Opening Remarks

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Tribal and Urban Leadership Call

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Strategy 1 - Prevent

• Get vaccinated, including boosters!!!
• Significant probability of this wave continuing
• Getting vaccinated is the key to decreasing the impact of another wave
• Wear a N95 or KN95 in closed, poorly ventilated place
• Keep your distance
• Good hand hygiene
Data reflective of 7/26/22 for I/T/Ups within the IHS jurisdiction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AI/AN Age Group</th>
<th>Received at Least One Dose</th>
<th>Fully Vaccinated</th>
<th>% Fully Vaccinated Who Received (3rd &amp; Any Booster) Doses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 65+</td>
<td>90% (133,356)</td>
<td>70.8% (104,961)</td>
<td>60.6% (63,585)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Age 18+</td>
<td>75.5% (644,033)</td>
<td>56.8% (484,324)</td>
<td>45.7% (221,465)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Age 12-17</td>
<td>51% (74,479)</td>
<td>36.5% (53,238)</td>
<td>27% (14,359)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Age 5-11</td>
<td>22.3% (40,340)</td>
<td>16.7% (30,241)</td>
<td>7.8% (2,352)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age &lt;5</td>
<td>1.4% (1,525)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Peds Vaccines

• I/T/Us are actively vaccinating children <5yrs
  • Primarily administering vaccines in the medical home (pediatric or family practice clinic)
  • Uptake is gradual
    • Over 2400 doses administered to date in IHS
  • Rates may increase as fall approaches
    ◦ Summer vacations ongoing/family travel this month
    ◦ “Wait and see” families my begin uptake this fall

• Encourage local outreach, calls, texts, ongoing efforts in routine care

• Meet families where they are
  • Offer townhalls, educational sessions, Q&A sessions
  • Vaccination events at headstart programs, childcare facilities
Omicron

- BA.5 accounts for 85.5%  BA.4 is 7.7%  Remember More transmissible!!
- Immune escape potential
- Vaccines are working to prevent severe illness and hospitalization
- Expect continued increase in cases
Monkeypox

• 6,326 cases in the United States

• In 48 states

• If there is a case in the household, use all precautions with disinfection of surfaces and separation of personal items
Monkeypox

• Meeting with CDC/ASPR for allocation of vaccines and countermeasures
• Public health testing labs for diagnosis
• Providing vaccines to areas with significant cases
• Antiviral: Tecovirimat (TPOXX)
Monkeypox

- Most risk is contact with someone who has Monkeypox
- Close sustained skin to skin contact with someone with an active rash or droplets
- Flu like symptoms
- Resolves in 2-4 weeks
- Low risk
- There are vaccines for Monkeypox
Strategy 2 - Detect

- 4.6 million tests have been performed, 11.7% positive
- Current 7-day rolling positivity is 21.4%
- Home testing: many kits sent out, supply is available and still encourage use
Strategy 3 - Treat

- Therapeutics: Monoclonal antibody therapy is available
  - Remdisivir is approved for outpatient treatment
  - Bebtelivomab is approved for outpatient treatment
- Evusheld used as a pre-exposure prevention
- The 2 oral antivirals are approved
  - Molnupiravir and Paxlovid
Test and Treat

- Established Test and Treat for our communities up to 65 sites now
- Closely follow the use of the anti-viral medications
- Clinical guidance was provided to the IHS areas
- Encourage the use of the Test2Treat sites
Strategy 4 - Recover

- Manage Long COVID
- Increase mental health services
- Isolation begins on day 1 after testing positive
- 5 days isolation and 5 days of limited activities with a mask
- Test negative and no symptoms
COVID-19 has affected many aspects of our lives

- **86.6 million** confirmed cases
- **More than one million** lives lost
- **Millions** of health care workers facing burnout
- **More than 200,000** children lost a parent
- **66%** of adults feel socially isolated
- Drug overdose deaths reached a record **107,000**

*As of June 2022*
Recovery from COVID-19 can vary from person to person

- Most people recover quickly and completely
- Others report symptoms lasting weeks or months after illness
- We call this Long COVID
- Term comes from the patient community and their lived experiences
Long COVID is real

- Millions of people are living with it
- Risk estimates vary between 5 and 30%
- Can impact ability to work, go to school, participate in community life, and do everyday activities
- Some racial and ethnic minority groups, older adults, people with disabilities, and people with lower incomes may be more at risk for Long COVID due to the inequities that put them at risk for COVID-19
Interagency Long COVID Services and Support

www.covid.gov/longcovid
Questions & Answers
Next Tribal Leader and UIO Leader Call:

September 1, 2022