be complete, statistically meaningful, and comparable to other data sources, it needs to be collected at a local level. Additionally, the site-specific data will allow an individual Service Unit or Tribal program to develop interventions or approaches to weight control that take into account specific factors unique to a population. Local-level data also allows us to compare with data from other sources, for internal validation purposes. For example, height and weight data has been collected at several sites for children in schools and Head Start facilities by the Tribal Epicenters. By comparing this data with that collected through CRS, we can find out how well the BMIs currently measured in our clinics represent the BMIs of the entire population of children. It is possible, for instance, that heavier children are more likely to be weighed and measured in our clinics, skewing our statistics.

There are three points we want to emphasize about this surveillance system and the data file. **First, this file does not collect any site-specific performance-related data.** It is a file designed to capture height and weight data for the purposes of statistical data collection only. No performance-related measure information is captured and no GPRA measure information is collected, including the proportion of patients who have a BMI calculated at a specific site.

**Second, no site-specific statistical data will be published.** Our intent is to use this statistical data to create age-specific trend data (summarized at the area or state level) to help guide decision making about the childhood weight GPRA measure and associated interventions. We will also use this data to compare with population-based estimates generated from other data collection. Weight and height data will be collected in future years as well.

**Third, as is true of any of our patient information, collection and storage of data will be governed by applicable HIPAA regulations, and any proposal or request to perform research using this database will be subject to the standard process of IRB review and approval.**
We hope that you will appreciate the value of such information, both to the overall effort to combat obesity, and as a potential resource for your site. However, if you have objections to including data from your site in this surveillance system, or would like further information, please contact your Area GPRA coordinator.

Nathaniel Cobb, MD  
Chief of Chronic Disease Section  
IHS Division of Epidemiology & Disease Prevention

Martin Kileen, MD, MPH  
Medical Epidemiologist  
IHS Division of Epidemiology & Disease Prevention

Theresa Cullen, MD  
GPRA Field Lead
Glossary

**Active Clinical CHS Patients**
Used when the CHS-Only site parameter is set to Y. Setting this site parameter to Y changes the definition of the Active Clinical population (see below) to an Active Clinical CHS population because facilities whose patients only receive CHS do not meet the requirements of the Active Clinical population. For a detailed description of the denominator, see Section 3.2.3.2.

**Active Clinical Patients**
One of two basic denominator definitions used by CRS. The Active Clinical definition was developed specifically for clinical performance measures because it is more representative of the active clinical population than the standard User Population definition. For a detailed description of the denominator, see Section 3.2.3.1.

**ADA**
Abbreviation for the American Dental Association, a professional organization for dentists. The ADA maintains a hard copy dental claim form and the associated claim submission specifications, and also maintains the Current Dental Terminology (CDT) medical code set. The ADA and the Dental Content Committee (DeCC), which it hosts, have formal consultative roles under HIPAA.

**AI/AN**
American Indian and Alaska Natives.

**ASUFAC number**
Area Service Unit Facility; A unique identifier for each facility within IHS. A six-digit number comprised of two digits for Area, two digits for Service Unit, and two digits for Facility.

**Banner**
A line of text with a user’s name and domain.
Baseline Year

CRS calculates and reports on results for and comparisons between three time periods for each measure: the current year (defined by the user); the previous year; and the baseline year. Baseline is defined by the user at the time s/he runs the report. The Area GPRA coordinator should ensure that for GPRA and Area Performance reports, each facility uses the same baseline year; otherwise the area’s aggregate report will not calculate properly.

Caret (^)

A circumflex or up-hat, which is used as a delimiter in a global. The caret is denoted as “^” and is typed by pressing Shift+6 on the keyboard.

CHSDA

Abbreviation for CHS Delivery Area.

CPT Codes

One of several code sets used by the healthcare industry to standardize data allowing for comparison and analysis. Current Procedural Terminology was developed and is updated annually by the American Medical Association and is widely used in producing bills for services rendered to patients. CPTs include codes for diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, and specify information that differentiates the codes based on cost. CPT codes are the most widely accepted nomenclature in the United States for reporting physician procedures and services for federal and private insurance third-party reimbursement. CRS searches for CPT and other codes as specified in the logic definition to determine if a patient meets a denominator or numerator definition.

CRS

The Clinical Reporting System is a component of the RPMS (Resource and Patient Management System) software suite. CRS provides sites with the ability to report on GPRA and developmental clinical measures from local RPMS databases.

Denominator

The denominator for a measure is the total population being reviewed to determine how many (what percentage) of the total meet the definition of the measure. Different measures have different denominators, e.g., all patients or all adult diabetic patients or all female patients between certain ages.
Developmental Measures

For IHS, these are performance measures tested for possible inclusion as formal GPRA measures. The purpose of developmental measures is to test over two to three years whether accurate data can be reported and measured.

Device

A device that either displays or prints information.

Enter Key

Used interchangeably with the Return key. Press Enter to show the end of an entry, such as a number or a word. Press Enter each time you respond to a computer prompt. If you want to return to the previous screen, simply press Enter without entering a response. This will take you back to the previous menu screen. Enter on some keyboards is shown as the Return Key. Whenever you see [ENT] or Enter, press the Enter or Return Key.

Entry Point

Entry point within a routine that is referenced by a “DO” or “GOTO” command from a routine internal to a package.

File

A set of related records or entries treated as a single unit.

FileMan

The database management system for RPMS.

FY

Abbreviation for Fiscal Year. The fiscal year for the federal government is October 1 through September 30.

Global

In MUMPS, global refers to a variable stored on disk (global variable) or the array to which the global variable may belong (global array).

GPRA

Abbreviation for Government Performance and Results Act, a Federal law requiring Federal agencies to document annually their goals and progress towards their goals. See Section 3.1.1 for detailed description.
GPRA Measure

Performance measures specifically identified in the IHS Annual Performance Plan to Congress. Each measure has one denominator and one numerator. For FY 2011, the IHS has 33 GPRA measures in 3 main categories: Treatment (16 measures), Prevention (14 measures), and Capital Programming/Infrastructure (3 measures). These measures address the most significant health problems facing the AI/AN population.

GPRA Report to Congress

IHS, as well as all other federal agencies, provides an annual report to Congress in conjunction with its next year budget request to document how well and cost effectively the agency meets its defined mission. The report has three parts: (1) reporting on how many of the previous fiscal year measures were met and explanations for those measures not met; (2) providing final definitions for performance measures for the current fiscal year; and (3) providing any proposed additions, deletions, and definition changes to measures for the following fiscal year.

Health Record Number (HRN)

Each facility assigns a unique number within that facility to each patient. Each HRN with its facility identification ‘ASUFAC’ makes a unique identifier within all of IHS.

Healthy People 2010 (HP 2010)

HP 2010 presents a comprehensive, nationwide health promotion and disease prevention agenda under the direction of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. HP 2010 performance measure definitions and related targets are used by many healthcare organizations, including IHS, as the basis for its own clinical performance measures.

HEDIS

Health Plan Employer Data and Information Set (HEDIS). HEDIS is a set of standardized performance measures originally designed to ensure that purchasers and consumers have the information they need to reliably compare the performance of managed healthcare plans. HEDIS has evolved into focusing on healthcare prevention standards.
ICD Codes
One of several code sets used by the healthcare industry to standardize data. The International Classification of Disease is an international diagnostic coding scheme. In addition to diseases, ICD also includes several families of terms for medical-specialty diagnoses, health status, disabilities, procedure and reasons for contact with healthcare providers. IHS currently uses ICD-9 for coding. CRS searches for ICD and other codes as specified in the logic definition to determine if a patient meets a denominator or numerator definition.

INDEX (%INDEX)
A Kernel utility used to verify routines and other MUMPS code associated with a package. Checking is done according to current ANSI MUMPS standards and RPMS programming standards. This tool can be invoked through an option or from direct mode (>D ^%INDEX).

Init
Initialization of an application package. The initialization step in the installation process builds files from a set of routines (the init routines). Init is a shortened form of initialization.

I/T/U
Abbreviation referring to all IHS direct, tribal, and urban facilities. Using the abbreviation I/T/U generally means that all components of the Indian healthcare system are being referred to.

Kernel
The set of MUMPS software utilities that function as an intermediary between the host operating system and application packages, such as Laboratory and Pharmacy. The Kernel provides a standard and consistent user and programmer interface between application packages and the underlying MUMPS implementation. These utilities provide the foundation for RPMS.

Local Report (CRS)
CRS produces reports for each measure (GPRA and developmental) that document the number of patients in the denominator and the numerator as well as the percentage of patients meeting the measure. The report compares performance for three time periods: current year (user defined), previous year, and baseline year (user defined). Local reports can also produce patient lists at user request.
Logic
The detailed definition, including specific RPMS fields and codes, of how the software defines a denominator or numerator.

LOINC
Logical Observations, Identifiers, Names, and Codes. A standard coding system originally initiated for laboratory values, the system is being extended to include nonlaboratory observations (vital signs, electrocardiograms, etc.). Standard code sets are used to mitigate variations in local terminologies for lab and other healthcare procedures, e.g., Glucose or Glucose Test. IHS began integrating LOINC values into RPMS in several pilot sites in 2002.

Mandatory
Required. A mandatory field is a field that must be completed before the system will allow you to continue.

Menu
A list of choices for computing activity. A menu is a type of option designed to identify a series of items (other options) for presentation to the user for selection. When displayed, menu-type options are preceded by the word “Select” and followed by the word “option,” as in Select Menu Management option: (the menu’s select prompt).

Mnemonic
A short cut designated to access a particular party, name, or facility.

Namespace
A unique set of 2 to 4 alpha characters that are assigned by the database administrator to a software application. For example, the namespace assigned to the CRS is BGP.

NDC
Abbreviation for National Drug Code, a medical code set maintained by the Food and Drug Administration, which contains codes for drugs that are FDA-approved. The Secretary of HHS adopted this code set as the standard for reporting drugs and biologics on standard transactions.
National GPRA Report

For the CRS, the National GPRA Report includes the specific denominator and numerator from each of the clinical measure topics included in the IHS GPRA performance plan, and other key developmental (i.e., non-GPRA) measures. The National GPRA Report can be run and printed locally for site use or can be simultaneously printed at the site and exported to the Area Office for use in an area aggregate report.

Numerator

The numerator is the number of patients from the denominator, i.e., the total population surveyed, who meet the logic criteria for a performance measure.

Option

An entry in the Option file. As an item on a menu, an option provides an opportunity for users to select it, thereby invoking the associated computing activity. Options may also be scheduled to run in the background, noninteractively, by TaskMan.

Patient List

CRS will produce a list of patients related to a specific measure. Most patient lists include patients from the denominator with any visit dates and/or codes that identifies them as meeting the measure. Patient lists are a good way to identify patients who need a procedure or test, e.g., patients ages 50 and older who have not received influenza vaccinations.

Performance Measure

A specific performance measure with a defined denominator and numerator. Performance measures are definitions of specific measurable objectives that can demonstrate progress toward the goals stated in an organization’s strategic and/or performance plans.

Performance Measure Topic

An overarching clinical topic, e.g., Diabetes and Blood Pressure Control. Each performance measure topic may have multiple denominators and numerators that are related to the topic. For example, the Diabetes and Blood Pressure topic has three numerators: (1) how many diabetic patients had a minimum of two blood pressure values in the past year; (2) how many patients had controlled BP, defined as mean BP value less than 130/80; and (3) how many patients had uncontrolled BP. Out of these three, the GPRA measure is Controlled Blood Pressure.
PIT (Performance Improvement Team)
Facilities will have different names for their PITs, including GPRA Improvement, Quality Improvement, or other similar phrases. A PIT should represent members from all areas of the clinic staff, including providers (physicians, nurses, physician assistants, pharmacists, etc), medical records staff, data entry staff, quality assurance staff, site managers or other information technology staff, etc.

QI
Abbreviation for quality improvement.

Quarter Ending (for CRS reports)
Because all CRS reports are based on a minimum of one year’s data, CRS provides users with options for only the ending dates of the report. Ending dates are predefined based on standard fiscal year quarterly periods. The Quarter Ending date options correspond to the last day of a standard quarter. Users can select from Quarter Ending 1 (December 31), QE 2 (March 31), QE 3 (June 30), or Fiscal Year End (September 30).

Queuing
Requesting that a job be processed at a later time, rather than within the current session.

Receipt dates
The date that the party received the information

Receiving Party
The person or organization that is receiving the information.

Report Period
CRS reports analyze and report on a minimum of one year’s data for all performance measures. In all reports except the National GPRA & PART Report, users define the report period by selecting one of the predefined date ranges and entering the calendar year of the end of the reporting period. For example, selecting July 1 – June 30 and calendar year 2011 defines July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011 as the report period. All CRS reports also display the Previous Year Period and Baseline Period for comparison.
Routine
A program or sequence of instructions called by a program that may have some general or frequent use. MUMPS routines are groups of program lines that are saved, loaded, and called as a single unit via a specific name.

Sequential
Arranged in a particular order

Site Specific
Particular to a specific site

STAT
Immediately

Tagged
Marked with a specific identifier

Taxonomy
Taxonomies are groupings of functionally related data elements, such as specific codes, code ranges, or terms, that are used by various RPMS applications to find data items in PCC to determine if a patient meets a certain criteria. To ensure comparable data within the agency as well as to external organizations, as much CRS performance measure logic as possible is based on standard national codes, such as CPTs or ICD-9. For terminology that is not standardized across each facility, such as lab tests or medications, CRS uses taxonomies that can be populated by each individual facility with its own codes.

UCI
User Class Identification: a computing area.

User Population
The CRS uses two main denominators for its reports: User Population and Active Clinical patients. The standard User Population definition was developed by IHS to define its core population for statistical reporting to Congress. For CRS, User Population is defined as any AI/AN patient who is alive on the last day of the report period and residing in the defined community with at least one visit to any clinic in the three years prior to the end of the report period. See Section 3.2.3 for detailed description of the two denominators.
Utility
A callable routine line tag or function. A universal routine usable by anyone.

VA Drug Class
A five-character, alphanumeric code that specifies a broad classification and a specific type of product used by the Veterans Health Administration. The first two characters are letters and form the mnemonic for the major classification (e.g., AM for antimicrobials). Characters 3 through 5 are numbers and form the basis for subclassification. The VA Drug Classification system classifies drug products, not generic ingredients.

Variable
A character or group of characters that refers to a value. MUMPS recognizes three types of variables: local variables, global variables, and special variables. Local variables exist in a partition of the main memory and disappear at sign-off. A global variable is stored on disk, potentially available to any user. Global variables usually exist as parts of global arrays.
Contact Information

If you have any questions or comments regarding this distribution, please contact the OIT Help Desk (IHS).

**Phone:** (505) 248-4371 or (888) 830-7280 (toll free)

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**Web:** http://www.ihs.gov/GeneralWeb/HelpCenter/Helpdesk/index.cfm

**Email:** support@ihs.gov