

CENTER FOR FOOD SAFETY & APPLIED NUTRITION

Using the Nutrition Facts Label to Achieve Healthy People 2030 Goals

IHS Division of Diabetes Webinar October 19, 2022

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Outline

- What is *Healthy People 2030?*
- How does *Healthy People 2030* relate to nutrition and diabetes?
- What is FDA's role in nutrition labeling and achieving *Healthy People 2030* goals?
- How can the Nutrition Facts label assist people with diabetes in choosing a healthy diet?
- What are the national plans for improving nutrition and public health?



What is Healthy People 2030?

- Public health program administered by U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services
 - > Framework for improving health and achieving health equity
 - Provides 10-year public health objectives
 - > Tracks progress toward achieving objectives
- Identifies **topics** that are public health priorities
- Establishes national science-based, measurable objectives
- Sets **targets** to be achieved by end of the decade
- Established by act of Congress in 1976 (Public Law 94-317)
- Collaboration of federal and state agencies







Fifth Iteration Builds on knowledge gained over first 4 decades <u>42 Topics, 509 Objectives</u>











<u>1980 - 1990</u> 15 Topics ~200 Objectives

<u> 1990 - 2000</u>

22 Topics ~300 Objectives <u>2000 - 2010</u>

28 Topics ~1,000 Objectives <u>2010 - 2020</u>

42 Topics ~1,300 Objectives



Healthy People 2030 - Vision & Mission

- <u>Vision</u> A society in which all people can achieve their full potential for health and well-being across the lifespan
- **Mission** To promote, strengthen, and evaluate the nation's efforts to improve the health and well-being of all people
 - Healthy People 2030



Healthy People Overarching Goals



Healthy People 2030 Topic Areas (A-H)

- Access to Health Services
- Adolescent Health
- Arthritis
- Blood Disorders and Blood Safety
- Cancer
- Chronic Kidney Disease
- Chronic Pain
- Dementias, including Alzheimer's Disease
- Diabetes
 - Disability and Health
 - Educational and Community-Based Programs
 - Early and Middle Childhood
 - Environmental Health

- Family Planning
- Food Safety
- Global Health
- Healthcare-Associated Infections
- Health Communication/Health
 Information Technology
- Heart Disease and Stroke
- HIV
- Hearing and Other Sensory or Communication Disorders



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Goal: Reduce the burden of diabetes and improve quality of life for all people who have, or are at risk for, diabetes.



Healthy People 2030 focuses on reducing diabetes cases, complications, and deaths.

- More than 30 million people in the U.S. have diabetes: Seventh leading cause of death (CDC).
- Some racial/ethnic minorities are more likely to have diabetes.
- Many people with diabetes don't know they have it.

Poorly controlled or untreated diabetes can lead to leg or foot amputations, vision loss, and kidney damage, but interventions to help people manage diabetes can help reduce the risk of complications.

Strategies to help people who don't have diabetes eat healthier, get physical activity, and lose weight can help prevent new cases.

Diabetes Objectives

- Reduce the number of diabetes cases diagnosed yearly.
- Reduce the proportion of adults who don't know they have prediabetes.
- Reduce the proportion of adults with diabetes who have an A1C value above 9 percent.
- Increase the proportion of adults with diabetes who have a yearly eye exam.
- Increase the proportion of adults with diabetes who get a yearly urinary albumin test. *Improving.*
- Increase the proportion of people with diabetes who get formal diabetes education. *Little or no detectable change.*
- Increase the proportion of adults with diabetes using insulin who monitor their blood sugar daily. Little or no detectable change.
- Reduce the rate of foot and leg amputations in adults with diabetes.
- Reduce the rate of death from any cause in adults with diabetes.





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* Age adjusted to the year 2000 standard population.



Healthy People 2030 Topic Areas (I - Z)

- Immunization & Infectious Diseases
- Injury and Violence Prevention
- Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender Health
- Mental Health & Mental Disorders
- Maternal, Infant, and Child Health
- Medical Product Safety
- Nutrition and Weight Status
 - Osteoporosis
 - Older Adults
 - Oral Health
 - Occupational Safety & Health
 - Physical Activity

- Public Health Infrastructure
- Preparedness
- Respiratory Diseases
- Social Determinants of Health
- Sleep Health
- Sexually Transmitted Infections
- Substance Use
- Tobacco Use
- Vision



Nutrition & Weight Status Objectives

General Population

- 1. Reduce household food insecurity and hunger
- 2. Eliminate very low food security in children
- 3. Reduce proportion of adults with obesity

4. Reduce proportion of children and adolescents with obesity

5. Increase proportion of health care visits by adults with obesity that include counseling on weight loss, nutrition, or physical activity

People 2 Years of Age and Older

- 6. Increase fruit consumption
- 7. Increase vegetable consumption
- 8. Increase consumption of dark green vegetables, red and orange vegetables, and beans and peas

For People 2 Years of Age and Older (contd.)

- 9. Increase whole grain consumption
- 10. Reduce consumption of added sugars
- 11. Reduce consumption of saturated fat
- 12. Reduce consumption of sodium
- 13. Increase calcium consumption
- 14. Increase potassium consumption
- 15. Increase vitamin D consumption

Children Aged 1 to 2 Years

16. Reduce iron deficiency

Females Aged 12 to 49 years

17. Reduce iron deficiency



Other HP2030 Objectives Related to Diabetes

- Reduce the proportion of adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD)
- Reduce the rate of new cases of end-stage kidney disease (CKD)
- Increase the proportion of people on Medicare with chronic kidney disease who get recommended tests (CKD)
- Increase the proportion of adults with diabetes and chronic kidney disease who get ACE inhibitors or ARBs (CKD)
- Reduce vision loss from diabetic retinopathy (V)
- Reduce the rate of hospital admissions for diabetes among older adults (OA)
- Increase the proportion of women who had a healthy weight before pregnancy (MICH)
- Reduce emergency department visits for insulin overdoses (MPS)
- Improve cardiovascular health in adults (HDS)

HP 2020 Data (NHANES)



Increase contribution of <u>whole grains</u> to the diets of the population aged 2 years and older

Mean daily intake of whole grains (age adjusted, ounce equivalents per 1,000 calories, 2+ years) By Sex



Uses of Healthy People

- Framework for planning and developing local programs and partnerships
 - Use national data for goal setting and agenda building
 - Local agencies can set their own targets
- Grant writing
- Teaching/outreach education
- Presentations/reports/publications
- Offers model for international, state, and local program planning

Healthy People 2030 establishes objectives and targets for the entire U.S., but setting local targets contributes to national success



https://health.gov/healthypeople

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Nutrition Policy in the United States



FDA

Dietary Guidelines for Americans



2010

17

FDA









www.fda.gov

DietaryGuidelines.gov



Make Every Bite Count With the *Dietary Guidelines*











60% of adults are living with one or more diet-related chronic diseases

Currently:



of people have dietary patterns low in vegetables, fruits, and dairy. exceed the limit for added sugars.

77%

exceed the limit for saturated fat.



exceed the Chronic Disease Risk Reduction limits for sodium.



Nutrition Labeling and Education Act of 1990 (NLEA)

- Gave FDA explicit authority for nutrition labeling
- Requires disclosure of certain nutrients
- Provides some discretion to add or remove nutrients that are required to be declared on the label
- Requires that information be provided in context of total daily diet



Why Update the Nutrition Facts Label?

- Scientific information on diet and health has advanced, including link between diet composition and risk of chronic diseases and public health
- Amounts of foods consumed have changed and FDA's Reference Amounts Customarily Consumed, used to set serving sizes, needed adjustment
- Priorities for dietary guidance have changed, with focus shifting to calories and serving sizes as two important elements in making healthier food choices

Side-by-Side Comparison

|--|

	ntainer 8		
Amount Per Servin	-0		
Calories 230	Cal	ories fron	n Fat 70
		% Dail	y Value*
Total Fat 8g			12%
Saturated Fat	1g		5%
<i>Trans</i> Fat 0g			
Cholesterol 0	mg		0%
Sodium 160mg			7%
Total Carbohy	ydrate 37	'g	12%
Dietary Fiber	4g		16%
Sugars 12g			
Protein 3g			
Vitamin A			10%
Vitamin C			8%
Calcium			20%
Iron			45%
* Percent Daily Value Your Daily Value ma your calorie needs.			
Total Fat Sat Fat Cholesterol Sodium Total Carbohydrate	Less than Less than Less than Less than	2,000 65g 20g 300mg 2,400mg 300g 25g	2,300 80g 25g 300mg 2,400mg 375g 30g



Calories and Serving Sizes

- Updated to focus attention on information that is important for addressing current public health problems like obesity
- Increased the type size of "Calories," "servings per container," and the "Serving size" declaration
- Reversed the order of "Serving size" and "servings per container"
- Bolded the "Calories" and the "Serving size" declaration

8 servings per container Serving size 2/3 cur	ə (55g)
Amount per serving Calories 2	230
% Da	aily Value*
Total Fat 8g	10%
Saturated Fat 1g	5%
<i>Trans</i> Fat 0g	
Cholesterol Omg	0%
Sodium 160mg	7%
Total Carbohydrate 37g	13%
Dietary Fiber 4g	14%
Total Sugars 12g	
Includes 10g Added Sugars	20%
Protein 3g	
Vitamin D 2mcg	10%
Calcium 260mg	20%
Iron 8mg	45%
Potassium 240mg	6%

www.fda.gov

Added Sugars

- Changed "Sugars" to "Total Sugars"
- Added "Includes" to help clarify that "added sugars" is a subcomponent of "total sugars"
- Removed part of the hairline between "total sugars" and "added sugars"
- Added sugars includes sugars that are either added during processing of foods, or are packaged as such, and includes:

 syrups 	 maltose 	• sucrose
 brown sugar 	 trehalose 	 lactose
• high fructose corn syrup	• honey	 maltose sugar
 invert sugar 	 molasses 	 concentrated fruit juice*

*Sugars from concentrated fruit or vegetable juices in excess of what would be expected from 100 percent fruit or vegetable juice. Excludes fruit or vegetable juice concentrated from 100 percent fruit juice that is sold to consumers (e.g., frozen concentrated orange juice).

Nutrition Facts 8 servings per container Serving size 2/3 cup (55g) Amount per serving 230 Calories % Daily Value* Total Fat 8g 10% Saturated Fat 1g 5% Trans Fat 0g Cholesterol 0mg 0% Sodium 160mg 7% Total Carbohydrate 37g 13% Dietary Fiber 4g 14% Total Sugars 12g Includes 10g Added Sugars 20% Protein 3g Vitamin D 2mcg 10% Calcium 260mg 20% Iron 8mg 45% Potassium 240mg 6% * The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2.000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.





Updated Daily Values

- Based on most recent science
- Continues to use population-coverage approach for vitamins and minerals

Total Fat: $65 \rightarrow 78 \text{ g}$ Total Carbohydrate: $300 \rightarrow 275 \text{ g}$ Dietary Fiber: $25 \rightarrow 28 \text{ g}$ Sodium: $2,400 \rightarrow 2,300 \text{ mg}$ Potassium: $3,500 \rightarrow 4,700 \text{ mg}$ Calcium: $1,000 \rightarrow 1,300 \text{ mg}$ Vitamin D: $400 \text{ IUs} (10 \text{ mcg}) \rightarrow 20 \text{ mcg}$

8 servings per containe Serving size 2/3	
Amount per serving Calories	230
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 8g	10%
Saturated Fat 1g	5%
<i>Trans</i> Fat 0g	
Cholesterol Omg	0%
Sodium 160mg	7%
Total Carbohydrate 37g	13%
Dietary Fiber 4g	149
Total Sugars 12g	
Includes 10g Added Su	c <mark>ars 20</mark> 9
Protein 3g	
Vitamin D 2mcg	10%
Calcium 260mg	20%
Iron 8mg	45%
Potassium 240mg	6%



5/20 % Daily Value Guideline

More often choose foods that are **low** (5% DV or less) in these nutrients

- Saturated Fat
- Sodium
- Added Sugars

Nutrition F8 servings per containerServing size2/3 c	acts ^{up (55g)}
Amount per serving Calories	230
%	Daily Value*
Total Fat 8g	10%
Saturated Fat 1g	5%
Trans Fat 0g	
Cholesterol Omg	0%
Sodium 160mg	7%
Total Carbohydrate 37g	13%
Dietary Fiber 4g	14%
Total Sugars 12g	
Includes 10g Added Sugar	's 20%
Protein 3g	
Vitamin D 2mcg Calcium 260mg	10%
Iron 8mg	45%
Potassium 240mg	6%

* The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice. More often choose foods that are **high** (20% DV or more) in these nutrients

- Dietary Fiber
- Vitamin D
- Calcium
- Iron
- Potassium



Updated Footnote

Updated footnote better explains the % Daily Value and helps put calories in context of the daily diet

* The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.



Nutrition 8 servings per conta Serving size	iner
Amount per serving Calories	230
	% Daily Value*
Total Fat 8g	10%
Saturated Fat 1g	5%
<i>Trans</i> Fat 0g	
Cholesterol Omg	0%
Sodium 160mg	7%
Total Carbohydrate	37g 13%
Dietary Fiber 4g	14%
Total Sugars 12g	
Includes 10g Addeo	d Sugars 20%
Protein 3g	
Vitamin D 2mcg	10%
Calcium 260mg	20%
Iron 8mg	45%
Potassium 240mg	6%
* The % Daily Value (DV) tells you a serving of food contributes to a a day is used for general nutritio	daily diet. 2,000 calories

Nutrition Facts Label Formats

Nutrition	Amount/serving	% Daily Value*	Amount/serving %	Daily Value*	
	Total Fat 1.5g	2%	Total Carbohydrate 36g	13%	*The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how
Facts	Saturated Fat 0.5g	3%	Dietary Fiber 2g	7%	much a nutrient in a serving of
10 servings per container	Trans Fat 0.5g		Total Sugars 1g		food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000
Serving size	Cholesterol Omg	0%	Includes 1g Added Sugars	2%	calories a day is
2 slices (56g)	Sodium 280mg	12%	Protein 4g		used for general nutrition advice.
Calories 170	Vitamin D 0mcg 0% ・ Ca Thiamin 15% ・ Riboflavin		ron 1mg 6% • Potassium 470mg	10%	

Nutrition	Amount/serving	% DV	Amount/serving	% DV
Facts	Total Fat 2g	3%	Total Carb. 15g	5%
about 3 servings	Sat. Fat 1g	5%	Fiber 0g	0%
per container	Trans Fat 0.5g		Total Sugars 14g	
Serving size	Cholesterol 10mg	3%	Incl. 13g Added Sugars	26%
1/3 cup (56g)	Sodium 200mg	9%	Protein 3g	
Calories 90	Vitamin D 0% • Calcium	n 6% ∙ Iro	on 6% • Potassium 10%	

Nutrition Facts Servings: 12, Serv. size: 1 mint (2g), Amount per serving: Calories 5, Total Fat 0g (0% DV), Sat. Fat 0g (0% DV), *Trans* Fat 0g, Cholest. 0mg (0% DV), Sodium 0mg (0% DV), Total Carb. 2g (1% DV), Fiber 0g (0% DV), Total Sugars 2g (Incl. 2g Added Sugars, 4% DV), Protein 0g, Vit. D (0% DV), Calcium (0% DV), Iron (0% DV), Potas. (6% DV).

FDA



Serving Sizes

- Serving size is required on Nutrition Facts labels, and all nutrient information is based on the serving size
- Per the Nutrition Labeling and Education Act, serving sizes are calculated based on the Reference Amounts Customarily Consumed (RACCs)
- Approximately 30 out of 158 RACCs changed
 - Ice cream from 1/2 cup to 2/3 cup
 - Carbonated beverages from 8 ounces to 12 ounces
 - Yogurt from 8 ounce to 6 ounces
- Approximately 25 new RACCs established
 - Petitions
 - New foods



Serving Size Changes

ORIGINAL SERVING SIZE FOR ICE CREAM: 1/2 CUP



NEW SERVING SIZE FOR ICE CREAM: 2/3 CUP



Labeling Single-Serving Packages



For single-serving packages which typically provide less than 2 servings per container, calories and other nutrients must be declared for the entire package rather than per serving because people typically consume the package in one sitting.

1 SERVING PER BOTTLE FOR EITHER BOTTLE SIZE

FDA

Implementing Menu Labeling

New measures, for the first time, created a national and uniform standard for the disclosure of calorie information on menus at chain restaurants and other retail establishments





Nutrition Facts Label Consumer Education Campaign



www.FDA.gov/NewNutritionFactsLabel



Interactive Nutrition Facts Label Online

- Detailed look at the Nutrition Facts label
- English and Spanish
- Includes 5 sections:
 - What's on the Label
 - Ingredient list
 - Nutrition glossary
 - Resources
 - Fact Sheets



www.FDA.gov/NewNutritionFactsLabel



White House Conference on Hunger, Nutrition, and Health

Goal:

End hunger and increase healthy eating and physical activity by 2030, so that fewer Americans experience diet-related diseases like diabetes, obesity, and hypertension





The 5 Pillars to address hunger and dietrelated diseases: FDA

- 1. Improving food access and affordability
- 2. Integrating nutrition and health through Medicare and Medicaid
- 3. Empowering all consumers to make and have access to healthy food choices
- 4. Supporting physical activity for all
- 5. Enhancing nutrition and food security research

Closing Thoughts



- The Nutrition Facts label has been around for nearly 30 years, but many people still don't understand it
- Consumer education about the label is urgently needed
- The Nutrition Facts label and the *Dietary Guidelines for Americans* are useful educational tools that can help achieve the Healthy People 2030 goals for diabetes and other chronic diseases
- The Federal Government's renewed interest in nutrition and health is a promising opportunity to reverse decades of inaction and spur real progress in eliminating hunger and promoting health



Thank you!





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