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# Quality Payment Program

## IHS Preparation

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August 2016

This presentation was developed in collaboration with Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services



# Disclaimer

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Important Note: This presentation was developed in collaboration with Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Slides are courtesy of CMS from various CMS webinars and presentations about the Quality Payment Program.



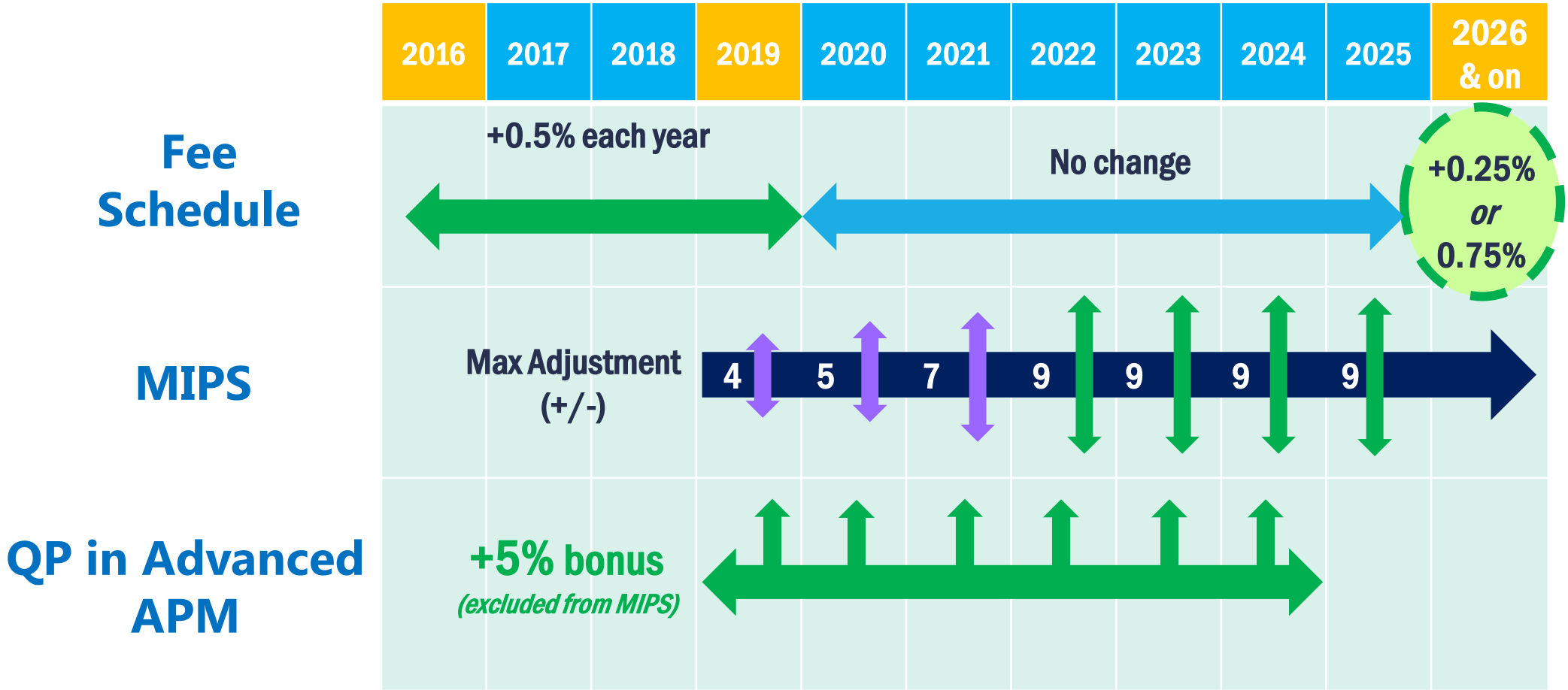
# Objectives



1. Identify the background and purpose of the Quality Payment Program (QPP): Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act (MACRA) of 2015.
2. Review the proposed regulation addressing framework paths: Merit Based Incentive Payment Systems (MIPS) and Advanced Alternative Payment Models (APMs).
3. Discuss payment adjustments and bonuses related to MIPS and APMs.
4. Discuss the impact to clinicians.
5. Identify steps to prepare for Quality Payment Program within the IHS



# Putting it all together





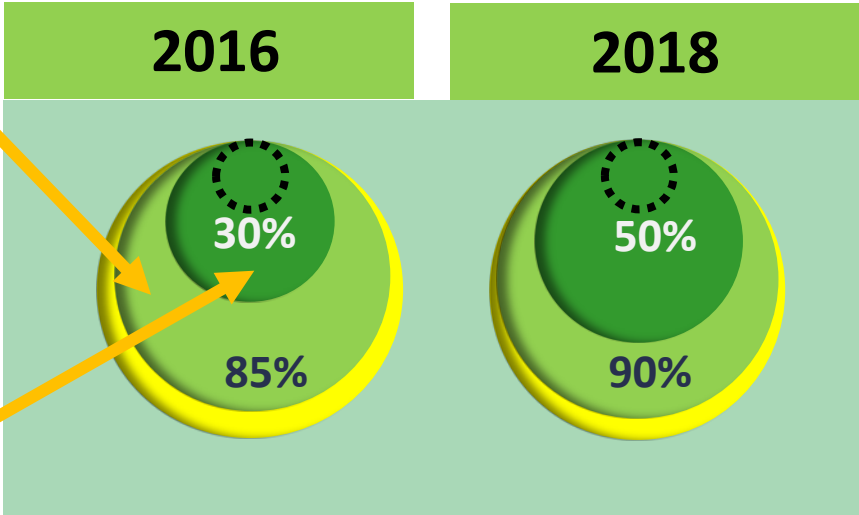
# The Department of Health and Human Services Goals





## Quality Payment Program moves us closer to meeting these goals

The new Merit-based Incentive Payment System helps to link fee-for-service payments to quality and value.

The law also provides incentives for participation in Alternative Payment Models in general and bonus payments to those in the most highly advanced APMs

### New HHS Goals:



-  All Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) payments (Categories 1-4)
-  Medicare FFS payments linked to quality and value (Categories 2-4)
-  Medicare payments linked to quality and value via APMs (Categories 3-4)
-  Medicare-Payments to those in the most highly advanced APMs under MACRA



# Timeline

April 27, 2016: Notice of Proposed Rule Making

May 2016: Measure Development Plan finalized

June 27, 2016: Public Comments

Late Fall 2016: Final Rule

January 1, 2017: Performance Period (MIPS)

January 1, 2019: Payment Year for Quality Payment Program

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Performance Period		Payment Year						



# Quality Payment Program



- ✓ **Repeals** the Sustainable Growth Rate (SGR) Formula
- ✓ **Streamlines** multiple quality reporting programs into the new **Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS)**
- ✓ **Provides incentive payments** for participation in **Advanced Alternative Payment Models (APMs)**



The Merit-based  
Incentive Payment  
System (MIPS)

or

Advanced  
Alternative  
Payment Models  
(APMs)

- ✓ First step to a fresh start
- ✓ CMS is listening and help is available
- ✓ A better, smarter Medicare for healthier people
- ✓ Pay for what works to create a Medicare that is enduring
- ✓ Health information needs to be open, flexible, and user-centric



# Clinician Impact

**Which clinicians does  
The Quality Payment Program  
affect?  
(Will it affect me?)**

**Short answer:  
Quality Payment Program  
affects clinicians who participate  
in Medicare Part B.**





# Quality Payment Program: Two Paths



Health care providers to take part in CMS' quality programs in one of two ways:

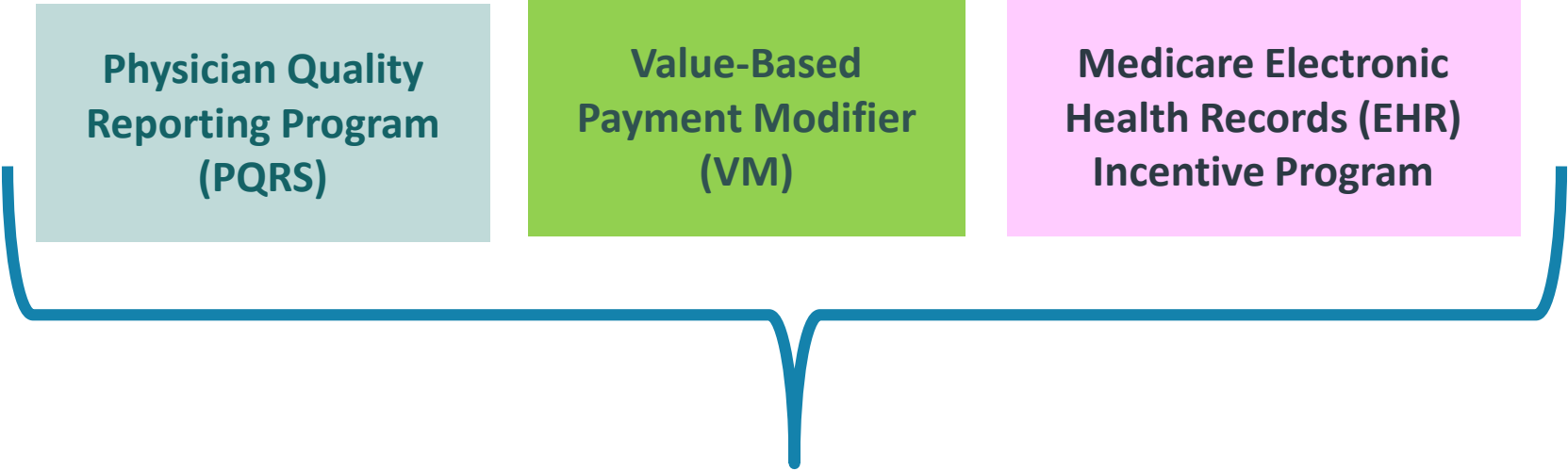
1. Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS)
2. Advanced Alternative Payment Models (APMs)





# Medicare Reporting Prior to MACRA

Currently there are **multiple quality and value reporting programs** for Medicare clinicians:



The **Quality Payment Program/ MACRA** streamlines those programs into **MIPS**

**MIPS**



# MIPS Performance Categories

## How will physicians and practitioners be scored under MIPS?

A single MIPS composite performance score will factor in performance in 4 weighted performance categories on a 0-100 point scale:



Quality



Resource use



Clinical practice improvement activities



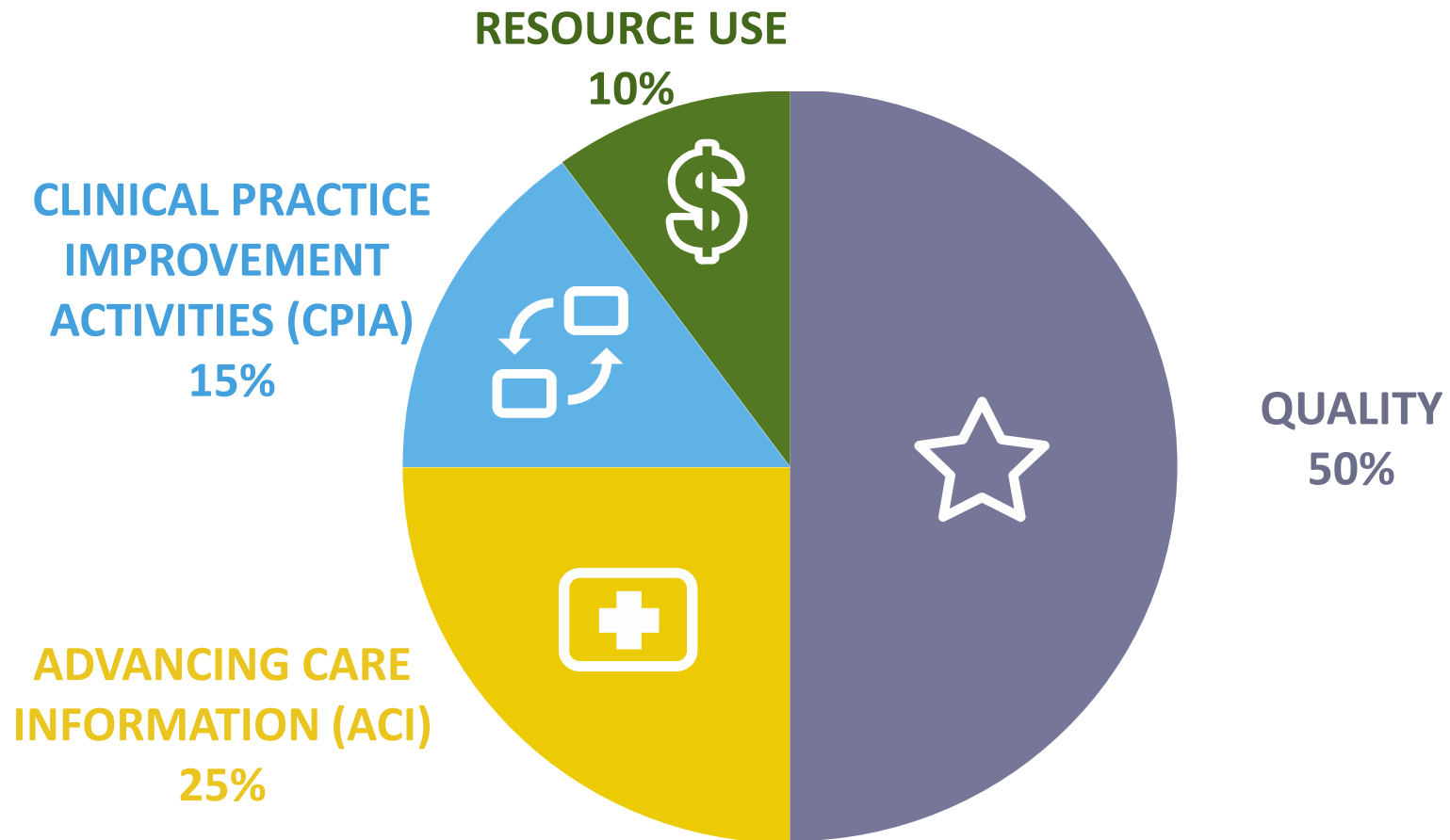
Advancing care information



MIPS Composite Performance Score (CPS)



# Year 1 Performance Category Weights for MIPS





# Who Will Participate in MIPS?

Affected clinicians are called “**MIPS eligible clinicians**” and will participate in MIPS. The types of **Medicare Part B** eligible clinicians affected by MIPS may expand in future years.

**Years 1 and 2**

**Years 3+**



Physicians (MD/DO and DMD/DDS), PAs, NPs, Clinical nurse specialists, Certified registered nurse anesthetists

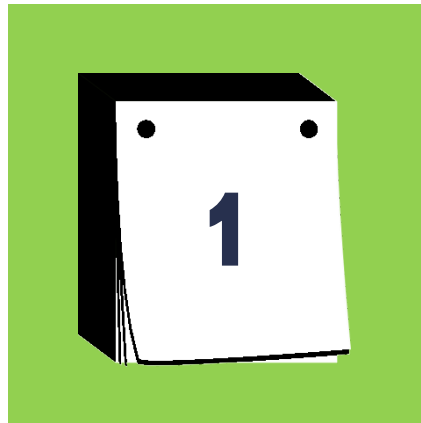
Secretary may broaden Eligible Clinicians group to include others such as



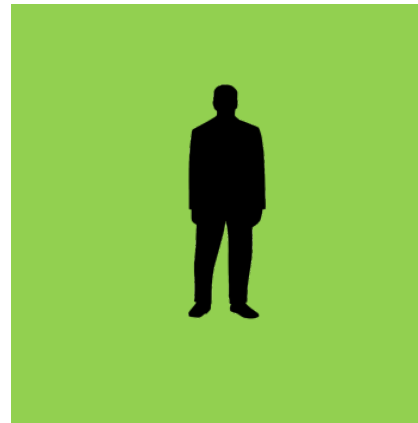
Physical or occupational therapists, Speech-language pathologists, Audiologists, Nurse midwives, Clinical social workers, Clinical psychologists, Dietitians / Nutritional professionals

# Who will NOT Participate in MIPS?

There are **3 groups** of clinicians who will NOT be subject to MIPS:



**FIRST** year of Medicare Part B participation



Below **low patient volume** threshold



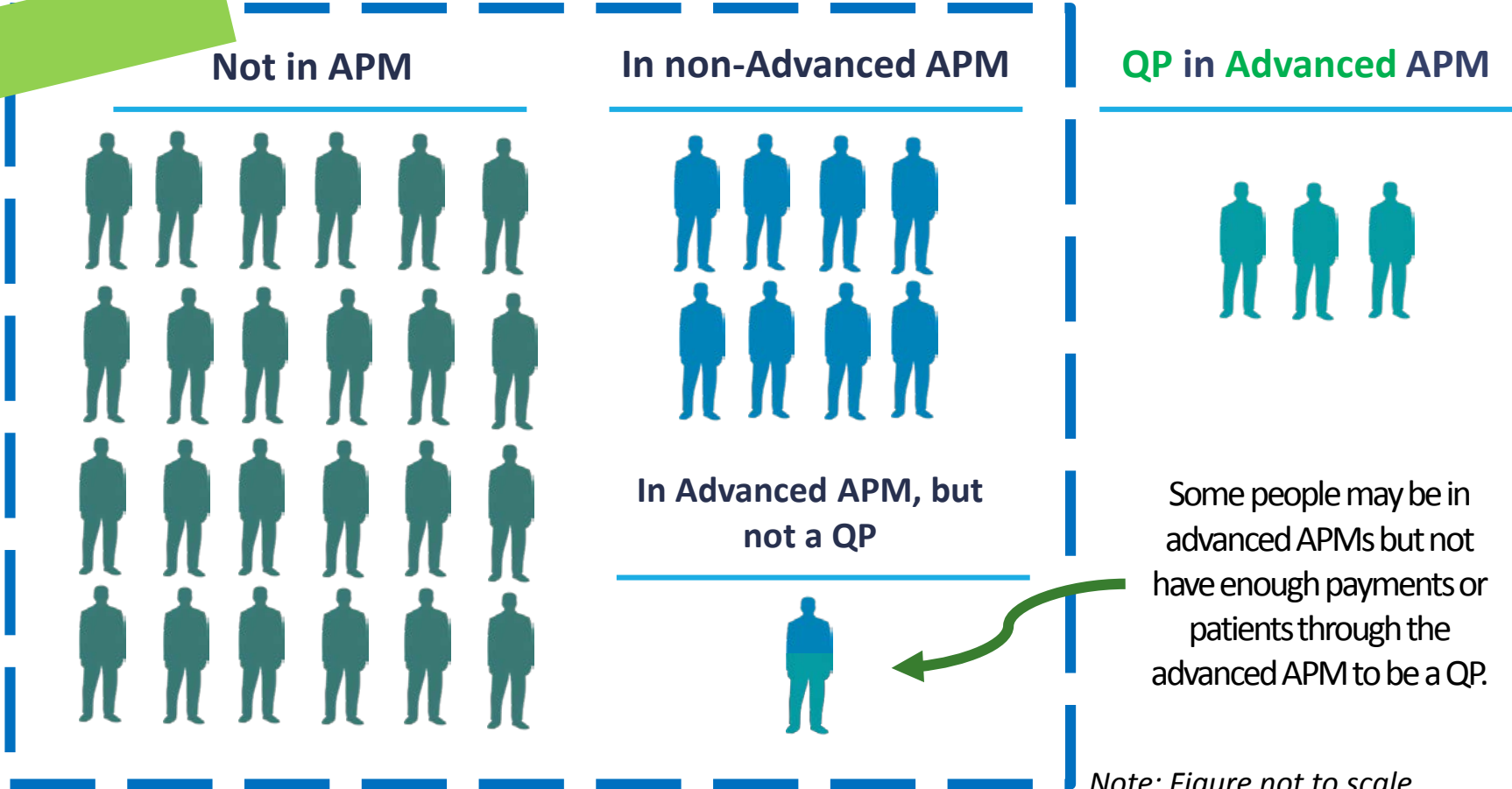
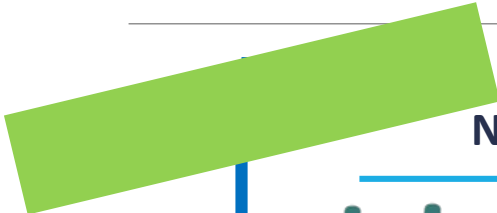
**Certain** participants in **ADVANCED** Alternative Payment Models

*Medicare billing charges less than or equal to \$10,000 **and** provides care for 100 or fewer Medicare patients in one year*

Note: MIPS **does not** apply to hospitals or facilities (Part A)



# Note: Most clinicians will be subject to MIPS.



Some people may be in advanced APMs but not have enough payments or patients through the advanced APM to be a QP.

Note: Figure not to scale.



# Proposed Rule

## MIPS: Advancing Care Information (ACI)

### Performance Category

CMS proposes six objectives and their measures that would require reporting for the base score:



**Protect Patient Health Information**  
(yes required)



**Electronic Prescribing**  
(numerator/denominator)



**Patient Electronic Access**  
(numerator/denominator)



**Coordination of Care Through Patient Engagement**  
(numerator/denominator)



**Health Information Exchange**  
(numerator/denominator)



**Public Health and Clinical Data Registry Reporting**  
(yes required)





# Proposed Rule

## MIPS Data Submission Options

### Quality and Resource Use

Individual Reporting



Group Reporting



Quality



Resource use

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Claims</li> <li>✓ Qualified Clinical Data Registry (QCDR)</li> <li>✓ Qualified Registry</li> <li>✓ EHR Vendors</li> <li>✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ QCDR</li> <li>✓ Qualified Registry</li> <li>✓ EHR Vendors</li> <li>✓ CMS Web Interface (groups of 25 or more)</li> <li>✓ CAHPS for MIPS Survey</li> <li>✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Administrative Claims (No submission required)</li> </ul>



# Proposed Rule MIPS Data Submission Options ACI and CPIA



Individual Reporting



Group Reporting



**Advancing  
care  
information**



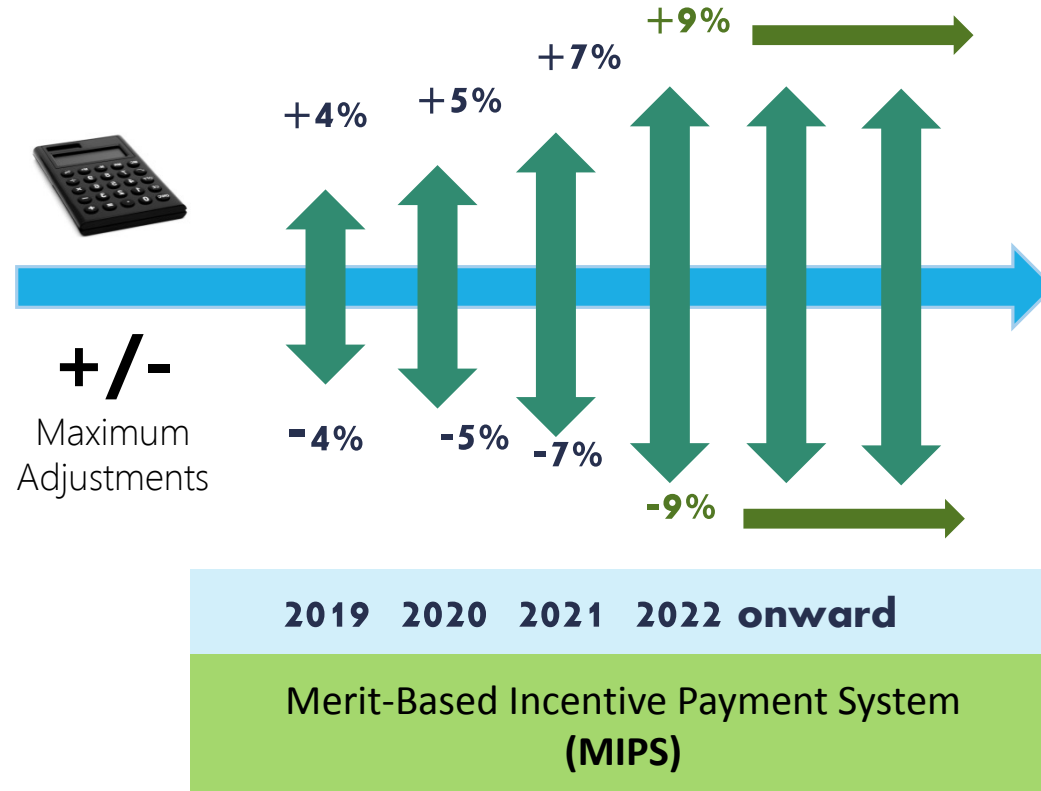
**CPIA**

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Attestation</li> <li>✓ QCDR</li> <li>✓ Qualified Registry</li> <li>✓ EHR Vendor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Attestation</li> <li>✓ QCDR</li> <li>✓ Qualified Registry</li> <li>✓ EHR Vendor</li> <li>✓ CMS Web Interface (groups of 25 or more)</li> </ul>
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# How much can MIPS adjust payments?

Based on a MIPS Composite Performance Score, clinicians will receive +/- or neutral adjustments up to the percentages below.



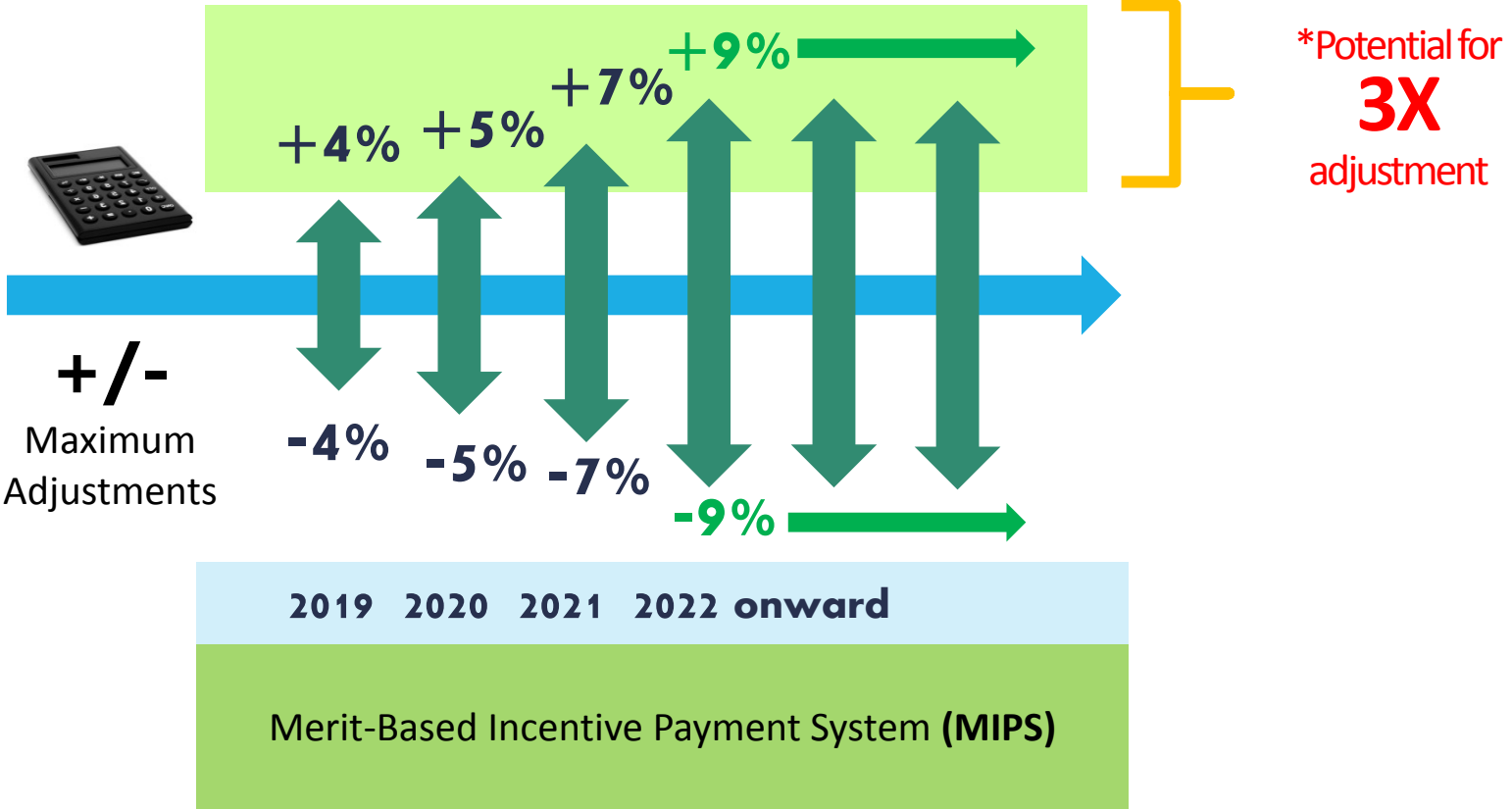
**Adjusted Medicare Part B payment to clinician**

The potential maximum adjustment % will increase each year from 2019 to 2022



# How much can MIPS adjust payments?

**Note:** MIPS will be a **budget-neutral** program. Total upward and downward adjustments will be balanced so that the average change is 0%.





# Proposed Rule MIPS Performance Period



**MIPS Performance Period  
(Begins 2017)**

- ✓ All MIPS performance categories are aligned to a performance period of one full calendar year.
- ✓ Goes into effect in first year  
(2017 performance period, 2019 payment year).

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
<b>Performance Period</b>			<b>Payment Year</b>						



# Incentives for Advanced APM Participation



# What is an Alternative Payment Model (APM)?

APMs are **new approaches to paying** for medical care through Medicare that **incentivize quality and value**.

As defined by  
MACRA,  
APMs include:

- ✓ **CMS Innovation Center model**  
(under section 1115A, other than a Health Care Innovation Award)
- ✓ **MSSP** (Medicare Shared Savings Program)
- ✓ **Demonstration** under the Health Care Quality Demonstration Program
- ✓ **Demonstration** required by federal law

MACRA **does not change how any particular APM rewards value**.

APM participants who are not “QPs” will receive **favorable scoring under MIPS**.

Only **some** of these APMs will be **Advanced** APMs.



# Advanced APMs meet certain criteria



As defined by MACRA, advanced APMs **must meet the following criteria:**

- ✓ The APM requires participants to use **certified EHR technology**.
- ✓ The APM **bases payment on quality** measures comparable to those in the MIPS quality performance category.
- ✓ The APM either: **(1)** requires APM Entities to bear more than nominal **financial risk** for monetary losses; **OR (2)** is a **Medical Home Model expanded** under CMMI authority.





# Proposed Rule Advanced APMs



Based on the proposed criteria, which current APMs will be Advanced APMs in 2017?

- ✓ **Shared Savings Program (Tracks 2 and 3)**
- ✓ **Next Generation ACO Model**
- ✓ **Comprehensive ESRD Care (CEC)**  
(large dialysis organization arrangement)
- ✓ **Comprehensive Primary Care Plus (CPC+)**
- ✓ **Oncology Care Model (OCM)** (two-sided risk track available in 2018)

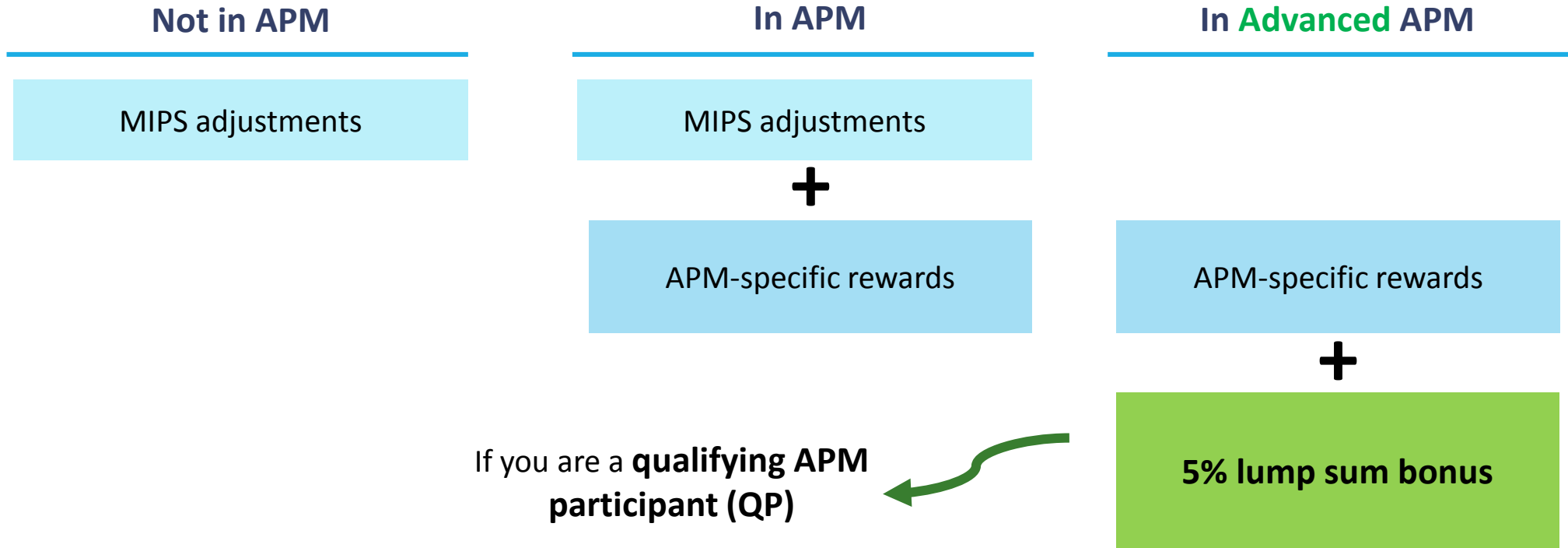


# Rewards for APM Participants

QPP provides **additional** rewards for participating in **APMs**.

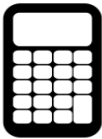


## Potential financial rewards





# Proposed Rule Advanced APM Criterion 3: Requires APM Entities to Bear More than Nominal Financial Risk



Financial Risk

An Advanced APM must meet **two standards**:

### Financial Risk Standard

APM Entities must bear risk for monetary losses.

&

### Nominal Amount Standard

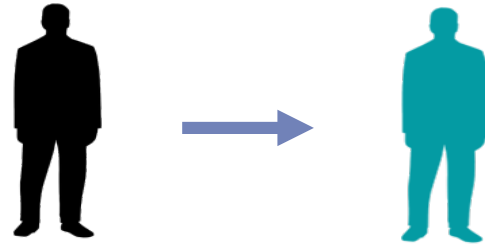
The risk APM Entities bear must be of a certain magnitude.

- ✓ The Advanced APM financial risk criterion is **completely met** if the APM is a **Medical Home Model** that is **expanded under CMS Innovation Center Authority**
- ✓ Medical Home Models that **have not been expanded** will have **different financial risk and nominal amount standards** than those for other APMs.

# Proposed Rule

## How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

### Eligible Clinicians to QP in 4 STEPS



Eligible Clinicians

QP

1. QP determinations are made at the **Advanced APM Entity level**.
2. CMS calculates a **“Threshold Score”** for each Advanced APM Entity.
3. The Threshold Score for each method is compared to the corresponding **QP threshold**.
4. All the eligible clinicians in the Advanced APM Entity **become QPs** for the payment year.

- ✓ The period of assessment (QP Performance Period) for each payment year will be **the full calendar year that is two years prior to the payment year** (e.g., 2017 performance for 2019 payment).
- ✓ Aligns with the MIPS performance period.



# Step 2

## How do Eligible Clinicians become QPs?

### Step 2

✓ The two methods for calculation are Payment Amount Method and Patient Count Method.

#### Payment Amount Method

\$\$\$ for Part B professional services to **attributed beneficiaries**

= **Threshold Score %**

\$\$\$ for Part B professional services to **attribution-eligible beneficiaries**



Payments

#### Patient Count Method

# of **attributed beneficiaries** given Part B professional services

= **Threshold Score %**

# of **attribution-eligible beneficiaries** given Part B professional services



Patients



# Proposed Rule QP Determination and APM Incentive Payment Timeline

2017	2018	2019
QP Performance Period	Incentive Payment Base Period	Payment Year

QP status based on Advanced APM participation here.

Add up payments for a QP's services here.

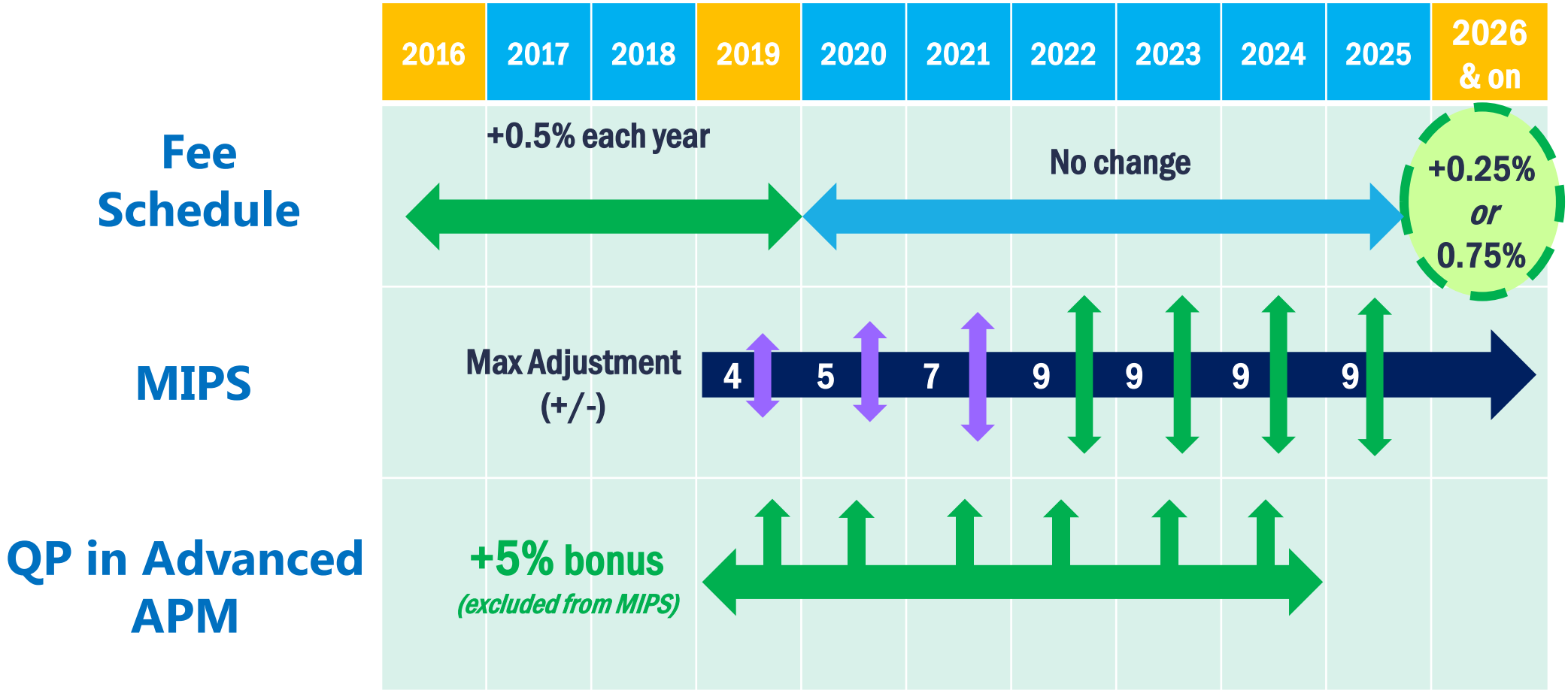
+5% lump sum payment made here.  
*(and excluded from MIPS adjustments)*

2018	2019	2020
QP Performance Period	Incentive Payment Base Period	Payment Year

Repeat the cycle each year...



# Putting it all together





# For IHS and Tribal Programs



- What is the business case for attention to QPP
- What is needed to operationalize QPP?
- Which Tracks (MIPS vs. Advanced APM)?

and

Can IHS and Tribes participate in advanced APM?





# Preparing for Quality Payment Program within the IHS



#	Immediate Action Items
1	Quality Measure assessment & development / IHS set of eCQMs for reporting
2	Measure reporting capability (submission from CEHRT or Registry)
3	2015 CEHRT
4	Assessment / Development of ACI (MU) measures
5	Clarify legality of IHS and Tribal participation in MSSP Tracks 2 and 3 and CPC+
6	Identify pathways for Clinical Practice Improvement Activities in MIPS
7	Support for I/T/Us in understanding and preparation for QPP



# Resources



Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Merit-Based Incentive Payment System: Advancing Care Information Performance Category. Available at: <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/Value-Based-Programs/MACRA-MIPS-and-APMs/Advancing-Care-Information-Presentation.pdf>

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. The Merit-Based Incentive Payment Systems (MIPS). Available at: <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/Value-Based-Programs/MACRA-MIPS-and-APMs/Quality-Payment-Program-MIPS-NPRM-Slides.pdf>

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Quality Payment Program. Available at: <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/Value-Based-Programs/MACRA-MIPS-and-APMs/Quality-Payment-Program.html>

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Quality Payment Program (slide deck). Available at: <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/Value-Based-Programs/MACRA-MIPS-and-APMs/Quality-Payment-Program-MACRA-NPRM-Slides.pdf>

Federal Register. Proposed Rule 42 CFR Parts 414 and 495. Medicare Program; Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) and Alternative Payment Model (APM) Incentive Under the Physician Fee Schedule, and Criteria for Physician-Focused Payment Models; Proposed Rule. May 9, 2016. Available at: <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-05-09/pdf/2016-10032.pdf>

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# Discussion

