Appendix E---HIPAA Security Rule/FISMA Requirements Crosswalk

This appendix provides a crosswalk of the Administrative, Technical and Physical standards and implementation specifications of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) Security Rule¹²³ to the requirements of the Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (FISMA), which contains requirements relevant to the security programs of all federal agencies.

164.308(a)(1)(i)	ADMINIS Security Management Process: Implement policies and procedures to prevent, detect, contain, and correct security violations.	RATIVE SAFEGUARDS Ref §3544(a)(b)(1) "Periodic assessments of the risk and magnitude of the harm that could result from the unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of information and information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.308(a)(1)(ii)(A)	Risk Analysis (R): Conduct an accurate and thorough assessment of the potential risks and vulnerabilities to the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of electronic protected health information held by the covered entity.	Ref §3544(a)(b)(1) "Periodic assessments of the risk and magnitude of the harm that could result from the unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of information and information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards
164.308(a)(1)(ii)(B)	Risk Management (R): Implement security measures sufficient to reduce risks and vulnerabilities to a reasonable and appropriate level to comply with Section 164.306(a).	procedures that—(A) are based on	similar safeguards

Table E-1. HIPAA Security Rule/FISMA Requirements Crosswalk

¹²³ This crosswalk does not address the administrative and organizational requirements of the HIPAA Security Rule such as those described in Chapter 4. These activities are generally specific to demonstrating compliance with the HIPAA Security Rule rather than standards requiring the implementation of security controls, as is required by FISMA.

¹²⁴In addition to NIST 800-26, specifically mentioned in OMB Memorandum M-03-19, NIST SP 800-53 also includes a set of controls that are required by FISMA and that are relevant to the security controls addressed in the Table E-1 above.

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		policies and procedures as may be prescribed by the Director, and information security standards promulgated under section 11331 of title 40; (iii) minimally acceptable system configuration requirements, as determined by the agency; and (iv) any other applicable requirements, including standards and guidelines for national security systems issued in accordance with law and as directed by the President"	
164.308(a)(1)(ii)(C)	Sanction Policy (R): Apply appropriate sanctions against workforce members who fail to comply with the security policies and procedures of the covered entity.		Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(1)(ii)(D)		system performance monitoring used to analyze system performance logs in real time to look for availability problems, including active attacks?" "Audit Trails: 17.1 Critical Element: Is	containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).

	Responsibility: Identify the security official who is responsible for the development and implementation of the policies and procedures required by this subpart for the entity.	established under section 3506 (or	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
	policies and procedures to ensure that all members of its		Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (Aug 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(3)(ii)(A)	(A): Implement procedures for the authorization and/or supervision of workforce members who work with electronic protected health information or in locations where it might be accessed.	Element: Are duties separated to ensure least privilege and individual accountability? 6.1.2 Are there documented job descriptions that accurately reflect assigned duties and responsibility and that segregate duties?6.1.5 Are mechanisms in place for holding users responsible for their actions?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(3)(ii)(B)	(A): Implement procedures to determine that the access of a workforce member to electronic protected health information is appropriate.	"Personnel Security: 6.2 Critical Element: Is appropriate background screening for assigned positions completed prior to granting access? 6.2.1 Are individuals who are authorized to bypass significant technical and operational controls screened prior to access and periodically thereafter? 6.2.2 Are confidentiality or security agreements required for	agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6,

		6.2.4 Are there conditions for allowing system access prior to completion of screening?"	
164.308(a)(3)(ii)(C)	Termination Procedure (A): Implement procedures for terminating access to electronic protected health information when the employment of a workforce member ends or as required by determinations made as specified in paragraph (a)(3)(ii)(B) of this section.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Personnel Security: 6.1.7. Are hiring, transfer, and termination procedures established? 6.1.8 Is there a process for requesting, establishing, issuing, and closing user accounts?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(4)(i)	Information Access Management: Implement policies and procedures for authorizing access to electronic protected health information that are consistent with the applicable requirements of subpart E of this part.	Ref §3544(b)(2) "policies and procedures that—(A) are based on the risk assessments required by paragraph (1);(B) cost-effectively reduce information security risks to an acceptable level; (C) ensure that information security is addressed throughout the life cycle of each agency information system; and (D) ensure compliance with—(i) the requirements of this subchapter; (ii) policies and procedures as may be prescribed by the Director, and information security standards promulgated under section 11331 of title 40; (iii) minimally acceptable system configuration requirements, as determined by the agency; and (iv) any other applicable requirements, including standards and guidelines for national security systems issued in accordance with law and as directed by the President"	similar safeguards.
164.308(a)(4)(ii)(A)	of a larger organization, the clearinghouse must implement policies and procedures that protect the electronic protected health information of the clearinghouse from unauthorized	current system configuration documented, including links to other systems?" "Review of Security Controls: 2.1 Critical Element: Have the security controls of the system and interconnected systems been reviewed?" "Authorize Processing (C&A): 4.1.8 Has management authorized interconnections to all systems (including systems owned and	Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the

		contractor)?" "Hardware and System Software Maintenance: 10.1.4 Is the operating system configured to prevent circumvention of the security software and application controls?" "Identification and Authentication: 15.1 Critical Element: Are users individually authenticated via passwords, tokens, or other devices?"	
164.308(a)(4)(ii)(B)	Access Authorization (A): Implement policies and procedures for granting access to electronic protected health information, for example, through access to a workstation, transaction, program, process, or other mechanism.	individually authenticated via passwords, tokens, or other devices? 15.1.1 is a current list	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(4)(ii)(C)	user's right of access to a workstation, transaction, program, or process.	access?" "Logical Access Controls: 16.1 Critical Element: Do the logical access controls restrict users to authorized transactions and functions? 16.1.1. Can the	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
	Training: Implement a security awareness and training program for all members of its workforce (including management).	awareness training to inform personnel, including contractors	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.

164.308(a)(5)(ii)(A)	Security Reminders (A):Periodic security updates.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Security Awareness, Training, and Education: 13.1.3 Is there mandatory annual refresher training? 13.1.4 Are methods employed to make employees aware of security, i.e., posters, booklets?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(5)(ii)(B)	Protection from Malicious Software (A): Procedures for guarding against, detecting, and reporting malicious software.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Data Integrity: 11.1 Critical Element: Is virus detection and elimination software installed and activated? 11.1.1 Are virus signature files routinely updated? 11.1.2 Are virus scans automatic?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(5)(ii)(C)		"Logical Access Controls: 16.1 Critical Element: Do the logical access controls restrict users to authorized transactions and functions? 16.1.1 Can the security controls detect unauthorized	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(5)(ii)(D)	(A):Procedures for creating, changing, and safeguarding passwords.	devices?Are passwords changed at least every ninety days or earlier of needed? 15.1.7 Are passwords unique and difficult to guess (e.g., do passwords require alpha numeric, upper/lower case, and special characters)? 10 Are there procedures in place for handling	

		15.1.11 Are passwords distributed securely and users informed not to reveal their passwords to anyone (social engineering)?"	
164.308(a)(6)(i)		Ref §3544(b)(7) "procedures for detecting, reporting, and responding to security incidents, consistent with standards and guidelines issued pursuant to section 3546(b), including—(A) mitigating risks associated with such incidents before substantial damage is done; (B) notifying and consulting with the Federal information security incident center referred to in section 3546; and (C) notifying and consulting with, as appropriate—(i) law enforcement agencies and relevant Offices of Inspector General; (ii) an office designated by the President for any incident involving a national security system; and (iii) any other agency or office, in accordance with law or as directed by the President"	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.308(a)(6)(ii)		responding to security incidents	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.308(a)(7)(i)	(and implement as needed) policies and procedures for responding to an emergency or	procedures to ensure continuity of	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.

	information.		
164.308(a)(7)(ii)(A)	Data Backup Plan (R): Establish and implement procedures to create and maintain retrievable exact copies of electronic protected health information.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Contingency Planning: 9.1.1 Are critical data files and operations identified and the frequency of file backup documented? 9.2.5 Is the location of stored backups identified? Are backup files created on a prescribed basis and rotated offsite often enough to avoid disruption if current files are damaged?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(7)(ii)(B)	Establish (and implement as needed) procedures to restore any loss of data.	procedures to ensure continuity of operations for information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.308(a)(7)(ii)(C)	Emergency Mode Operation Plan (R): Establish (and implement as needed) procedures to enable continuation of critical business processes for protection of the security of electronic protected health information while operating in emergency mode.	procedures to ensure continuity of operations for information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.308(a)(7)(ii)(D)	Testing and Revision Procedure (A): Implement procedures for periodic testing and revision of contingency plans.	as appropriate?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.308(a)(7)(ii)(E)	Applications and Data Criticality Analysis (A): Assess the relative criticality of specific applications and data in support of other contingency plan components.	Element: Have the most critical and sensitive operations and their supporting computer resources been identified? 9.1.1 Are critical data files and operations identified and the frequency of file backup documented?"	<i>Systems</i> (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide

			2003).
164.308(a)(8)	technical and nontechnical evaluation, based initially upon the standards implemented under this rule and subsequently, in response to environmental or operational changes affecting the security of electronic protected health information, that establishes the extent to which an entity's security policies and procedures	and documenting remedial action to address any deficiencies in the information security policies, procedures, and practices of the agency." Ref §3545(a)(1) "Each year each agency shall have performed an independent evaluation of the information security program and practices of	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.308(b)(1)	and Other Arrangements: A covered entity, in accordance with § 164.306, may permit a business associate to create, receive, maintain, or transmit	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A)(ii) states that the head of each agency shall be responsible for "information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency"	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.308(b)(4)	Arrangement (R): Document the satisfactory assurances required by paragraph (b)(1) of this section through a written contract or other arrangement with the business associate that meets the applicable requirements of § 164.314(a).	Element: Have the most critical and sensitive operations and their supporting computer resources been identified? 9.1.1 Are critical data files and operations identified and the frequency of file backup documented?" "Authorize Processing (C&A): 4.1.8 Has management authorized interconnections to all systems (including systems owned and	Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide

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	Phy	ysical Safeguards	
164.310(a)(1)		Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate" Ref §3544(b)(8) "plans and procedures to ensure continuity of operations for information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	evaluation or implementation of
164.310(a)(2)(i)	Contingency Operations (A): Establish (and implement as needed) procedures that allow facility access in support of restoration of lost data under the disaster recovery plan and emergency mode operations plan in the event of an emergency.	Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate." Ref §3544(b)(8) "plans and procedures to ensure continuity of operations for information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	evaluation or implementation of
164.310(a)(2)(ii)	Facility Security Plan (A): Implement policies and procedures to safeguard the facility and the equipment therein from unauthorized physical access, tampering, and theft.	Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate." Ref §3544(b)(8) "plans and procedures to ensure continuity of operations for information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	evaluation or implementation of
164.310(a)(2)(iii)	facilities based on their role or function, including visitor control, and control of access to software programs for testing and revision.	Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate." Ref §3544(b)(8) "plans and procedures to ensure continuity of operations for information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency."	evaluation or implementation of
164.310(a)(2)(iv)	components of a facility, which that are related to security (for example, hardware, walls, doors, and locks).	security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate" AND Ref \$3544(b)(8) "plans and procedures	evaluation or implementation of
164.310(b)	Workstation Use: Implement policies and procedures that specify the proper functions to	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and	HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.

	be performed, the manner in which those functions are to be performed, and the physical attributes of the surroundings of a specific workstation or class of workstation that can access electronic protected health information.	magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—(i) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of the agency; and (ii) information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency." Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate."	
164.310(c)	authorized users.		HIPAA and FISMA require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.310(d)(1)	Device and Media Controls: Implement policies and procedures that govern the receipt and removal of hardware and electronic media that contain electronic protected health information into and out of a facility, and the movement of these items within the facility.	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—(i) information collected or maintained by or on	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.

164.310(d)(2)(i)	and procedures to address the final disposition of electronic protected health information, and/or the hardware or electronic media on which it is stored.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Disposal Phase: 3.2.11 Are official electronic records properly disposed/archived?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.310(d)(2)(ii)	Media Re-Use (R): Implement procedures for removal of electronic protected health information from electronic media before the media are made available for reuse.	NIST 800-26, Appendix A "Disposal Phase: 3.2.12 Is information or media purged, overwritten, degaussed, or destroyed when disposed or used elsewhere?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.310(d)(2)(iii)	Accountability (A): Maintain a record of the movements of hardware and electronic media and any person responsible therefore.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Disposal Phase: 3.2.13 Is a record kept of who implemented the disposal actions and verified that the information or media was sanitized?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.310(d)(2)(iv)	Create a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment.	operations identified and the frequency of file backup documented? 9.2.5 Is the location of stored backups identified? Are backup files created on a prescribed basis and rotated offsite often enough to	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).

	Tec	hnical Safeguards	
164.312(a)(1)	access only to those persons or	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—(i) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of the agency; and (ii) information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency." Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems, as appropriate."	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.312(a)(2)(i)	Unique User Identification (R): Assign a unique name and/or number for identifying and tracking user identity.	if needed? 15.1.7 Åre passwords unique and difficult to guess (e.g., do passwords require alpha numeric, upper/lower case, and special characters)?" "Logical	800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT
164.312(a)(2)(ii)	Emergency Access Procedure (R): Establish (and implement as needed) procedures for obtaining necessary electronic protected health information during an emergency.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Identification and Authentication: 15.1.4 Is emergency and temporary access authorized?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).

164.312(a)(2)(iii)	Automatic Logoff (A): Implement electronic procedures that terminate an electronic session after a predetermined time of inactivity.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Logical Access Controls: 16.1.4 Do workstations disconnect or screensavers lock system after a specific period of inactivity?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.312(a)(2)(iv)	Encryption and Decryption (A): Implement a mechanism to encrypt and decrypt electronic protected health information.	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—(i) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of the agency; and (ii) information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency." Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate."	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards; specific standards are required if encryption is deemed necessary and implemented
		NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Logical Access Controls: 16.1.7 If encryption is used, does it meet Federal standards? 16.1.8 If encryption is used, are there procedures for key generation, distribution, storage, use, destruction, and archiving? 16.2.14 Are sensitive data transmissions encrypted?"	
164.312(b)	Audit Controls: Implement hardware, software, and/or procedural mechanisms that record and examine activity in information systems that contain or use electronic protected health information.	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—(i) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of the agency; and (ii) information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.

		agency." Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate."	
164.312(c)(1)	Integrity: Implement policies and procedures to protect electronic protected health information from improper alteration or destruction.	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—(i) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of the agency; and (ii) information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency." Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate."	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.312(c)(2)	Mechanism to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information (A): Implement electronic mechanisms to corroborate that electronic protected health information has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner.	validation controls used to provide assurance that the information has not been altered and the system functions as intended? 11.2.1 Are reconciliation routines used by applications, i.e., checksums, hash totals, record counts? 11.2.4 Are integrity verification programs used by applications to look for evidence of data tampering, errors, and	Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated
164.312(d)	Person or Entity Authentication: Implement procedures to verify that a person or entity seeking access to electronic protected health information is the one claimed.	information security protections commensurate with the risk and	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.

		groups of information systems, as	
164.312(e)(1)	Transmission Security: Implement technical security measures to guard against unauthorized access to electronic protected health information that is being transmitted over an electronic communications network.	appropriate." Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction of—(i) information collected or maintained by or on behalf of the agency; and (ii) information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency." Ref §3544(b)(3) "subordinate plans for providing adequate information security for networks, facilities, and systems or groups of information systems, as appropriate."	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards.
164.312(e)(2)(i)	Integrity Controls (A): Implement security measures to ensure that electronically transmitted electronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of.	NIST SP 800-26, Appendix A "Data Integrity: 11.2 Critical Element: Are data integrity and validation controls used to provide assurance that the information has not been altered and the system functions as intended? 11.2.1 Are reconciliation routines used by applications, i.e., checksums, hash totals, record counts? 11.2.4 Are integrity verification programs used by applications to look for evidence of data tampering, errors, and omissions? 11.2.9 Is message authentication used?"	Use of either NIST 800-26, Security Self-Assessment Guide for Information Technology Systems (November 2001), or an agency-developed guide containing all elements of NIST 800-26, is mandated by OMB Memorandum M-03-19, Reporting Instructions for the Federal Information Security Management Act and Updated Guidance on Quarterly IT Security Reporting (August 6, 2003).
164.312(e)(2)(ii)	mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health information whenever deemed appropriate.	Ref §3544(a)(1)(A) "providing information security protections commensurate with the risk and magnitude of the harm resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification,	HIPAA and FISMA requirements require evaluation or implementation of similar safeguards; specific standards are required if encryption is deemed necessary and implemented

"Logical Access Controls: 16.1.7 If encryption is used, does it meet federal standards? 16.1.8 If encryption is used, are there procedures for key generation, distribution, storage, use, destruction, and archiving? 16.2.14 Are sensitive data transmissions encrypted?"	